

FAMU - FSU College of Engineering

Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering

Fall 2024 Semester

EEL 4710L – Intro to VHDL Lab Report

Section No: 02

Lab Instructor: Dr. Uwe Meyer-Baese

Lab No: 10

Lab Title: Project

Name: Ruth Massock

Partner's Name: Keila Souriac

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1 Introduction

This lab aimed to implement a VGA controller using the DE-1 FPGA board to explore VGA interface concepts. Specifically, the project involved configuring the VGA display to show red, green, or blue colors based on switch inputs, along with a 7-segment HEX display to indicate the selected color. This work provided hands-on experience with VHDL design, synchronization protocols, and interfacing digital and analog signals via the DE-1 FPGA board.

2 Requirements

The project required the following design elements inputs and outputs specified below:

Signal	Direction	Width	description
SW[2:0]	Input	3 bits	Switches used to select the displayed color (red, green, or blue). Active high.
VGA_R[7:0]	Output	8 bits	Represents the red color intensity for the VGA display.
VGA_G[7:0]	Output	8 bits	Represents the green color intensity for the VGA display.
VGA_B[7:0]	Output	8 bits	Represents the blue color intensity for the VGA display.
VGA_CLK	Output	1 bit	Pixel clock for driving the VGA display.
VGA_SYNC_N	Output	1 bit	Syncs with the DAC to switch between green and RGB DAC. Active low.
VGA_BLANK_N	Output	1 bit	Active low during retrace periods.
HEX0-5[6:0]	Output	7 bits	Displays “R”, “G”, or “B” based on the selected color. And also or initials

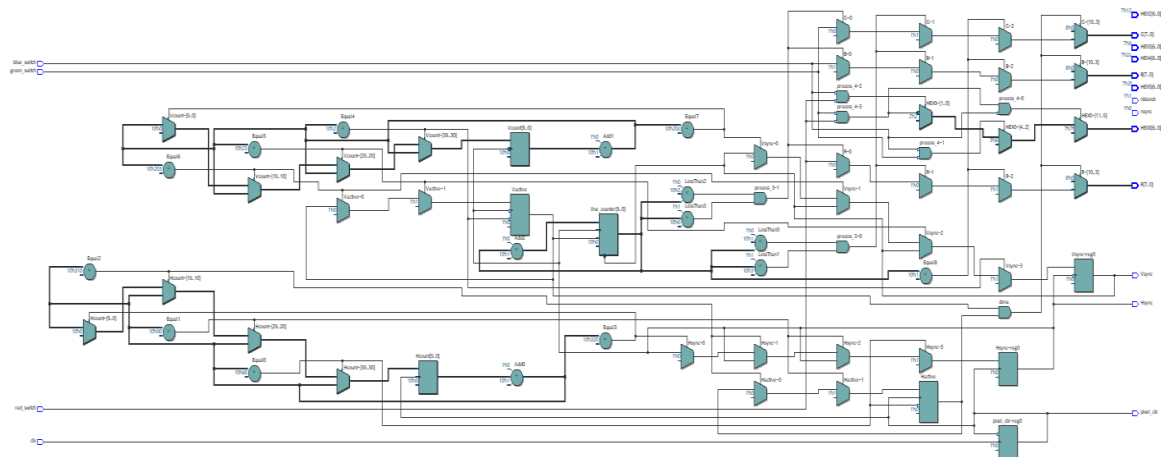
3 Theoretical Design

3.1 Design Narrative

The VGA controller generates color signals (VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B) for display, synchronized with horizontal and vertical sync signals. The Pixel Clock (VGA_CLK) drives the timing. The switches (SW[2:0]) determine the active color, while the 7-segment display (HEX0) indicates the selected color. The design utilizes VHDL to describe behavior and connect signals.

