

# Assignment 9: Hybrid Evolutionary Algorithm

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**Source code:**

[https://github.com/MatTheTab/Evolutionary-Computation/blob/main/Assignment\\_9\\_Evolutionary\\_Metaheuristics/Assignment\\_9\\_Hybrid\\_Evolutionary\\_Algorithm.ipynb](https://github.com/MatTheTab/Evolutionary-Computation/blob/main/Assignment_9_Evolutionary_Metaheuristics/Assignment_9_Hybrid_Evolutionary_Algorithm.ipynb)

## 1. Description of the Problem

The previous exploration of the local optima revealed that the locally optimal solutions oftentimes share a lot of nodes and edges, this can serve as a hint towards utilizing hybrid evolutionary algorithms that focus on preserving commonly occurring edges and nodes to achieve better scores than previously. As such, in this report, we will focus on designing and evaluating different evolutionary algorithms in the context of the redefined TSP. As previously, the task is to find a cycle composed of half of all available nodes with the smallest value of the objective function, with the function defined as the sum of the length of the cycle and the weight/cost of every node in the cycle. The visualizations related to the redefined TSP for both available instances TSPA and TSPB can be found in Figure 1 and Figure 2.

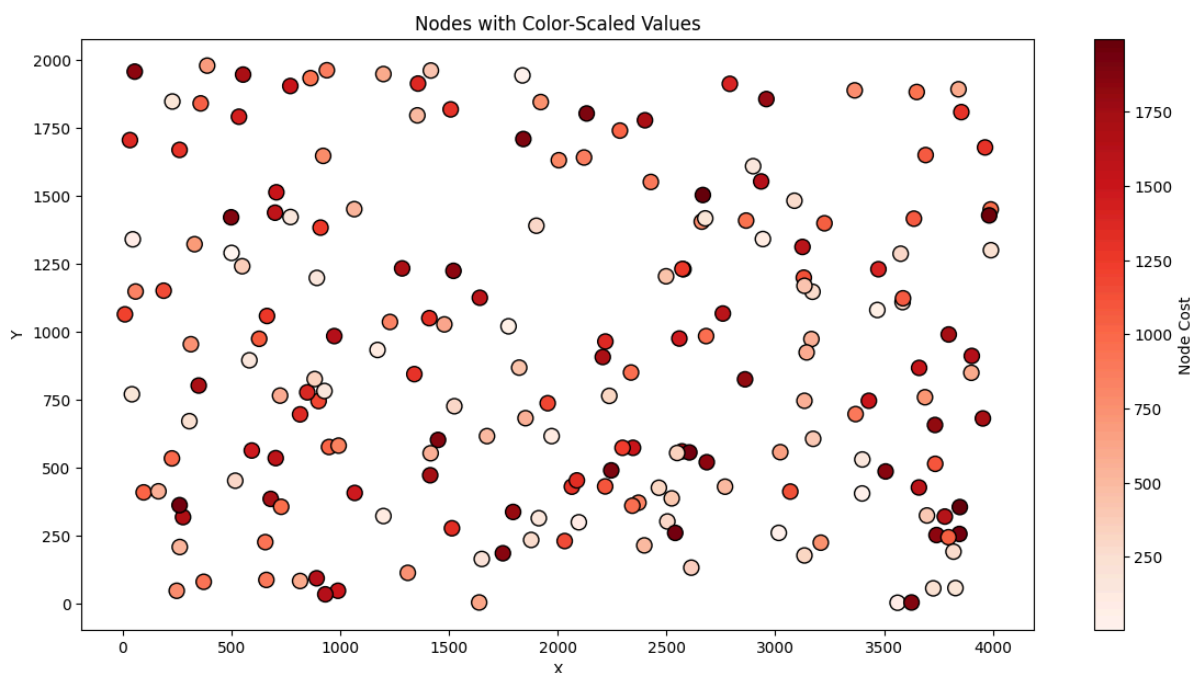


Fig 1. Visualization of the TSPA problem instance, each node's x and y locations on the plot correspond to their given x and y locations and the color intensity signifies the weight/cost of each node. The total length of the cycle and the sum of node weights should be minimized.

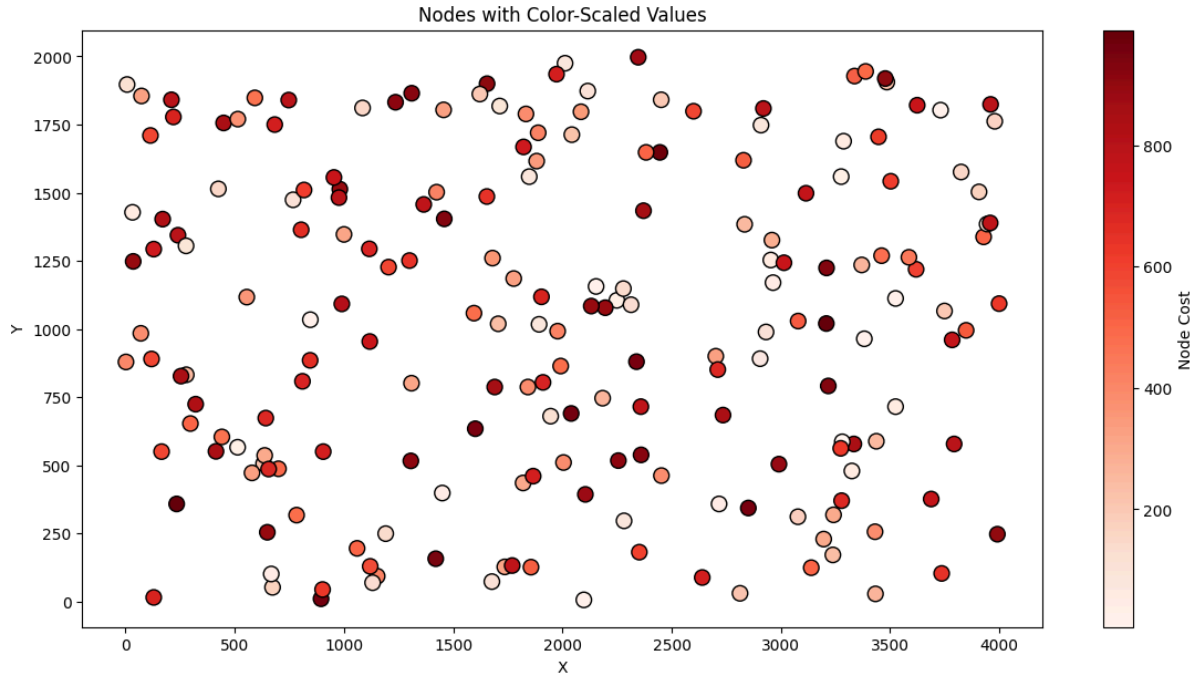


Fig 2. Visualization of the TSPB problem instance, each node's x and y locations on the plot correspond to their given x and y locations and the color intensity signifies the weight/cost of each node. The total length of the cycle and the sum of node weights should be minimized.

## 2. Algorithms

This time the tested algorithms were different variations of the **Hybrid Evolutionary Algorithms**. Each of the tested algorithms had a similar general idea behind it. The population of 20 initial solutions is produced using the steepest local search from a random solution for each of the 20 individuals. Then, for as long as there is time left, two solutions are chosen with a uniform probability, to be selected as parents. Then the recombination algorithm is applied, producing children. Afterward, an optional local search is run on children to find locally optimal solutions. At each point, only the best solutions are added to the population so that there is a constant elitism of the 20 best solutions within the population. Below, different variations of the cross-over operations are described:

**Common + Random Recombination** - For two parents, the common nodes and edges are found, and then two children are created. For the first one, the relative order of the nodes and edges is the same as for the first parent. The second child works the exact same way in relation to the second parent. The remaining, not filled positions in a cycle for both nodes, are added randomly from the remaining nodes. Local search can also be used on the offspring although it is optional.

**Common + Heuristic Recombination** - This method creates children by removing from the first parent the nodes and edges not present for the second parent to create the first child, and then analogously edges and nodes from the second parent that are not present in the first are removed and the second child is created. Both offspring are then completed by utilizing the heuristic weighted regret method. This method can also allow for the offspring to be further improved with local search, although it is optional.

**Edge Recombination Crossover (ERX)**- This operator constructs two child solutions by combining structural information from two parent solutions. An edge list is first created, associating each node with its neighbors from both parents. Starting from a random node, a child is constructed iteratively by selecting the next node based on the smallest number of neighbors remaining in the edge list, prioritizing nodes that are central to both parents. If no neighbors are available, a random unvisited node from the union of all parent nodes is chosen. Once a node is added to the child, it is removed as a neighbor from all other nodes' edge lists to avoid duplication. The process continues until the child contains half of all nodes. Finally, to ensure proper size and diversity, random unselected nodes from the complete set are swapped into the child at random positions. This method can also utilize local search to improve the offspring's score, although it is optional.

