

Día: \_\_\_\_\_ Mes: \_\_\_\_\_ Año: \_\_\_\_\_

Fracciones Parciales:

$$X(s) = \frac{2s^3 + 8s^2 + 4s + 8}{s(s+1)(s^2+4s+8)} = \frac{K_1}{s} + \frac{K_2}{s+1} + \frac{A}{s+2+j2} + \frac{A^*}{s+2-j2}$$

$$\rightarrow K_1 = sX(s) \Big|_{s=0} = \frac{s(2s^3 + 8s^2 + 4s + 8)}{s(s+1)(s^2+4s+8)} = \frac{8}{8} = 1$$

$$\rightarrow K_2 = (s+1)X(s) \Big|_{s=-1} = \frac{(s+1)(2s^3 + 8s^2 + 4s + 8)}{s(s+1)(s^2+4s+8)} = -2$$

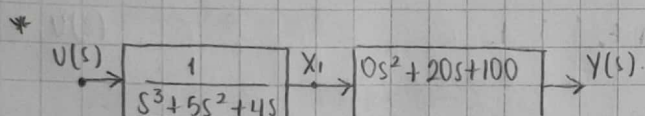
$$\rightarrow A = (s+2+j2)X(s) \Big|_{s=-2-j2} = (s+2+j2) \left\{ \frac{2s^3 + 8s^2 + 4s + 8}{s(s+1)(s+2+j2)(s+2-j2)} \right\} = \frac{3+j1}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow A^* = \frac{3-j1}{2}$$

Obteniendo así que:  $X(s) = \frac{1}{s} + \frac{-2}{s+1} + \frac{3/2+j1/2}{s+2+j2} + \frac{3/2-j1/2}{s+2-j2}$

Ejemplo: 12.1 del Libro de Norman Nise: Diseño de Sistema control.

Diseñar un sistema de control con planta  $G(s) = \frac{20(s+5)}{s(s+1)(s+4)}$ , con  $OS = 9,5\%$  y  $t_s = 0,74$  seg.



$$\bullet \frac{X_1(s)}{V(s)} = \frac{1}{s^3 + 5s^2 + 4s}$$

$$\bullet \frac{Y(s)}{X_1(s)} = \frac{20s + 100}{1}$$

$$[s^3 + 5s^2 + 4s] X_1(s) = V(s)$$

$$Y(s) = X_1(s) [20s + 100]$$

$$\ddot{x}_1 + 5\dot{x}_1 + 4x_1 = u$$

$$y = 20\dot{x}_1 + 100x_1$$

• Variables de estado

$$\bullet \dot{q}_3 = u - 5q_3 + 4q_2$$

$$q_1 = x_1$$

$$y = 20q_2 + 100q_1$$

$$q_2 = \dot{q}_1 = \dot{x}_1$$

$$q_3 = \dot{q}_2 = \ddot{x}_1$$

$$\dot{q}_3 = \ddot{x}_1$$

- Espacio de estados:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{q}_1 \\ \dot{q}_2 \\ \dot{q}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -4 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} q_1 \\ q_2 \\ q_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 100 & 20 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} q_1 \\ q_2 \\ q_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} u$$

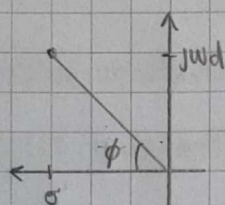
- $OS\% = e^{\frac{-(3\pi/\sqrt{1-z^2})}{\sqrt{1-z^2}}} \cdot 100 = 9,5.$

$$\frac{-3\pi}{\sqrt{1-z^2}} = \ln(0,095)$$

$$\frac{-3\pi}{\sqrt{1-z^2}} = -2,3539$$

$$\hookrightarrow z \approx 0,5996$$

- $s = \sigma + j\omega_d$ , donde  $\sigma = z\omega_n$ .



- $z = \cos \phi$

$$\hookrightarrow \phi = \cos^{-1}(0,5996) \approx 53,16^\circ$$

- $t_s = \frac{4}{\sigma} = 0,74$

$$\hookrightarrow \sigma = \frac{4}{0,74} \approx 5,41$$

- $\sigma = z\omega_n$

$$\hookrightarrow \omega_n = \frac{\sigma}{z} = \frac{5,41}{0,5996} = 9,0227 \text{ rad/s.}$$

- $\omega_d = \omega_n \sqrt{1-z^2} = 9,0227 \sqrt{1-(0,5996)^2} \approx 7,2207 \text{ rad/s.}$

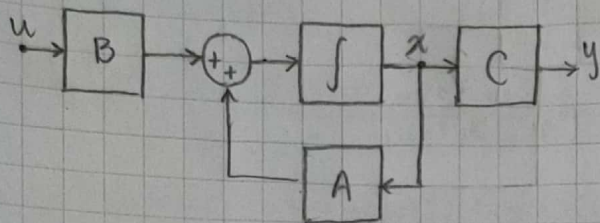
- $\omega_d = \sigma \tan(\phi) = 5,41 \tan(53,16) \approx 7,2212$



