

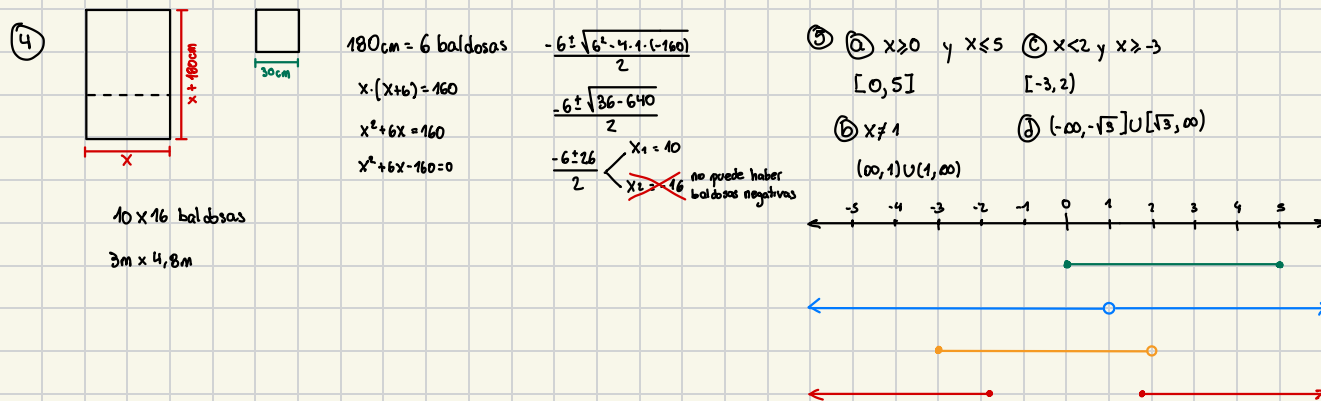


① ② $x-6=7$ ⑥ $5x+11=0$ ② ② $(x-2)^2=0$
 $x=7+6$ $5x=-11$ $(x-2)(x-2)=0$
 $x=13$ $x=-\frac{11}{5}$ $x=2$

③ $2x+6=3x+5$ ① $-1+5x=-20$ ③ $x^2-4x-4=0$
 $6-5=3x-2x$ $5x=-19$ $a=1, b=-4, c=-4$
 $1=x$ $x=-\frac{19}{5}$ $x=2$

④ $2x^2+4x+6=0$ ③ $x^2-x-1=x+1$
 $0=2, b=4, c=6$ $x^2-2x-2=0$
 $-4 \pm \sqrt{4^2-4 \cdot 2 \cdot 6}$ $a=1, b=-2, c=-2$
 $= \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16-48}}{2 \cdot 2}$ $2 \pm \sqrt{(-2)^2-4 \cdot 1 \cdot (-2)}$
 $= \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{-32}}{4}$ $2 \pm \sqrt{4+8}$
 $x_1 = \frac{-4 + \sqrt{32}i}{4}$ $x_1 = \frac{2 + \sqrt{12}}{2}$
 $x_2 = \frac{-4 - \sqrt{32}i}{4}$ $x_2 = \frac{2 - \sqrt{12}}{2}$

③ ① $(x-2)^2(x+\sqrt{3})=0$ ③ $x^4-36x^2=0$ ④ $\sqrt{4-x^2}=-x$ ② $(x+\frac{1}{x})^2-\frac{1}{x}=x+12$ ① $1 \pm \sqrt{1^2-4 \cdot 1 \cdot (-12)}$
 $x_1=2$ $u=x^2$ $4-x^2=-x$ $(x+\frac{1}{x})^2=x+\frac{1}{x}+12$ 1 ± 7
 $x_2=-\sqrt{3}$ $u^2-36u=0$ $4-x^2=(-x)^2$ $x+\frac{1}{x}=x+12$ $u_1=4$
 $u^2-36u=0$ $4-x^2=x^2$ $u^2=u+12$ $u_2=-3$
 $u=36$ $4-2x^2=0$ $u^2-u-12=0$ $-4 \pm \sqrt{4^2-4 \cdot (-1) \cdot (-12)}$
 $u=0$ $2x^2=4$ $4-x=\frac{1}{x}$ $-4 \pm \sqrt{16}$
 $x^2=36$ $x^2=2$ $4-x=\frac{1}{x}$ -2
 $x=\pm\sqrt{36}$ $x=\pm\sqrt{2}$ $3 \pm \sqrt{3^2-4 \cdot (-1) \cdot (-1)}$
 $x_1=6$ $x_2=-6$ $3 \pm \sqrt{5}$
 $x_3=0$ $x_4=0$ $x_5=3+\sqrt{5}$
 $x_6=3-\sqrt{5}$



