

# CS217 – Algorithm Design and Analysis

## Homework 3

Not Strong Enough

April 3, 2020

▮ 1

Let  $T$  be a minimum spanning tree of  $G$ , and let  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ . Show that  $T_c$  and  $G_c$  have exactly the same connected components. (That is, two vertices  $u, v \in V$  are connected in  $T_c$  if and only if they are connected in  $G_c$ ). You are encouraged to draw pictures to illustrate your proof.

*Solution.* Since  $T_c$  is a subset of  $G_c$ , if  $u, v \in V$  are connected in  $T_c$ , then  $u, v$  are connected in  $G_c$ .

Now let's assume  $u, v \in V$  are not connected in  $T_c$ , but are connected in  $G_c$ . We call the edge  $(u, v)$   $x$ , then  $w(x) \leq c$ . Also, the path in  $T$  from  $u$  to  $v$  contains an edge whose weight is greater than  $c$ . We call it  $y$ , then  $w(y) > c$ . If we add  $x$  into  $T$ , this forms a cycle which contains both  $x$  and  $y$ . After that, removing  $y$  from  $T$  still keeps the connectivity. We name  $T' = T + x - y$ . Now  $T'$  becomes a tree, because it has  $|V| - 1$  edges and it's connected. The total weight of  $T'$  is  $w(T) + w(x) - w(y) < w(T)$ , which violates that  $T$  is an MST. So  $u, v$  are not connected in  $G_c$  if they are not connected in  $T_c$ .

In conclusion, two vertices  $u, v \in V$  are connected in  $T_c$  if and only if they are connected in  $G_c$ . □