3.2 Top-level design

Below is a block diagram depicting the top-level design



Components Description

VGA Controller

Inputs: SW[2:0], VGA_CLK

Outputs: VGA_R[7:0], VGA_G[7:0], VGA_B[7:0], VGA_SYNC_N, VGA_BLANK_N

Function: Decodes switch inputs to set the appropriate color signals and generates synchronization signals.

HEX Display Controller

Inputs: SW[2:0]

Outputs: HEX0[6:0]

Function: Maps switch values to display “R”, “G”, or “B” for selected color or turns off for invalid inputs.

4 Synthesized Design

Below is the VHDL code used for the VGA controller and HEX display modules.

VGA Controller Code

```

1  -- Title      : Project - VGA Controller
2  -- Author     : Keila Souriac & Ruth Massock
3  -- Date      : 11/08/2024
4  -- Description: This program is the driver for the VGA interface on the
5  --            DE-1 FPGA board.
6  -----
7
8  LIBRARY ieee;
9  USE ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
10 -----
11 ENTITY Project IS
12   GENERIC (
13     Ha: INTEGER := 96; --Hpulse
14     Hb: INTEGER := 144; --Hpulse+HBP
15     Hc: INTEGER := 784; --Hpulse+HBP+Hactive
16     Hd: INTEGER := 800; --Hpulse+HBP+Hactive+HFP
17     Va: INTEGER := 2; --Vpulse
18     Vb: INTEGER := 35; --Vpulse+VBP
19     Vc: INTEGER := 515; --Vpulse+VBP+Vactive
20     Vd: INTEGER := 525); --Vpulse+VBP+Vactive+VFP
21   PORT (
22     clk: IN STD_LOGIC; --50MHz in our board
23     red_switch, green_switch, blue_switch: IN STD_LOGIC;
24     pixel_clk: BUFFER STD_LOGIC;
25     Hsync, Vsync: BUFFER STD_LOGIC;
26     R, G, B: OUT STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(7 DOWNTO 0);
27     HEX0, HEX2, HEX3, HEX4, HEX5: OUT STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(6 DOWNTO 0);
28     nblank, nsync : OUT STD_LOGIC);
29   END Project;
30 -----
31 ARCHITECTURE vga OF Project IS
32   SIGNAL Hactive, Vactive, dena: STD_LOGIC;
33   -----HEX display signals-----
34   signal M: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(6 DOWNTO 0):="0101010";
35   signal K: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(6 DOWNTO 0):="0001001"; -- Letter H as a K
36   signal S: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(6 DOWNTO 0):="0010010"; -- letter S
37   signal O: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(6 DOWNTO 0):="1111111"; -- all segments off
38   signal Red : STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(6 DOWNTO 0):="0101111"; --Lowercase r (RUTH & RED)
39   signal Green: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(6 DOWNTO 0):="0000010"; -- Letter G (GREEN)
40   signal Blue : STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(6 DOWNTO 0):="0000000"; -- Letter B (BLUE)
41 BEGIN

