ENGLISH

Chapter 14 Session B

2nd SECONDARY EN

A BETTER PLACE

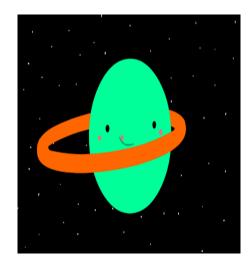


HELICOMOTIVATION



Your environment

1 Read the tips. Which things do you do to make the environment better?



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Ways to make your environment a better place

- 1 Walk or ride your bike to school. Cars are one of the main causes of air **pollution**.
- 2 Remember to turn off your computer when you aren't using it.
- **3** Give up using plastic. Plastic kills over a million sea birds and animals every year.
- 4 Recycle your waste. Take paper, glass and plastic to the recycling bins.
- 5 Don't turn up your heat in the winter. Wear a sweater instead.
- 6 Plant a tree. Trees help to reduce CO₂, but we cut down about 15 billion trees a year.
- 7 Reuse things that you normally throw away.
 Use old boxes for shelves and put flowers in bottles.
- 8 Pick up paper, bottles and cans that you see in the street and park. **Trash** can kill wildlife.

- 2 Look at the words in bold in exercise 1. Match the words with definitions 1–8.
 - 1 the material that we don't need waste
 - 2 put (trees, flowers) in the ground plant
 - **3** use again **reuse**
 - 4 paper, bottles, etc. people throw on the ground trash
 - 5 the dangerous material in water and in air pollution
 - 6 make less reduce
 - 7 the place to put paper, plastic, etc. Recycling bins
 - 8 change materials like paper or plastic to use again recycle

Find six of the phrasal verbs in the box in the tips. Explain the meaning of each one.

cut down give up pick up throw away turn down turn off turn on turn up

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4 Complete the sentences with phrasal verbs. Which sentences are true for you?

- 1 | turn off my computer when I'm not using it.
- 2 I never throw away old clothes. I recycle them.
- 3 I decided to <u>give up</u> using plastic straws. They're bad for the environment.
- 4 I always <u>pick up</u> cola cans when I see them, and I put them in the recycling bin.
- 5 When it's warm, I open the windows. I don't <u>turn up</u> the air conditioning.

A podcast

5 �0 25 Listen to a podcast about campaigners for the environment. What does each campaign want people to do?







6 Listen again. Are the sentences true, false or is there no information?

- Patrick explains why trees are important for the planet.
- 2 Felix started the campaign because they cut down trees in his area.
- 3 He wants to plant one trillion trees in the next 50 years.
- 4 Nadia picks up trash when she walks to school.
- **5** She has a social media page.
- 6 She loves the superhero cartoon about her.
- 7 She wants three people to pick up trash every day.

TRUE

NO INFORMATION

FALSE

FALSE

TRUE

NO INFORMATION

FALSE

7 Work in pairs. Answer the questions.

- 1 Which campaign would you choose to help? Why?
- 2 Felix and Nadia think that young people need to act to save the environment. What are arguments for and against this?

First conditional

1 Read the examples in the table. Choose the correct option to complete the rules.

Action	Result
If we cut down our trees,	we won't have clean air.
If we wait for adults to act,	it 'll be too late.
If we don't recycle plastic,	it'll go into the oceans.

- 1 We use the first conditional to talk about **possible certain** actions and their results.
- 2 After if we use the simple present/will + base form.
- 3 To talk about the result, we use **the simple** present will + base form.

Order of clauses in conditional sentences

We can change the order of the clauses. When the if clause comes second, we don't use a comma. We won't have clean air if we cut down trees.

2 Circle the correct option.

- 1 The streets are will be cleaner if we pick up will pick up trash.
- We don't have won't have enough trees if we cut/will cut them down.
- We produce will produce less waste if we recycle/will recycle paper at school.
- 4 If we plant/will plant vegetables, we don't need/won't need to buy them.
- 5 If we all do will do something, it makes/will make a big difference.

3 Write sentences using the first conditional.

- 1 if / it / be sunny tomorrow / we / go to the park
 If it's sunny tomorrow, we'll go to the park.
- 2 you / be tired tomorrow / if / you / go to bed late.
 You'll be tired tomorrow if you go to bed late.
- 3 you / not pass your exams / if / you / not / study
 You won't pass your exams if you don't study.
- 4 if / the bus / not come soon / we / be late for class If the bus doesn't come soon, we'll be late for class.
- 5 I / call you / this evening / if / I / have time I'll call you this evening if I have time.

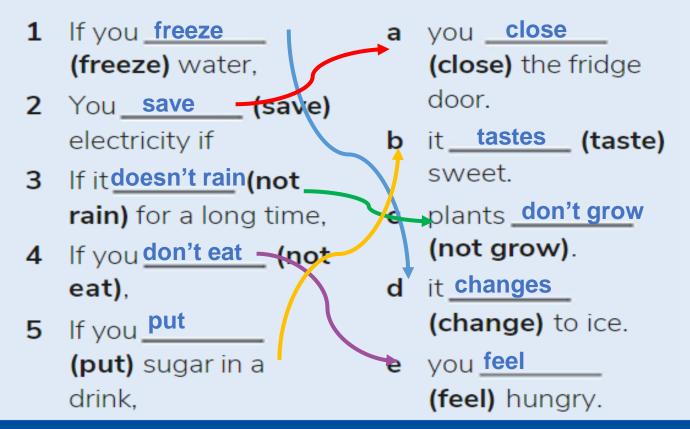
Zero conditional

4 Read the examples in the table. Answer the questions.

Action	Result
If ocean animals eat plastic,	they die .
If we cut down trees,	animals lose their homes.

- **1** Is the result certain or possible? **Certain.**
- 2 What tense do we use to describe the action? Simple present.
- **3** What tense do we use to describe the result? **Simple present.**

Match 1–5 to a–e to make sentences. Write the verbs in the correct form.



- 6 Complete the sentences so they are true for you. Use the first or zero conditional.
 - 1 If it rains next weekend, ...
 - 2 I'll be happy if ...
 - 3 Our teacher gets annoyed if ...
 - 4 If I get any money for my next birthday, ...
 - **5** I usually stay in bed if ...

HOMEWORK

7 Circle the correct option.

The family living plastic-free



Can you imagine living without plastic? It's 1 easier/easiest than you think. That's the opinion of Rachel Benefield from New Zealand. If you go to her house, you 2 aren't seeing/won't see any plastic. She and her family stopped using it in 2017.

Rachel 3 listened/was listening to a talk about waste in the oceans when she 4 was deciding/decided to give up plastic. Now she only uses natural materials. She doesn't buy 5 many/much food in supermarkets. She takes bottles and bags from home and goes to local stores instead. If food 6 comes/will come from local stores, it's fresher, and it isn't 7 as/more expensive as in supermarkets, she says.

Her family 8 usually/used to throw away a lot of waste a week. Now they produce much less. They're just one family, but they are 9 help/helping to save the planet.

