

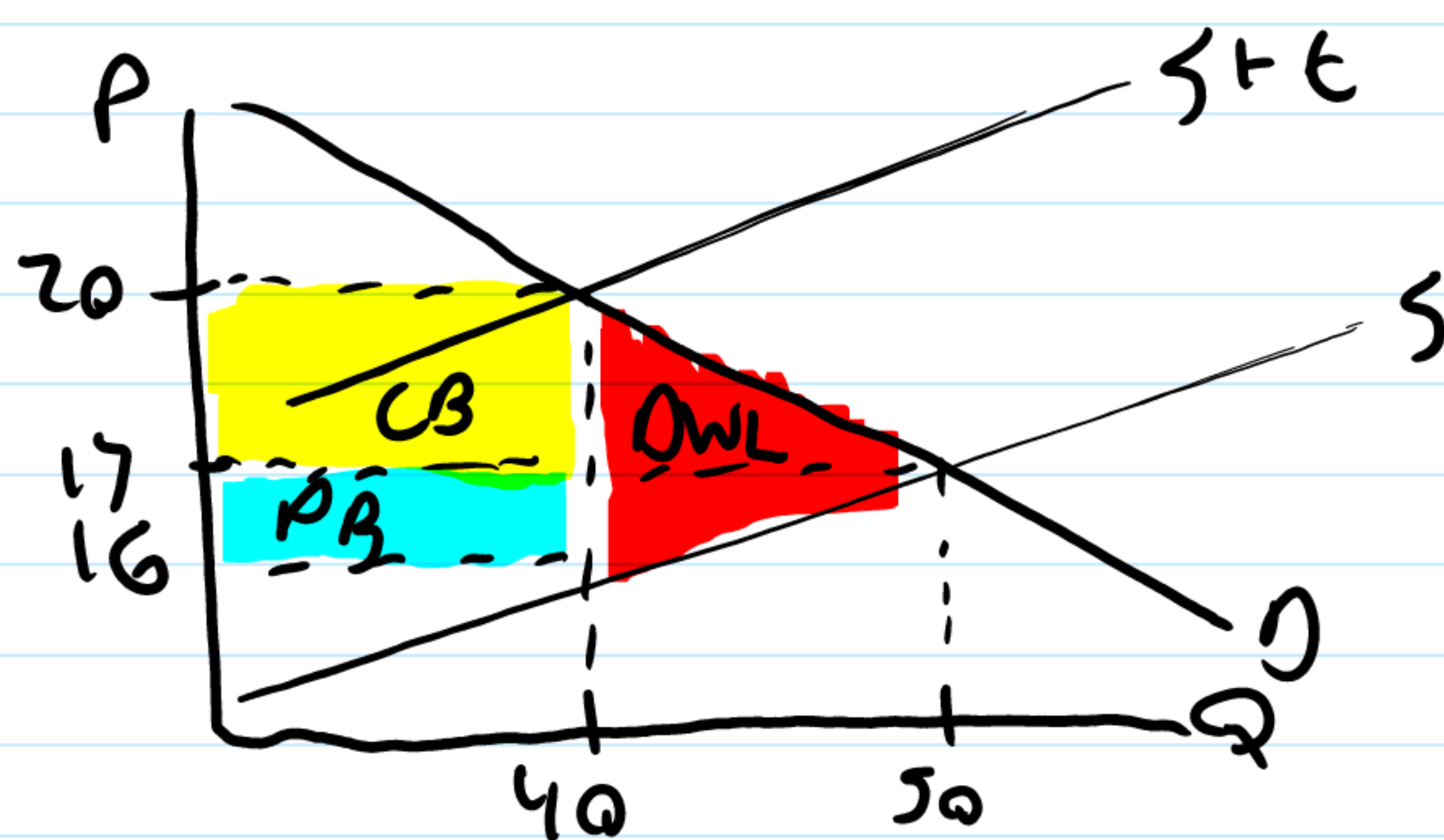
Worked w/ Alex, Austin, + River

At the current market equilibrium, price is \$17 and quantity is 50. A tax of 25% is imposed, after which the price paid by consumers including the tax is \$20 and the new equilibrium quantity is 40. Sketch a figure illustrating the equilibrium before and after the tax. Calculate tax revenue the producer burden, the consumer burden, and the excess burden. Label each.

Hint: If τ is the tax rate, the price paid by consumers is $(1+\tau)$ times the price received by suppliers once the tax is remitted to the government.

$$P = 17 \quad Q = 50 \quad t = 25\%$$

$$P + t = 20 \quad Q + t = 40$$



$$\text{Tax revenue: } (20 - 16) \cdot 40 = 4 \cdot 40 = \$160$$

$$\text{Producer burden: } (40 - 0) \cdot (17 - 16) = 40 \cdot 1 = \$40$$

$$P_p = 15.75$$

$$Q_p = 40$$

$$P_e = 17$$

$$Q_e = 50$$

$$P_c = 20$$

$$Q_c = 40$$

$$\text{consumer burden: } (20 - 17) \cdot (40 - 0) = 3 \cdot 40 = \$120$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{DWL: } & \frac{1}{2}(50 - 40)(17 - 16) + \frac{1}{2}(50 - 40)(20 - 17) = \frac{1}{2}(10)(1) + \frac{1}{2}(10)(3) \\ & = 5 + 15 = 20 \end{aligned}$$