



ENGLISH

Chapter 21 Session B

3rd
SECONDARY

THE WORLD WE LIVE IN
Present Perfect



 **SACO OLIVEROS**

Materials and Containers



aluminum



bag



bottle



box



can



cardboard



carton



cotton



glass



jar



metal



paper



plastic



wool

Endangered Animals

dolphin



elephant



leopard



orangutan



panda



polar bear



rhinoceros



snake



tiger



turtle





Present Perfect

affirmative

I've (have)	bought local food.
You've (have)	
He / She / It's (has)	
We've (have)	
You've (have)	
They've (have)	

negative

I	haven't (have not)	used plastic bags.
You	haven't (have not)	
He / She / It	hasn't (has not)	
We	haven't (have not)	
You	haven't (have not)	
They	haven't (have not)	



- we use the present perfect to talk about experiences or actions in the past when we don't mention (or we don't know) the exact time
I **have organized** a competition.
- we also use the present perfect to talk about past events that have an effect or a reflection in the present
She **has painted** the house.
- we form the affirmative of the present perfect with *have / has* + the past participle of the verb
He **has tried** a new organic shampoo.
- we form the negative with *haven't / hasn't* + the past participle of the verb
They **haven't reduced** their screen time.
- the regular past participle ending is *-ed*
use → used



questions		short answers affirmative	negative
Have I	seen a snake?	Yes, I have .	No, I haven't .
Have you		Yes, you have .	No, you haven't .
Has he / she / it		Yes, he / she / it has .	No, he / she / it hasn't .
Have we		Yes, we have .	No, we haven't .
Have you		Yes, you have .	No, you haven't .
Have they		Yes, they have .	No, they haven't .



- the word order is different in questions
You **have seen** a tiger.
Have you **seen** a tiger?
- we don't repeat the past participle in short answers
Have you **touched** a polar bear?
Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.



Spelling: Past Participle Regular Verbs

- for most verbs, add *-ed*
want → **wanted**
- for verbs that end in *-e*, add *-d*
like → **liked**
- for verbs that end in a consonant + *y*, omit the *y* and add *-ied*
study → **studied**
- for verbs that end in a stressed vowel + a consonant, double the final consonant and add *-ed*
stop → **stopped**



Past Participle Irregular Verbs

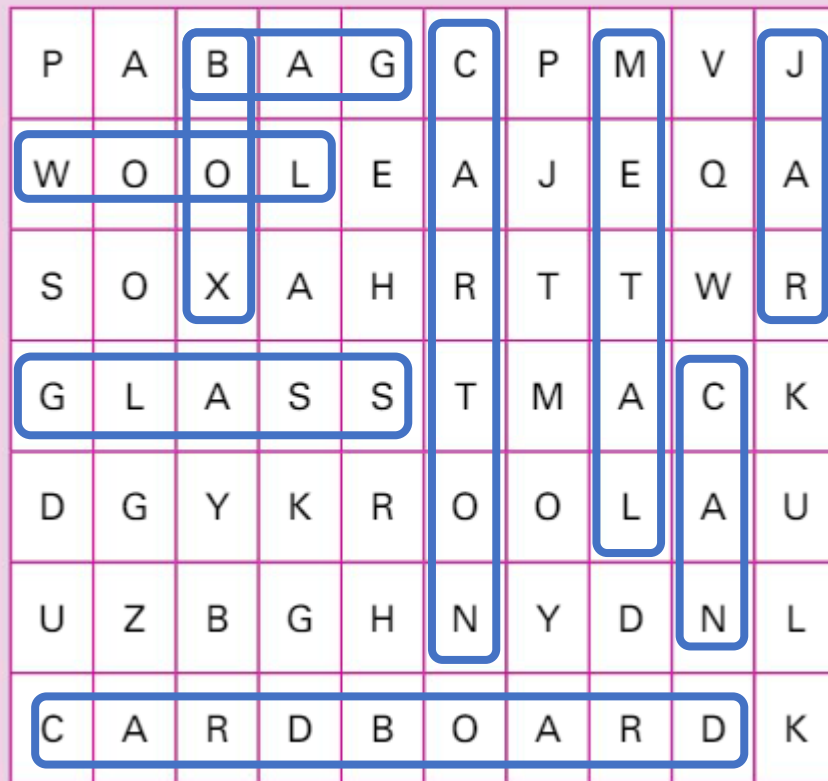
- for the Irregular verbs list, see page 142.



