

MasterMind Academy

@learnquestor







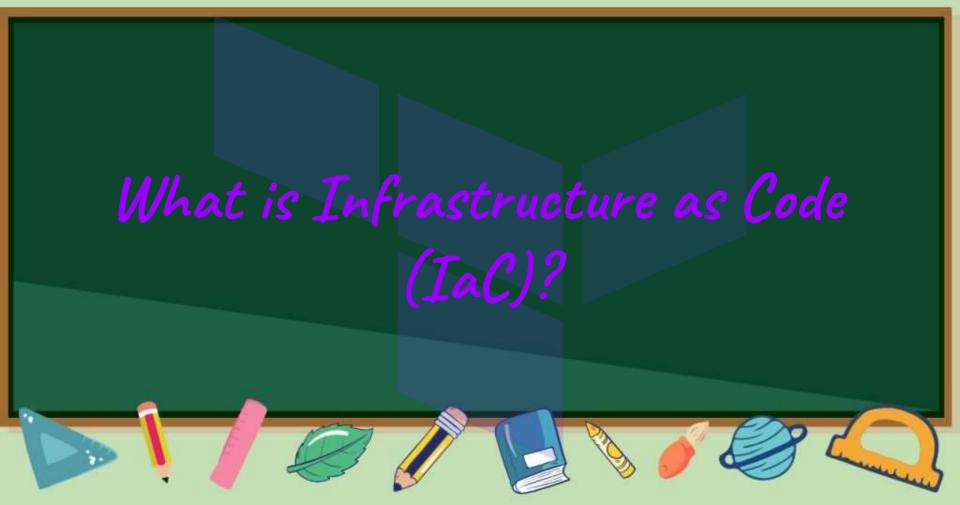
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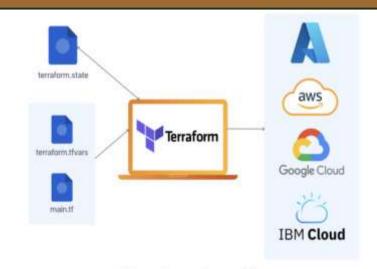


- Terraform is the infrastructure as code offering from HashiCorp.
- It is a tool for building, changing, and managing infrastructure in a safe, repeatable way.





IaC is the process of managing infrastructure in a file or files rather than manually configuring resources in a user interface.

