

ALGEBRA Chapter 14





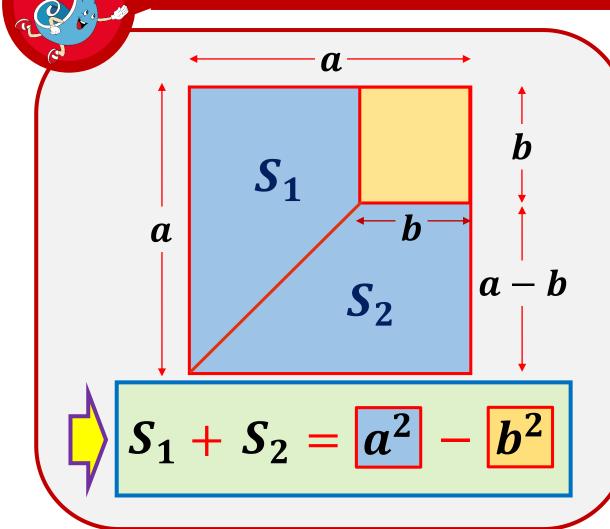
PRODUCTOS NOTABLES II

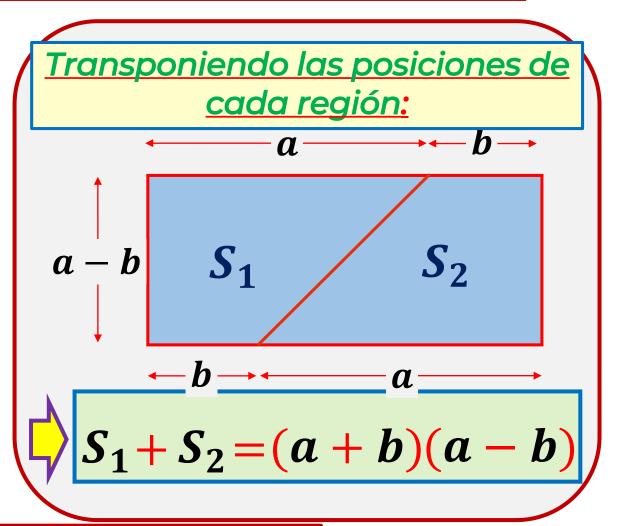


HELICO MOTIVATING









$$\therefore a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$$

HELICO THEORY CHAPTHER 14





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DIFERENCIA DE CUADRADOS

$$(a+b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2$$

Ejemplos

Efectuar:

a)
$$(x+3)(x-3) = x^2-3^2$$

= x^2-9

b)
$$(2m + 5)(2m - 5) = (2m)^2 - 5^2$$

= $4m^2 - 25$



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DESARROLLO BINOMIO AL CUBO

$$(a+b)^3 \equiv a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3$$

Ejemplo

Efectuar:

$$(m+2)^3 = (m)^3 + 3(m)^2 \cdot (2) + 3(m) \cdot (2)^2 + 2^3$$

= $m^3 + 6m^2 + 12m + 8$

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DESARROLLO BINOMIO AL CUBO

$$(a-b)^3 \equiv a^3-3a^2b+3ab^2-b^3$$

Ejemplos: Efectuar:

$$(x-4)^3 = (x)^3 - 3(x)^2 \cdot (4) + 3(x) \cdot (4)^2 - (4)^3$$
$$= x^3 - 12x^2 + 48x - 64$$

HELICO PRACTICE CHAPTHER 14





PROBLEMA 1:

Efectúe en cada caso.

a)
$$(x+9)(x-9)$$

$$=(x)^2 - (9)^2$$

$$= x^2 - 81$$

b)
$$(y-10)(y+10)$$

$$= (y)^2 - (10)^2$$

$$= y^2 - 100$$

c)
$$(x^3 + 2)(x^3 - 2)$$

$$= (x^3)^2 - (2)^2$$

$$= x^6 - 4$$



PROBLEMA 2:

Simplifique:
$$A = (m + 7)(m - 7) - (m + 5)(m - 5)$$

$$A = (m+7)(m-7) - (m+5)(m-5)$$

$$A = (m)^2 - (7)^2 - ((m)^2 - (5)^2)$$

$$A = m^2 - 49 - m^2 + 25$$

$$A = -24$$



PROBLEMA 3:

Reduzca

$$D = (x+2)(x-2)(x^2+4)+16$$

$$D = (x+2)(x-2)(x^2+4) + 16$$

$$D = (x^2-4)(x^2+4) + 16$$

$$D = (x^2)^2 - 4^2 + 16$$

$$D = x^4$$



PROBLEMA 4:

Efectue
$$T = \sqrt{(\sqrt{12} + 1)(\sqrt{12} - 1) + (\sqrt{15} + 1)(\sqrt{15} - 1)}$$
.