⑥ $x^2+5x+4 \geq 0$ ③ ① $(x+1)(x-2) < 0$ ① $(x-5)^2(x+10) \leq 0$ ① $(2x+1)^6(x-1)$
 $-5 \pm \sqrt{5^2-4 \cdot 1 \cdot 4}$ ③ $(-1, 2)$ ① $f(x)$ $(-\infty, -10)$ -10 $(-10, 0)$ 0 $(0, 5)$ 5 $(5, \infty)$ ① $f(x)$ $(-\infty, -\frac{1}{2})$ $-\frac{1}{2}$ $(-\frac{1}{2}, 1)$ 0 $(0, 1)$ 1 $(1, \infty)$
 -5 ± 3 ③ $x^2(x-1) \geq 0$ ① $(x-5)^2$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ 0 $+$ ① $(2x+1)^6$ $+$ 0 $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$
 $x_1=-1$ ③ $\{0\} \cup [1, \infty)$ ① $(x+10)$ $-$ 0 $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ ① $(x-1)$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ 0 $+$
 $x_2=-4$ ③ $(-\infty, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$ ① $f(x)$ $-$ 0 $+$ $+$ $+$ 0 $+$ ① $f(x)$ $-$ 0 $-$ $-$ $-$ 0 $+$
 $3(2-x) < 2(3+x)$ ③ $(-\infty, \frac{8}{3}) \cup (2, \infty)$ ① $(-\infty, -10] \cup \{5\}$ ① $[1, \infty) \cup \{-\frac{1}{2}\}$

③ ③ $3(2-x) < 2(3+x)$ ③ $\frac{1}{2-x} < 3$ ③ $\frac{x}{2} \geq 1 + \frac{4}{x}$ ③ $\frac{x}{2} \geq 1 + \frac{4}{x}$
 $6-3x < 6+2x$ $\frac{1}{2-x} - 3 < 0$ $\frac{x}{2} - 1 \geq \frac{4}{x}$
 $0 < 5x$ $\frac{1}{2-x} - \frac{3(2-x)}{2-x} < 0$ $\frac{x}{2} - 1 - \frac{4}{x} \geq 0$
 $0 < x$ $\frac{1-(6-3x)}{2-x} < 0$ $\frac{4}{2x} - \frac{x}{x} - \frac{4}{x} \geq 0$
 $\frac{1-6+3x}{2-x} < 0$ $\frac{4}{2x} - \frac{x}{x} - \frac{4}{x} \geq 0$
 $\frac{3x-5}{2-x} < 0$ $\frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1-4 \cdot \frac{4}{2} \cdot (-4)}}{1}$
 $x_1=1+3=4$
 $x_2=1-3=-2$

⑨ $|2t+5|=4$
 $(2t+5)^2 = 4^2$
 $4t^2 + 20t + 25 - 16 = 0$
 $4t^2 + 20t + 9 = 0$
 $\frac{-20 \pm \sqrt{20^2 - 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 9}}{8}$
 $\frac{-20 \pm \sqrt{256}}{8}$
 $x_1 = \frac{-20+16}{8} = -\frac{1}{2}$
 $x_2 = \frac{-20-16}{8} = -\frac{9}{2}$

⑩ $|x-1|=1-x$
 $|x-1| = \begin{cases} x-1 & \text{si } x \geq 1 \\ -(x-1) & \text{si } x < 1 \end{cases}$
 CASO I $x \geq 1$
 $x-1 = 1-x$
 $2x = 2$
 $x = 1$
 CASO II $x < 1$
 $-(x-1) = 1-x$
 $0 = 0$
 \mathbb{R}
 $S = [-\infty, 1]$

⑪ $|x+1| > x-3$
 $|x+1| = \begin{cases} x+1 & \text{si } x \geq -1 \\ -(x+1) & \text{si } x < -1 \end{cases}$
 CASO I $x \geq -1$
 $x+1 > x-3$
 $x+4 > x$
 $4 > 0$
 $x \geq -1$
 CASO II $x < -1$
 $-x-1 > x-3$
 $-2x > 2$
 $x < -1$
 $S = \mathbb{R}$

⑫ $|x+1| > |x-3|$
 $(x+1)^2 > (x-3)^2$
 ~~$x^2 + 2x + 1 > x^2 - 6x + 9$~~
 $8x > 8$
 $x > 1$
 $S = (1, \infty)$

⑬ $|x-3| < 2|x|$
 $(x-3)^2 < (2|x|)^2$
 $x^2 - 6x + 9 < 4x^2$
 $-3x^2 - 6x + 9 < 0$
 $S = (-\infty, -3) \cup (1, \infty)$

⑭ $|x| < 3$
 $(-3, 3)$

⑮ $|x^2-1| \leq 1$
 $-1 \leq x^2-1 \leq 1$
 $0 \leq x^2 \leq 2$
 $\sqrt{0} \leq \sqrt{x^2} \leq \sqrt{2}$
 $0 \leq x \leq \sqrt{2}$
 $S = [-\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}]$

⑯ $|x+4| < 1$
 $-1 < x+4 < 1$
 $-5 < x < -3$
 $S = (-3, -5)$

⑰ $|x-3| < 1$
 $-1 < x-3 < 1$
 $2 < x < 4$
 $S = (2, 4)$

⑱ $0 < |x+2| < 1$
 $-1 < x+2 < 1$
 $-3 < x < -1$
 $S = (-3, -1)$

⑲ $|x-2| < 5$
 $-5 < x-2 < 5$
 $-2 < x < 8$
 $S = (-2, 8)$

⑳ $|2x+1| \leq 1$
 $-1 \leq 2x+1 \leq 1$
 $-2 \leq 2x \leq 0$
 $-\frac{1}{2} \leq x \leq \frac{0}{2}$
 $-1 \leq x \leq 0$
 $S = [-1, 0]$

㉑ $\frac{6 \pm \sqrt{6^2 - 4 \cdot (-3) \cdot 9}}{-6}$
 $\frac{6 \pm \sqrt{36 + 108}}{-6}$
 $\frac{6 \pm 12}{-6}$
 $x_1 = -3$
 $x_2 = 1$