ALGEBRA

2th



Retroalimentación

Sesión 1





PROBLEMA 1:

Factorice e indique la suma de los términos independientes

$$Q(x) = x^2 - 4x - 12$$

$$Q(x) = x^{2} - 4x - 12$$

$$x - 6 = -6x$$

$$2 = 2x$$

$$Q(x) = (x-6)(x+2)$$

Piden:
$$-6+2=-4$$

$$\therefore \Sigma T.I = -4$$



PROBLEMA 2:

Transforme a producto

$$M(x; y) = 9x^2 - 9xy + 2y^2$$

e indique un factor primo

Resolución:

$$M(x; y) = 9x^{2} - 9xy + 2y^{2}$$

$$3x - 2y = -6xy$$

$$-y = -3xy$$

$$M(x; y) = (3x - 2y)(3x - y)$$

Factores Primos: (3x - 2y); (3x - y)



PROBLEMA 3:

Calcule la suma de factores primos de

$$R(x; y) = 3x^2 + 7xy + 2y^2 + 6x - 3y - 9$$

Resolución:

$$R(x; y) = 3x^{2} + 7xy + 2y^{2} + 6x - 3y - 9$$

$$3x - -3 - 3$$

$$x - -6y - -3x$$

$$7xy - -3y - 6x$$

$$R(x; y) = (3x + y - 3)(x + 2y + 3)$$

Piden:

$$3x + y - 3 + x + 2y + 3$$

$$=4x+3y$$

$$\therefore \Sigma f. p = 4x + 3y$$



PROBLEMA 4:

Calcule
$$F = \sqrt{11 - 2\sqrt{28}} + \sqrt{16 - 2\sqrt{63}}$$

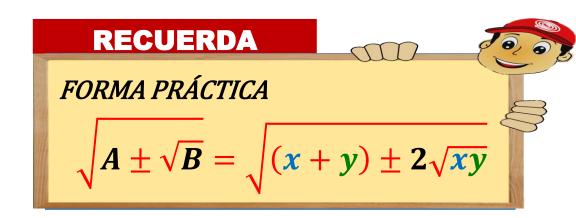
$$F = \sqrt{11 - 2\sqrt{28} + \sqrt{16 - 2\sqrt{63}}}$$

$$7 + 4 \quad 7 \times 4 \quad 9 + 7 \quad 9 \times 7$$

$$F = \sqrt{7} - \sqrt{4} + \sqrt{9} - \sqrt{7}$$

$$F = -2 + 3$$

$$F = 1$$



$$\therefore F = 1$$



Durante una clase, el maestro propuso a los escolares que sumaran los números del 1 al 100. El pequeño Gauss sorprendió a todos al encontrar la solución casi inmediata. La edad de este genio en la que propuso la solución, lo hallarás al resolver

$$A = \frac{\sqrt{80} - \sqrt{45} + \sqrt{500} - \sqrt{20}}{\sqrt{5}}$$

¿Cuál fue la edad?

Resolución

$$A = \sqrt{\frac{80}{5}} - \sqrt{\frac{45}{5}} + \sqrt{\frac{500}{5}} - \sqrt{\frac{20}{5}}$$

$$A = \sqrt{16} - \sqrt{9} + \sqrt{100} - \sqrt{4}$$

$$A = 4 - 3 + 10 - 2$$

Gauss tenía 9 añitos



PROBLEMA 6:

Indique el resultado de $Q = \sqrt{13 + \sqrt{168}} - \sqrt{6}$

$$Q = \sqrt{13 + \sqrt{4 \times 42}} - \sqrt{6}$$

$$Q = \sqrt{13 + 2\sqrt{42}} - \sqrt{6}$$

$$7 + 6 - 7 \times 6$$

$$Q = \sqrt{7} + \sqrt{6} - \sqrt{6}$$

$$Q = \sqrt{7}$$

$$\therefore Q = \sqrt{7}$$



PROBLEMA 7:

Efectúe
$$R = \frac{12}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{20}{\sqrt{5}} + \sqrt{80}$$

$$R = \frac{12}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{20}{\sqrt{5}} \times \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} + \sqrt{16 \times 5}$$

$$R = \frac{12\sqrt{3}}{3} - \frac{20\sqrt{5}}{5} + 4\sqrt{5}$$

$$R = 4\sqrt{3} - 4\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{5}$$

$$\therefore R = 4\sqrt{3}$$

PROBLEMA 8:

Racionalice
$$E = \frac{15}{\sqrt[6]{3^2}} - \frac{32}{\sqrt[3]{4}}$$

$$E = \frac{15}{\sqrt[6]{3^2}} \times \frac{\sqrt[6]{3^4}}{\sqrt[6]{3^4}} - \frac{32}{\sqrt[3]{2^2}} \times \frac{\sqrt[3]{2^1}}{\sqrt[3]{2^1}}$$

$$E = \frac{15\sqrt[6]{3^4}}{3} - \frac{32\sqrt[3]{2}}{2}$$

$$E = 5\sqrt[6]{81} - 16\sqrt[3]{2}$$

$$\therefore E = 5\sqrt[6]{81} - 16\sqrt[3]{2}$$

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PROBLEMA 9:

Cambie a fracción racional lo siguiente

$$S = \frac{10}{\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{2}}$$

$$S = \frac{10}{\left(\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{2}\right)} \times \frac{\left(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{2}\right)}{\left(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{2}\right)}$$

$$S = \frac{10(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{2})}{7 - 2}$$

$$S = \frac{2}{10(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{2})}$$

$$\therefore S = 2(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{2})$$



PROBLEMA 10

Calcule el valor de A racionalizando

$$A = \frac{13}{4 + \sqrt{3}} + \frac{13}{4 - \sqrt{3}}$$

$$A = \frac{13}{\sqrt{16} + \sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\left(\sqrt{16} - \sqrt{3}\right)}{\left(\sqrt{16} - \sqrt{3}\right)} + \frac{13}{\sqrt{16} - \sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\left(\sqrt{16} + \sqrt{3}\right)}{\left(\sqrt{16} + \sqrt{3}\right)} \qquad A = 4 - \sqrt{3} + 4 + \sqrt{3}$$

$$A = 4 - \sqrt{3} + 4 + \sqrt{3}$$

$$A = 8$$

$$A = 4 - \sqrt{3} + 4 + \sqrt{3}$$

$$A = 8$$

$$A = \frac{13(4 - \sqrt{3})}{16 - 3} + \frac{13(4 + \sqrt{3})}{16 - 3}$$

$$A = \frac{13(4-\sqrt{3})}{13} + \frac{13(4+\sqrt{3})}{13}$$

$$A = 8$$