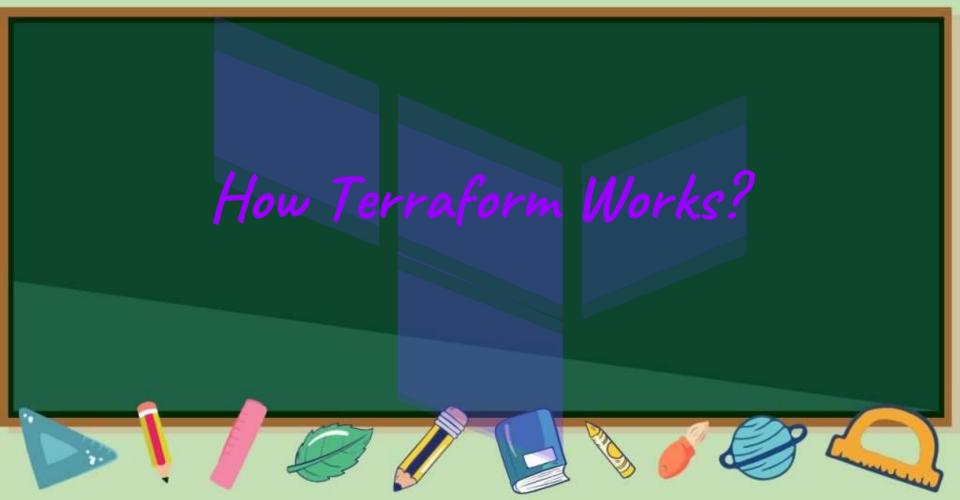


Understanding

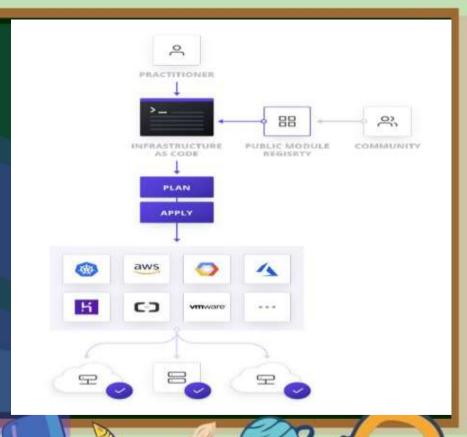
Terraform

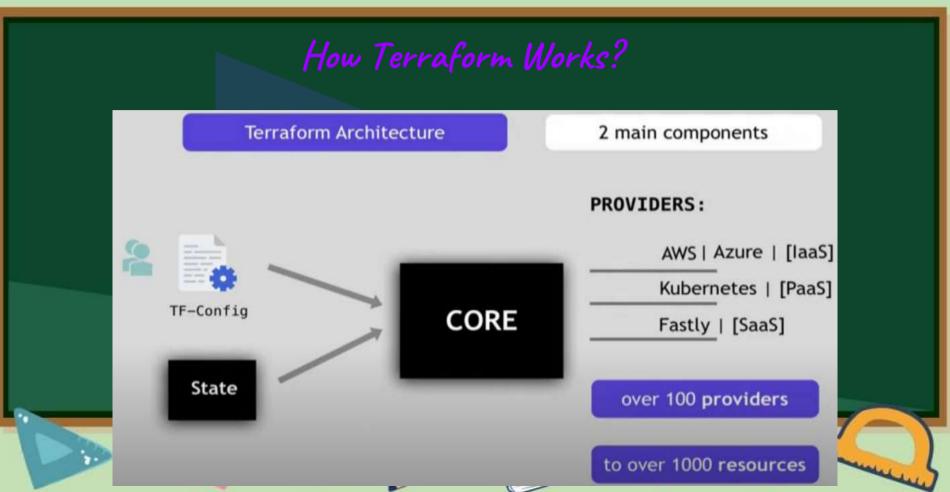
Advantages and its Implemetations





- Terraform allows infrastructure to be expressed as code in a simple, human readable language called HCL (HashiCorp Configuration Language).
- Terraform reads configuration files and provides an execution plan of changes, which can be reviewed for safety and then applied and provisioned.

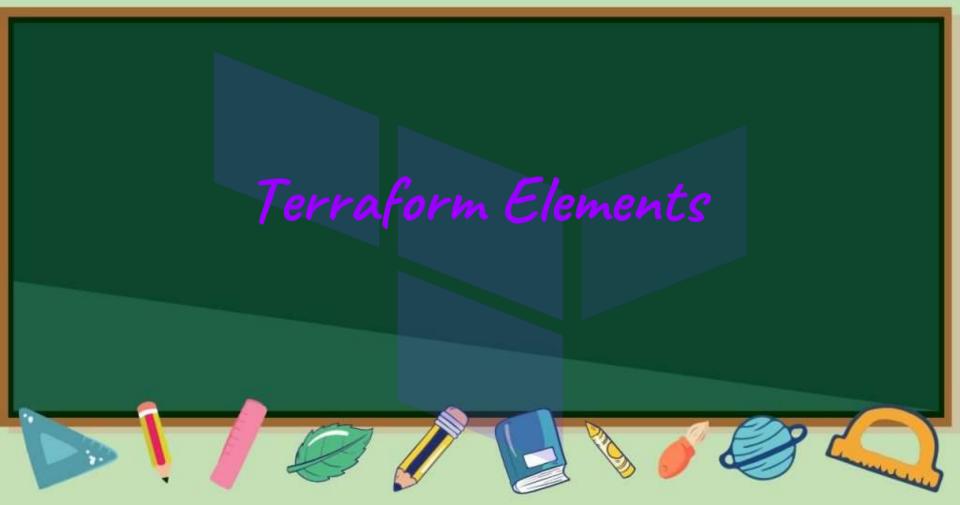






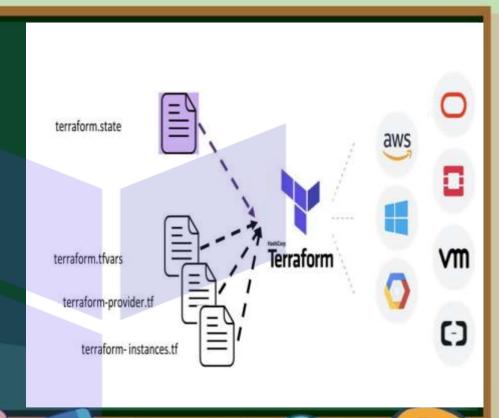
A SIMPLE WORKFLOW for deployment will follow closely to the steps below.

