Interview

Interview

Interview 3

Interview 4

Interview

Interview 6







Interview 3



Interview 4



Interview 5



Interview 6

The parents and their young daughter are visiting the Harvard Yard and taking photos in front of the statue, and this is their second time here at Harvard during the trip in Boston.

Interview 1

A group of graduated students just randomly wandered around the campus and took pictures.

Interview 2

This group was traveling from Alabama to Boston (hoping Boston would be cooler). They are fascinated by Harvard's history. Later in the interview, they asled what's the popular course study at Harvard and said Harvard was stupid back in the days for starting classes at 8 am

The father lives in Boston. They seemed lost. One of the girls (goes to College) said if Harvard has open days to see inside the building. They thought Harvard would be bigger

Woman from India, who came with her parents to visit her brother who is finishing his PhD at Boston University. Her brother is showing them Harvard.

Two of the men came from India and one of them is from LA. They wanted to

visit Harvard due to

its history.

what users do

why

to the campus two days ago, without knowing in advance that the campus was not open for visitors on that day.

because they went

because they have no idea which buildings they can get access to.

It feels like this group has been exploring what Harvard has to offer to its student for a while. They have been traveling around campus for 5 to 6 days, learning more about the history.

They wandered around the campus because they had no idea what part of Harvard was open to tourists.

She was very happy to be there and being at Harvard met her expectations of being there.

Did not know what was the trademark of Harvard (until we explained that the statue and the entire yard is the trademark).

what users say

"we came here to inspire our kid since we are on a trip in Boston."

for us to know which buildings are available for us to visit."

"I think it's useful

Read about the history of harvard from external sources.

This group had hard time communicating to us. A potential solution to addressing this issue could be having an audio that allows users to translate to different languages

She noted that she really aprreciated being given a brochure about Harvard's campus at the T stop. She states that she wishes students in India would do the same.

They thought the buildings would be taller. Other than that, the atmosphere met their expectations.

"there're no resources or any general guidance here on campus, and the group tour timing is not suitable for us."

"it will be great

to have

something

attractive for

children."

"We randomly came to visit here because of the school, food, and atmosphere."

from college and don't have the long summer vacation. So, we came here during the Labor Day holiday. But, we would also want to see the campus in summer if we could."

"We have all graduated

"parking is a problem."

"We are just visiting Boston, and we think why not visit Harvard."

"It's my fourth time here in Harvard, and I like visiting here because of the atmosphere. It makes me feel I am smart. "

Was interested in visiting the Chan school of public health, and hopes to one day study or be

involved with it.

Did not know where to go. Had no guidance and would have appreciated some guidance from faculty or students.

They did not know which building they could access. As well as what buildings are the most popular ones or the functions they serve.

They wanted to speak with Harvard students and were happy to have "three Harvard students for three people."

They had a lot of questions for Harvard students. They asked us about our schedules, dining hall, class size, courses, and concentrations.

Interview 1 2 1 1 2 Interview 4 1 5 Interview 6

REASON FOR VISITING

The parents and their young daughter are visiting the Harvard Yard and taking photos in front of the statue, and this is their second time here at Harvard during the trip in Boston.

"we came here to inspire our kid since we are on a trip in Boston."

A group of graduated students just randomly wandered around the campus and took pictures.

"We randomly came to visit here because of the school, food, and atmosphere."

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Was interested in visiting the Chan school of public health, and hopes to one day study or be involved with it.

Two of the men came from India and one of them is from LA. They wanted to visit Harvard due to its history.

LACK OF INFORMATION

because they went to the campus two days ago, without knowing in advance that the campus was not open for visitors on that day.

because they have no idea which buildings they can get access to.

"I think it's useful for us to know which buildings are available for us to visit."

They wandered around the campus because they had no idea what part of Harvard was open to tourists.

Did not know what was the trademark of Harvard (until we explained that the statue and the entire yard is the trademark).

They did not know which building they could access. As well as what buildings are the most popular ones or the functions they serve.

RESOURCES FOR SELF-GUIDED TOURS

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HOW TO MAKE IT ATTRACTIVE

"it will be great to have something attractive for children."