```

```
42  -----
43  --Part 1: CONTROL GENERATOR
44  -----
45  --Static signals for DACs:
46  nblank <= '1'; --no direct blanking
47  nsync <= '0'; --no sync on green
48  --Create pixel clock (50MHZ->25MHZ):
49  PROCESS (clk)
50  BEGIN
51  IF (clk'EVENT AND clk='1') THEN
52  pixel_clk <= NOT pixel_clk;
53  END IF;
54  END PROCESS;
55  --Horizontal signals generation:
56  PROCESS (pixel_clk)
57  VARIABLE Hcount: INTEGER RANGE 0 TO Hd;
58  BEGIN
59  IF (pixel_clk'EVENT AND pixel_clk='1') THEN
60  Hcount := Hcount + 1;
61  IF (Hcount=Ha) THEN
62  Hsync <= '1';
63  ELSIF (Hcount=Hb) THEN
64  Hactive <= '1';
65  ELSIF (Hcount=Hc) THEN
66  Hactive <= '0';
67  ELSIF (Hcount=Hd) THEN
68  Hsync <= '0';
69  Hcount := 0;
70  END IF;
71  END IF;
72  END PROCESS;
73  --Vertical signals generation:
74  PROCESS (Hsync)
75  VARIABLE Vcount: INTEGER RANGE 0 TO vd;
76  BEGIN
77  IF (Hsync'EVENT AND Hsync='0') THEN
78  Vcount := Vcount + 1;
79  IF (Vcount=Va) THEN
80  Vsync <= '1';
81  ELSIF (Vcount=Vb) THEN
82  Vactive <= '1';
83  ELSIF (Vcount=Vc) THEN
84  Vactive <= '0';
85  ELSIF (Vcount=Vd) THEN
86  Vsync <= '0';
87  Vcount := 0;
88  END IF;
89  END IF;
```

```

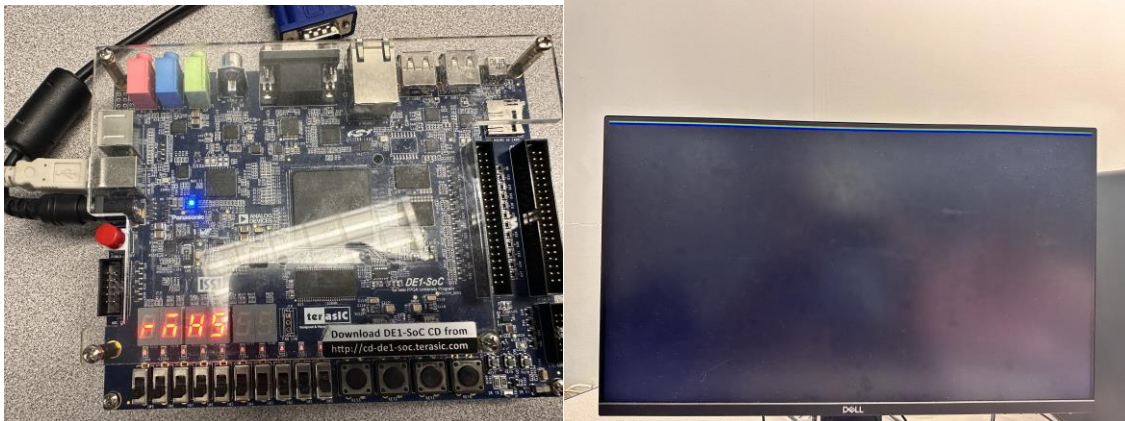
90  END PROCESS;
91  ---Display enable generation:
92  dena <= Hactive AND Vactive;
93  -----
94  --Part 2: IMAGE GENERATOR
95  -----
96  PROCESS (Hsync, Vsync, Vactive, dena, red_switch,
97  green_switch, blue_switch)
98  VARIABLE line_counter: INTEGER RANGE 0 TO Vc;
99  BEGIN
100 IF (Vsync='0') THEN
101 line_counter := 0;
102 ELSIF (Hsync'EVENT AND Hsync='1') THEN
103 IF (Vactive='1') THEN
104 line_counter := line_counter + 1;
105 END IF;
106 END IF;
107 IF (dena='1') THEN
108 IF (line_counter=1) THEN
109 R <= (OTHERS => '1');
110 G <= (OTHERS => '0');
111 B <= (OTHERS => '0');
112 ELSIF (line_counter>1 AND line_counter<=3) THEN
113 R <= (OTHERS => '0');
114 G <= (OTHERS => '1');
115 B <= (OTHERS => '0');
116 ELSIF (line_counter>3 AND line_counter<=6) THEN
117 R <= (OTHERS => '0');
118 G <= (OTHERS => '0');
119 B <= (OTHERS => '1');
120 ELSE
121 R <= (OTHERS => red_switch);
122 G <= (OTHERS => green_switch);
123 B <= (OTHERS => blue_switch);
124 END IF;
125 ELSE
126 R <= (OTHERS => '0');
127 G <= (OTHERS => '0');
128 B <= (OTHERS => '0');
129 END IF;
130 END PROCESS;
131 ----- case for hex display-----
132 PROCESS (red_switch,
133 green_switch, blue_switch)
134 BEGIN
135 -----Display our initials-----
136 HEX5 <= Red;
137 HEX4 <= M;

