

$$A = G \cdot 2 \cdot A''$$

$$B = G \cdot 2 \cdot B''$$

Let's assume,

$$\gcd(A, B) = G$$

$$A' = G \cdot A''$$

$$B' = G \cdot B''$$

Hence,  $\gcd(A', B') = 1$   $\times$

$$A = G \cdot x \cdot A''$$

$$B = G \cdot x \cdot B''$$

$$\gcd(A', B') = x$$

$$A' = x \cdot A''$$

$$B' = x \cdot B''$$

$$12 = 3 \cdot 4$$

$$15 = 3 \cdot 5$$

$\rightarrow 1$

$$\gcd(A, B) = G$$

$$15 = 1, 3, 5, 15$$

$$45 = 1, 3, 5, 9, 15, 45$$

$$15 \rightarrow 1, 3, 5, 15$$

$$8! = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 \cdot 8$$

$$= 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 2^2 \cdot 5 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 7 \cdot 2^3$$

$$= 2^7 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5^1 \cdot 7^1$$

$$\rightarrow 7 + 2 + 1 + 1 = 11$$

$$n! \rightarrow p$$

$$n! \rightarrow p$$

$$\hookrightarrow \log_p(n)$$

$$8! \rightarrow 2, 3, 5, 7$$

# p in n!

$$= \left\lfloor \frac{n}{p} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{n}{p^2} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{n}{p^3} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{n}{p^4} \right\rfloor + \dots$$

↳  $n! = 8! \quad (p=2)$

↳  $\left\lfloor \frac{8}{2} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{8}{4} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{8}{8} \right\rfloor = 4 + 2 + 1 = 7$

↳  $\left\lfloor \frac{8}{3} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{8}{9} \right\rfloor = 2$

↳  $\left\lfloor \frac{8}{5} \right\rfloor = 1$

↳  $\left\lfloor \frac{8}{7} \right\rfloor = 1$

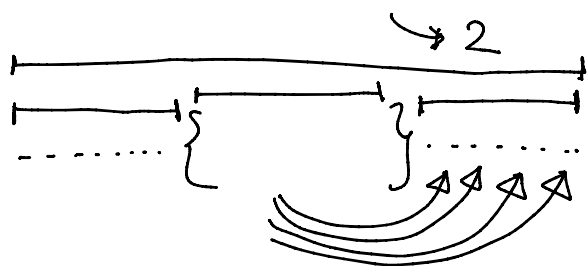
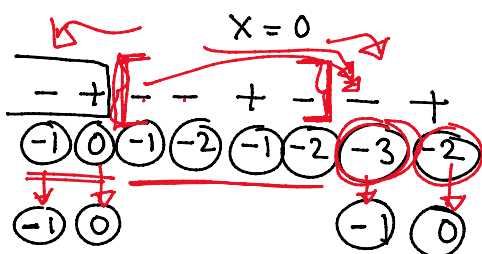
$n \times \log_p(n)$

