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Write down the dual of MCF.

*Proof.* First, we write down MCF in terms of inequality:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{minimize} \quad \sum_{e \in E} c(e)f(e) \\
 & \text{subject to} \quad \sum_{e \in E: e=(u,t)} f(e) \geq 1 && \text{(corresponds to } y_t^+ \text{ in dual form)} \\
 & \quad \sum_{e \in E: e=(u,t)} -f(e) \geq -1 && \text{(corresponds to } y_t^- \text{ in dual form)} \\
 & \quad \sum_{e \in E: e=(u,v)} f(e) - \sum_{e \in E: e=(v,w)} f(e) \geq 0, \forall v \in V \setminus \{s, t\} && \text{(corresponds to } y_v^+ \text{ in dual form)} \\
 & \quad \sum_{e \in E: e=(v,w)} f(e) - \sum_{e \in E: e=(u,v)} f(e) \geq 0, \forall v \in V \setminus \{s, t\} && \text{(corresponds to } y_v^- \text{ in dual form)}
 \end{aligned}$$

Then write down its dual LP: (Let  $S = \{e \in E : e = (s, v), v \in V\}$ )

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{maximize} \quad y_t^+ - y_t^- \\
 & \text{subject to} \quad (y_v^+ - y_v^-) - (y_u^+ - y_u^-) \leq c(e), \forall e = (u, v) \in E \setminus S \\
 & \quad y_v^+ - y_v^- \leq c(e), \forall e = (s, v) \in S
 \end{aligned}$$

Now let  $z_u = y_u^+ - y_u^-$  for all vertices  $u$ , it turns to be:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{maximize} \quad z_t \\
 & \text{subject to} \quad z_v - z_u \leq c(e), \forall e = (u, v) \in E \setminus S \\
 & \quad z_v \leq c(e), \forall e = (s, v) \in S
 \end{aligned}$$

Let  $z'_v = z_v + z'_s$ , for all vertices  $u$  except for  $s$  and the problem turns to:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{maximize} \quad z'_t - z'_s \\
 & \text{subject to} \quad z'_v - z'_u \leq c(e), \forall e = (u, v) \in E
 \end{aligned}$$

□

┌ 2

Interpret the dual. Show that it is the LP formulation of a "natural" maximization problem on G

*Solution.* Consider that each vertex has a potential, and for each edge  $e = (u, v)$ , the potential of the terminal vertex  $u$  is no greater than the potential of the start vertex  $v$ , and our goal is to maximize the potential of  $t$ . □