

ENGLISH

4th.
SECONDARY

SESSION B
BIMONTHLY
REVIEW
CHAPTERS 7- 12

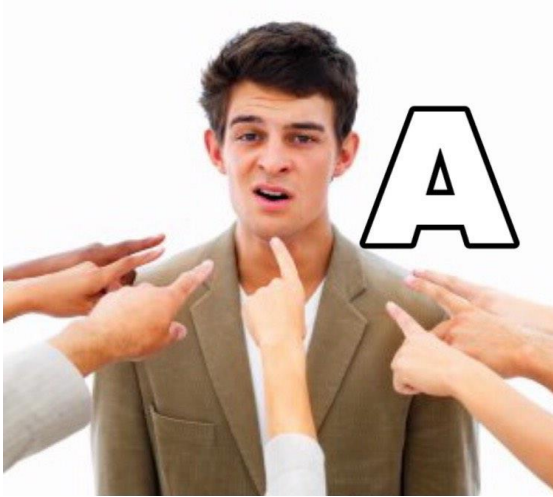


 **SACO OLIVEROS**

HELICOMOTIVATION



VOCABULARY : WHAT'S THE CORRECT ACTION ?



A POINT AT SOMEONE

B BRING A PRESENT

C SHAKE HANDS

D TAKE OFF YOUR SHOES

E BE RUDE

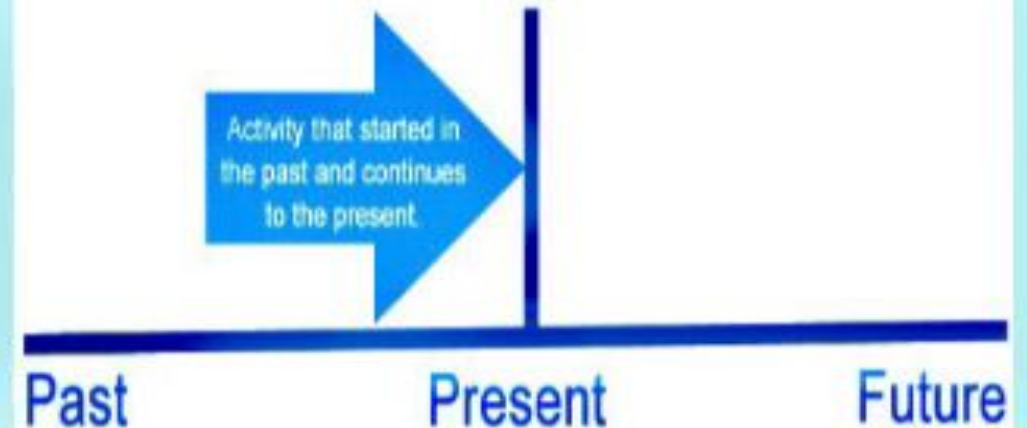
F SNAP YOUR FINGERS

What is present perfect tense?

- The present perfect tense connects the present to the past.
- It is used to express actions that happened at an unspecified time or that began in the past and continue in the present. The exact time is not important.
- Present Perfect **can't be used** with specific time expressions such as yesterday, one year ago, last week, etc.
- Present Perfect can only use **unspecific expressions** such as: ever, never, already, yet, just, once, many times, several times, before, so far, etc.

Present Perfect Tense

Has/Have + Past Participle



PRESENT PERFECT : CHOOSE THE CORRECT ALTERNATIVE

1) Charlie and I _____ to Europe yet.

a) has been

b) had be

 haven't been

2) _____ they _____ the train tickets yet ?

a) Had - buy

 Have-buy

c) Have - bought

3) Nothing _____ since we left this city in 2009.

a) has change

 has changed

c) have changed

4) My daughter _____ since my birthday.

 hasn't written

b) hasn't wrote

c) have written

5) It _____ so easy to travel abroad for a better future.

a) has never be

b) never been

 hasn't been

PRESENT PERFECT : MATCH THE SENTENCES CORRECTLY

- a) We _____ been in the opera _____ over a year .
- b) She hasn't _____ French _____ December.
- c) It _____ two years _____ we last saw him.
- d) It _____ snowed here _____ 10 months.
- e) There _____ been any war in this country _____ over a century.

