

Error estimation via pole classification

Mathematics:

Define y as filter output, x as prediction step output:

$$y = x + K * (z - x) = x + Kz - Kx = x(K - 1) + Kz$$

$$y_i - x(K - 1) = Kz$$

Define

$$X = t * y_{i-1}$$

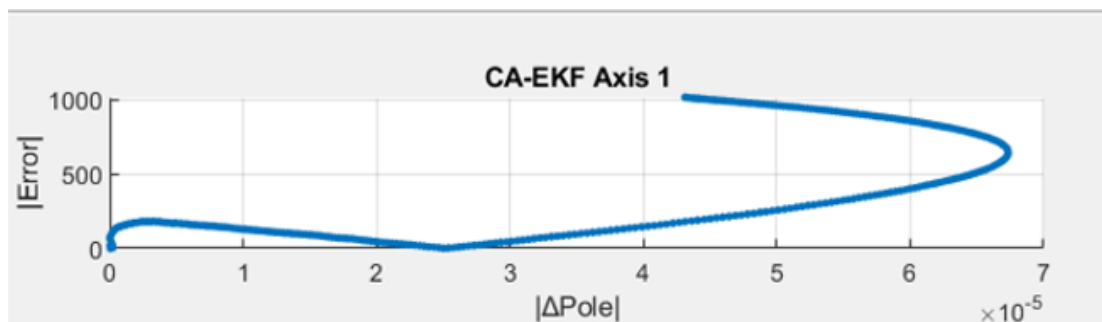
$$y_i - t * y_{i-1}(K - 1) = Kz$$

Perform z transform:

$$\frac{Y(z)}{Z(z)} = \frac{K}{(1 - t * z^{-1} * (k - 1))}$$

$$\text{Pole} = t * (k - 1)$$

Graph output:



Classifiers results (after cross validation):

| Threshold | Decision Tree | Random Forest | Logistic Reg | SVM (RBF) | KNN |
|-----------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|----------|
| 5 | 0.631711 | 0.631467 | 0.631956 | 0.631956 | 0.559211 |
| 8 | 0.841789 | 0.841789 | 0.841789 | 0.841789 | 0.815889 |
| 10 | 0.917689 | 0.917689 | 0.917689 | 0.917689 | 0.911900 |
| 12 | 0.959767 | 0.959767 | 0.959767 | 0.959767 | 0.958589 |
| 15 | 0.987311 | 0.987311 | 0.987311 | 0.987311 | 0.987256 |

- 5 meters error estimation has 63 % classification accuracy.
- 8 meters error estimation has 84 % classification accuracy.
- 10 meters error estimation has 91 % classification accuracy.