"We have all graduated from college and don't have the long summer vacation. So, we came here during the Labor Day holiday. But, we would also want to see the campus in summer if we could."

It feels like this group has been exploring what Harvard has to offer to its student for a while. They have been traveling around campus for 5 to 6 days, learning more about the history.

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OTHERS

"parking is a problem."

Read about the history of harvard from external sources.





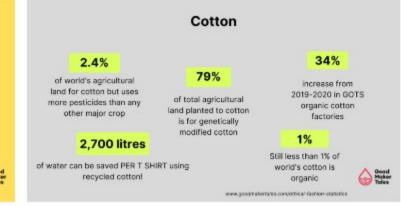
101 ethical & sustainable fashion statistics and trends

2022 goodmakertales.com

What is the state of fashion? We look at the numbers behind recent sustainable fashion trends and bring you 101 Ethical Fashion Statistics.





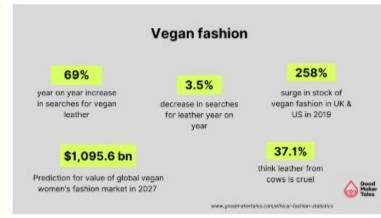














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- Legislation Regulation
- Green taxation • Tools for better balance
- and a slower system · Policy for extended producer responsibility

Industry



- Prevent waste
- Invest in pollution-control technology
- Avoid surplus production Close the material loop
- Supply-chain transparency

Retailers



- New business models to
- and circular economy
- New pricing system to consider the environmental impact of a product
- Consumers



- Extend products use times
- support slower consumption Conscious consumption Slower consumption



A Look at Fashion's **Waste Crisis and How** to Solve It

HEY FASHION! has released a report on "Fashion's Waste Crisis and How to Solve It," which looks at the issue of textile waste and how circularity can be leveraged to effectively address it.



// howandwhat.net Stakeholders in the fashion industry

This is a comprehensive analysis of the stakeholders in the fashion industry. The fashion industry is a complex ecosystem with multiple....

Global Fashion Agenda and McKinsey & Company called Fashion on Climate (2020)







Brands and Retailers

Customers

Castanet Designer Consignment

the items they earn in the store are sustainable. Accept secondhand clothes from people and sell the clothes to people— supporting a circular fashion economy.

Goodwill

When Goodwill receives donations, they resell them at affordable prices in their retail stores. Anything that born sold in their retail stores is recycled with help from their recycling partners.

There is no home

Thrift stores are very selective when it comes to identifying dothes that they want in their stores. They look for high-end brands because they have higher quality and have the most resale value.

pickup service for people. Consumers have to come to drop off their donations.

Most of their clothes come from private consignments.

The excess items stay in the store until they are sold. The damaged clothes are sent to Goodwill, and at other times they work with online resellers (money gets donated to charity).

UNIQLO

CHAMPION (USA)

H&M (SWEDEN)

They have a

recycling program

that accepts

unwanted textiles

and repurposes

them into other

things.

The biggest concern

mindset, buying

items for one

purpose and not

reusing them.

After every

season, they mark

down the excess

clothes, and they

get resold in the

next season.

Shopping around those shops

different races, countries. ages, gender, culture

customer 2

priority is style and doesn't really care the price is cheap, as long as it feels good with hand

buying something (e.g. suites) of great value, would love to otherwise won't really care about that

regularly donate clothes to charity in the recycling

likes and the size of the item.

H&M Customer 1

When shopping,

her priority is to

look for items

with colors she

She only goes her way to look for materials if the clothes have direct contact with sensitive parts of the body.

She never thinks about how some materials are friendly, and some are harmful when shopping.

She recycles excess clothes in return for money every year.

to buy the item.

She shops at big expensive.

She thinks thrift stores are good for the

European woman

With clothes she

does not want,

she gives it to

other people, or

she fixes her

clothing herself

In Europe, there are

bins where people

can put their used

clothing for resell or

organizations for

homeless

When buying,

she tends to

like natural

materials

If she buys

something, she

will have it for

a while, or she will

make sure its put

to good use

When shopping, a priority she has is "not shopping": not Priorities: price point and consuming so much. Even if its sustanible, its collection (if its trendy); would not still consuming: look at the label

> Would not specifically look for environmentally friendly clothing, more like an

> > Thrifting is not for

them. Does not have

time and cannot

find good options.

