Lorenz Attractor Experiment

Parametric study using the Euler approach

Experiment conducted on Thursday, the 29th of July 2021, at 12:41:51 The following parameters were selected for the experiment:

1. Constants:

$$\sigma = (10, 10, 10, 14, 14)$$

$$\beta = (8/3, 8/3, 8/3, 8/3, 13/3)$$

$$\rho = (6, 16, 28, 28, 28)$$

2. Initial Conditions:

$$x_0 = 1.30000000000000000$$

$$y_0 = 2.7$$

$$z_0 = 4.3$$

3. Sampling:

Number of samples: N = 6500

Experiment conducted using a computer with:

Python version: 3.8.5

Python build: Sep 3 2020 21:29:08

Operating system: Windows

Operating platform: Windows-10-10.0.19041-SP0

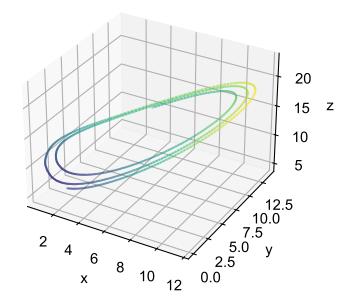
Processor: Intel64 Family 6 Model 165 Stepping 2, GenuineIntel

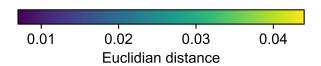
RAM installed: 34.06 GB

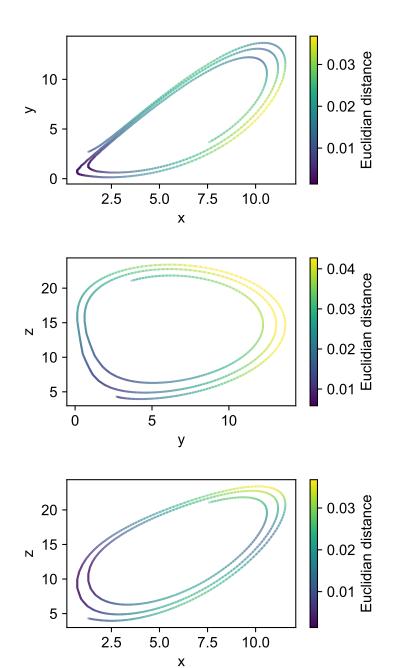
Total experiment elapsed time: 0.37430839999996124

For each set of constants, 3D and 2D plots are given below:

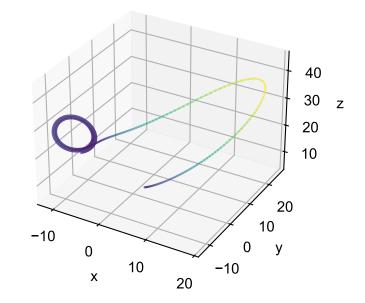
 $(x, y, z) = (1.30000000000003, 2.7, 4.3) \\ (\sigma, \beta, \rho) = (10.0, 8/3, 16.0) \\ (dt, N) = (0.00039999999999993, 6500) \\ Elapsed coordinates computation time: 0.07491139999996221$