**FUNCTION** evolutionary\_solution(distance\_matrix, weights, allowed\_time, create\_initial\_population, pop\_size, recombination, local\_search):

**INPUT:**

distance\_matrix - matrix of distances between nodes  
weights - an array of weights associated with each node  
allowed\_time - maximum time allowed for the algorithm's runtime  
create\_initial\_population - algorithm to create the initial population  
pop\_size - the size of the population  
recombination - The defined recombination operator  
local\_search - if the optional local search algorithm should be used

```
num_iterations ← 0
population ← create_initial_population(pop_size, distance_matrix, weights)

WHILE there is time left:
    num_iterations += 1
    parent_1, parent_2 ← SAMPLE PARENTS FROM population
    child_1, child_2 ← recombination(parent_1, parent_2, all_nodes,
                                    distance_matrix, weights)
    child_score_1 ← calculate_score(child_1, distance_matrix, weights)
    child_score_2 ← calculate_score(child_2, distance_matrix, weights)
    IF local_search:
        child_1 ← local_search(child_1, child_score_1, distance_matrix,
                                weights)
        child_2 ← local_search(child_2, child_score_2, distance_matrix,
                                weights)
    IF child_score_1 IS UNIQUE AND IS BETTER THAN WORST FROM population:
        ADD child_1 TO population AND DELETE WORST solution FROM population
    IF child_score_2 IS UNIQUE AND IS BETTER THAN WORST FROM population:
        ADD child_2 TO population AND DELETE WORST solution FROM population
RETURN population, num_iterations
```

**FUNCTION** create\_initial\_population(pop\_size, distance\_matrix, weights):

**INPUT:**

distance\_matrix - matrix of distances between nodes  
weights - an array of weights associated with each node  
pop\_size - the size of the population

population ← EMPTY LIST

**FOR** i **IN** RANGE OF pop\_size:

new\_solution, new\_score ← FIND RANDOM SOLUTION

new\_solution, new\_score ← USE steepest local search ON new\_solution

ADD new\_soltion TO population

**RETURN** population

**FUNCTION** common\_and\_random\_recombination(solution\_1, solution\_2, all\_nodes, distance\_matrix, weights):

**INPUT:**

solution\_1 - Parent solution 1

solution\_2 - Parent solution 2

all\_nodes - set of all nodes present in the problem

distance\_matrix - matrix of distances between nodes

weights - an array of weights associated with each node

child\_1 ← COMMON nodes AND edges FROM solution\_1 AND solution\_2 AT INDEX OF  
solution\_1

child\_2 ← COMMON nodes AND edges FROM solution\_1 AND solution\_2 AT INDEX OF  
solution\_2

child\_1 ← FILL REMAINING WITH RANDOM FROM all\_nodes NOT IN child\_1

child\_2 ← FILL REMAINING WITH RANDOM FROM all\_nodes NOT IN child\_2

**RETURN** child\_1, child\_2

**FUNCTION** common\_and\_heuristic\_recombination(solution\_1, solution\_2, all\_nodes, distance\_matrix, weights):

**INPUT:**

solution\_1 - Parent solution 1

solution\_2 - Parent solution 2

all\_nodes - set of all nodes present in the problem

distance\_matrix - matrix of distances between nodes

weights - an array of weights associated with each node

child\_1 ← nodes AND edges IN solution\_1 AND NOT IN solution\_2

child\_2 ← nodes AND edges IN solution\_2 AND NOT IN solution\_1

child\_1 ← FILL REMAINING WITH greedy weighted regret heuristic

child\_2 ← FILL REMAINING WITH greedy weighted regret heuristic

**RETURN** child\_1, child\_2

**FUNCTION** ERX\_recombination(solution\_1, solution\_2, all\_nodes, distance\_matrix, weights):

**INPUT:**

solution\_1 - Parent solution 1  
solution\_2 - Parent solution 2  
all\_nodes - set of all nodes present in the problem  
distance\_matrix - matrix of distances between nodes  
weights - an array of weights associated with each node

edge\_list ← EMPTY EDGE LIST FOR ALL NODES  
edge\_list ← ADD NEIGHBORS FROM solution\_1 TO edge\_list  
edge\_list ← ADD NEIGHBORS FROM solution\_2 TO edge\_list  
edge\_list ← ADD NEIGHBORS FROM solution\_2 TO edge\_list  
current\_node\_2 ← RANDOM NODE FROM solution\_2  
child\_1 ← BUILD CHILD FROM EDGE LIST STARTING WITH current\_node\_1  
child\_2 ← BUILD CHILD FROM EDGE LIST STARTING WITH current\_node\_2  
remaining\_nodes\_1 ← all\_nodes - NODES IN child\_1  
remaining\_nodes\_2 ← all\_nodes - NODES IN child\_2  
RANDOMLY REPLACE A NODE IN child\_1 WITH A NODE FROM remaining\_nodes\_1  
RANDOMLY REPLACE A NODE IN child\_2 WITH A NODE FROM remaining\_nodes\_2  
RETURN child\_1, child\_2

### 3.Experiments

Experiments include all previous methods along with the Evolutionary Algorithm. Greedy methods were run 200 times for each instance while multi-start methods were run 20 times each. Other methods were run for the amount of time allowed to them, which was the same for all of these methods for the sake of comparison.

Method	TSPA av (min - max)	TSPB av (min - max)	Num Iterations (TSPA/TSPB)
<b>Evolutionary (Common + Random Recombination + LS)</b>	<b>69637 (69554 - 69692)</b>	<b>43897 (43811 - 43933)</b>	<b>2494/2104</b>
<b>Evolutionary (Common + Random Recombination)</b>	<b>74060 (72242 - 76036)</b>	<b>48800 (46931 - 50831)</b>	<b>892080/671469</b>
<b>Evolutionary (Common + Heuristic)</b>	<b>72396 (71881 - 72708)</b>	<b>47405 (46611 - 48051)</b>	<b>101/82</b>

<b>Recombination + LS)</b>			
<b>Evolutionary (Common + Heuristic Recombination)</b>	<b>73600 (72050 - 75872)</b>	<b>48566 (47111 - 50888)</b>	<b>445/276</b>
<b>Evolutionary (ERX Recombination + LS)</b>	<b>70393 (69761 - 70635)</b>	<b>44757 (44287 - 44981)</b>	<b>190/200</b>
<b>Evolutionary (ERX Recombination)</b>	<b>74196 (73113 - 76574)</b>	<b>47880 (46856 - 48519)</b>	<b>59939/55978</b>
Large Neighborhood Search (optional LS)	69457 (69207 - 69821)	44133 (43873 - 44463)	387/357
Large Neighborhood Search (no LS)	69640 (69250 - 70805)	44361 (44174 - 44657)	403/391
MSLS	71340 (70919-71756)	45952 (45365-46428)	200/200
ILS - Partial Shuffle	69545 (69141 - 70200)	43952 (43448 - 44659)	1548/1495
<i>Weighted Greedy Regret Cycle</i>	72133 (71108-73395)	50882 (47144-55700)	
Steepest Delta Search	73910 (71118-78710)	48574 (46300-51342)	-
ILS - MST Perturbation	70133 (69246 - 71271)	44360 (43658 - 45019)	1582/1525
ILS - Coordinate Change	69882 (69460 - 70419)	44201 (43574 - 44853)	315/345
Steepest Candidate Search	77944 (73159-84951)	48497 (45342-52178)	-
Greedy LS Rand	85812 (78831-93289)	61000 (53759-69662)	-
Steepest LS Rand	87935 (75935-95175)	63036 (55323-70187)	-
Greedy LS Edges Rand	73781 (71507-76491)	48427 (45646-51763)	-
Steepest LS Edges Rand	73954 (70948-77934)	48366 (45576-51616)	-



Greedy LS Best	71627 (70687-72882)	45460 (43826-51301)	-
Steepest LS Best	71619 (70626-72950)	45415 (43826-50876)	-
Greedy LS Edges Best	71515 (70571-72460)	45040 (43790-50495)	-
Steepest LS Edges Best	71468 (70510-72614)	44976 (43921-50495)	-
<i>Random</i>	264301 (223539-308435)	213397 (179796-253866)	-
<i>Nearest Neighbor Closest</i>	85109 (83182-89433)	54390 (52319-59030)	-
<i>Nearest Neighbor All</i>	73180 (71179-75450)	45870 (44417-53438)	-
<i>Greedy Cycle</i>	72606 (71488-74350)	51345 (48765-57262)	-
<i>Greedy Regret Cycle</i>	115630 (105852-123171)	72656 (67568-77329)	-

Table 1. Minimum, average, and maximum scores achieved by each method on both problem instances.