- 1 (**d**) hasn't – for
- 2 (**e**) hasn't - for
- 3 (**a**) haven't - for
- 4 (**b**) spoken - since
- 5 (**c**) has been - since



PRESENT PERFECT : PUT THESE WORDS IN THE CORRECT ORDER

1.finger/little daughter /her /a knife. /My /has cut/ with

My little daughter has cut her finger with a knife.

2.have /our city./known them/they /We /since /arriv

We have known them since they arrived to our city.

3.crossing/was /as she /The/the street./has fallen /o

The old woman has fallen as she was crossing the street.

4.and brought/just/your results. /has /The doctor/co

The doctor has just come and brought your results.

5.not home./just left./ have /The Weems'/they /are/I think

The Weems' are not home. I think they have just left.



PRESENT PERFECT : MATCH THESE RULES CORRECTLY

1. We use _____ to express something that happened before we expected.

2. We use _____ to expect something to happen.

3. We use _____ to express the duration of a state or activity.

4. We use _____ between the auxiliary and the main verb.

5. We use _____ for a point in past time .

a. how long

b. still

c. since

d. already

e. yet

1 D

2 E

3 A

4 B

5 C

HELICO THEORY

MODALS OF OBLIGATION

MUST

official, written rules

"You must answer at least one question."
"You must be over 18 to buy alcohol."

strong recommendation

"If you go to Ireland, you must visit Dublin. It's great!"
"You must see this movie, it's incredibly good!"

when you feel it's necessary
(good decision for you)

"You must study more grammar. It will help you improve."
"I must go to bed early tonight. I want to wake up early."

HAVE TO

when it's necessary
to do it (no choice)

"I have to wear glasses when I'm reading."
"Do you have to work on Saturdays?"
"You have to speak English in Cork English Teacher's lessons."

very strong
recommendation

"You have to visit Berlin. It's the best city in the world!"
"Rachel, you have to watch Django! It's my favourite movie ever!"

SHOULD

soft recommendation
or personal advice

"You should call Maria. I know she misses you a lot."
"What should I cook for dinner? Pasta? Paella? Irish Stew?"
"You look sick. You should go home and rest."

Mustn't

MEANING

It is prohibited; it is not allowed.
It is important that you do NOT do something.

You must not drink that.

= It is forbidden to drink that.
= Don't drink that, it is not allowed.

You mustn't tell John.

= Do NOT tell John.
= You are not allowed to tell John.

Don't have to

MEANING

There is no obligation; you are not required to do something, especially if you don't want to.

You don't have to drink that.

= You don't need to drink that but you can if you want to.

You don't have to tell John.

= You can tell John if you want to but it is not necessary.

CHOOSE THE CORRECT ALTERNATIVE

1) Although the goal is a tan, you_____ neglect sunscreen.



mustn't

b) don't have

c) has to

d) not must

2) _____ you be resting these days? You're still sick !

a) Should

b) Not should



c) Shouldn't

d) Must

3) Ideally, baby kids _____ eat bread until they're three years old.

a) can

b) should

c) have



d) shouldn't

4) Are you that conscious to travel when you _____? You have big dreams!

a) shouldn't

b) can

c) have to

d) should

5) I give you this copy but you _____ show it to anybody.

