



ENGLISH

Chapter 12 Session B

5th
SECONDARY

CAREER PATHS
Present Perfect Progressive



 **SACO OLIVEROS**

Review 2

VOCABULARY



The _____
_____ in this
city is terrible – I can't even sleep at night!

GRAMMAR



Frances hated her _____
_____ job as a maid.

3



No one seemed to mind the school's strict
_____.

4



Janet is really a _____
_____ – just her smile
puts everyone around her in a good mood.

5



In our _____
_____, everyone
hangs their laundry out to dry.

6



I really admire my cousin Sarah, who
owns her own clothing and gift store –
she's really a successful
_____.

7



Being a mechanic and working on cars all day
is really _____
_____ – it's exhausting!

8



It's becoming harder and harder to catch
anything as a result of
_____.

9



Lawrence was so proud of his daughter Olivia for
being the first person to _____
_____ in their family.

10



Dominique was feeling really
_____, so she decided
to take the day off work.

11



Gavin was well known for his
_____ career as a marine biologist over the last 20 years.

12



Tragically, the _____
had serious effects on the turtles and
other wildlife in the region.

13



Even though Jake was a huge star, everyone knew
he was really _____
_____ and loved
spending time on the farm with his dog.

14



Because of _____
_____, the road was
no longer usable.



Lucinda thought that being a kindergarten teacher was incredibly _____ work.



Malia sent her _____ and was offered an interview. Unfortunately, it didn't go well because she was so nervous.

Review 2

VOCABULARY

GRAMMAR

Future Progressive

- 1** Complete the sentences using the future progressive forms of the verbs in the box.

collect expect ~~go~~ join take

Pablo won't be going (not) on the trip next month with us – he isn't interested in skiing.

- a** This week, the charity _____ donations to support children in need.
- b** Leonardo _____ three courses in the spring semester.
- c** What a great idea! They definitely _____ (not) to see us there.
- d** _____ you _____ us for dinner, Ms. Potter?

2 Write complete sentences using the future progressive.

she / might / not / live / here / August / next year

She might not be living here in August of next year.

a next week / we / drive / across / country / visit / my grandparents

b you / study / philosophy / college / next year ?

c I / not sure / when / they / arrive

- 3** Complete the sentences with the future simple or future progressive form of the verbs in parentheses. Use the future progressive when possible.

The house will look (look) nice when we finish painting it.

- a** Malik doesn't know where he wants to study, so he _____ (apply) to a few schools just in case.
- b** During the meeting they _____ (take) attendance, so make sure you're there on time.
- c** _____ you _____ (take) a look at this quickly for me, please? I need to hand it in tomorrow.

Future Perfect

- 4** Choose the correct time phrases to complete the sentences.

At 10pm / **By 10pm** the kids will all have fallen asleep.

- a** The series will be finishing up **in January** / **by January**. What will we watch then?
- b** **By the time** / **At the time** you read this, I'll have already gone.
- c** **All along** / **Before long** everyone will have heard the news, so there's no point keeping it a secret.

5 Underline the correct options.

I'm so excited about my upcoming vacation! I'll **a be finishing / have finished** work on Friday at 4pm, then I'll **b be heading / have headed** straight to the airport. Hopefully my friend Kody will **c be arriving / have arrived** already and will **d be waiting / have waited** for me. Then, we hop on a plane to Playa del Carmen in Mexico, where we'll **e be staying / have stayed** in a hotel near the beach. Hopefully all the restaurants won't **f be closing / have closed** already as we'll probably be starving and too excited to sleep, especially as we'll probably **g be having / have had** a nap on the plane.

Present Perfect Progressive

- 6** Complete the sentences with the present perfect or present perfect progressive form of the verbs in parentheses. Use the present perfect progressive when possible.

Have you been having
(have) a bad day? You look a bit down.

a We _____ (know) each other since we were kids in elementary school.

b Thanks for the offer, but I _____
_____ (eat) lunch.

- c** Tim _____ (work) very hard in his math class – I'm afraid he might fail the final exam.
- d** Where _____ you _____ (spend) all your free time? I haven't seen you in ages!

- 7** Write sentences with the present perfect or present perfect progressive using the prompts. Use the progressive form when possible.

Helen moved out of her apartment yesterday.

Helen has just moved out of her apartment.