Not a "go-to-

method"

Likes H&M for

keeping up with

of the social aspect;

loyal to H&M and

TJMaxx

Feel a little guilty

for shopping in

places like H&M.

but do not know

where else to

shop

cheap and recyclable. Places like

Goodwill have With their excess clothing, they pass it everything in down to younger the siblings, those that warehouses. are inappropriate are sent to Goodwill

> She's aware of Goodwill's recycling program and previously donated some of her clothes.

customer h&m couple Goodwill Customer 1 Goodwill Customer 2

They don't like to

spend a lot of

stores. Instead, they

prefer to get

secondhand clothes.

Her incentive for

buying

secondhand

clothes is that it is

She gets rid of her excess clothes by giving them to friends and and only buying

and UNIQLO.

(JAPAN)

care about

employees and

the community

in terms of

sustainability

focus on where to

buy materials,

and won't buy

from countries

who use forced

labor

use washing stones

to cut down water

use and won't

produce powder

filtered in water

try to move away

industry, and focus

more on creating

products with good

quality so as to last

longer

help people keep

their clothes longer

by providing

amending services

in store, not just for

this brand's clothes,

but for any clothes

problem of

sustainability is that

it's not economical

to make clothes with

materials

have to be aware of

the sustainability innovation in terms

of the change in

commerce

Champion gives

excess clothing

to other

Champion

places

Clothing sent

from other

stores are

oftentimes

damaged

After season,

Champion

sends excess

clothing back

Does not have

any recycling

options in-

store

A lot of their

clothes are

authentic; they

are thick and full;

good for winter

customer 1

super aware of what she buys because she thinks that what she buys means what she consumes

she gives unwanted clothes to her friends and recycling bins to make sure that they will be

bins

If she sees a tag on the clothes that says recyclable, it gives her the incentive

brands like H&M because they are popular and not

environment.

She buys everything secondhand because it's sustainable and cheaper. She agrees that there's so much waste in the fashion industry, and it's really easy to avoid.

She comes to Goodwill once a

She isn't aware of the recycling programs brands have in place. Proviously, she used a textile recycling program in Cambridge when she had old clothes that she could not donate.

month.

She doesn't trust the recycling programs because she hears stories of greenwashing and clothes going to landfills in developing countries.

consignment stores items when needed. She isn't aware of

the recycling programs that a lot of big brands have in places like H&M

recycling bins can collect 200-400 a month, hoping more and more people can be aware of doing so

recycle bin in store to collect clothes for charity or communities: Korean to make dolls

in terms of donation, the to work with local communities

Boston is to help trans and ts to find clothes

don't really promote or brand for sustainable materials, but they have billboards and tags to convey the

miro

current recycle program

other ways for sustainability

problems/barriers

Online Recycling

They have a recycling program that accepts unwanted textiles and repurposes them into other things.

Their sustainability program takes any unwanted textiles, and the consumer gets a 15 percent coupon for delivering those items. The items don't all have to be H&M items.

The excess items stay in the store until they are sold. The damaged clothes are sent to Goodwill, and at other times they work with online resellers (money gets donated to charity).

In-Store Recycle Program

One hundred percent of the Rems they own in the store are sustainable. Accept secondhand clothes from people and sell the clothes to people-supporting a circular fashion economy.

recycling bins can collect 200-400 a month, hoping more and more people can be aware of doing so

recycle bin in store to collect clothes for charity or communities: Korean to make dolls

Circular fashion—you buy something that is already secondhand and sells it so someone else can buy it. In short, it means wearing it over and over again. When buying good quality secondhand clothes, they can last lenger. can last longer.

Most of their clothes come from private consignments.

