GEOMETRÍA

TOMO VIII

2nd SECONDARY

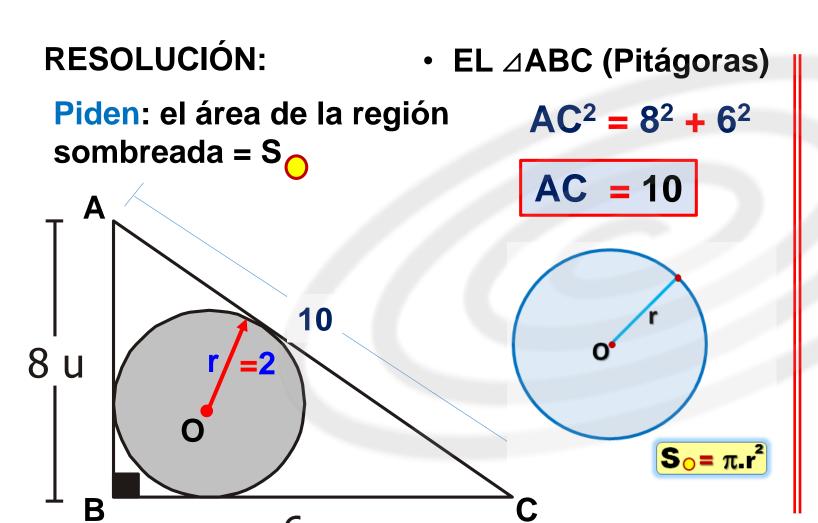
Retroalimentación

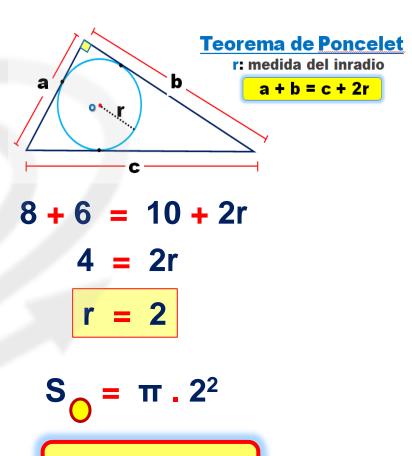


@ SACO OLIVEROS



1. Calcular el área de la región sombreada.



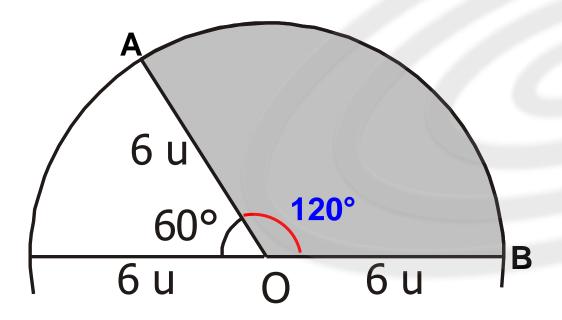


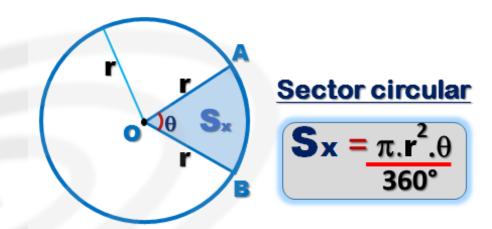


2. Calcule el área de la región del sector circular sombreado.

RESOLUCIÓN:

Pide: El área de sector circular = S





$$S_{\triangleleft} = \frac{\pi \cdot 6^{2} \cdot 120^{\circ}}{360^{\circ}} = \frac{36 \pi}{3}$$

$$S_{\triangleleft} = 12 \pi u^2$$

HELICO | PRACTICE

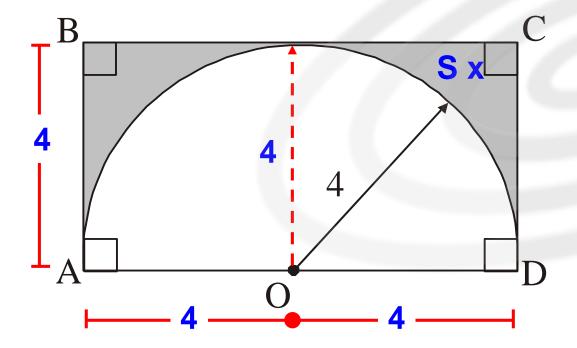


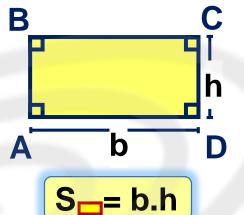
3. En el gráfico, O es el centro del semicírculo, calcule el área de la región sombreada.

