Lab9 – Mod_security

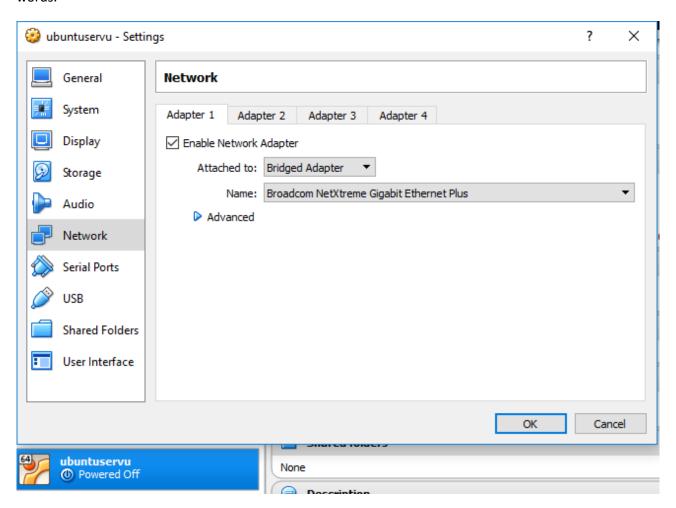
Document your commands or take screenshots. Answer questions in english or finnish.

Use Ubuntu server on Virtual box. Use Bridged network adapter.

Main idea is to Install LAMP on server, then set it up so we can try injections on it.

Next we install mod_security and change settings so it doesn't allow injections.

Then we create custom form to submit data. After that we make custom rules to prevent usage of specific words.





Install Ubuntu Server

Install MAAS Region Controller
Install MAAS Rack Controller
Check disc for defects
Test memory
Boot from first hard disk
Rescue a broken system

[!] Software selection
At the moment, only the core of the system is installed. To tune the system to your needs, you can choose to install one or more of the following predefined collections of software.
Choose software to install:
[] Manual package selection [] DNS server [*] LAMP server [] Mail server [] PostgreSQL database [] Samba file server [*] standard system utilities [] Virtual Machine host [*] OpenSSH server
<continue></continue>

k15210ubuntuserver:~\$

k1521@ubuntuserver:~\$ sudo apt-get install libapache2-modsecurity [sudo] password for k1521:

```
k15210ubuntuserver: $ apachectl -M | grep --color security
AH00558: apache2: Could not reliably determine the server's fully qualified domain name, using 127.0
.1.1. Set the 'ServerName' directive globally to suppress this message
security2_module (shared)
```

```
k1521@ubuntuserver:~$ service apache2 reload

==== AUTHENTICATING FOR org.freedesktop.systemd1.manage-units ===
Authentication is required to reload 'apache2.service'.
Authenticating as: rommi,,, (k1521)
Password:
==== AUTHENTICATION COMPLETE ===
```

```
k1521@ubuntuserver:~$ ls -l /var/log/apache2/modsec_audit.log
-rw-r---- 1 root root 0 Apr 6 12:34 /var/log/apache2/modsec_audit.log
```

root@ubuntuserver:~# nano /etc/modsecurity/modsecurity.conf

```
# -- Rule engine initialization -----
# Enable ModSecurity, attaching it to every transaction. Use detection
# only to start with, because that minimises the chances of post-installation
# disruption.
#
SecRuleEngine On
```

root@ubuntuserver:/var/www/html# touch login.php

root@ubuntuserver:/var/www/html# mysql -u root -p
Enter password:

```
mysql> create database testi;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> connect testi;
Connection id: 4
Current database: testi
mysql> create table salaistatietoa(pankkikortti VARCHAR(100),autentikaatiotunnus VARCHAR(3<mark>)</mark>)
mysql> insert into salaistatietoa values ('0000111122223333','123');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.08 sec)
mysql> insert into salaistatietoa values ('5555666677778888','323');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
mysql> create table users(username VARCHAR(100), password VARCHAR(100))
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
mysql> insert into users values('nappi','nappi');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
root@ubuntuserver:/var/www/html# systemctl restart mysql
         (i) 

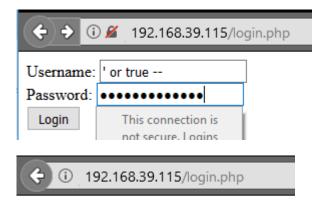
≤ 192.168.39.115/login.php
 Username: nappi
 Password: •••••
  Login
               This connection is
              not secure. Logins
      192.168.39.115/login.php
 Logged in
 A Secret for you....
         (i) ≤ 192.168.39.115/login.php
 Username: paahtis
Password: ••••
```

Invalid username or password

This connection is

192.168.39.115/login.php

Login



Logged in

A Secret for you....

```
nano 2.6.3
                                                         File: /etc/apache2/mods-enabled/security2.conf
<IfModule security2_module>
        # Default Debian dir for modsecurity's persistent data
        SecDataDir /var/cache/modsecurity
        # Include all the *.conf files in /etc/modsecurity.
        # Keeping your local configuration in that directory
        # will allow for an easy upgrade of THIS file and
        # make your life easier
         IncludeOptional /etc/modsecurity/*.conf
         Include "/usr/share/modsecurity-crs/*.conf"
Include "/usr/share/modsecurity-crs/activated_rules/*.conf"
/IfModule>
oot@ubuntuserver:/etc/apache2# cd /usr/share/modsecurity-crs/activated_rules/
oot@ubuntuserver:/usr/share/modsecurity-crs/activated_rules# ln -s /usr/share/modsecurity-crs/base_rules/modsecurity_crs_41_sql_in
root@ubuntuserver:/usr/share/modsecurity-crs/activated_rules# service apache2 reload
root@ubuntuserver:/etc/modsecurity# systemctl restart apache2
root@ubuntuserver:/etc/modsecurity# systemctl restart mysql
           (i) 

✓ 192.168.39.115/login.php
Username: ' or true --
Password:
  Login
```



Forbidden

You don't have permission to access /login.php on this server.

Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu) Server at 192.168.39.115 Port 80

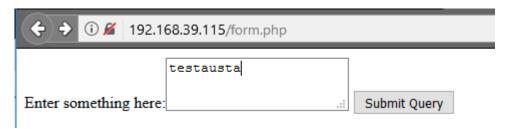
```
nano 2.6.3

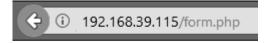
File: /etc/modsecurity/modsecurity_custom_rules.conf

SecRule REQUEST_FILENAME "form.php" "id:'400001',chain,deny,log,msg:'Spam detected'"

SecRule REQUEST_METHOD "POST" chain

SecRule REQUEST_BODY "@rx (?i:(pills|insurance|rolex))"
```





testausta

This all can be done by following this tutorial: https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/how-to-set-up-mod_security-with-apache-on-debian-ubuntu

1p for Installing LAMP

1p for setting up database & login site, and proving login & injection works.

1p for installing mod_secure + preventing injection (NOTE where guide says: "nano /etc/apache2/mods-enabled/modsecurity.conf" depending how you installed it might be /etc/apache2/mods-enabled/security2.conf or something like that.)

1p for creating custom form + creating custom rule to block specific words from it, prove that it works.

1p for proving that you can Exclude some directories from rules. For example, create custom form to other directory (/var/www/html/notblocked/form.php) and prove that it doesn't get checked by rules even original form.php is checked