The **best scores achieved** are visualized below.

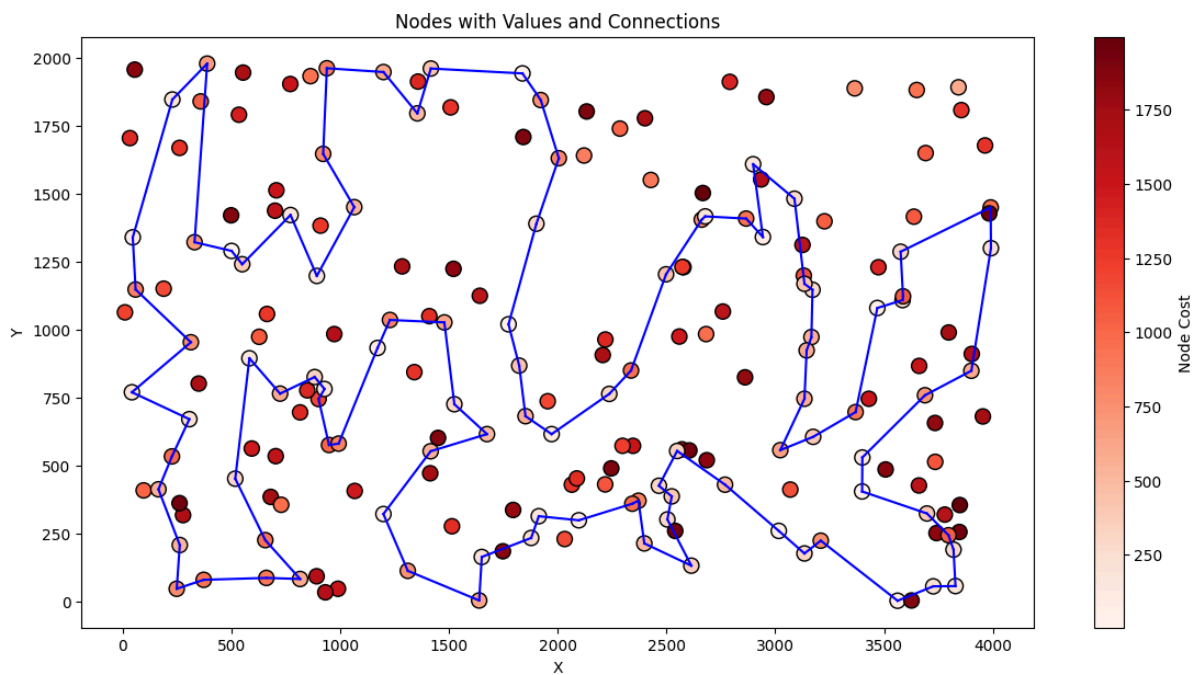


Fig 3. Visualization of the best solution found by the **Evolutionary (Common + Random Recombination + LS)** on the TSPA problem instance starting from a random solution.

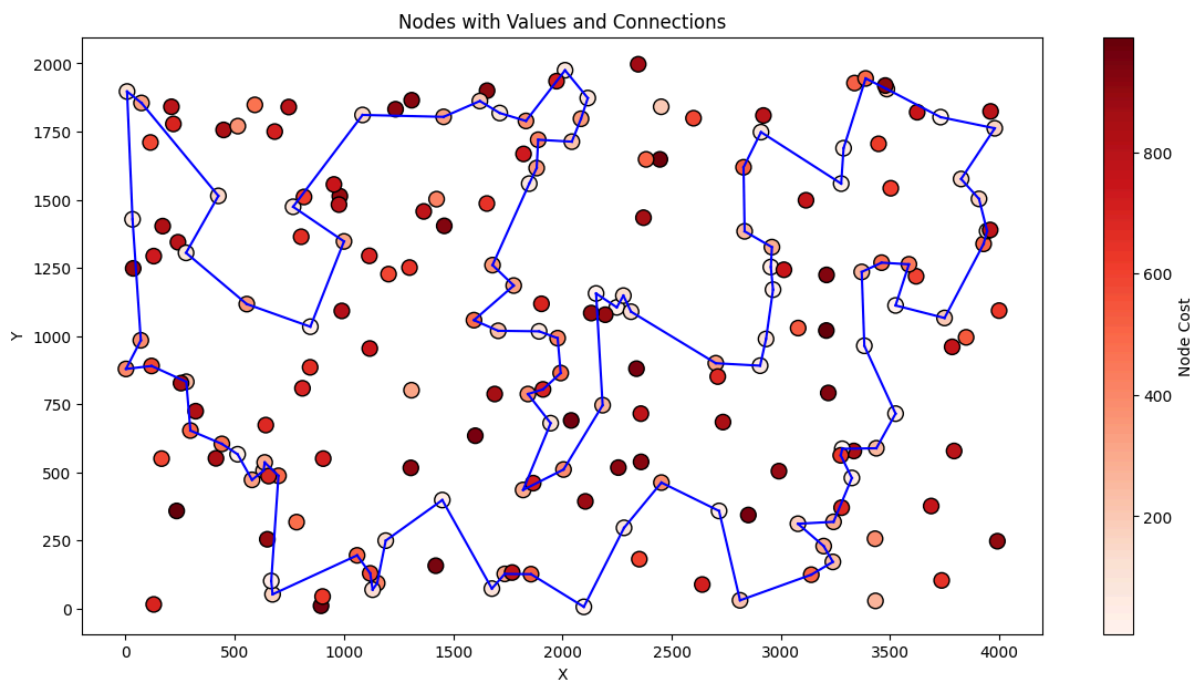


Fig 4. Visualization of the best solution found by the **Evolutionary (Common + Random Recombination)** on the TSPB problem instance starting from a random solution.

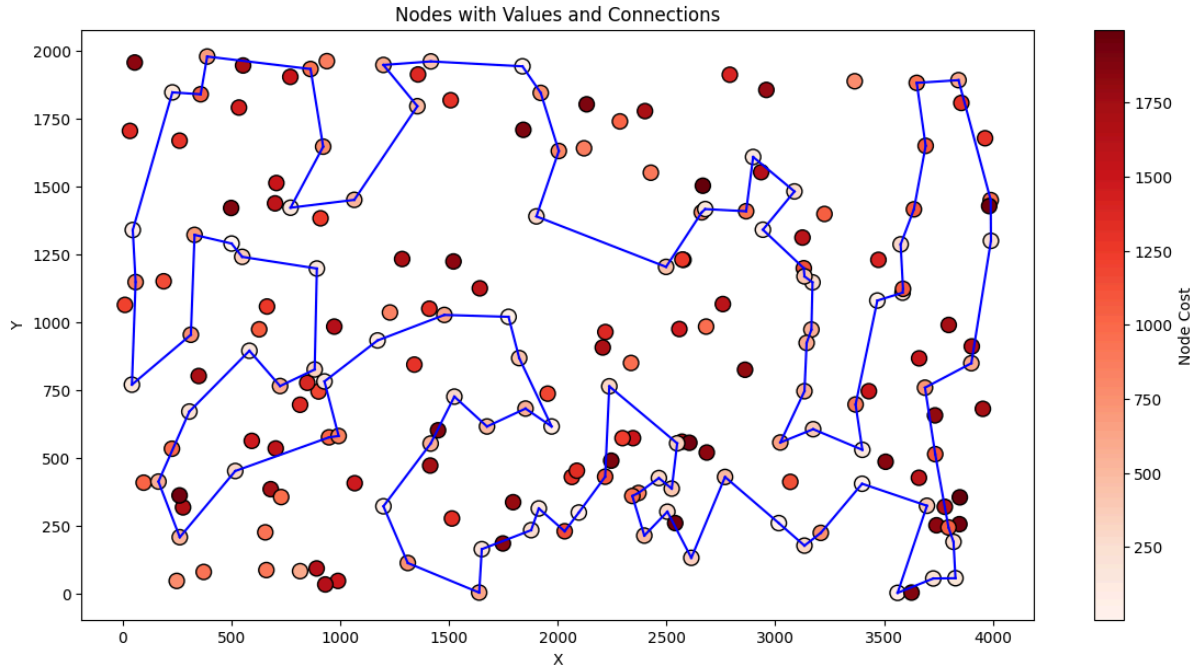


Fig 5. Visualization of the best solution found by the **Evolutionary (Common + Heuristic Recombination + LS)** on the TSPA problem instance starting from a random solution.

