## **Opportunity Cost of Inputs 3**

Imagine a rural area with a current wage rate of \$20 per hour at which 1500 workers are employed and 500 are unemployed. A government project will hire 50 workers at the going wage rate. Assume reservation wages for those hired are more or less uniformly distributed between \$2 and \$20. The METB is 0.2. Estimate the expected opportunity cost of project labor.

## **ANSWER**

Since unemployment is so high, the market wage is not the correct measure of the opportunity cost of labor. A reasonable approximation is to assume the opportunity cost of the additional workers are randomly drawn from a uniform distribution between \$2 and \$20. No one with an opportunity cost over \$20 will accept the job. (One could argue for using \$0 rather than \$2 as the lower bound.) The average opportunity cost is then \$11 per hour. With the METB, the cost is 0.2 times the public funds used to pay the wage, 0.2\*20=4, plus the OC of the labor itself, or \$11+\$4=\$15 per hour per worker, or \$750 per project hour.