```

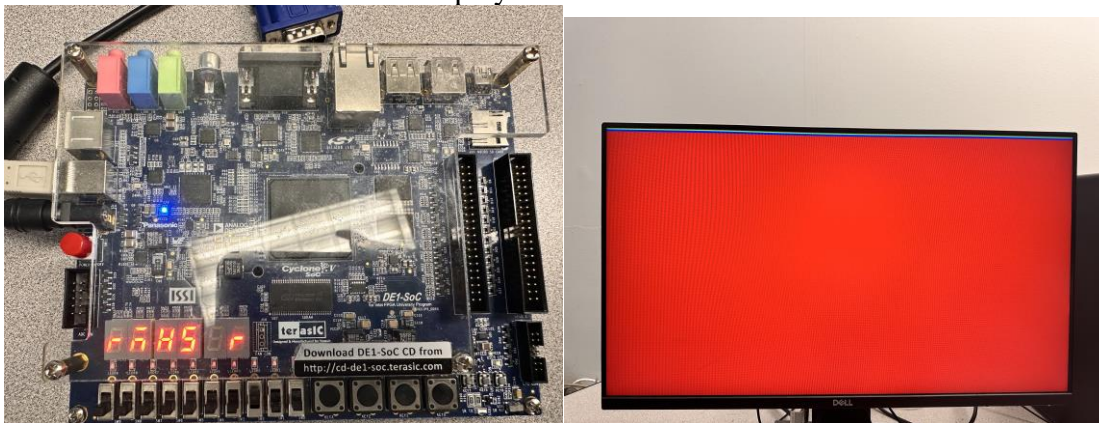

5 Results

On the FPGA board, the monitor displayed red, green, and blue colors successfully. The 7-segment HEX display correctly indicated "R", "G", or "B" based on the selected color, it also displays our initials on hex display "rmks".