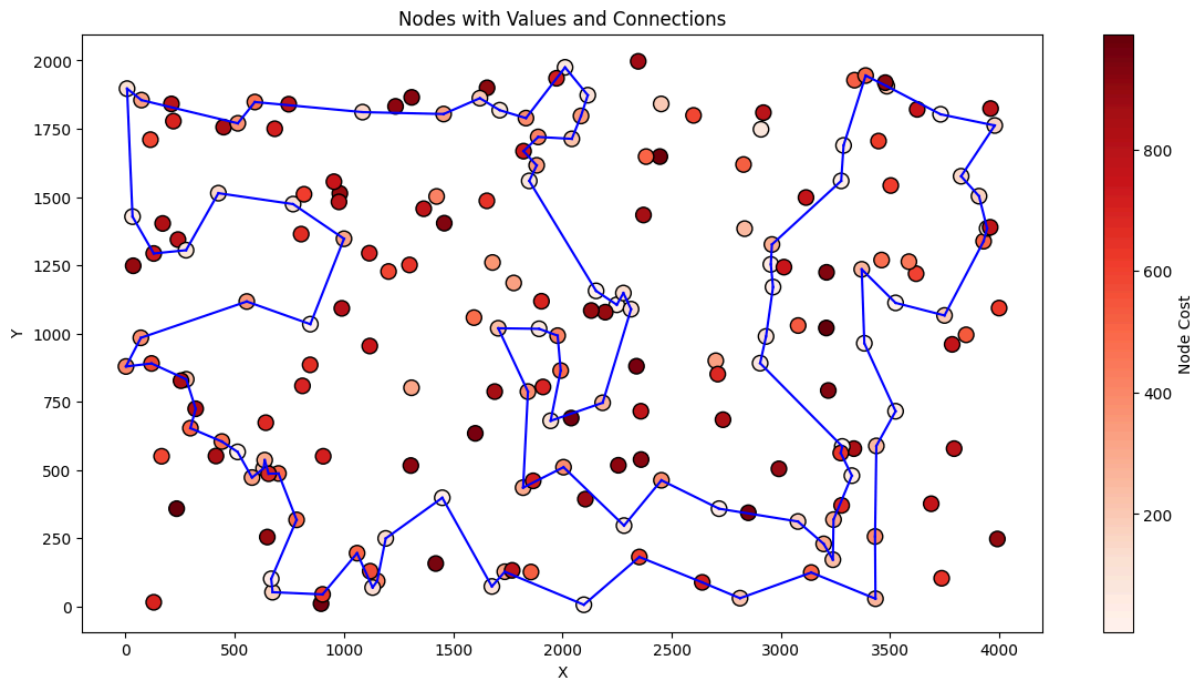


Fig 6. Visualization of the best solution found by the **Evolutionary (Common + Heuristic Recombination)** on the TSPB problem instance starting from a random solution.

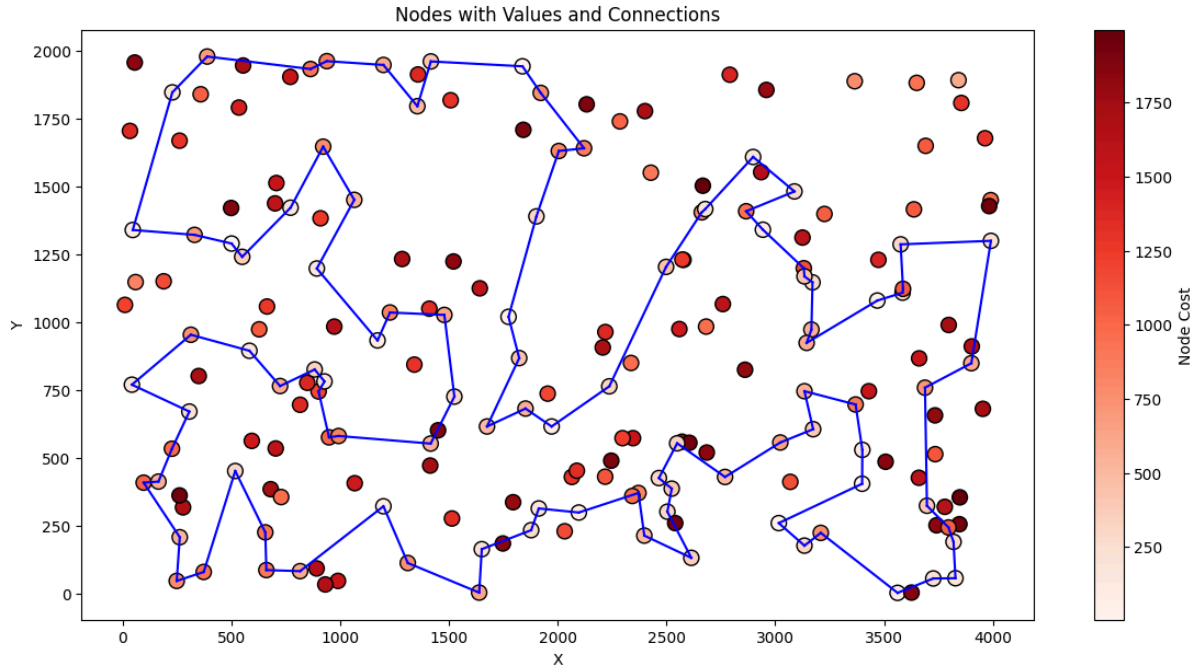


Fig 7. Visualization of the best solution found by the **Evolutionary (ERX Recombination + LS)** on the TSPA problem instance starting from a random solution.

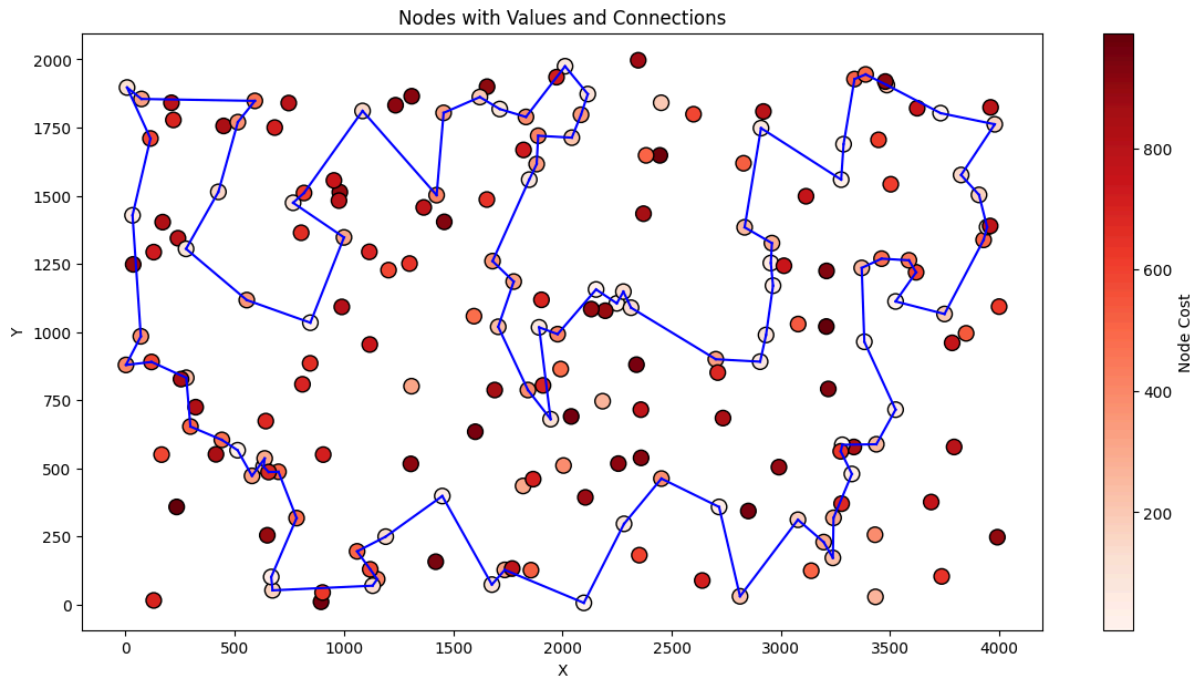


Fig 8. Visualization of the best solution found by the **Evolutionary (ERX Recombination)** on the TSPB problem instance starting from a random solution.

**All best solutions were checked using the solution checker** spreadsheet available on eKursy. The lists of node indices in the best solutions and their scores are presented in the table below.

