National Institute of Technology, Silchar

(UG) Mid Semester Examination, February 2022

Subject Code: CS-101 Subject: Introduction to Programming Semester: 1st

Duration: 1 hour

Department: CSE/ECE/EE Total Marks: 20

Q No.	Question	Marks	CO
1	Fill in the blanks:		
	(a) System software's are those which interact with the of the computer.	1	CO1
	(b) The three main programming constructs are, and statements.	1	CO1
	(c) The C language does not provide any warning or indication of overflow. It simply gives incorrect results. Care should be exercised in defining correct	1	CO1
	(d) After the declaration enum q { $a=1$, b , c , d , e , $f=60$, y }; the $printf("%d", y)$ statement prints	1	CO1
2	What would be the output of the following program? Give proper justification for your answers.		
	(a)	2	CO3
	main() {		
	<pre>int num; num = func(20); printf("%d", num);</pre>		
	}		
	<pre>int func(int num) {</pre>		
	$\begin{array}{l} \text{num} > 20 \ ? \ \mathbf{return} \ (100) \ : \ \mathbf{return} \ (200) \ ; \end{array}$		
	(b)	2	CO3
	<pre>int main() { int i; for(i=10;i<=15;i++) { while(i) { do { printf("%d", 1);</pre>		
	<pre>if(i>>1) continue; } while(0); break; } return 0;</pre>		
	}		

	(c)	2	CO3
	int main()	2	
	Int mam()		
	int i, $x=20$, $z=30$, $f=23$;		
	$\mathbf{for} (i=0; i <= 200; i++, f++, z++);$		
	x++;		
	}		
	printf("%d %d", x, i); }		
3	(a) Draw a flow chart to add first n terms of the series:	3	CO1
	m ⁴ m ⁸ m ¹²		
	$f(x) = 1 - \frac{x^4}{2 \times 3} + \frac{x^8}{6 \times 7} - \frac{x^{12}}{10 \times 11} + \dots$		
	2 / 0 / 10 / 11		
	(b) Write a complete C program using case statements which is equivalent to the flowchart shown below:	3	CO2
	HOWCHART SHOWN DEIOW:		
	Start		
	choice, n1, n2,res		
	•		
	Read: choice		
	↓		
	if '+' res = n1+n2		
	if '-' → res = n1-n2 →		
	if '*' res = n1*n2		
	if '/' res = n1/n2		
	if '%' res = n1%n2		
	Write: "Invalid choice" Write: res		
	Write: "Invalid choice" Write: res		
	Stop →		
4	Write a C program that does the following: It accepts a sequence of integers from	4	CO2
	the user, continuing as long as it enters an even integer. Once the user enters an		
	odd integer, the program stops accepting inputs. Then, compute the total number of even integers entered, their sum, and print those results.		
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Course Outcomes (CO):

- 1. Learn formulation of simple algorithms for arithmetic and logical problems.
- 2. Able to translate the algorithms into programs (in C language).
- 3. Able to use derived types, control structures, functions and pointers for problem solving.

CO distribution Mark wise

Marks

