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4.1

$$\begin{bmatrix} t^2 & t|t| \\ 2t & 2|t| \end{bmatrix} = 2|t|t^2 - 2tt|t| = 0$$

So, it is linear dependent.

$$\begin{bmatrix} e^t & e^{-3t} \\ e^t & -3e^{-3t} \end{bmatrix} = -4e^{-2t}$$

$$y(0) = 1 = C_1 e^0 + C_2 e^{-3 \times 0} = C_1 + C_2 = 1$$

$$y'(0) = -2 = C_1 e^0 - C_2 3 e^{-3 \times 0} = C_1 - (-3)C_2$$

$$C_1 = \frac{1}{4}, C_2 = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$y_{2}(t) = y_{1}(t)x = xt$$

$$(xt)' = x't + x, (x't + x)' = x''t + 2x'$$

$$t^{2}(x''t + 2x') - 2t(x't + x) + 2xt = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow t^{3}x'' = 0 \Rightarrow x'' = 0 \Rightarrow x = t \Rightarrow y_{2}(t) = t^{2}$$

$$t^{2}(2) - 2t(2t) + 2t^{2} = 0$$

$$y = C_{1}t + C_{2}t^{2}$$

4.3

$$6\lambda^{2} + \lambda - 1 = 0 = (3\lambda - 1)(2\lambda + 1)$$
$$\lambda_{1} = \frac{1}{3}, \lambda_{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$
$$y(t) = C_{1}e^{\frac{1}{3}} + C_{2}e^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$6\lambda + 5\lambda - 6 = 0 = (2\lambda + 3)(3\lambda - 2)$$
$$\lambda_1 = \frac{2}{3}, \lambda_2 = -\frac{3}{2}$$
$$y(t) = C_1 e^{\frac{2}{3}} + C_2 e^{-\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\lambda^{2} + 2\lambda + 3 = 0$$
$$\lambda = -1 \pm \sqrt{2}i$$
$$y(t) = e^{-t} (C_{1} \cos \sqrt{2}t + C_{2} \sin \sqrt{2}t)$$

$$\lambda^{2} + 2\lambda + 2 = 0$$
$$\lambda = -1 \pm i$$
$$y(t) = e^{-t}(C_{1}cost + C_{2}sint)$$

$$4\lambda^{2} + 12\lambda + 0 = 9 = (2\lambda + 3)(2\lambda + 3)$$
$$\lambda = -\frac{3}{2}$$
$$y(t) = C_{1}e^{-\frac{3}{2}t} - C_{2}te^{-\frac{3}{2}t}$$

$$\lambda^{2} + 8\lambda + 16 = (\lambda + 4)(\lambda + 4) = 0$$
$$\lambda = -4$$
$$y(t) = C_{1}e^{-4t} + C_{2}te^{-4t}$$

$$\lambda^{2} - 2\lambda - 3 = (\lambda - 3)(\lambda + 1) = 0$$
$$\lambda_{1} = 3, \lambda_{2} = -1$$
$$v(t) = C_{1}e^{3t} + C_{2}e^{-t}$$

Because 
$$\lambda = \lambda_1$$
,

$$\lambda^{2} + p\lambda + q = (\lambda - \lambda_{1})(\lambda - \lambda_{1}) = \lambda^{2} - 2\lambda_{1}\lambda + \lambda_{1}^{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow p = -2\lambda_{1}, q = \lambda_{1}^{2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = e^{\lambda_{1}t} + \lambda_{1}te^{\lambda_{1}t}$$

$$\frac{d^{2}y}{dx^{2}} = \lambda_{1}e^{\lambda_{1}t}(2 + \lambda_{1}t)$$

plug in 
$$\frac{dy}{dt}$$
 and  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  into  $y'' + py' + qy$   

$$\Rightarrow \lambda_1 e^{\lambda_1 t} (2 + \lambda_1 t) + p(e^{\lambda_1 t} + \lambda_1 t e^{\lambda_1 t}) - q(t e^{\lambda_1 t})$$
plug in  $p = -2\lambda_1$  and  $q = \lambda_1^2$ 

 $\Rightarrow 2\lambda_1 e^{\lambda_1 t} + \lambda_1^2 t e^{\lambda_1 t} - 2\lambda_1 e^{\lambda_1 t} - 2\lambda_1^2 t e^{\lambda_1 t} + \lambda^2 t e^{\lambda_1 t} = 0$