- SCOPE: Confirm what resources need to be created for a given project
- AUTHOR: Create the configuration file in HCL based on the scoped parameters
- INITIALIZE: Run terraform init in the project directory with the configuration files. This will download the correct provider plug-ins for the project.
- PLAN & APPLY: Run terraform plan to verify creation process and then terraform apply to create real resources as well as state file that compares future changes in your configuration files to what actually exists in your deployment environment.



State

This state is used by Terraform to map real world resources to your configuration, keep track of metadata, and to improve performance for large infrastructures. Terraform uses this local state to create plans and make changes to your infrastructure. State is a necessary requirement for Terraform to function.



A provider is responsible for understanding API interactions and exposing resources. Every Terraform provider has its own documentation, describing its resource types and their arguments.



























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Modules

A Terraform module is a set of Terraform configuration files in a single directory. Even a simple configuration consisting of a single directory with one or more «.tf» files is a module. When you run Terraform commands directly from such a directory, it is considered the root module. So in this sense, every Terraform configuration is part of a module.

tree minimal-module/ LICENSE README.md main.tf variables.tf outputs.tf

Modules

A "backend" in Terraform determines how state is loaded and how an operation such as <apply> is executed. By default, Terraform uses the "local" backend, which is the normal behavior of Terraform you're used to. Backends are completely optional. You can successfully use Terraform without ever having to learn or use backends. Backends are used for keeping sensitive information off disk.







Advantages of Terraform

Platform Agnostic

- In a modern datacenter, you may have several different clouds and platforms to support your various applications.
- With Terraform, you can manage a heterogeneous environment with the same workflow by creating a configuration file to fit the needs of your project or organization.

Advantages of Terraform

State Management

- Terraform creates a state file when a project is first initialized. Terraform uses this local state to create plans and make changes to your infrastructure.
- Prior to any operation, Terraform does a refresh to update the state with the real infrastructure. This means that Terraform state is the source of truth by which configuration changes are measured.
- If a change is made or a resource is appended to a configuration, Terraform compares
 those changes with the state file to determine what changes result in a new resource or
 resource modifications.

Advantages of Terraform

Operator Confidence

- The workflow built into Terraform aims to instill confidence in users by promoting easily repeatable operations and a planning phase to allow users to ensure the actions taken by Terraform will not cause disruption in their environment.
- Upon terraform apply, the user will be prompted to review the proposed changes and must affirm the changes or else Terraform will not apply the proposed plan.



Terraform & Ansible



You can use both



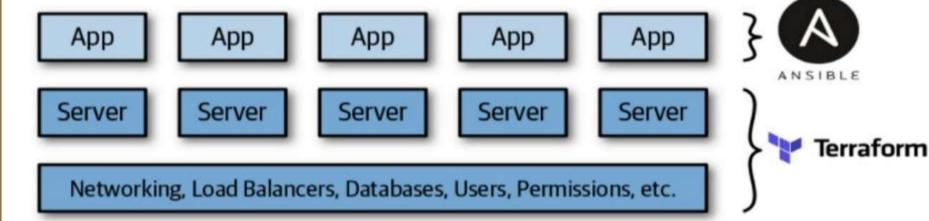


Better: for configuring that infrastructure

Better: for infrastructure



Terraform & Ansible



Terraform & Ansible

- . Terraform Documentation
- · Hashicorp/terraform (Github Page)
- · Shuaibiyy/awesome-terraform
- · tfutils/tfenv
- · gruntwork-io/terragrunt
- · 28mm/blast-Radius
- · Terraform Registry

