Circuit Simulation (Lab 11)

Proteus Simulation Lab

Leonardo Fusser, 1946995

Experiment Performed on 18 November 2019
Report Submitted on 25 November 2019





TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0 Purpose	3
2.0 Equipment Needed	3
3.0 Theory	3
4.0 Experiemntal Results	3
5.0 Conclusion	5



1.0 PURPOSE

- Using Proteus to simulate circuits.
- > Identify (if any) errors in calculations.

2.0 EQUIPMENT NEEDED

> (1x) computer for Proteus software.

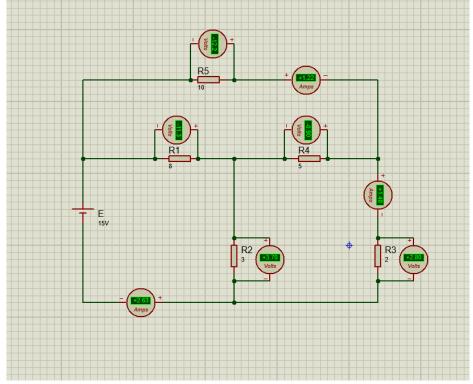
3.0 THEORY

Using the Proteus software

Referring to various tutorials and videos, we applied that knowledge to simulate the circuits below.

4.0 EXPERIEMNTAL RESULTS

Results from the Procedure section: <u>Mesh Circuit</u>:





Mesh Equation:

$$\begin{bmatrix} R_{11} & R_{12} & R_{13} \\ R_{21} & R_{22} & R_{23} \\ R_{31} & R_{32} & R_{33} \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \\ I_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \\ V_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

R * I = V

(Substituting)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 11 & -3 & -8 \\ -3 & 10 & -5 \\ -8 & -5 & 23 \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \\ I_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 15 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$R^{-1} * V = I$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{205}{1168} & \frac{109}{1168} & \frac{95}{1168} \\ \frac{109}{1168} & \frac{189}{1168} & \frac{79}{1168} \\ \frac{95}{1168} & \frac{79}{1168} & \frac{101}{1168} \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} 15\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} I_1\\I_2\\I_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $I_1 = 2.63A$

 $I_2 = 1.39A$

 $I_3 = 1.22A$

Voltage across resistors:

$$R_1:\frac{8\Omega(15V)}{8\Omega+3\Omega}=\frac{11V}{1}$$

$$R_2: \frac{3\Omega(15V)}{3\Omega+8\Omega} = \frac{4V}{4}$$

$$R_3: V = I*R$$

V = 2.78V

$$R_4: V = I_3 * R_4$$

$$V = I_2 * R_4$$

$$V = 6.10 - 6.95$$

V = -0.85V

$$R_5: V = I * R$$



5.0 Conclusion

- Purpose of this lab has been achieved.
- > Understood the software *Proteus*.
- > Understood how to run simulations using *Proteus*.
- Understood how to check for errors.
- > Learned some advanced features in *Proteus*.