

ENGLISH

Chapter 13 Session B





FOLLOWERS OF FASHION

Relative Pronouns / Some, any, no





Relative Pronouns

- Read the sentences below. Write if the words in **bold** refer to people (P), things (T), locations (L) or time (TI). Then write the words they refer to.
 - T <u>the stiletto</u> In the 1950s, Italian designers created the stiletto, **which** has a very thin pointed heel.
 - a T shoes Sports brand Nike has produced shoes **that** look like human feet.
 - b P The woman No one has a bigger shoe collection than the woman who owned around 3,000 pairs.

- where fashion is a must.
- d P The girls Trendsetters that wear heelless shoes find them difficult to walk in.
- trendy in the 1970s when rock bands began to wear them.

2 Based on the rules below, complete the chart.

- a Relative pronouns are used to connect sentences. They refer to nouns (people, places, things mentioned previously).
- **b** When we talk about people we can use who or that.
- **c** When we talk about things we can use *which* or *that*.
- **d** When we talk about places / locations, we use *where*.
- **e** When we talk about time, we use *when*.

people

The woman Who/that lives in that house owns a shoe store.

things

Chinese factories produce a lot of clothes that/which are sold in Europe.

time

An engineer invented the bikini in 1946,

when
Americans were testing atom bombs in the Bikini Atoll.

place

Milan is a city <u>where</u> many glamorous shoes are made.

3 Choose the correct words.

- a Noritaka Tatehana is the mar who / which designs shoes for Lady Gaga.
- **b** The 1950s is **that / when** stiletto shoes became fashionable.
- c The jackets which / when my brother bought were really expensive.
- d She's the girl that which I met at the party.
- e Where's the scarf who that I lent you last night?
- f San Francisco is that / where my cousins live.

4 Match the columns to make sentences.

- a That's the store
- b I'm the person
- c New Year's was
- d Is that the dress
- e He's the man
- f That's the dog

- d that cost you \$100?
- a where I bought my suit.
- f which bit me.
- c when I last saw him.
- b who called you yesterday.
- e that emailed me last week.

5 Complete the sentences with who, which, where or when.



Erling Persson is the man _____who started the company. Västerås in Sweden is a <u>where</u> the first store opened. 1947 is **b** when Persson opened his first store. There are now over 160,000 employees c who work for the company. H&M employs 100 designers d who work on the clothes. 4,553 is the number of stores e which the company owns. The things **f which** the company sells include clothes, shoes and cosmetics.

- In informal language, we can omit which, who or that when the pronoun refers to the object of the sentence.
 The shoes they are wearing have a basic design. (Notice that the shoes are the object of the verb 'wear'; in this case, we don't need to use that or which.)
- Which, who or that can never be omitted when they refer to the subject of a sentence.

It was Lady Gaga who / that first wore 'heelless shoes'. (In this case, Lady Gaga is the subject of the verb 'wear,' so who / that cannot be omitted.)

Whose is used to indicate possession.
 Boots whose platform soles became trendy in the 1970s can be seen in lots of different styles.

If your teen doesn't like the clothes a that / X are perfect for them in your opinion, you are not alone. He or she is not the only adolescent b which / who thinks you don't have a clue about fashion. Don't worry! As teens grow, fashion is one of the ways c X / where they use to express their feelings and show how they see the world. Teens d who / X undergo 'style-change' are just trying to express themselves.



Read the text about fashion for teens and <u>underline</u> the appropriate relative pronouns. X refers to omission of the pronoun.

7 INTERFACE Work in pairs. Ask and answer the questions using relative pronouns.

What's a food that you really don't like? What's the name of a person who makes you laugh?

Personal answer



A Famous Designer

1 Look at the pictures. Who is the woman in the picture on the left? What is her job?



2

Listen to the first part of the interview. Check your answers.



The woman is Stella
McCartney.
She's a fashion designer.

- Listen to the second part of the interview and answer the questions.
 - Where did she grow up?

1 in London

2 near London

b What sort of school did she go to?

1 an expensive private school

2 the local state school

When did she become interested in fashion?

1 as a teenager 2 as a grown-up



1 in Paris



- e Who modelled at her first fashion show?
 - 1 Kate Moss
- 2 Claudia Schiffer
- f When did she start working for Chloe?
 - **1** 1997

- 2 2001
- g Who did she design a wedding dress for in 2000?
 - 1 Kate Moss

- 2 Madonna
- h Why doesn't she use leather or fur?
 - 1 because she is against animal cruelty
 - 2 because they are very expensive



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Relative Pronouns



Underline the correct words.

Mary Quant was a fashion designer **which** / **who** became famous in London in the sixties.

- a The 1960s was the time where / when miniskirts first became fashionable.
- **b** The store **which** / **where** I bought this jacket is on Maple Street.
- c I know a girl **which** / **who** is a successful fashion model.
- d Why don't you wear those shoes that / who you bought last week?
- e I didn't like those people which / that we met in the park.
- **f** Let's go to that museum **who / which** has antique clothes on display.

2 Match the sentence beginnings with the endings.

- a 3 My friend has a cat
- b 2 That's the girl
- c 1 Do you remember that day
- d 7 Are you the person
- e 6 Can I see the dress
- f 4 Let's go to that store
- g 5 I don't like people

- 1 when we both wore the same clothes?
- 2 who smiled at you in the park.
- 3 that loves watching TV.
- 4 where you got your jacket.
- 5 who always show off.
- 6 that you wore to the party?
- 7 that I spoke to on the phone?

Complete the text using which, who, where or when.

A friend of mine <u>who</u> is studying fashion design recently had to create clothes from unusual materials. One material a which she used was plastic trash bags. She made clothes with them **b** <u>which</u> looked really expensive. There were other students in her course c ____who_ made amazing skirts and dresses out of newspaper d which they folded into pleats. My friend asked me to wear one of her creations on the day e when her teachers were coming to see her work. I agreed but I didn't realize it was a really big deal. I went to the college

where there was a room full of photographers. I found my friend and she took me to the back g where there was a changing room. I put on the black plastic dress h which she had made and i which looked amazing on me. Then I had to walk down the catwalk <u>j_where</u> there were lots of other models and loads of photographers who took pictures of me. I enjoyed it, especially at the end k when a woman from a modeling agency offered me some paid work. But the best bit was I when I took off the plastic dress. It looked great but it was very hot under those bright lights!

4 Join the sentences using who, which, where or when.

I have some fashion magazines. They're from the sixties.

I have some fashion magazines which are from the sixties.

a There's a man outside. He wants to see you.

There's a man outside who wants to see you.

b There's a store on Santee Street. You can get two pairs of shoes for \$30.
There's a store on Santee Street where you can get two pairs of shoes for \$30.

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- c I can't wait for the summer. We can wear shorts and sandals.
 - I can't wait for the summer when we can wear shorts and sandals.
- **d** I have a friend. She always makes her own clothes.
 - <u>I have a friend who always makes</u> <u>own clothes.</u>
- There's a bookstore on my street. You can look at books and have a coffee.

 There's a bookstore on my street where you can look at books and have a coffee.
- f I have a dress of my grandmother's. It looks great on me.
 - I have a dress of my grandmother's which looks great on me