$n \log n$

$x=0$

$[l, r]$

$x=0 \rightarrow$

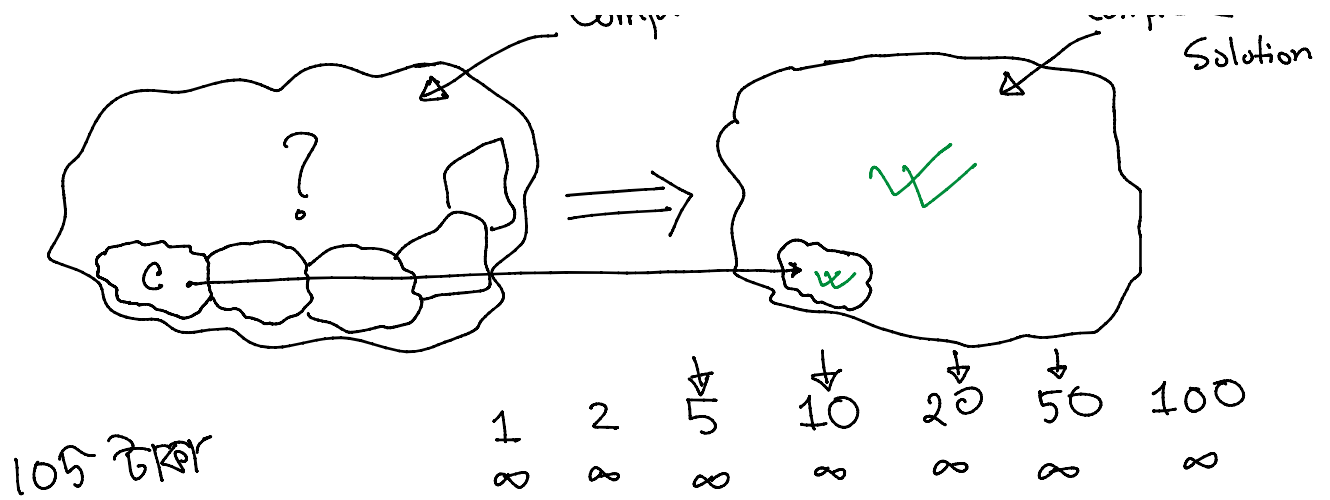


Greedy

Complete Problem

Complete Solution

Greedy



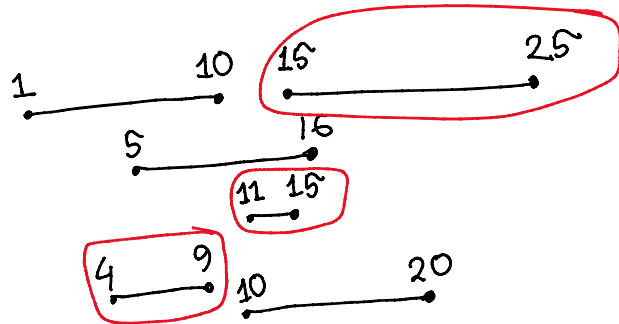
$$1 \times 100$$

$$1 \times 5$$

## Activity Selection Problem

N সংখ্যক task

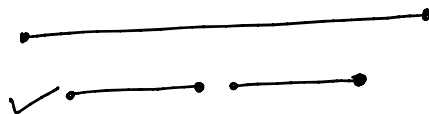
- [starting time, ending time]



6	
1	10
15	25
5	16
11	15
4	9
10	20

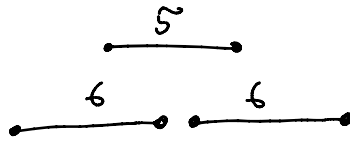
Approach: 1 (X)

# largest time-frame

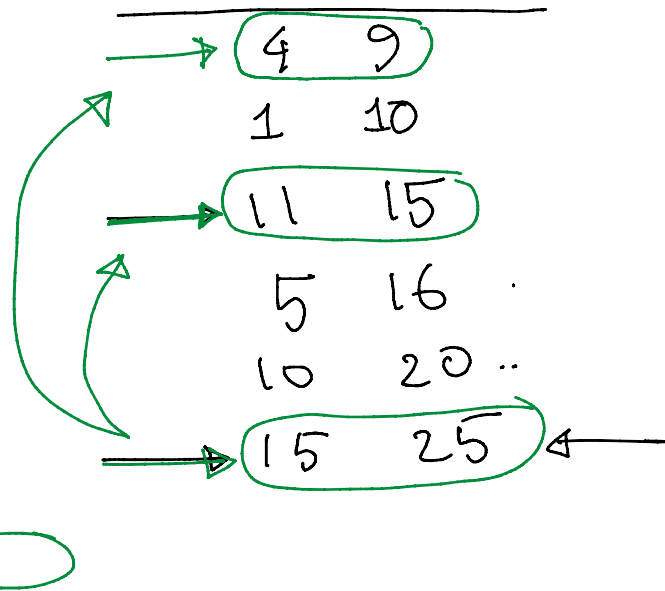
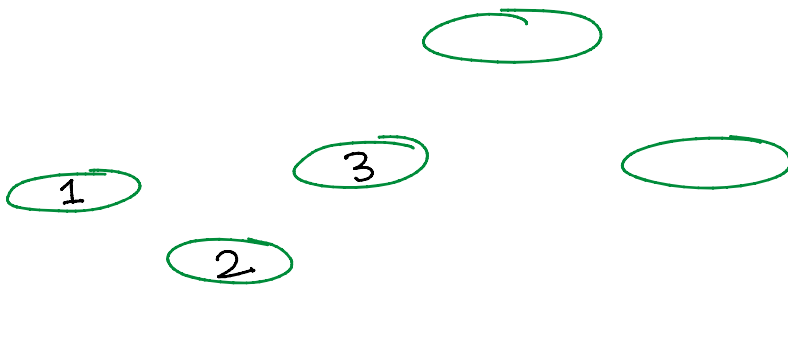