Problem instance	Algorithm	Score	Solution
TSPA	Evolutionary (Common + Random Recombination + LS)	69554	119, 165, 27, 90, 81, 196, 145, 78, 31, 56, 113, 175, 171, 16, 25, 44, 120, 2, 152, 97, 1, 101, 75, 86, 26, 100, 53, 180, 154, 135, 70, 127, 123, 162, 133, 151, 51, 118, 59, 149, 131, 47, 65, 116, 43, 42, 184, 84, 112, 4, 190, 10, 177, 54, 48, 160, 34, 181, 146, 22, 18, 108, 159, 193, 41, 139, 115, 46, 68, 93, 117, 0, 143, 183, 89, 23, 137, 176, 80, 79, 63, 94, 124, 148, 9, 62, 102, 49, 144, 14, 178, 106, 52, 55, 57, 129, 92, 179, 185, 40
	Evolutionary (Common + Random Recombination)	72242	159, 193, 41, 139, 115, 59, 149, 131, 65, 116, 43, 42, 181, 34, 30, 54, 48, 160, 184, 177, 10, 190, 84, 4, 112, 127, 123, 162, 151, 51, 176, 80, 133, 79, 63, 136, 180, 135, 70, 154, 158, 53, 121, 100, 26, 86, 75, 101, 1, 97, 152, 2, 120, 44, 16, 171, 175, 113, 31, 78, 145, 92, 129, 57, 196, 81, 90, 27, 165, 40, 185, 55, 52, 106, 178, 3, 14, 144, 49, 102, 62, 9, 148, 167, 124, 94, 137, 89, 183, 143, 117, 0, 46, 68, 140, 108, 18, 22, 146, 195
	Evolutionary (Common + Heuristic Recombination + LS)	71881	1, 152, 94, 121, 53, 158, 180, 154, 135, 70, 127, 123, 162, 151, 133, 79, 63, 80, 176, 51, 59, 65, 149, 131, 184, 177, 54, 160, 42, 43, 116, 115, 41, 193, 159, 181, 34, 146, 22, 18, 69, 108, 140, 68, 139, 46, 0, 117, 143, 183, 89, 23, 137, 148, 9, 62, 102, 144, 14, 49, 3, 178, 106, 52, 55, 57, 129, 92, 145, 179, 185, 40, 119, 165, 39, 95, 7, 164, 27, 90, 81, 196, 157, 56, 113, 175, 171, 16, 31, 78, 25, 44, 120, 2, 75, 101, 86, 100, 26, 97
	Evolutionary (Common + Heuristic Recombination)	72050	31, 113, 175, 171, 16, 25, 44, 120, 82, 92, 57, 129, 2, 152, 97, 1, 101, 75, 86, 100, 26, 124, 94, 80, 176, 51, 151, 133, 79, 63, 121, 53, 158, 180, 154, 135, 70, 127, 123, 112, 4, 190, 10, 177, 54, 160, 184, 131, 149, 162, 118, 59, 65, 47, 116, 43, 42, 181, 34, 146, 22, 193, 41, 139, 115, 46, 68, 69, 18, 108, 140, 93, 117, 143, 183, 89, 23, 137, 148, 9, 62, 144, 14, 49, 3, 178, 106, 52, 55, 185, 40, 119, 165, 39, 27, 90, 81, 196, 145, 78
	Evolutionary (ERX Recombination + LS)	69761	34, 181, 42, 43, 116, 65, 47, 131, 149, 162, 151, 51, 118, 59, 115, 46, 68, 139, 41, 193, 159, 22, 18, 108, 140, 93, 117, 0, 143, 183, 89, 186, 23, 137, 176, 80, 133, 79, 63, 94, 148, 9, 62, 144, 14, 102, 49, 3, 178, 106, 52, 55, 185, 40, 119, 165, 90, 81, 196, 31, 56, 113, 175, 171, 16, 25, 44, 120, 78, 145, 179, 57, 92, 129, 2, 152, 97, 1, 101, 75, 86, 26, 53, 180, 154, 135, 70, 127, 123, 112, 4, 84, 184, 190, 10, 177, 30, 54, 48, 160
	Evolutionary (ERX Recombination)	73113	34, 103, 146, 22, 159, 193, 41, 5, 115, 139, 69, 18, 108, 68, 46, 0, 143, 183, 89, 186, 23, 137, 148, 9, 62, 144, 14, 102, 49, 3, 178, 106, 52, 185, 40, 119, 165, 39, 95, 7, 164, 58, 27, 90, 81, 196, 31, 56, 113, 175, 171, 16, 78, 145, 179, 55, 57, 92, 129, 25, 44, 120, 2, 152, 124, 94, 97, 1, 101, 75, 86, 53, 180, 154, 135, 151, 133, 79, 63, 80, 176, 51, 118, 59, 116, 65, 131, 149, 123, 112, 4, 84, 190, 10, 177, 184, 43, 42, 181, 160
	Large Neighborhood Search (optional LS)	69207	42, 43, 116, 65, 59, 118, 51, 151, 133, 162, 123, 127, 70, 135, 154, 180, 53, 121, 100, 26, 86, 75, 101, 1, 97, 152, 2, 120, 44, 25, 16, 171, 175, 113, 56, 31, 78, 145, 92, 129, 57, 179, 196, 81, 90, 165, 40, 185, 55, 52, 106, 178, 49, 14, 144, 102, 62, 9, 148, 124, 94, 63, 79, 80, 176, 137, 23, 186, 89, 183, 143, 0, 117, 93, 140, 68, 46, 115, 139, 41, 193, 159, 69, 108, 18, 22, 146, 181, 34, 160, 48, 54, 177, 10, 190, 4, 112, 84, 35, 18

	Large Neighborhood Search (no LS)	69250	186, 23, 137, 176, 80, 79, 63, 94, 124, 148, 9, 62, 102, 144, 14, 49, 178, 106, 52, 55, 185, 40, 165, 90, 81, 196, 179, 57, 129, 92, 145, 78, 31, 56, 113, 175, 171, 16, 25, 44, 120, 2, 152, 97, 1, 101, 75, 86, 26, 100, 121, 53, 180, 154, 135, 70, 127, 123, 162, 133, 151, 51, 118, 59, 65, 116, 43, 184, 84, 112, 4, 190, 10, 177, 54, 48, 160, 34, 181, 42, 5, 115, 46, 68, 139, 41, 193, 159, 146, 22, 18, 69, 108, 140, 93, 117, 0, 143, 183, 89
	MSLS	70919	151, 162, 123, 127, 112, 4, 84, 184, 177, 54, 48, 160, 34, 181, 42, 43, 116, 65, 131, 149, 59, 46, 68, 139, 115, 41, 193, 159, 22, 18, 69, 108, 140, 93, 117, 0, 143, 183, 89, 23, 137, 148, 9, 62, 102, 49, 144, 14, 138, 3, 178, 106, 52, 55, 57, 185, 40, 119, 165, 39, 27, 90, 81, 196, 31, 113, 175, 171, 16, 25, 44, 120, 78, 145, 179, 92, 129, 2, 152, 97, 1, 101, 75, 86, 26, 100, 121, 53, 158, 180, 154, 70, 135, 133, 79, 63, 94, 80, 176, 51
	ILS - Partial Shuffle	69141	184, 84, 112, 4, 190, 10, 177, 54, 48, 160, 34, 146, 22, 18, 69, 108, 140, 93, 117, 0, 143, 183, 89, 186, 23, 137, 176, 80, 79, 63, 94, 124, 148, 9, 62, 102, 144, 14, 49, 178, 106, 52, 55, 57, 129, 92, 179, 185, 40, 165, 90, 81, 196, 145, 78, 31, 56, 113, 175, 171, 16, 25, 44, 120, 2, 152, 97, 1, 101, 75, 86, 26, 100, 53, 180, 154, 135, 70, 127, 123, 162, 133, 151, 51, 118, 59, 115, 46, 68, 139, 41, 193, 159, 181, 42, 43, 116, 65, 149, 131
	ILS - MST Perturbation	69246	9, 62, 102, 144, 14, 49, 178, 106, 52, 55, 185, 40, 165, 90, 81, 196, 145, 78, 31, 56, 113, 175, 171, 16, 25, 44, 120, 92, 57, 129, 2, 152, 97, 1, 101, 75, 86, 26, 100, 53, 180, 154, 135, 70, 127, 123, 162, 133, 151, 51, 118, 59, 115, 46, 68, 139, 41, 193, 159, 181, 42, 43, 116, 65, 149, 131, 35, 184, 84, 112, 4, 190, 10, 177, 54, 48, 160, 34, 146, 22, 18, 69, 108, 140, 93, 117, 0, 143, 183, 89, 186, 23, 137, 176, 80, 79, 63, 94, 124, 148
	ILS - Coordinate Change	69460	100, 53, 180, 154, 135, 70, 127, 123, 162, 133, 151, 51, 118, 59, 149, 131, 65, 116, 43, 42, 5, 115, 46, 68, 139, 41, 193, 159, 181, 160, 184, 84, 112, 4, 190, 10, 177, 54, 48, 34, 146, 22, 18, 108, 140, 93, 117, 0, 143, 183, 89, 186, 23, 137, 176, 80, 79, 63, 94, 124, 148, 9, 62, 144, 14, 49, 3, 178, 106, 52, 55, 185, 40, 165, 90, 81, 196, 31, 56, 113, 175, 171, 16, 78, 145, 179, 57, 92, 129, 25, 44, 120, 2, 152, 97, 1, 101, 75, 86, 26
TSPB	Evolutionary (Common + Random Recombination + LS)	43811	54, 73, 190, 80, 45, 142, 175, 78, 5, 177, 36, 61, 91, 141, 77, 81, 153, 187, 165, 127, 89, 163, 103, 113, 180, 176, 194, 166, 86, 95, 130, 99, 185, 179, 66, 94, 47, 148, 60, 20, 28, 149, 140, 183, 152, 170, 34, 55, 18, 62, 124, 106, 143, 35, 109, 0, 29, 111, 82, 21, 8, 104, 56, 144, 160, 33, 138, 182, 11, 139, 168, 195, 13, 145, 15, 3, 70, 132, 169, 188, 6, 147, 90, 51, 121, 131, 135, 122, 107, 40, 63, 38, 27, 16, 1, 156, 198, 117, 193, 31
	Evolutionary (Common + Random Recombination)	46931	138, 33, 160, 144, 56, 104, 8, 111, 29, 0, 35, 109, 155, 152, 170, 34, 55, 18, 62, 143, 106, 124, 128, 95, 183, 140, 28, 20, 148, 47, 94, 66, 179, 99, 185, 86, 166, 194, 176, 113, 26, 103, 114, 127, 89, 163, 187, 153, 81, 77, 141, 61, 36, 175, 78, 5, 177, 25, 112, 19, 54, 31, 73, 136, 80, 190, 193, 117, 198, 156, 1, 16, 27, 38, 135, 63, 40, 107, 122, 90, 125, 131, 121, 51, 118, 74, 134, 147, 6, 188, 169, 132, 70, 3, 15, 145, 13, 195, 168, 11
	Evolutionary (Common	46611	0, 109, 35, 111, 8, 144, 160, 33, 138, 104, 21, 82, 77, 81, 153, 163, 89, 127, 103, 113, 180, 176, 106, 124, 62, 18, 55, 183, 140, 149, 28, 20, 60, 148, 47, 94, 66, 179, 185, 95, 86, 166,

