## CS217 – Algorithm Design and Analysis Homework 3

Not Strong Enough

March 22, 2020

## $\Gamma_1$

Let  $B_{i,j,k}$  be an indicator variable which is 1 if i is a common ancestor of j and k appear in the subtree  $T(\pi)$  rooted at i. What is  $\mathbb{E}[B_{i,j,k}]$ ? Give a succinct formula for this.

Solution. Suppose we are at node whose pivot is p. If p < min(i,j,k) or p > max(i,j,k), then i,j,k are all in the left subtree or all in the right subtree, which means we have to check the subtree. If  $min(i,j,k) \le p \le max(i,j,k)$ , we have to discuss some cases.

case 1.if p = i, then  $B_{i,j,k} = 1$  because i is the ancestor of j and k, leading to  $B_{i,j,k} = 1$ .

case 2.if case 1 isn't satisfied and  $p \neq j$  and  $p \neq k$ , then i, j, k are not in the same subtree. So  $B_{i,j,k} = 0$ .

case 3.if case 1 and 2 isn't satisfied, then j or k is the ancestor of i, so  $B_{i,j,k} = 0$ .

In conclusion, 
$$\mathbb{E}[B_{i,j,k}] = \frac{1}{\max(i,j,k) - \min(i,j,k) + 1}$$

## $\Gamma_2$

Let  $C(\pi, k)$  be the number of comparisons made by QUICKSELECT when given  $\pi$  as input. Design a formula for  $C(\pi, k)$  with the help of the indicator variables  $A_{i,j}$  and  $B_{i,j,k}$  (analogous to the formula  $\sum_{i \neq j} A_{i,j}$ ) for the number of comparisons made by quicksort).

Solution. Observe that 2 number i, j will be compared if and only if  $j \neq i$  and j and k are in the subtree of i.

So 
$$C(\pi, k) = \sum_{i \neq j} B_{i,j,k}$$
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