

ENGLISH

Chapter 2 Week 2

2nd
SECONDARY

Stories



 **SACO OLIVEROS**

HELICOMOTIVATION



Simple present

- 1** Read the examples and the Spelling rules on p21 to complete the rules.

He **uses** an app called *Animaker*.

David **doesn't do** programming.

Why **do** politicians **meet** him?

Do they **post** videos on social media?

Yes, they **do**.

- 1 After *he/she/it*, the verb ends in / / .
- 2 To make the negative, use / + base form.
- 3 To make the question, use / + base form.
- 4 Answer *Yes/No* questions with *yes* + subject + / , or *no* + subject + / .

1

After *he/she/it*, the verb ends in - / - / - .

2

To make the negative, use / + base form.

3

To make the question, use / + base form.

4

Answer *Yes/No* questions with *yes* + subject + / , or *no* + subject + / .

2 Rewrite the sentences in the affirmative, negative or question form.

1 I don't like documentaries. (+)

I like documentaries.

2 My grandmother doesn't like watching talent shows. (–)

3 Does her brother use a game console? (?)

4 We play construction games.

5 Does their teacher show videos in class?

Adverbs and expressions of frequency

3 Look at the examples. Which one gives a specific idea of frequency and which two describe frequency in general?

He **often** uses films to talk about problems.

I upload a video on TikTok **once a week**.

Teens are **always** in front of a screen.

Frequency expressions

once = one time twice = two times

He **often** uses films to talk about problems.

general ▼

I upload a video on TikTok **once a week**.

specific ▼

Teens are **always** in front of a screen.

general ▼

4 Divide the expressions in the box into two groups: 'specific frequency' and 'general frequency'.

always five times a week four times a day
hardly ever never often once a month
once a week sometimes three times a month
twice a day twice a year usually

Specific frequency

four times a day .:

twice a day .:

once a week .:

five times a week .:

three times a month .:

once a month .:

twice a year .:

General frequency

always .:

usually .:

often .:

sometimes .:

hardly ever .:

never .:

- 6** Look at the examples in exercise 3 and circle the correct option to complete the rules.
- 1 With the verb *be*, general adverbs come **before/**
after the verb.
 - 2 With other verbs, general adverbs come **before/**
after the verb.
 - 3 With specific frequency, the expression comes
at the **beginning/end** of the sentence.

7 Order the words to make sentences.

1 My father .: never .: plays video games .: .:

2 We .: have .: our art class .: once a week .: .:

3 We .: sometimes .: upload videos .: on social media .: .:

4 I .: get .: a new video game .: twice a year .: .:

5 I .: hardly ever .: film things .: with my phone .: .:

Simple present and present progressive

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- 1 Read the examples. Are the verbs in the simple present or present progressive?

Today, I'm **visiting** the City Library.
I **come** here twice a week.

How often **do** you **come** here?
What **are** you **doing** here?

You **aren't reading**.
She **doesn't like** horror stories.

Today, I'm **visiting** the City Library.

present progressive ▼

I **come** here twice a week.

simple present ▼

How often **do** you **come** here?

simple present ▼

What **are** you **doing** here?

present progressive ▼

You **aren't reading**.

present progressive ▼

She **doesn't like** horror stories.

simple present ▼

2 Complete the rules with *SP* (simple present) or *PP* (present progressive).

- 1 We use the **present progressive** to talk about actions that are in progress now, or around now.
- 2 We use the **simple present** to talk about routines or habits.
- 3 We often use the **simple present** with *always*, *sometimes*, *never*, *every day*, *once a week*, *twice a month*, etc.
- 4 We often use the **present progressive** with *now*, *today*, *right now*.

3 Write the verbs in the simple present or present progressive.

- 1 I 'm reading a romantic novel right now.
- 2 My friends and I usually play video games on the weekend.
- 3 I don't like writing, but my brother often writes for our school magazine.
- 4 Now, everyone is watching the new season of *Sherlock* on Netflix.

- 5 Our school doesn't use digital books.
- 6 We 're making a video review in class this week.

Remember!

We don't use the present progressive with some verbs, e.g. *be, like, love, want*.

4 Write questions in the simple present or present progressive. Then match the questions with the answers in exercise 3.

1 When do you play video games? —

2 How often do you write stories? —

3 Does your school use digital books? —

4 What TV series is everyone watching now? —

5 Are you reading anything right now? —

6 What are you doing in class this week? —

HOMEWORK

7 Circle the correct option.

GRAMMAR ROUND-UP

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8



The Donkey Library

It's early on Saturday morning in La Gloria, a small town in Colombia. Most people are asleep, but not Luis Soriano. He **1 takes/is taking** books on his donkeys to villages that don't have a library.

Luis goes to the villages **2 every/twice** a week. As well as taking books, he also **3 help/helps** children with their homework. Luis **4 travels sometimes/sometimes travels** for four hours, but he **5 don't/doesn't** mind. The children **6 are always/always are** happy to see him. Why **7 he does/does he do** it? Well, Luis thinks that reading is important. He has over 4,000 books now, so he **8 builds/is building** a library near his home. But he will continue to take his donkey library to the villages.

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