- a** Joe didn't sleep well last night. He didn't sleep well the previous nights either.

- b** Helen arrived late to work every day this week.

- c** Louise met Georgina two years ago. They immediately became friends.

Past Perfect Progressive

- 8** Rearrange the words to make sentences with the past perfect progressive.

We / having / had / a good time / the rain / until / been / started .

We had been having a good time until the rain started.

- a** Before / called / I / been / had / eat dinner / them / to come / they / playing / outside .

- b** For hours / to win / the argument / had / been / trying / Mike / unsuccessfully .

- c** They / they / the phone / been / months / met / talking / had / on / before / for / face-to-face .

- 9** Write questions for the answers in the past perfect progressive using the words in parentheses.

How long had you been waiting there? _____

(how long / you / wait / there)

For about 3 hours.

a _____

(you / see / anyone / before that)

No, she was my first therapist.

b _____

(what / she / say / before / I / arrive)

Just a little bit about the company and the staff.

c

(where / they / live / before here)

Well, they moved here last year, and
before that they lived in Spain for a while.

d

(how / she / act / before / take / medicine)

Prior to taking the medicine, her behavior
was normal.



Underline the correct words to complete the text. Choose the progressive form when possible.



We **a have all heard / have all been hearing** by now how the younger generation likes to change jobs. For example, that by the time a young person **b has reached / has been reaching** 30, they **c will be changing / will have changed** jobs more than twenty times. But is this really true? What is known is that prior to the 1980s, it **d has been / had been** fairly common for people to have only one job position their entire lives. Now, however, research **e shows / is shown** that people under the age of 35 are much more likely to switch jobs. In a recent survey, 60% of young workers **f admitted / were admitting** that they **g have considered / had considered** changing jobs in the past year. But why would they **h be tempted / tempting** to do so?

For one, there are many immediate potential benefits to switching jobs, for example higher pay or a better schedule. Just consider: if an employee discovered that they **i were paid / were being paid** less than their colleagues, then there would be no reason to stay. What is more, some experts **j have suggested / had suggested** that there are also long-term advantages, like gaining a wider range of experience. From this perspective, people who **k have frequently changed / have frequently been changed** jobs **l had actually made / have actually been making** the most of their opportunities.

However, it is not just the workers who **m have been creating / had been creating** the current situation. Nowadays, many companies do not provide the same support and loyalty for their workers as they **n used to / were used to**. For example, after the financial collapse in 2008, many companies reduced the number of full-time jobs which **o previously provided / had previously provided** benefits and guaranteed hours. As a result, some employees do not feel emotionally connected to their companies and worry that if the economy struggles, they **p will lose / will be losing** their jobs.

So will anything be **q done / doing** to keep workers and companies together for longer? According to economists, it is unlikely that employers or employees **r will be changing / will have changed** this trend anytime soon. Perhaps, however, this is not a problem at all, but only a natural change that we **s had ignored / had been ignoring**.




VOCABULARY PLUS

Work Values



WORKBOOK – UNIT 4

- 1  93 Label the pictures with the words in the box. Then listen and repeat.

commitment creativity flexibility
honesty independence
loyalty motivation reliability
responsibility self-confidence



- 2** Complete the word family chart with the different forms of some nouns from activity 1.

	verb	adjective	noun
	rely	<i>reliable</i>	reliability
a		committed	commitment
b		creative	creativity
c	flex		flexibility
d	–		honesty
e	–		independence
f	–		loyalty
g		motivated	motivation

3 Underline the correct words to complete the definitions.

a Flexibility / Independence / Responsibility

is the ability to work by one's self and not need the help of other people.

b Reliability / Flexibility / Motivation is the ability to make changes or to deal with a situation that is changing.

c Honesty / Creativity / Loyalty is the support that you always give to someone or something because of your feelings of duty towards them.

d Commitment / Loyalty / Honesty is the enthusiasm for something and a determination to work hard at it.

- d Commitment / Loyalty / Honesty** is the enthusiasm for something and a determination to work hard at it.
- e Honesty / Self-confidence / Motivation** is a quality of someone who does not tell lies or cheat people.
- f Responsibility / Reliability / Honesty** is the quality of someone you can trust to do what you expect them to do.
- g Responsibility / Commitment / Independence** is the quality of someone who is sensible and able to be trusted to do the right thing.