

# Fundamentos de Processamento de Imagens

Aula 21

Restauração de Imagens:  
Image Inpainting

## Image Inpainting

- Reconstruction of missing or damaged portions of images



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## Image Inpainting

- Ancient practice
- Performed manually by skilled artists
- Extensively used in artwork restoration

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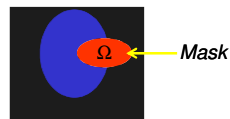
## Applications of Inpainting

- Restoration of photographs, films and paintings
- Removal of text, subtitles and publicity from images
- Special effects
- Desirable feature for image tools such as PhotoShop!!

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## Bertalmio's Algorithm

- User-provided mask specifies the inpainting region



- Input image split into R, G and B channels
- For each channel, propagate information from the outside of the masked region along level lines (*isophotes*)

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## Fast Image Inpainting

### ■ Observations

- One can only hope to get a plausible rather than an exact reconstruction
  - Inpainting regions must be locally small
  - Simple model approximates the result produced by more sophisticated ones
- Human visual system can tolerate some blurring in areas not associated with high contrast edges [Kanizsa 79]

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## The Algorithm [Oliveira et al 01]

- Initialize (clear)  $\Omega$
- Inpainting by isotropic diffusion from the boundary into  $\Omega$
- Stop if
  - no significant change in pixel color
  - a maximum number of iterations is reached
- R, G and B channels handled at once

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## Pseudocode

```
initialize  $\Omega$ ;
for (iter = 0; iter < num_iteration; iter++)
    convolve inpainting domain with diffusion kernel;
```

- Kernel: weighted average of pixel neighborhood



= 0

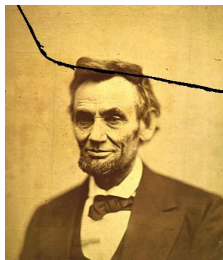
Yellow square = 0.176765

Red square = 0.073235

Orange square = 0.125

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## Example



Initialize  $\Omega$

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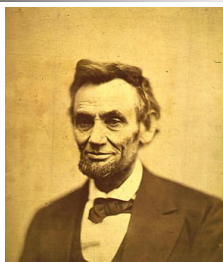
## Example



After 5 Iterations

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## Example



After 100 Iterations

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## Artifacts

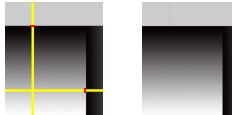
- Noticeable artifacts at high contrast edges



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## Preserving Edges

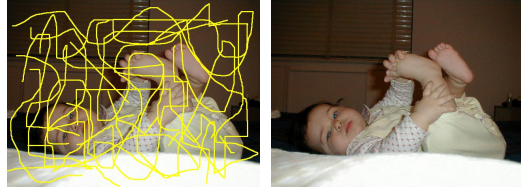
- Masking
  - most time consuming operation (human intervention)
- "Diffusion Barriers" (two-pixel wide segments)
  - Stop the diffusion process
  - replicate color of nearest pixel



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## Results

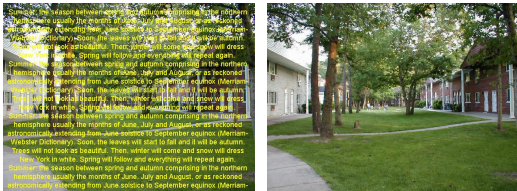
- Baby Lu (640 x 480 pixels)
  - few high contrast edges
  - mask covers 14.54% of the total area



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## Results

- Yard (640 x 480 pixels)
  - uncorrelated high frequency
  - mask covers 18.77% of the total area



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## Results

- Underwater (512 x 384 pixels)
  - high contrast edges
  - mask covers 16.19% of the total area



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