She thinks thrift stores are good for the environment.

help people keep their clothes longer by providing amending services this brand's clothes, but for any clothes

Champion gives excess clothing to other Champion places

After season, Champion sends excess clothing back

Community Family/Friend

she gives unwanted

clothes to her

friends and recycling

bins to make sure

that they will be

reused

With their excess

clothing, they pass it

down to younger siblings, those that

are inappropriate

are sent to Goodwill

With clothes she

does not want,

she gives it to

other people, or

she fixes her

clothing herself

regularly donate clothes to charity in the recycling bins

She recycles excess clothes in return for money every year.

in terms of donation, the carbon footprint is so large that they try to work with local communities

Boston is to help trans and ts to find clothes

In Europe, there are bins where people can put their used clothing for resell or organizations for homeless

information about sustainable materials

> don't really promote or brand for sustainable materials, but they have billboards and tags to convey the

> > information

Any clothing that uses cautious materials has a green tag. Also, the loyalty program tells how many cautious items you bought and gives customers further instructions to learn more about it on the website.

If she sees a tag on the clothes that says recyclable, it gives her the incentive to buy the item.

When shopping, a priority she has is "not shopping": not consuming so much. Even if its sustanible, its still consuming: different mentality

When buying, she tends to like natural materials

ensure good quality

try to move away from fashion industry, and focus more on creating products with good quality so as to last longer

Thrift stores are very selective when it comes to identifying clothes that they want in their stores. They look for high-end brands because they have higher quality and have the most quality and have the most resale value.

Champion: A lot of their clothes are authentic; they are thick and full; good for winter

> After every season, they mark down the excess clothes, and they get resold in the

> > super aware of what she buys because she thinks that what she buys means what she consumes

next season.

Likes H&M for keeping up with trends and because of the social aspect; loyal to H&M and TJMaxx

If she buys something, she will have it for a while, or she will make sure its put to good use

care about employees and the community in terms of sustainability

others

use washing stones

to cut down water

use and won't

produce powder

which cannot be

filtered in water

focus on where to

buy materials,

and won't buy

from countries

who use forced

labor

try to move away from on sale mode to deal with the out-of-season clothes, and try to buy small by doing market research and collaboration with supply chains

The biggest concern is the consumer mindset, buying items for one purpose and not reusing them.

priority is style and doesn't really care about the material if the price is cheap, as long as it feels good with hand

buying something (e.g. suites) of great value, would love to know the materials. otherwise won't really care about that

When shopping, her priority is to look for items with colors she likes and the size of the item.

She only goes her way to look for materials if the clothes have direct contact with sensitive parts of

She never thinks about how some materials are environmentally friendly, and some are harmful when shopping.

problem of sustainability is that it's not economical to make clothes with sustainable materials

> Clothing sent from other stores are oftentimes damaged

have to be aware of

the sustainability

innovation in terms

of the change in

commercial, e.g. e-

commerce

Champion does not have any recycling options instore

Priorities: price point and collection (if its trendy); would not look at the label

Would not specifically look for environmentally friendly clothing, more like an

Thrifting is not for them. Does not have time and cannot find good options. Not a "go-tomethod*