PROGRESS CHECK

Materials and Containers

1 Find nine words in the word search.





Endangered Animals

2 Identify the animals.



a p a n d a



b r h i n o c e r o s





PROGRESS CHECK

c l e o p a r d



d d o l p h i n



e p o l a r b e a r



f o r a n g u t a n





Present Perfect

- 3** Complete the sentences with the present perfect form of the verbs in parentheses.
- a** My brother has swum (swim) with dolphins in Florida.
 - b** I have ridden (ride) on the backs of elephants in India.
 - c** We have had (have) a lot of turtles as pets.
 - d** My neighbor has fed (feed) polar bears in Alaska.



- 4 Rewrite the sentences from activity 3 in the negative form to indicate that they are not animal friendly.
- a My brother hasn't swum with dolphins in Florida.
 - b I haven't ridden on the backs of elephants in India.
 - c We haven't had a lot of turtles as pets.
 - d My neighbor hasn't fed polar bears in Alaska.



- 5** Write complete questions. Use the present perfect.
- a you / reuse / paper / this week?
Have you reused paper this week?
 - b your school / recycle / old test papers?
Has your school recycled old test papers?
 - c your local supermarket / reduce / packaging?
Has your local supermarket reduced packaging?



Grammar Buildup 7

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

6 Complete the dialogue with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

Boy Hi. You **a** look (look) lost.

Ava Yes, I am.

Boy Can I **b** help (help) you?

Ava I **c** 'm looking (look) for the animal sanctuary.

Boy **d** Go (go) straight ahead past the bank. Then **e** turn (turn) right onto Park Street.

Ava Park Street?



PROGRESS CHECK

Boy Yes. The sanctuary f is (be) on your left.

Ava g Have you been (be) there?

Boy Yes, I h have. It's great.

Ava What i did you see (see)?

Boy Lots of things. But you have to j see (see) the donkeys!

Homework



GRAMMAR CHECK



- 1 Read the dialogue and circle the correct answers.

Josh How have **a** ___ your habits? Have you **b** ___ recycling?

Ben Yes, **c** ___. We've **d** ___ plastic boxes for meat and fish, so we **e** ___ plastic bags recently.

Josh Has your town **f** ___ recycling bins on your street?

Ben Yes, they have. And they've given us a new bin for food waste this week.

Josh Have you used the new bin?

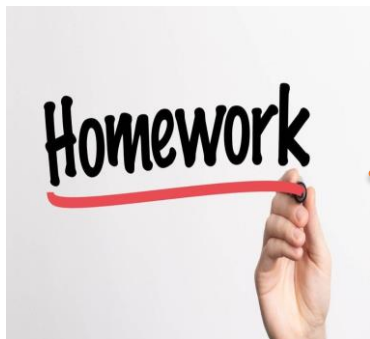
Ben No, **g** ___, but we want to.

Josh What else **h** ___?

Ben To reduce energy use? We've **i** ___ our lights.

Josh That's great. Have you written about your changes in your blog?

Ben No. I haven't, but my sister **j** ___. I don't have a computer – they use electricity!



- a you change
- b start
- c we have
- d buy
- e haven't needed

f put

- g you haven't
- h you've done
- i changing
- j did

you changed

- starting
- we have started
- buying
- not need

to put

we haven't

did you

changed

was

changed you

started

we started

bought

not needed

putting

we didn't

have you done

change

has



2

97

Listen and check your answers.



LISTENING

1



98

Listen to a radio show and underline the animals the speakers mention.

chimpanzees crocodiles lions monkeys
rhinoceroses snakes tigers turtles



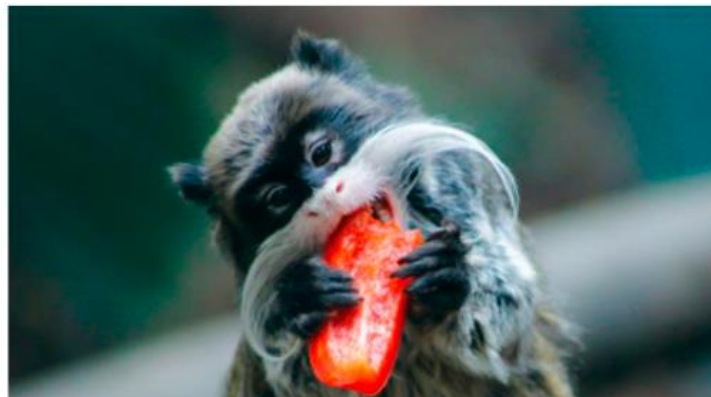
2



Listen again and write T for *true* or F for *false*.

- a ☐ F London Zoo opened in 1820.
- b ☐ T London Zoo had the first children's zoo.
- c ☐ T London Zoo has more than 750 different kinds of animals.