	+ Heuristic Recombination + LS)		194, 114, 137, 165, 187, 146, 97, 141, 61, 36, 177, 5, 78, 175, 45, 162, 80, 190, 136, 73, 164, 54, 31, 193, 117, 198, 156, 24, 1, 16, 27, 38, 131, 121, 51, 90, 122, 135, 102, 63, 40, 107, 133, 10, 147, 6, 188, 169, 132, 70, 3, 15, 145, 13, 126, 195, 168, 29
	Evolutionary (Common + Heuristic Recombination)	47111	145, 15, 70, 3, 189, 155, 184, 152, 183, 140, 4, 149, 28, 59, 20, 60, 148, 47, 94, 179, 185, 130, 95, 55, 34, 18, 62, 124, 106, 86, 166, 194, 176, 180, 113, 103, 127, 165, 89, 163, 153, 81, 77, 141, 36, 61, 21, 82, 111, 159, 143, 35, 109, 0, 29, 160, 144, 56, 8, 104, 33, 11, 139, 138, 182, 25, 177, 5, 78, 175, 80, 190, 73, 54, 31, 193, 117, 198, 1, 63, 135, 131, 19, 112, 121, 125, 51, 120, 191, 90, 122, 133, 147, 6, 188, 169, 132, 13, 195, 168
	Evolutionary (ERX Recombination + LS)	44287	8, 33, 160, 29, 0, 109, 35, 143, 106, 124, 62, 18, 55, 34, 152, 183, 140, 4, 149, 28, 20, 60, 148, 47, 94, 66, 179, 185, 22, 99, 130, 95, 86, 166, 194, 176, 180, 113, 103, 127, 89, 163, 187, 153, 81, 77, 141, 61, 36, 177, 5, 45, 142, 78, 175, 80, 190, 136, 73, 164, 31, 54, 193, 117, 198, 156, 1, 16, 27, 38, 63, 100, 40, 107, 10, 133, 122, 135, 131, 121, 51, 90, 191, 147, 134, 6, 188, 169, 132, 70, 3, 15, 145, 13, 195, 168, 139, 11, 138, 104
	Evolutionary (ERX Recombination)	46856	153, 187, 165, 127, 89, 163, 103, 114, 113, 180, 176, 194, 166, 86, 95, 185, 179, 94, 47, 148, 20, 140, 183, 152, 34, 55, 18, 62, 124, 106, 143, 111, 8, 82, 87, 21, 104, 56, 144, 0, 35, 109, 29, 168, 195, 145, 15, 3, 70, 132, 169, 188, 6, 147, 71, 191, 90, 51, 134, 139, 11, 160, 33, 138, 182, 25, 158, 19, 112, 121, 131, 135, 122, 133, 107, 40, 63, 1, 156, 198, 117, 193, 31, 54, 73, 136, 190, 80, 45, 142, 175, 78, 5, 177, 36, 61, 91, 141, 77, 81
	Large Neighborhood Search (optional LS)	43873	33, 160, 144, 104, 8, 21, 82, 111, 29, 0, 109, 35, 143, 106, 124, 62, 18, 55, 34, 170, 152, 183, 140, 4, 149, 28, 20, 60, 148, 47, 94, 66, 172, 179, 22, 99, 130, 95, 185, 86, 166, 194, 176, 113, 103, 127, 89, 163, 187, 153, 81, 77, 141, 91, 61, 36, 177, 5, 45, 142, 78, 175, 162, 80, 190, 136, 73, 54, 31, 193, 117, 198, 156, 1, 16, 27, 38, 63, 135, 122, 131, 121, 51, 90, 147, 6, 188, 169, 132, 13, 70, 3, 15, 145, 195, 168, 43, 139, 11, 138
	Large Neighborhood Search (no LS)	44174	193, 54, 31, 73, 136, 190, 80, 162, 175, 78, 5, 177, 25, 182, 138, 139, 11, 33, 160, 144, 104, 8, 82, 21, 36, 61, 91, 141, 77, 81, 153, 187, 163, 89, 127, 103, 113, 176, 194, 166, 86, 185, 95, 130, 99, 22, 179, 66, 94, 47, 148, 60, 20, 28, 149, 4, 140, 183, 152, 170, 34, 55, 18, 62, 124, 106, 143, 35, 109, 0, 29, 168, 195, 145, 15, 3, 70, 13, 132, 169, 188, 6, 147, 51, 121, 131, 90, 133, 107, 40, 63, 122, 135, 38, 27, 16, 1, 156, 198, 117
	MSLS	45365	10, 147, 6, 188, 169, 132, 13, 195, 168, 145, 15, 70, 3, 155, 184, 152, 170, 34, 55, 18, 62, 124, 106, 86, 95, 130, 183, 140, 199, 4, 149, 28, 20, 60, 148, 47, 94, 179, 22, 99, 185, 166, 194, 88, 176, 180, 113, 26, 103, 89, 114, 137, 127, 165, 163, 153, 81, 77, 141, 36, 61, 21, 82, 8, 111, 35, 109, 0, 29, 160, 33, 11, 139, 138, 182, 25, 177, 5, 142, 78, 175, 80, 190, 73, 54, 31, 193, 117, 198, 1, 38, 63, 135, 131, 121, 51, 191, 90, 122, 133
	ILS - Partial Shuffle	43448	81, 153, 187, 163, 103, 89, 127, 137, 114, 113, 176, 194, 166, 86, 185, 95, 130, 99, 22, 179, 66, 94, 47, 148, 60, 20, 28, 149, 4, 140, 183, 152, 170, 34, 55, 18, 62, 124, 106, 143, 35, 109, 0, 29, 111, 8, 104, 144, 160, 33, 138, 11, 139, 168, 195, 13, 145, 15, 3, 70, 132, 169, 188, 6, 147, 90, 51, 121, 131, 135, 122,

			133, 107, 40, 63, 38, 27, 16, 1, 156, 198, 117, 193, 31, 54, 73, 136, 190, 80, 45, 142, 175, 78, 5, 177, 36, 61, 91, 141, 77
	ILS - MST Perturbation	43658	89, 127, 137, 114, 103, 113, 176, 194, 166, 86, 95, 130, 185, 179, 66, 94, 47, 148, 60, 20, 28, 149, 4, 140, 183, 152, 170, 34, 55, 18, 62, 128, 124, 106, 143, 35, 109, 0, 29, 111, 82, 8, 104, 144, 160, 33, 138, 182, 11, 139, 168, 195, 13, 145, 15, 3, 70, 132, 169, 188, 6, 147, 191, 90, 51, 121, 131, 135, 122, 107, 40, 63, 38, 27, 1, 156, 198, 117, 193, 31, 54, 73, 136, 190, 80, 45, 142, 175, 78, 5, 177, 36, 61, 91, 141, 77, 81, 153, 187, 163
	ILS - Coordinate Change	43574	81, 153, 187, 163, 103, 89, 127, 137, 114, 113, 176, 194, 166, 86, 185, 95, 130, 99, 22, 179, 66, 94, 47, 148, 60, 20, 28, 149, 4, 140, 183, 152, 170, 34, 55, 18, 62, 124, 106, 143, 35, 109, 0, 29, 111, 8, 104, 144, 160, 33, 138, 11, 139, 168, 195, 13, 145, 15, 3, 70, 132, 169, 188, 6, 147, 90, 51, 121, 131, 135, 122, 133, 107, 40, 63, 38, 27, 16, 1, 156, 198, 117, 193, 31, 54, 73, 136, 190, 80, 45, 142, 175, 78, 5, 177, 36, 61, 91, 141, 77

Table 2. Best solutions and their scores found by each algorithm in both instances.