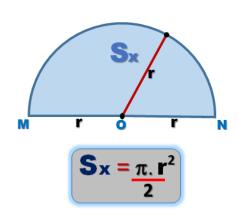
RESOLUCIÓN:

Pide: El área de la región

sombreada = Sx







$$Sx = S - S$$

$$Sx = 4.8 - \frac{\pi \cdot 4^2}{2}$$

$$Sx = 32 - 8\pi$$

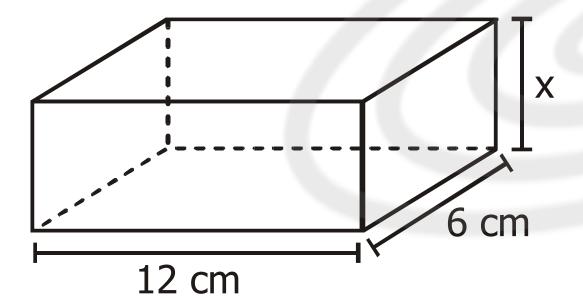
$$Sx = 8(4-\pi) u^2$$

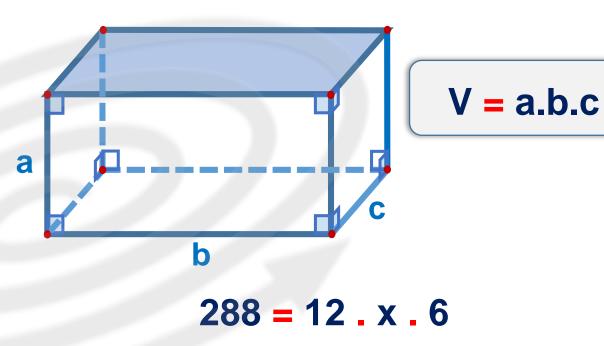


4. Si el volumen del rectoedro es 288 cm³, halle el valor de x.

RESOLUCIÓN:

Pide: El valor de x





$$288 = 72 \cdot x$$

$$4 = x$$

x = 4 cm



5. Calcule el volumen de un hexaedro regular si la suma de las longitudes de todos sus aristas es 48u.

RESOLUCIÓN:

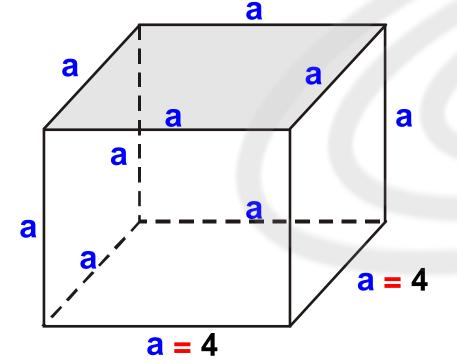
Pide: El volumen del hexaedro = V

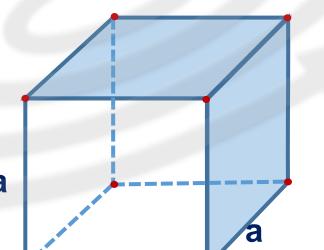
Dato:

Suma de todas las aristas es 48

$$12 a = 48$$

$$a = 4$$





Hexaedro:

a

$$V = a^3$$
 $V = 4^3$
 $V = 64 u^3$



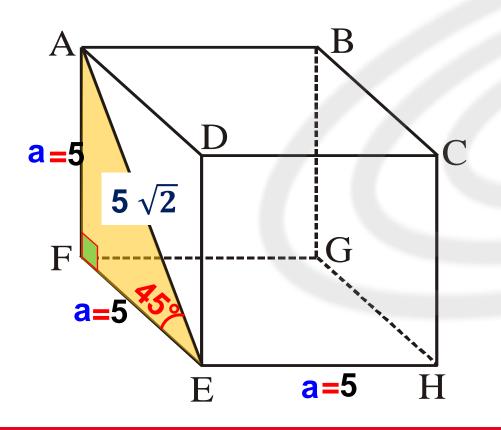
6. En lafigura, AE = $5\sqrt{2}$. Calcule el área de la superficie total del cubo.

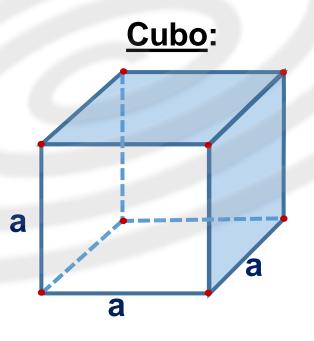
RESOLUCIÓN:

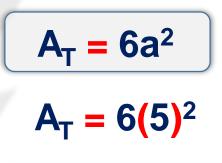
Pide: El área de la superficie total = AT

EL
 △ AFE (Notable 45°- 45°)

$$AF = FE = 5$$







$$AT = 150 u^2$$



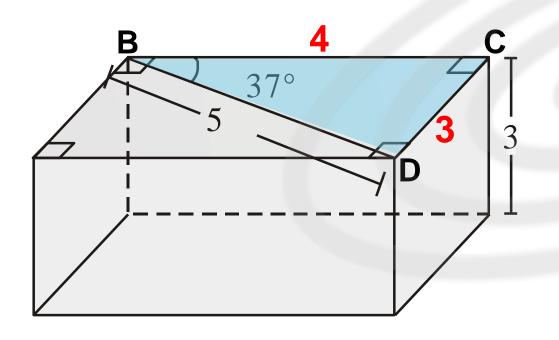
7. Calcular el volumen del paralelepípedo mostrado.