- d ☐ There aren't any elephants or rhinoceroses.
- e ☐ The monkey house is big.
- f ☐ Chris hasn't seen a real crocodile.
- g ☐ The only quagga in the world is in London Zoo.



Underline the correct words to complete the text.

There **a is / are** a lot of different art forms, but there's one that combines sculpture and recycling: scrap-metal sculpture. It's a type of art that **b is becoming / becomes** more popular as people think more about recycling.

c You've / Have you seen the movie *Wall-E*? **d Much / A lot of** scrap metal sculptures look like the robot. In fact, making these sculptures is great fun and if you **e like / 'll like** science-fiction, you **f love / ll love** this art because you can invent aliens and robots, and you can make **g bigger / more big** sculptures **h than / that** with normal materials.



You probably **didn't / haven't** visited the biggest scrap-metal sculpture in the world, because it's in rural Wisconsin, in the north of the USA, but the most famous sculpture in the world is probably Pablo Picasso's work. He **did use / used** a recycled bicycle and made an animal. American artist John Chamberlain **make / makes** the most colorful sculptures because he paints **they / them** and he is the most famous scrap-metal artist alive today. Why not try scrap-metal sculpture? You'll have a lot of fun, you'll use your imagination, and you'll help the environment.







The Natural World



1



Translate the words from the box into your language. Then listen and repeat.

cliff coast desert hill mountain range
rain forest pond stream valley waterfall

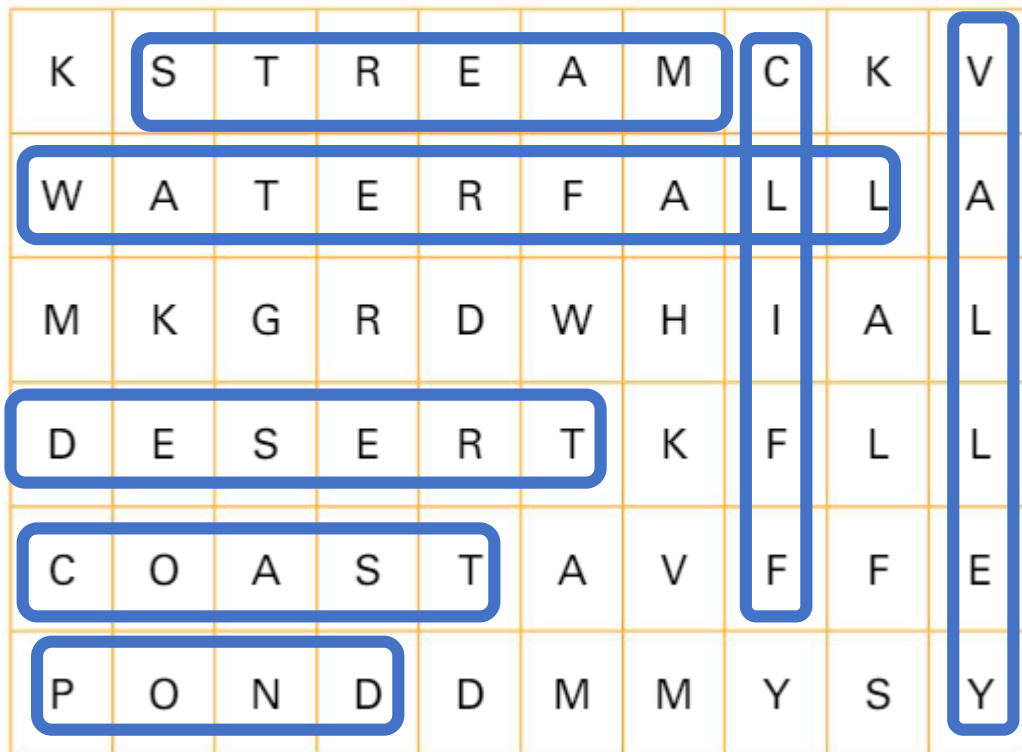
2 Label the picture with words from activity 1.

1 Mountain range

Page 201



3 Find seven words in the word search.



4 Choose the correct word to complete the sentences.

We went to see the waterfalls of Iguazu.

1 waterfalls **2** streams **3** deserts

a The temperature in the Sahara _____ is often 58°C.

1 stream **2** desert **3** valley

b The _____ is 2 meters deep.

1 pond **2** hill **3** coast

c The Alps are the highest _____ in Europe.

1 hill

2 cliff

3 mountain range

d People shouldn't chop down trees in the _____.

1 rain forest

2 stream

3 desert

e We live on the _____. I can see the beach from my bedroom window.

1 hill

2 coast

3 valley

