Exercise 5 – Component Lifecycle Methods

Objective

To understand when component lifecycle methods are called.

Overview

This exercise is designed to show you exactly when the differing component lifecycle methods are called at various points in an application. A simple counter application will be set up to display the count and a button to increase it. After it has been increased a pre-determined number of times, the component will be removed.

Part 1 - Project Setup

1.1. This project has already been set up for you, so there is no need to run through the project set-up.

Part 2 – The main.js file

- 2.1. In a suitable text editor, navigate to the **EG05_ComponentLifecycle/starter** folder and create a **main.js** file.
- 2.2. Add imports for React, ReactDOM and App.
- 2.3. Add the ReactDOM.render method that takes the arguments of an App component and the element with the id of content. The **App** component should have an attribute of defaultProp set to a string of 'Default Prop from main.js'.

Part 3 – The App Component

- 3.1. Create the **App.jsx** file in the scripts folder and add the import for **React** and **ReactDOM**.
- 3.2. Add the class declaration, remembering its export.
- 3.3. Create a constructor for the class that:
 - a. Has props passed in
 - b. Calls super, passing in props
 - c. Sets **state** to have a count property set to **0**
 - d. Uses console.log statements to display
 - e. 'Constructor has been called'

- f. 'Initial Count is: ' + this.state.count
- 3.4. Create a function called <u>increase</u> that will increase the value of <u>count</u> by **1** when called.
- 3.5. Create a function called componentWillMount that uses console.log to display 'componentWillMount: Component is about to mount'.
- 3.6. Create a function called componentDidMount that uses console.log to display 'componentDidMount: Component just mounted'.
- 3.7. Create a function called componentWillUpdate, taking newProps and newState as arguments, that uses console.log to display 'componentWillUpdate: Component is about to update'.
- 3.8. Create a function called componentDidUpdate, taking currentProps and currentState as arguments, that uses console.log to display 'componentDidUpdate: Component just updated'.
- 3.9. Create a function called componentWillUnmount that uses console.log to display 'componentWillUnmount: Component is about to be removed'.
- 3.10.Create a function called componentWillReceiveProps, taking newProps as an argument, that uses console.log to display

 'componentWillReceiveProps: Component will get new props! '.
- 3.11.Create a function called shouldComponentUpdate, taking newProps and newState as arguments, that uses console.log to display 'shouldComponentUpdate?'. Add a conditional statement to the function to:
 - a. See if the value of newState.count is less than 5
 - b. If it is, use console.log to display 'Condition met: Component should update' and return true.

i. If it isn't, use a console.log displaying 'Condition not met: Component should NOT update and has been removed' and then add the following line of code:

```
ReactDOM.unmountComponentAtNode(content) followed by return false.
```

3.12.Create a render function and enter the following styling objects:

```
var backgroundStyle = {
    padding: 50,
    border: "#333 2px dotted",
    width: 250,
    height: 100,
    borderRadius: 10,
    textAlign: "center"
};

var numberStyle = {
    fontSize: 24
}
```

- 3.13. The return part of the function should:
 - a. Have an enclosing <div> with the style set to {backgroundStyle}
 - b. A paragraph with a style of {numberStyle} that displays the current value of count.
 - c. A paragraph that has the text 'Please inspect the console'.
 - d. A <button> element who's onClick function is set to the **bound** increase function.
- 3.14. Save the file and then start the application.
- 3.15. Open the console and click the button to observe the lifecycle methods being called
- 3.16. What do you notice about the calls when the component is removed?