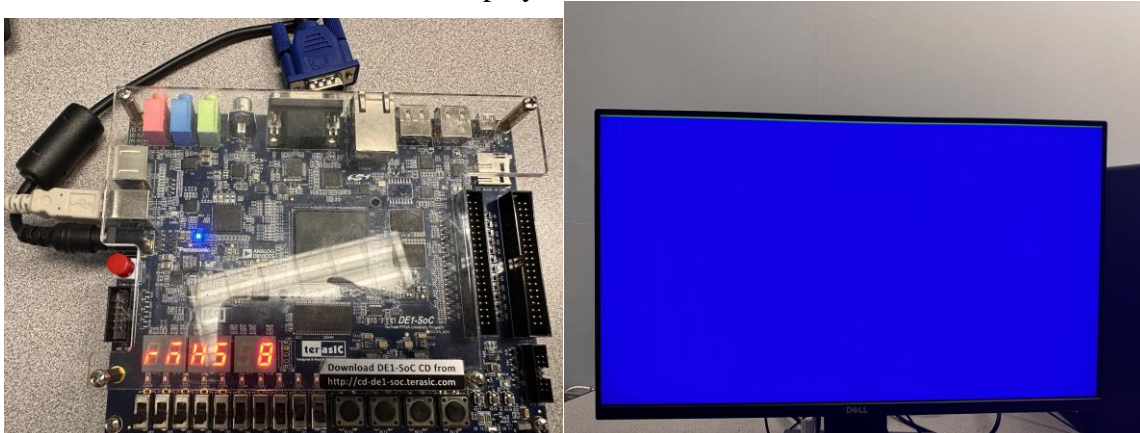
Switches are off and so black screen



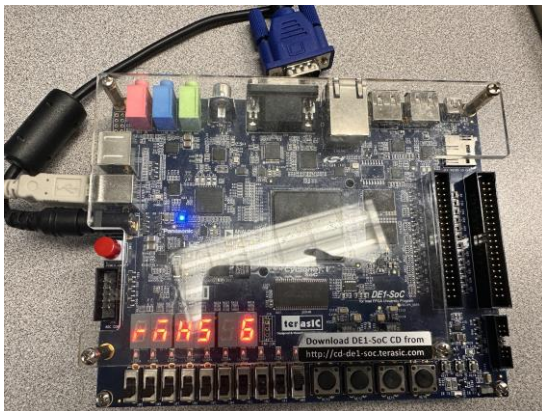
Red switch on red screen and R display on board



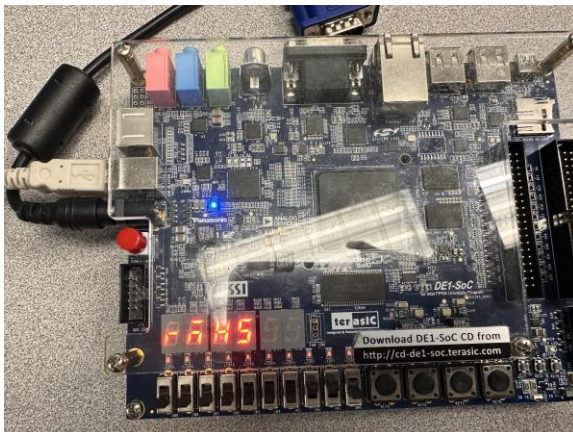
Blue Switch on blue screen and B display on board



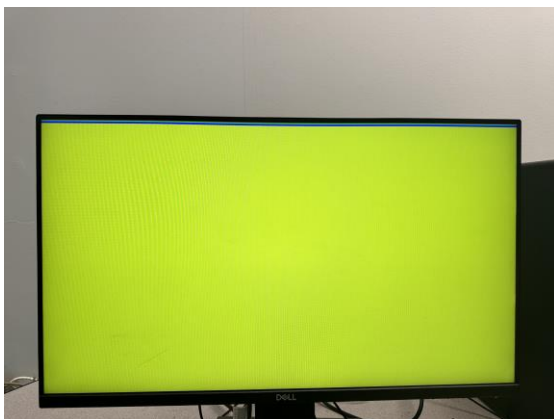
Green switch on Green screen and G display on board



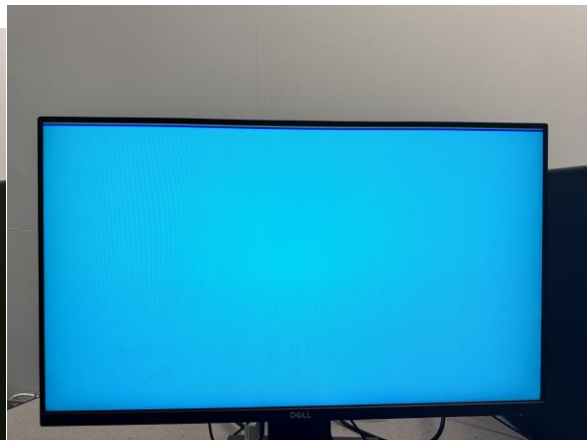
All switches on White



Green and Red switch ON



Blue and Green Switch ON



Red and Blue Switch ON



6 Summary and Lessons Learned

The project successfully implemented a VGA controller and HEX display interface.

Observations include:

- Correct synchronization between the DE-1 FPGA and the VGA display.
- Challenges in aligning timing constraints between horizontal and vertical sync signals were resolved by adjusting the Pixel Clock frequency.

Key lessons:

- Proper pin assignments and clock signal configuration are critical in FPGA designs.
- Understanding VGA timing diagrams is essential for display interfacing.

Future recommendations:

- Implement advanced VGA patterns, such as gradients or animations, to further test VGA capabilities.
- Utilize additional debugging tools to streamline the design process.

END OF DOCUMENT