Method	TSPA av (min - max) [s]	TSPB av (min - max) [s]
Greedy LS Rand	1.273 (1.047 - 1.975)	1.258 (0.991 - 1.646)
Steepest LS Rand	4.283 (3.261 - 6.218)	4.501 (3.292 - 5.609)
Greedy LS Edges Rand	1.171 (0.981 - 1.34)	1.113 (0.945 - 1.446)
Steepest LS Edges Rand	3.571 (2.978 - 4.168)	3.654 (2.976 - 4.364)
Greedy LS Best	0.067 (0.025 - 0.145)	0.077 (0.033 - 0.187)
Steepest LS Best	0.170 (0.055 - 0.529)	0.196 (0.09 - 0.746)
Greedy LS Edges Best	0.062 (0.025 - 0.115)	0.078 (0.036 - 0.212)
Steepest LS Edges Best	0.194 (0.078 - 0.379)	0.229 (0.114 - 0.836)
Steepest Candidate Search	0.584 (0.479 - 0.705)	0.562 (0.481 - 0.693)
MSLS	97.988 (92.859 - 104.159)	90.370 (83.360 - 98.981)
ILS	97.988	90.370
Large Neighborhood Search	97.988	90.370
<b>Evolutionary</b>	<b>97.988</b>	<b>90.370</b>

Table 3. Minimum, average, and maximum run time achieved by local search methods on both problem instances



To allow for a more detailed analysis of different crossover operators and the learning process of the utilized Evolutionary Algorithms, we have conducted further visualizations and experiments. However, some of these Figures required logging the full population history which could slow down the algorithm. As such, these tests were run separately to not negatively influence the initial scores and their results. This is also why some results may not be consistent with earlier-presented values.

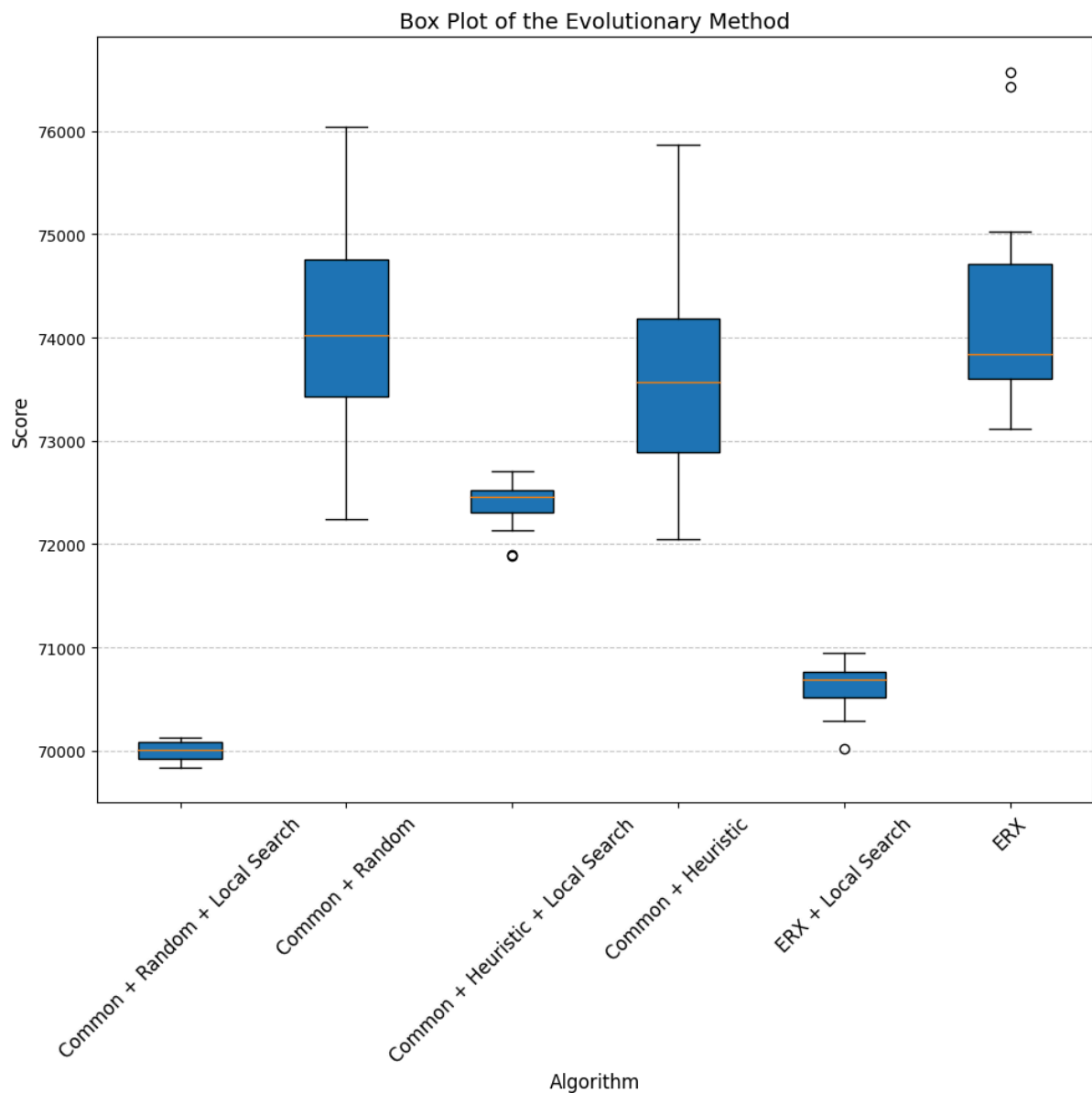


Fig 9. Comparison of performance of different **Hybrid Evolutionary Algorithms** on the TSPA instance.