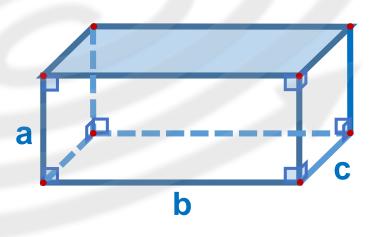
RESOLUCIÓN:

Pide: El volumen del paralelepípedo = V

• EL ⊿BCD (Notable 37°-53°)

$$BC = 4$$
 $CD = 3$





$$V = a.b.c$$

$$V = 4.3.3$$

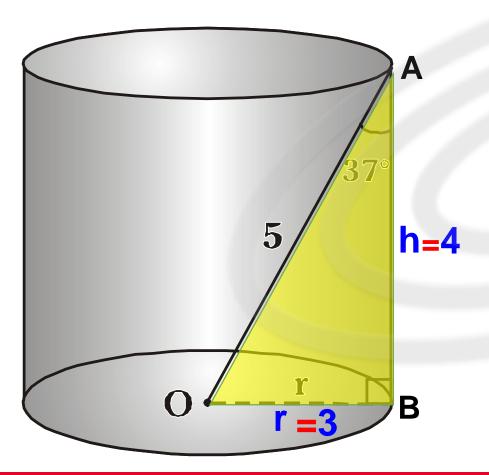
$$V = 36 u^3$$



8. Calcular el volumen el cilindro mostrado.

RESOLUCIÓN:

Piden: El volumen del cilindro = V



• EL △AFE (Notable 37°-53°)

$$OB = 3$$
 $AB = 4$

Volumen del cilindro:

$$V = \pi R^2.h$$

$$V = \pi \cdot 3^2 \cdot 4$$

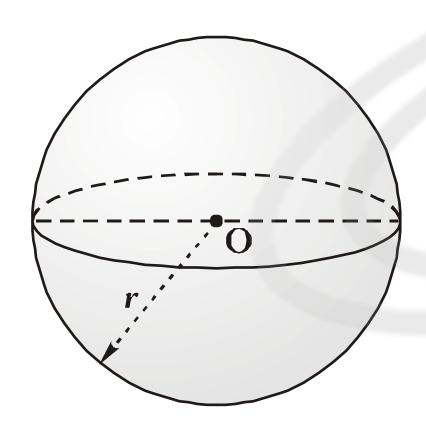
$$V = 36\pi u^3$$



9. Calcular el radio de una esfera si su volumen mide $\frac{32}{2}$ π u³

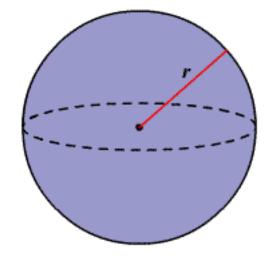
RESOLUCIÓN:

Piden: El radio de la esfera = r



Volumen de la esfera

$$V_{(esf)} = \frac{4.\pi \cdot r^3}{3}$$



Dato:

$$\frac{32}{3} \pi = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$$

$$8 = r^{3}$$

$$8 = r^3$$

$$r = 2 u$$

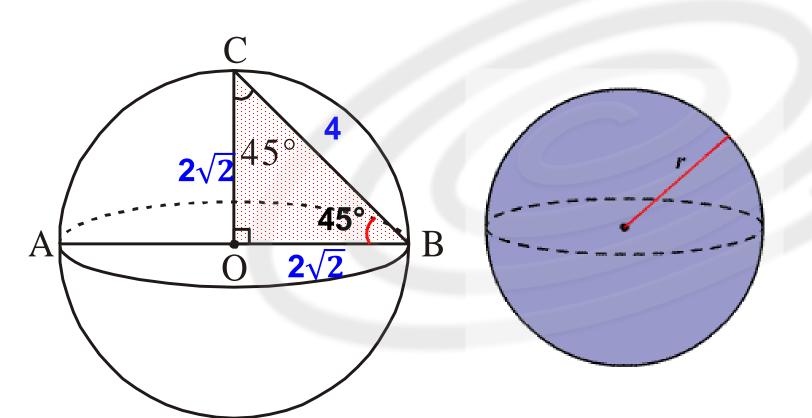


10. En la figura, CB = 4. Calcule el área de la superficie esférica.

RESOLUCIÓN:

Piden: El área de la superficie esférica = As

EL △COB (Notable 45°-45°)



$$OC = OB = 2\sqrt{2}$$

Área de la de la esfera

$$A_{s(esf)} = 4.\pi r^2$$

As =
$$4\pi (2\sqrt{2})^2$$

$$As = 32\pi u^2$$