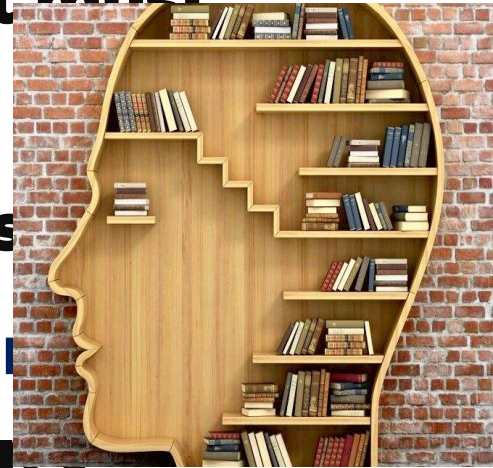
a) can



b) mustn't

c) not must

d) have o



COMPLETE THE SENTENCES : SHOULDN'T – DON'T HAVE TO – MUSTN'T – SHOULD – DOESN'T HAVE TO – HAVE TO

1. Helen may be pale and thin, but **mustn't** think she's ill. (strong rule)
2. A secretary **doesn't have to** be a woman. The secretary can be a man. (not neces)
3. When you **shouldn't** pizza, you add some pizza sauce. (advice)
4. **Should** I visit you this weekend. (self personal advice -)
5. **Don't have to** you each know what the other's doing? . (Q soft advice)
6. People **don't have to** eat junk food to stay alive. They can choose healthy food

CHOOSE THE CORRECT ALTERNATIVE

1) It shouldn't make any difference whether he's adopted or not.

- ☒ a) advice b) obligation c) official rule d) prohibition

2) These remedies have to be taken at the same time for 10 days.

- a) advice ☒ b) strong obligation c) prohibition d) no obligation

3) Even late at night, I have to think I will pass all my final exams.

- a) obligation b) prohibition c) no obligation ☒ d) self advice

4) Maybe that's a sign I should end our so-called friendship.

- ☒ a) self advice b) no prohibition c) official rule d) prohibition

5) She told herself she doesn't have to spend money on clothes only.

- a) prohibition ☒ b) self advice c) obligation d) no prohibition

Jason Lewis , from London, has just completed an amazing journey. He traveled around the world, but he didn't use any form of motor transport. He did it all on his own : on a bicycle, by boat, and on roller skates.

He recently arrived back where he started 46,405 miles, 37 countries and 13 years later. He didn't think he would be away for so long or that it would be so difficult. However, he didn't start out alone. The trip was the idea of a friend, Stevie Smith got as far as Hawaii and has written a book about it. He decided to stop because he wasn't enjoying it any more. "For me it wasn't about finishing, it was about What we learned on the way", Smith said. Jason and Stevie are still good friends, and Stevie was at Greenwich to welcome his friend home.

Along the way, Jason had many exciting adventures and some dangerous accidents. "I broke both my legs in Colorado, I fell in the ocean twice and I nearly died several times", he said. He's also crossed the Himalayas by bike and the Atlantic Ocean by pedal boat, which took him 111 days.

But Jason thinks it's been a wonderful experience : "I've met some fantastic people and I've visited many schools and talked to the students about looking after the world."

How does he feel now? " I can't imagine doing a normal job but I can't keep traveling forever. I'm going to spend some time with my family and think about the future."

SELECT T (TRUE) OR F (FALSE)

TR✓E
or
FXLSE

1. Jason Lewis have used some motor transportation.

T



2. He could complete his journey around the world.



F

3. He expected difficulties and troubles when traveling.

T



4. Stevie helped Jason with the journey expenses.

T



5. Jason really enjoyed these journeys , but he has decided to live with his family.



F

LISTEN CAREFULLY AND COMPLETE

1. Joe!, Hi. How are you? I haven't seen you since graduation.
2. Hi Mariana. What a surprise! It's been a long time.
3. Yeah, I got married a year ago.
4. Anyway, how about you? Didn't you go traveling or something?
5. Yeah, I went to Peru 6 months and then I spent a year in Europe.
6. That sounds amazing . I've never been abroad.
7. Well, I'm looking for a job, but I haven't found one yet.
8. Do you want to be a babysitter?.