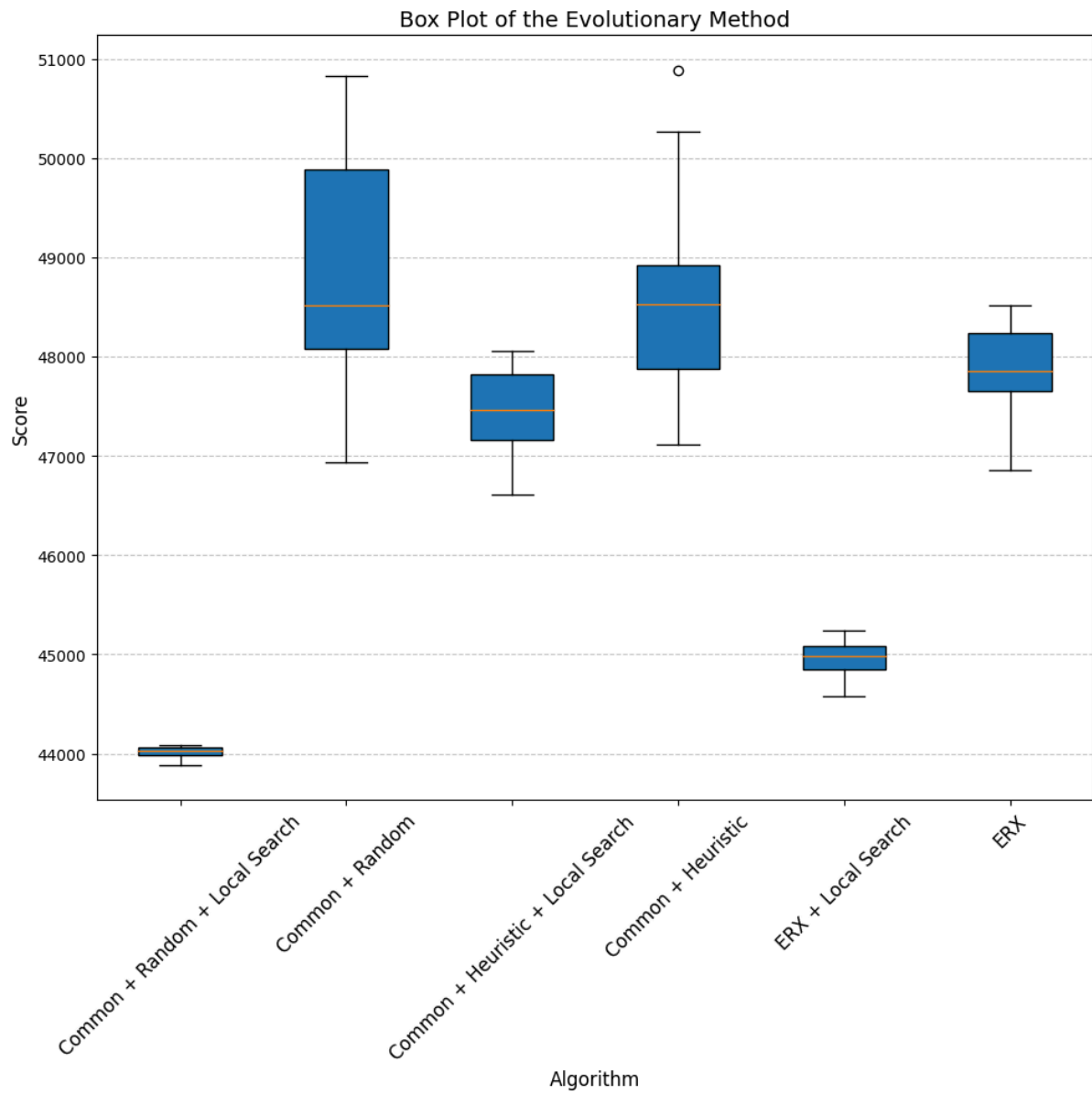


Fig 10. Comparison of performance of different **Hybrid Evolutionary Algorithms** on the TSPB instance.

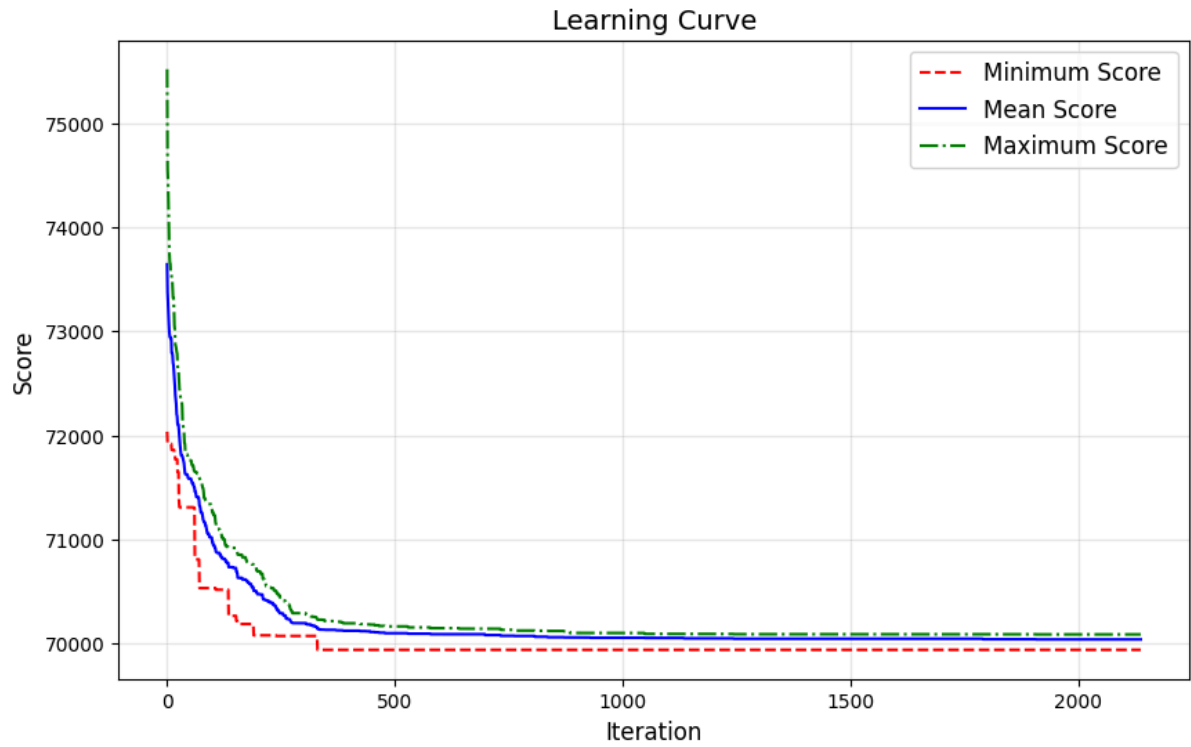


Fig 11. Comparison of learning curves for the best performing **Hybrid Evolutionary Algorithm** on the TSPA instance.

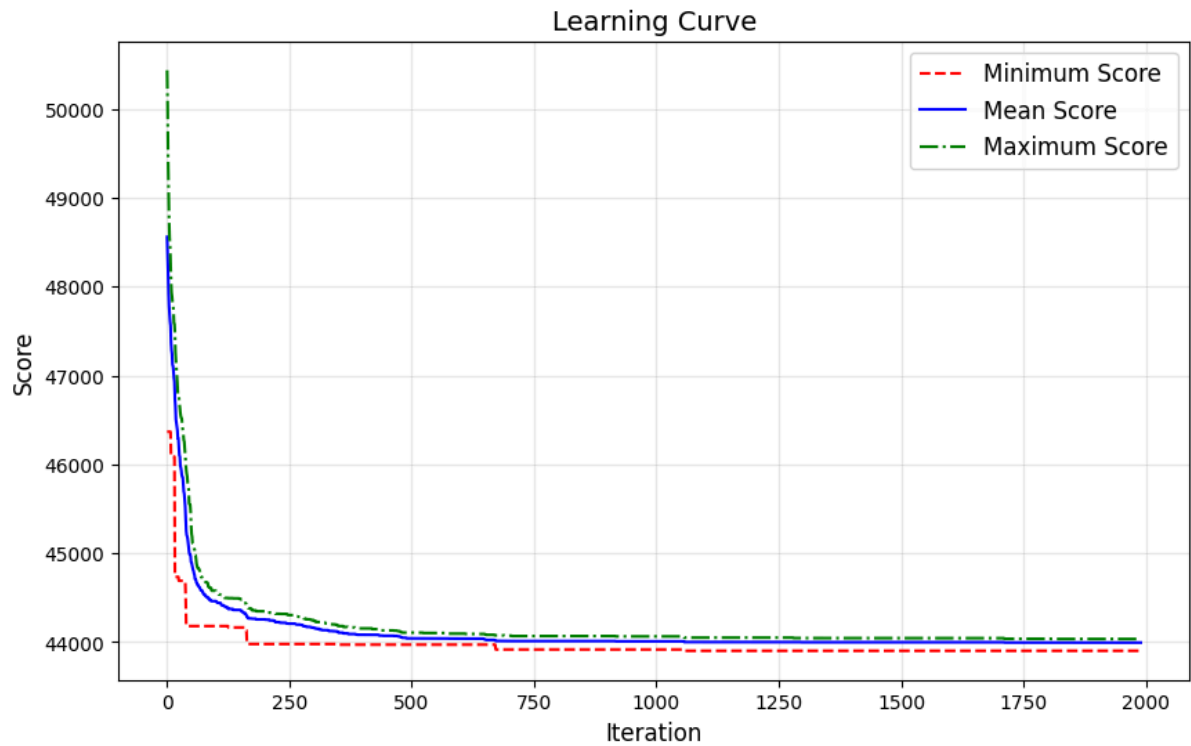


Fig 12. Comparison of learning curves for the best performing **Hybrid Evolutionary Algorithm** on the TSPB instance.

## 4. Conclusions

The Hybrid Evolutionary Algorithms can achieve scores comparable to ILS and LNS algorithms provided an appropriate operator is selected. Both the random recombination and Edge Recombination crossover notably outperform the MSLS algorithm with the random recombination having the best overall performance possibly due to relatively quick exploration of various local optima. The quality of this approach might be further improved with additional diversity preservation mechanisms as the population converges rather fast to a stable state. Regardless of the operator used, applying local search on generated children is crucial to find better solutions in the population as otherwise, the likelihood of creating a child surpassing local optima found in the initial solutions is extremely low despite the massively increased number of iterations. Poor performance of the heuristic operator might be due to the lack of sufficient exploration of solutions and slow execution speed limiting the possible number of iterations. Further improvements to the evolutionary algorithms can include increasing the population size and the allowed runtime.