ENGLISH

Chapter 5 Session B

2nd
SECONDARY

EN

THEN AND NOW



HELICOMOTIVATION



TIME EXPRESSIONS IN THE SIMPLE PAST

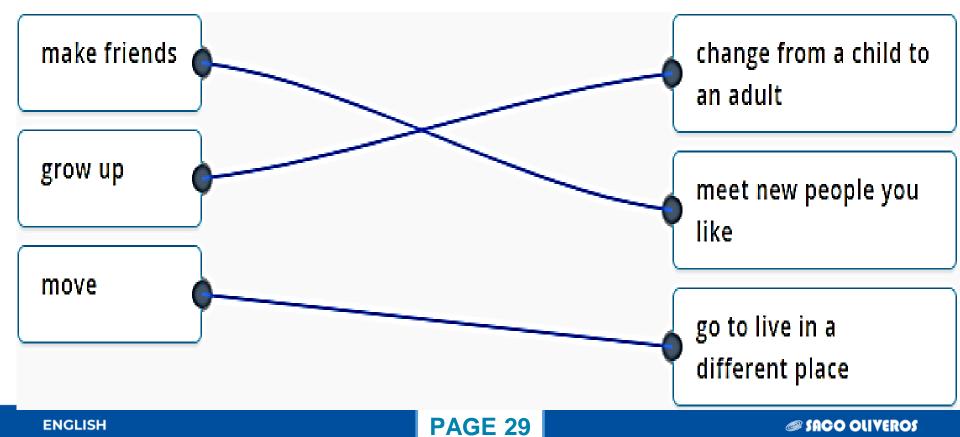
Life events

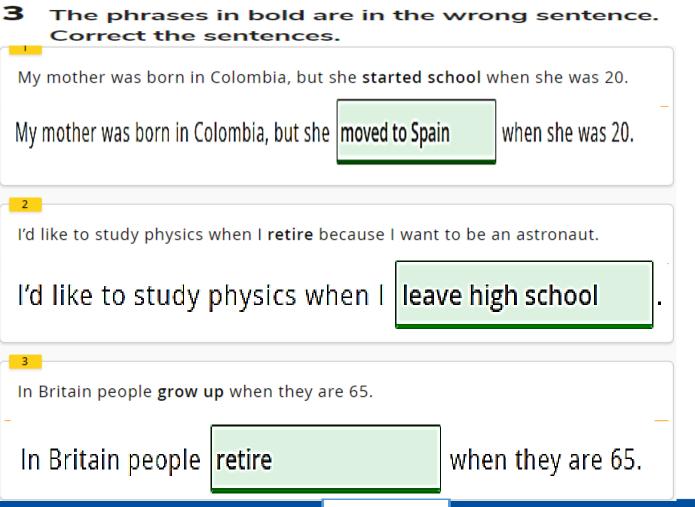
Look at the list of life events in the box and write them in a typical order.

> be born die get a job get married go to college have children leave high school retire start school start work

be born	.:
start school	
leave high school	.:)
go to college	.£)
get a job	.:
start work	
get married	.:
have children	.:
retire	.:
die	

2 Match 1–3 with a–c. Which two things can you do at any time in your life?





I think it's better for children to get a job in the country than in the city. I think it's better for children to grow up in the country than in the city. I'd like to leave high school in television after I leave college. I'd like to get a job in television after I leave college. I moved to Spain when I was four years old. I loved my first teacher. started school when I was four years old. I loved my first teacher. **PAGE 29 ENGLISH** SACO OLIVEROS

- 4 Match captions 1–4 to photos A–D.
 - 1 ___ Artist Michael Nicoll Yahgulanaas mixes traditional Haida art with manga.
 - 2 ___ The First Nations have their own snowboarding team.
 - 3 ___ Totem poles like this can be more than 12 meters tall. They represent family history and show important life events.
 - 4 ___ These pictures of life events are typical of the art of the Haida, one of the First Nations people from the northwest coast of Canada.



Caption 3



Caption 1



Caption 4



Caption 2

Subskill: Identifying key words in questions



Before you start, underline key words to help you recognize the questions when listening.

- 5 12 Listen to a podcast about the First Nations in Canada. Number the questions in the order you hear them.
 - a How many Haida are there today?
 - b Where do First Nations people live today? ___ 2
 - c How many Haida were there?__/
 - d What are the First Nations? 1
 - e Is there a Haida language? ___ 6
 - f How did the Haida live in the past? ____ 5

Simple past

Read the examples. Find two regular and two irregular verbs in the affirmative sentences. How do we form the negative?

Fifty people lived in one big longhouse.

Europeans brought new illnesses to the islands.

People didn't speak Haida.

In 2017 they made the first Haida movie.

People married someone from the other group.

2 Write the simple past of the verbs in the box.

	Look at the Irregular verbs list on pp134–135.					
come	came	see	saw			
do		ctart	_			

ao start did

got

went



study

studied

get go

talked

talk

ENGLISH	PAGE 30		
read	read		
play	played	write	wrote
like	liked	work	worked
have	had	think	thought

- Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.
 - 1 The Maori <u>arrived</u> (arrive +) in New Zealand about 700 years ago.
 - 2 They <u>Went</u> (go +) 1,000 miles to New Zealand from Polynesia by boat.
 - They didn't have (have -) maps: they used (use +) the sun and stars to navigate.
 - 4 The Maori <u>Called</u> (call +) the country <u>Aotearoa</u>, which means 'The Land of the Long White Cloud.'
 - 5 Europeans didn't arrive (arrive -) there until the 1600s.

used to

5 Read the examples and circle the correct option.

There used to be about 30,000 Haida.

People didn't use to live in individual houses.

Did people use to watch movies in Haida?

- 1 We use used to to talk about the past/ present/future.
- We use used to for states and repeated actions/things we did once in the past.
- We only use *used to* in the **simple present/ simple past.**
- 4 After used to, we write the verb in the base form/-ing form.

6 Complete the text about TV in the 1970s with the correct form of used to.

Most families in the 1970s only had one TV, so they all 1 <u>used to watch</u> (watch +) in the same room. Remote controls 2 didn't use to exist (exist -), so they couldn't change channels from their chair. People 3 didn't use to have (have -) computers, so you could only watch a series on TV and you 4 __used to wait___ (wait +) a week for the next episode. Because there 5 <u>didn't use to be</u> (be -) many channels, everyone talked about the same shows.

Write questions about TV when you were six years old using used to.

how many hours / watch per day

How many hours did you use to watch per day

where / watch TV

Where did you use to watch TV

have / a favourite programme

Did you use to have a favorite show

Н

GRAMMAR ROUND-UP

Spencer O'Brien is a world champion snowboarder from Canada. Spencer is from the Haida Nation. First Nations people 1 didn't use to become/didn't used to become top athletes, but now they 2 has/ have more opportunities to compete. Spencer **3 could to/could** ski when she was only two, but she first tried snowboarding when she 4 were/was 11. She 5 used to go/ use to go snowboarding for fun, but then she started to train more seriously. Later, Spencer represented Canada in the 2014 and 2018 Olympics[®] and she **6 wins/won** a gold medal at the 2016 X-Games®. When she **7 isn't** competing/doesn't compete, Spencer loves cooking. She 8 often works works often to help young First Nations people in sports too.