Feel a little guilty

for shopping in

places like H&M,

but do not know where else to

shop

She shops at big

brands like H&M

popular and not

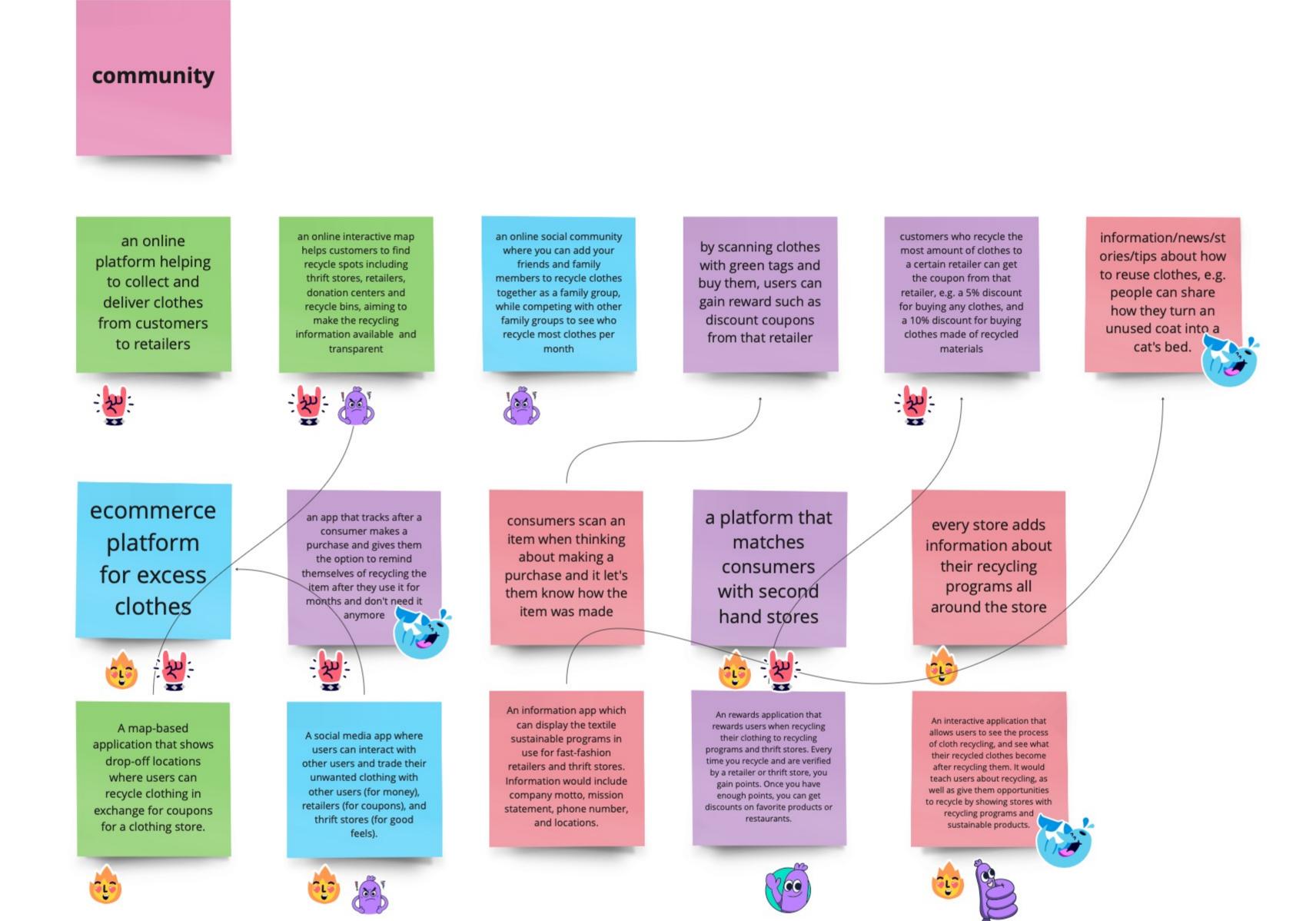
expensive.

the body.

because they are

Problem statement:

A problem that loyal consumers who shop at fast-fashion retailers encounter is an attitude-behavior gap pertaining to textile recycling options and sustainability efforts from fast-fashion brands.



We can document in a way like voting, to see which features are most popular among potential users

	delivery service	locate by maps	track what they turn out to be	get matched	rewards	find nearby users	news	FAQ	Ideas?
female, Chinese, 30, analyst	15	15	15	15	15	15			combine find nearby users, news and FAQ into a forum
male, Chinese, 28, architect		15	15	15	16				
male, Chinese, 32, architect	6	15		15	15			6	hope FAQ will be about how to use rewards/coupons/ what can be exchanged/ where to use/ when expire
male, British, 22, student	16	6		15	16			6	Sees not point in knowing where the clothes are since they are delivered.
female, American, 50, dentist		15	15		15	15	15	6	Prefers to deliver items herself for assurance.
male, American, 18, student		15	15	15	15		15		Can combine different users with feedback! So like an online forum with discussions. But what would talk be?
female, American, 72, cook	15				15		15		Does not see the point in connecting with others and prefers to keep information private. Very conscious about privacy.