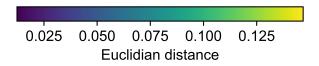


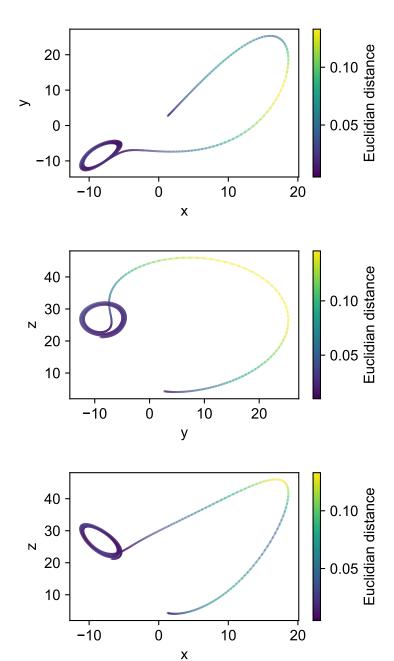




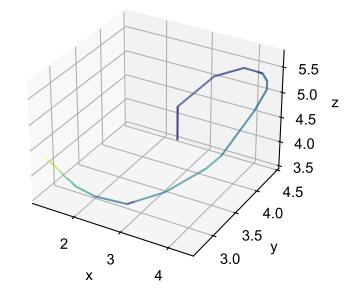
 $(x, y, z) = (1.30000000000003, 2.7, 4.3) \\ (\sigma, \beta, \rho) = (10.0, 8/3, 28.0) \\ (dt, N) = (0.00039999999999993, 6500) \\ Elapsed coordinates computation time: 0.0745228999997674$

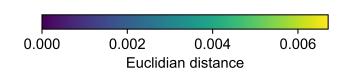


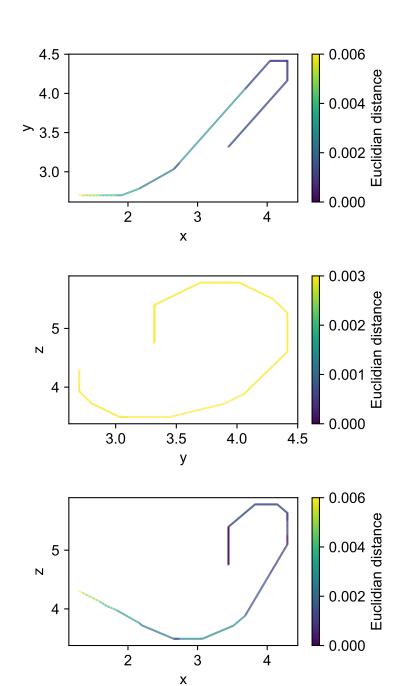




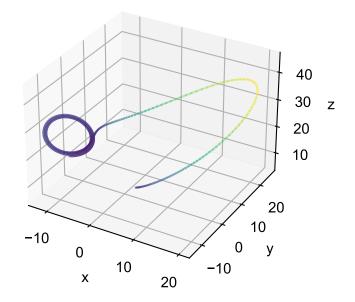
 $(x, y, z) = (1.30000000000003, 2.7, 4.3) \\ (\sigma, \beta, \rho) = (10.0, 8/3, 6.0) \\ (dt, N) = (0.00039999999999993, 6500) \\ Elapsed coordinates computation time: 0.07566550000001371$

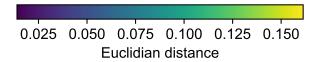


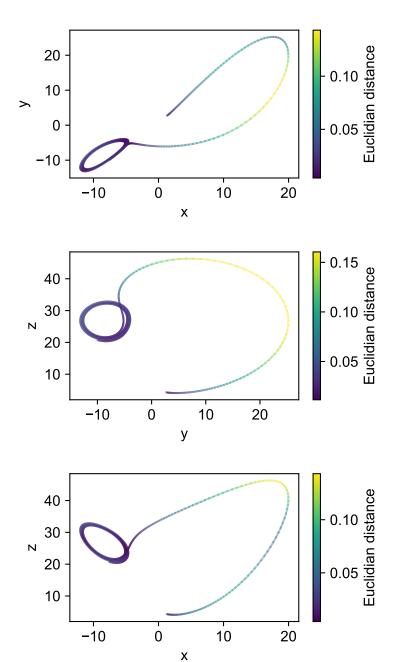




 $(x, y, z) = (1.30000000000003, 2.7, 4.3) \\ (\sigma, \beta, \rho) = (14.0, 8/3, 28.0) \\ (dt, N) = (0.00039999999999993, 6500) \\ Elapsed coordinates computation time: 0.0739924000000873$







 $(x, y, z) = (1.30000000000003, 2.7, 4.3) \\ (\sigma, \beta, \rho) = (14.0, 13/3, 28.0) \\ (dt, N) = (0.0003999999999999993, 6500) \\ Elapsed coordinates computation time: 0.07518340000001444$

