# Non Linear Acoustics

## **Governing Equations**

Mass Conservation

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \operatorname{div}(\rho \mathbf{v}) = 0$$

Momentum Conservation

$$\rho \frac{\mathrm{D}\mathbf{v}}{\mathrm{D}t} = -\mathbf{grad}p + \eta \mathbf{\Delta}\mathbf{v} = \left(\xi + \frac{1}{3}\eta\right)\mathbf{grad}\mathrm{div}\mathbf{v}$$

**Energy Conservation** 

$$\rho T \left( \frac{\partial S}{\partial t} + (\mathbf{v} \nabla) S \right) = \lambda \Delta T + \xi (\operatorname{div} \mathbf{v})^2 + \frac{\eta}{2} \left( \frac{\partial v_i}{\partial x_k} + \frac{\partial v_k}{\partial x_i} - \frac{2}{3} \delta_{ik} \frac{\partial v_l}{\partial x_l} \right)$$

**State Equation** 

$$P = P(\rho, S)$$

#### Simple Wave Equation

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} - \frac{\epsilon}{c_0^2} v \frac{\partial v}{\partial \tau} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \frac{\partial V}{\partial \Xi} - V \frac{\partial V}{\partial \Theta} = 0$$

$$\epsilon = \frac{\gamma + 1}{2} \quad , \quad \tau = x - \frac{t}{c_0}$$

$$\Theta = \tau \omega_0 \quad , \quad V = \frac{v}{v_0} \quad , \quad \Xi = \frac{x}{x_{NL}}$$

## Simple Wave Equation with absorption

$$\zeta,\eta\neq 0\ ,\ \lambda\neq 0\ \ \Rightarrow\ \ \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2}-c_0^2\frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x^2}=\frac{b}{c_0}\frac{dr^3v}{\partial x^2\partial t}$$

Effective Viscosity

$$b = \zeta + \frac{4}{3}\eta + \lambda \left(\frac{1}{C_V} - \frac{1}{C_P}\right)$$

# NL Effects & Absorption – Burger's **Equation**

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} - \frac{\epsilon}{c_0^2} v \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} - \frac{b}{2\rho_0 c_0^3} \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} = 0$$
$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial \Xi} - V \frac{\partial V}{\partial \Theta} - \underbrace{\frac{1}{2\epsilon \operatorname{Re}}}_{G} \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial \Theta^2} = 0$$

#### About Re - Acoustical Reynolds

$$Re = \frac{\rho_0 c_0 v}{h \omega_0}$$

- Re << 1 Viscosity hides NL effects ( $V \partial V / \partial \Theta$  is small) Re >> 1 indicates  $\frac{1}{2\epsilon \text{Re}} \partial^2 V / \partial \Theta^2$  is neglectable for short distances

#### Kordeveg de Vries-Burgers Equation

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial \Xi} - V \frac{\partial V}{\partial \Theta} - G \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial \Theta^2} + \underbrace{D \frac{\partial^3 V}{\partial \Theta^3}}_{dissipation} = 0$$