## **DEFINE A SCHEMA**

- Root element: <xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" targetNamespace="https://www.w3schools.com" xmlns="https://www.w3schools.com" elementFormDefault="qualified"></xs:schema>
  - xmlns:xs: Indicates where the elements and data types used come from (and that we should use xs to recall it)
  - targetNamespace: Indicates from what namespace the elements defined by this schema come
  - xmlns: Indicates the default namespace
  - elementFormDefault: This applies the namespace to all the elements
- Element: <xs:element name="lastname" type="xs:string"/>
  - xs:element: Indicates that we are declaring an element
  - name: Element's name
  - **type:** Type of the element (notice the reference to the namespace). Most common <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/xml/schema\_simple.asp">https://www.w3schools.com/xml/schema\_simple.asp</a>
  - **default**: Another possible attribute if we want to give a default value
  - **fixed:** Another attribute to give a fixed value

Elements can be **simple types** (no other elements inside, wrap attributes in node <xs:simpleType></xs:simpleType>) or **complex types** (there are other elements inside, wrap elements in <xs:complexType></xs:complexType>).

- Attribute: <xs:attribute name="lang" type="xs:string" default="EN"/>
  - xs:attribute: Declaring an attribute
  - name: Attribute's nametype: Attribute's type
  - default: Define default valuefixed: Define fixed value
  - use: Another attribute to define it required or optional

## REFERENCING

Here's an example of reference in an element of an XML file

<note xmlns="https://www.w3schools.com" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xsi:schemaLocation="https://www.w3schools.com note.xsd">

- xmlns: Default namespace declaration
- xmlns:xsi: XML Schema Instance namespace
- xsi:schemaLocation: It has two attributes separated by a space, the first is the namespace, the second is the location of the schema

## **EXAMPLE**