

# SciPy

## Data Analytics in Python

# The SciPy Stack

SciPy is a Python-based ecosystem of libraries and tools for scientific computing and data analytics

- ▶ iPython
- ▶ Jupyter notebooks
- ▶ Numpy
- ▶ Pandas
- ▶ Matplotlib

iPython is the primary way of interacting with the SciPy stack – whether through the shell or a Jupyter notebook – so we'll learn iPython first

# iPython

Two modes:

- ▶ Interactive shell
  - ▶ Replacement for `python` REPL
- ▶ Jupyter notebook
  - ▶ Interactive documents mixing text, executable code, graphics

# iPython Shell History

```
In [1]: ['Sage', 'Thyme', 'Oragano', 'Posh']  
Out[1]: ['Sage', 'Thyme', 'Oragano', 'Posh']  
  
In [2]: type(In[1])  
Out[2]: str  
  
In [3]: type(Out[1])  
Out[3]: list  
  
In [4]: spices = Out[1]  
  
In [5]: spices  
Out[5]: ['Sage', 'Thyme', 'Oragano', 'Posh']  
  
In [6]: spices is Out[1]  
Out[6]: True
```

In is a list, Out is a dict.

Single ? gives abbreviated version of python's help

```
In [7]: def add(a, b):
...:     """Return the result of + operation on a and b"""
...:     return a + b
...:
In [8]: add?
Signature: add(a, b)
Docstring: Return the result of + operation on a and b
File:      ~/cs2316/<ipython-input-7-af5293282e78>
Type:      function
```

Double ?? gives source code, if available.

```
In [9]: add??
Signature: add(a, b)
Source:
def add(a, b):
    """Return the result of + operation on a and b"""
    return a + b
File:      ~/cs2316/<ipython-input-7-af5293282e78>
Type:      function
```

# iPython Magic Commands

Special commands provided by iPython, prepended by %.

- ▶ Run a Python script from within iPython:

```
In [35]: %run people.py
[<Stan, 2008-08-13, 150cm, 45kg>,
 <Kyle, 2008-02-25, 160cm, 50kg>,
 <Cartman, 2008-05-26, 140cm, 100kg>,
 <Kenny, 2009-07-30, 130cm, 40kg>]
```

- ▶ Get help with a magic command with ?

```
In [2]: %cd?
Docstring:
Change the current working directory.

This command automatically maintains an internal list of directories
you visit during your IPython session, in the variable _dh. The
command %dhist shows this history nicely formatted. You can also
do 'cd -<tab>' to see directory history conveniently.

Usage:

    cd 'dir': changes to directory 'dir'.
(additional output elided)
```

Get a list of all magic commands with %lsmagic

# iPython Shell Commands

Run shell commands by prepending with a !

```
In [27]: !ls *.py
fun.py    grades.py  maths.py  people.py  pp.py

In [28]: pyscripts = !ls *.py

In [29]: pyscripts
Out[29]: ['fun.py', 'grades.py', 'maths.py', 'people.py', 'pp.py']
```

iPython provides magic commands for most common shell commands.

# iPython Direcotry Bookmarking

Great timesaving feature: bookmark directories

```
In [3]: %pwd
Out[3]: '/home/chris/vcs/github.com/cs2316/cs2316.github.io/code'

In [4]: %cd
/home/chris

In [5]: %bookmark cs2316code ~chris/vcs/github.com/cs2316/cs2316.github.io/code

In [6]: cd cs2316code
(bookmark:cs2316code) -> ~chris/vcs/github.com/cs2316/cs2316.github.io/code
/home/chris/vcs/github.com/cs2316/cs2316.github.io/code
```



# iPython Automagic commands

With `automagic` turned on, some shell commands can be run as if they were built into iPython:

```
In [22]: pwd
Out[22]: '/Users/chris/cs2316'

In [23]: ls *.py
fun.py    grades.py maths.py  people.py pp.py
```

- ▶ Toggle automagic on and off with `%automagic`.
- ▶ These commands work with automagic:
  - ▶ `%cd`, `%cat`, `~ %cp~`, `~ %env~`, `~ %ls~`, `~ %man~`, `~ %mkdir~`, `~ %more~`, `~ %mv~`, `~ %pwd~`, `~ %rm~`, and `%rmdir`

# iPython Development Tools

- ▶ Timing code with `%time` and `%timeit`

```
In [23]: import numpy as np

In [24]: pylist = list(range(1, 100000))

In [25]: nparray = np.arange(1, 1000000)

In [35]: %timeit _ = [x * 2 for x in pylist]
100 loops, best of 3: 7.89 ms per loop

In [37]: %timeit _ = nparray.copy() * 2
100 loops, best of 3: 3.76 ms per loop
```

- ▶ Profiling with `%prun`
- ▶ Interactive debugging with `%debug` and `%pdb`

# Plotting in iPython

# Jupyter Notebooks