Exercice 16:

$$P(C) = 0.05$$
 $P(S) = 0.06$ $P(CnS) = 0.03$

1)
$$P(c) \times P(s) = 0.09 \times 0.06 = 0.0054 \neq P(cns)$$

=> Cets ne sent pas independent

2)
$$P(\bar{s}nc) = p(\bar{s}lc) p(c)$$

= $(1-p(slc))PC$
= $(1-\frac{p(snc)}{p(c)}) p(c)$
= $P(c) - P(snc) = 0,03 = 0,03$

3)
$$P(\bar{s}n\bar{c}) = p(\bar{s}u\bar{c}) = \Lambda - P(\bar{s}u\bar{c})$$

= $\Lambda - P(\bar{s}) - P(\bar{c}) + p(\bar{s}n\bar{c})$
= $\Lambda - 0.06 - 0.09 + 0.03 = 0.88$

Exercice 17:
$$\Omega = \{loc, y\}$$
; $x = 1^e de$ $y = 1^e de$ $\}$

$$|\Omega| = 6 \times 6 = 36$$

. A: "la semme est pair "

$$P(A) = \frac{18}{100} = \frac{18}{36} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$p(B) = 1 - p(\overline{B}) = 1 - \frac{3}{36} = \frac{33}{36} = \frac{17}{12}$$

Exercice 18

$$p(x=0) = \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{5}{6} = \frac{25}{36}$$

$$p(x=4) = 2 \times (\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{5}{6}) = \frac{10}{36}$$

$$P(x=2) = \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{36}$$

Remarque:
$$P(x=0) + P(x=1) + P(x=2) = 1$$

$$E(x) = \sum \infty_i (F(x = \infty_i))$$

$$= \frac{10}{36} + \frac{2}{36} = \frac{12}{36} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$=1^{2}(P(X=1))+2^{2}P(X=2)-\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{2}=\frac{5}{18}$$