Approach: 2 (X)

Approach: 2 (X)  
# smallest timeframe

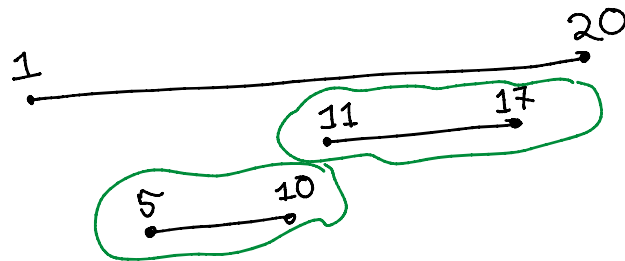


Approach: 3  
# ending time (inc)



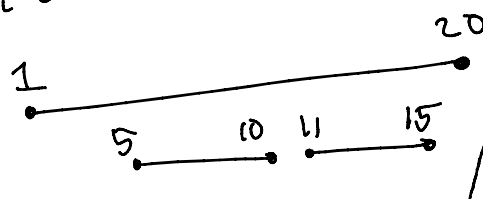
Approach 4: (X)

# end time (dec)



Approach: 5 (X)

# start time (inc)

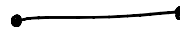
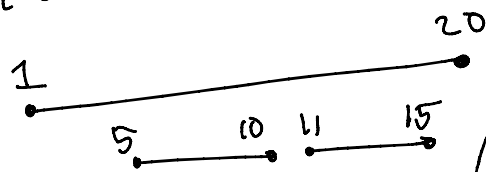


(✓) # start time (dec)

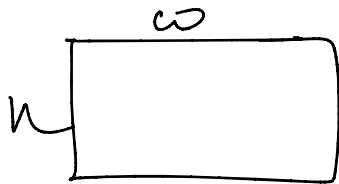


Approach: 5 (X)  
 # start time (inc)

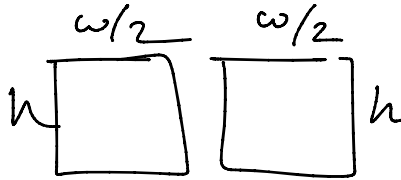
(✓) # start time (dec)



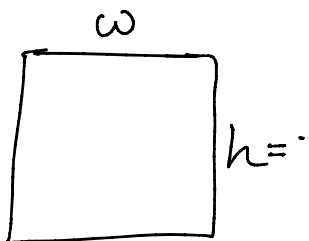
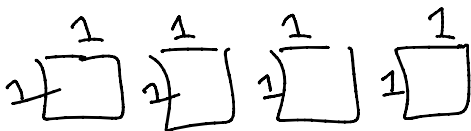
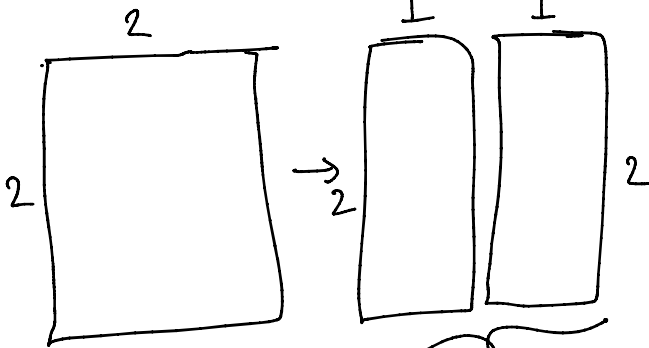
2 2  
 ↓



2 1  
 ↓



1 1  
 $2^x \cdot 2^y$



}