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$$7 = \sqrt{(\sqrt{12}^2 - 1^2)} + (\sqrt{15}^2 - 1^2)$$

$$T = \sqrt{11 + 14}$$

$$T = 5$$



PROBLEMA 5:

Efectúe

$$A = (x + 2)^3 - x^3 - 6x^2 - 12x$$

$$A = (x+2)^3 - x^3 - 6x^2 - 12x$$

$$A = (x)^3 + 3(x)^2(2) + 3(x)(2)^2 + (2)^3 - x^3 - 6x^2 - 12x$$

$$A = x^3 + 6x^2 + 12x + 8 - x^3 - 6x^2 - 12x$$

$$A = 8$$

PROBLEMA 6:

Anita compra a sus hijos regalos por buenas notas, si hallas el exponente luego de simplificar F, sabrás cuantos hijos tiene:

$$F = (x+5)^3 - 5x(3x+15) - 125$$

RESOLUCIÓN

$$F = (x+5)^3 - 5x(3x+15) - 125$$

$$F = (x)^3 + 3(x)^2(5) + 3(x)(5)^2 + (5)^3 - 15x^2 - 75x - 125$$

$$F = x^3 + 15x^2 + 75x + 125 - 15x^2 - 75x - 125$$

$$F = x^3$$

Anita tiene 3 hijos

PROBLEMA 7:

El precio de un USB en soles es "2E", si se sabe que:

$$E=rac{(x+3)^3}{x^3+9x^2+27x+27}+10$$
 ¿Cuál es el precio del USB?

$$E = \frac{x^3 + 3x^2(3) + 3x(3)^2 + 3^3}{x^3 + 9x^2 + 27x + 27} + 10$$

$$E = \frac{x^3 + 9x^2 + 27x + 27}{x^3 + 9x^2 + 27x + 27} + 10$$

$$E = 1 + 10 = 11$$
El precio del USB es 22

PROBLEMA 1:

Efectúe en cada caso.

RESOLUCIÓN

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$$(x+9)(x-9)$$
 = $(x)^2 - (9)^2$
= $x^2 - 81$

b)
$$(y-10)(y+10)$$
 = $(y)^2 - (10)^2$
= $y^2 - 100$

c)
$$(x^3 + 2)(x^3 - 2)$$
 = $(x^3)^2 - (2)^2$
= $x^6 - 4$

PROBLEMA 2:

Simplifique: A = (m + 7)(m - 7) - (m + 5)(m - 5).

RESOLUCIÓN

$$A = (m+7)(m-7) - (m+5)(m-5)$$

$$A = (m)^2 - (7)^2 - ((m)^2 - (5)^2)$$

$$A = m^2 - 49 - m^2 + 25$$

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ALGEBRA

SACO OLIVEROS

ALGEBRA

SACO OLIVEROS

HELICO | PRACTICE

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PROBLEMA 3:

Reduzca

$$D = (x+2)(x-2)(x^2+4)+16$$

RESOLUCIÓN

$$D = (x+2)(x-2)(x^2+4)+16$$

$$D = (x^2 - 4) (x^2 + 4) + 16$$

$$D = (x^2)^2 - 4^2 + 16$$

$$D = x^4$$

PROBLEMA 4:

Halle el valor de $T = \sqrt{(\sqrt{12} + 1)(\sqrt{12} - 1) + (\sqrt{15} + 1)(\sqrt{15} - 1)}$.

$$T = \sqrt{(\sqrt{12} + 1)(\sqrt{12} - 1) + (\sqrt{15} + 1)(\sqrt{15} - 1)}$$

$$T = \sqrt{(\sqrt{12} - 1^2)} + (\sqrt{15} - 1^2)$$

$$T = \sqrt{11 + 14}$$