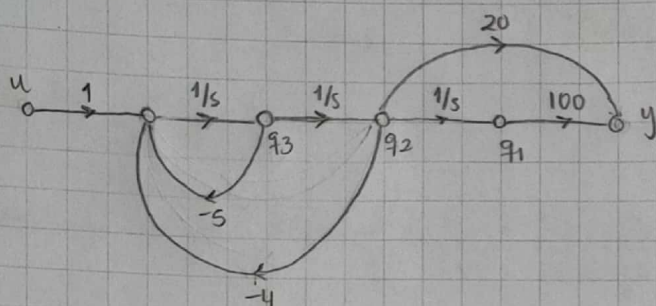
Día: \_\_\_\_\_ Mes: \_\_\_\_\_ Año: \_\_\_\_\_

$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$$

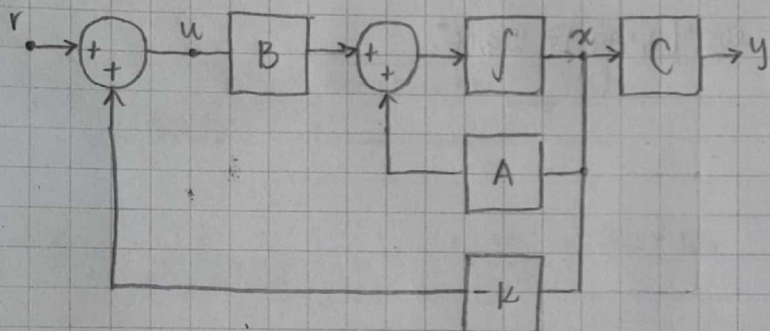
$$y = Cx$$



Retomando el ejemplo 12.1: Diagrama de flujo de señal.



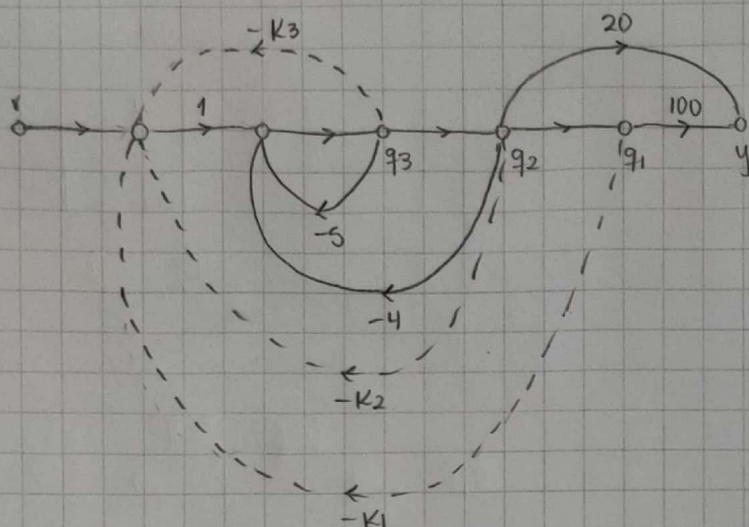
Redibujando el diagrama de bloques, agregando un lazo de realimentación



$$\hookrightarrow \dot{x} = Ax + Bu$$

$$\dot{x} = Ax + B(r - Kx)$$

$$\dot{x} = (A - BK)x + Br$$



A partir del nuevo diagrama de flujo de señal, se debe reescribir el espacio de estados:

$$\dot{q}_3 = -5q_3 - 4q_2 + u$$

$$\dot{q}_3 = -5q_3 - 4q_2 + (-K_3q_3 - K_2q_2 - K_1q_1) + r$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{q}_1 \\ \dot{q}_2 \\ \dot{q}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -K_1 & -4-K_2 & -5-K_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} q_1 \\ q_2 \\ q_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} r$$

\* Ecuación característica del sistema:

$$\det[sI - (A - BK)] = s^3 + (5 + K_3)s^2 + (4 + K_2)s + K_1s = 0.$$

• Polo dominante en lazo cerrado en  $s = -5,4 \pm j7,21$ .

• Cero de la planta en  $s = 5$ ; con  $s = 5,1$ :

$$(s + 5,4 - j7,2)(s + 5,4 + j7,2)(s + 5,1), \text{ Ecuación característica}$$

$$s^3 + 15,9s^2 + 136,22s + 413,83 = 0$$

• Se compara la EC con la última obtenida:

$$K_3 = 15,9 - 5 = 10,9$$

$$K_2 = 136,22 - 4 = 132,22$$

$$K_1 = 413,83$$