



ENGLISH

Chapter 5

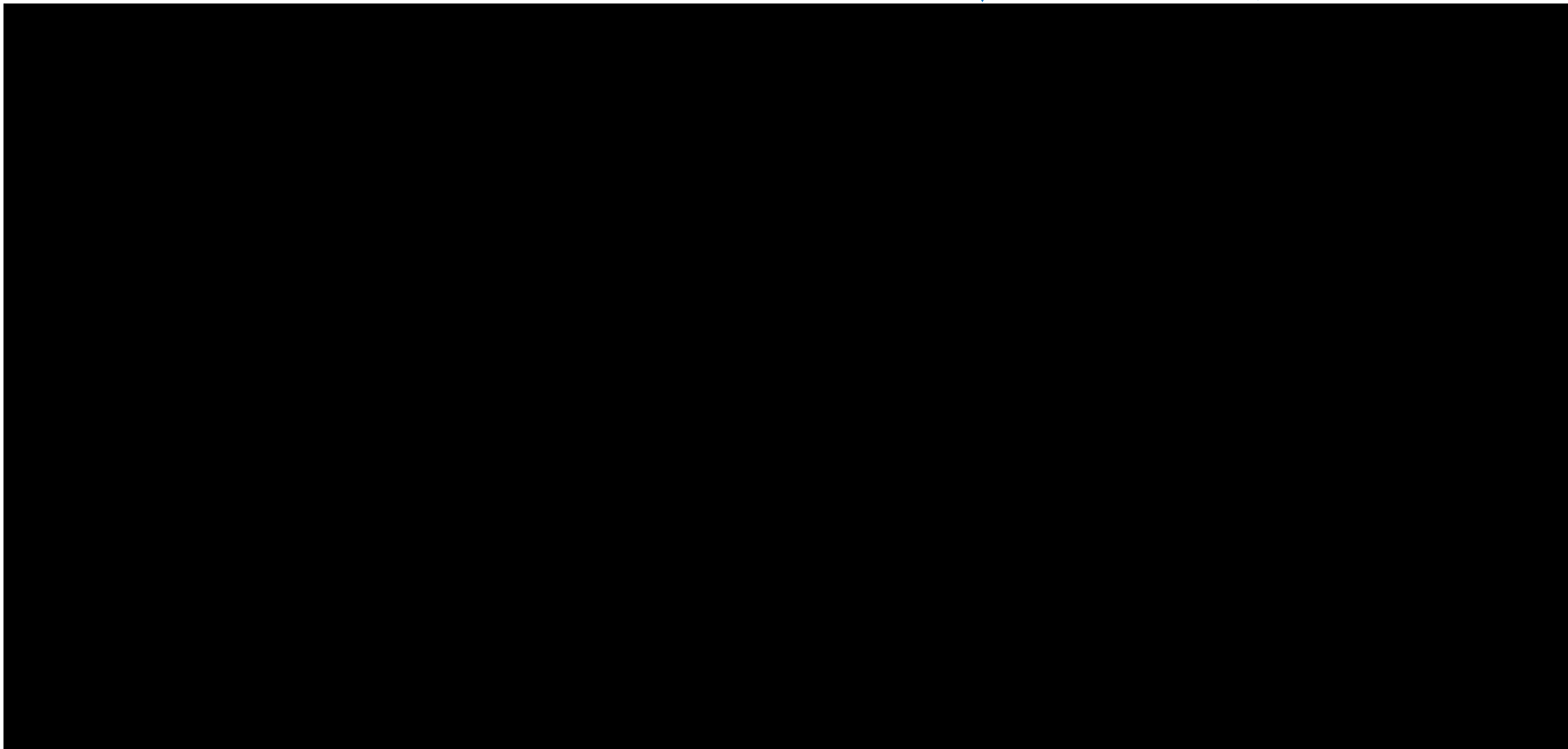
4th
SECONDARY

FRIENDS FOR LIFE?



 **SACO OLIVEROS**

HELICOMOTIVATION



Essential and non-essential adjective clauses

1 Read the examples. Which nouns are essential to the adjective clauses?

Essential adjective clauses

An essential adjective clause gives essential information that defines the noun.

Santana met a stranger **who looked like her.**

We trust people **whose features are similar to ours.**

The videos **which Niamh made** soon went viral.

Niamh's website is a place **where people can look for their doppelgänger.**

Relative pronouns and adverbs

who for people *which* for things *when* for times

whose for possession *where* for places

who and *which* can be replaced by *that*



I like the cookies **that she makes.**

2



Work in pairs. Complete the phrases with a relative pronoun or adverb. Ask and answer about ...

- 1 the place where you grew up.
- 2 an object which/that is important to you.
- 3 a time when a friend has helped you.
- 4 a person who/that is one of your neighbors.
- 5 a relative whose last name is different from yours.

3 Join the sentences using an essential adjective clause. Make any necessary changes.

1 That's my friend. His mom works with my mom.

That's my friend whose mom works with my mom.

2 That's the house. My best friend used to live there.

That's the house where my best friend used to live.

3 They're my teammates. They play rugby with me.

They're my teammates who play rugby with me.

4 That was the match. Our opponents won it.

That was the match which our opponents won.

5 2018 was the year. My niece was born then.

2018 was the year when my niece was born.

4 Read the examples. Would these sentences still make sense without the adjective clauses?

Non-essential adjective clauses

A non-essential adjective clause gives extra, but not essential, information about the noun. We always use commas with non-essential adjective clauses.

In non-essential adjective clauses, we can't replace *who/which* with *that*.

Niamh, Harry and Terence, **who all studied in Dublin**, challenged each other.

Niamh, **whose story fascinated people around the world**, set up a website to help others.

5 Circle the correct relative pronoun or adverb and rewrite the sentences, adding commas where necessary.

1 My dad **who/whose** loves tennis taught me to play.

My dad, who loves tennis, taught me to play.

2 My best friend **who/whose** birthday is on the same day as mine is three hours older than me.

My best friend, whose birthday is on the same day as mine, is three hours older than me.

3 Last summer **when/which** we were taking our exams it was really hot.

Last summer, when we were taking our exams, it was really hot.

4 My sister's roommates **which/who** also study law in college are really friendly.

My sister's roommates, who also study law in college, are really friendly.

5 The city of Ankara **where/which** is the capital of Turkey is in Asia.

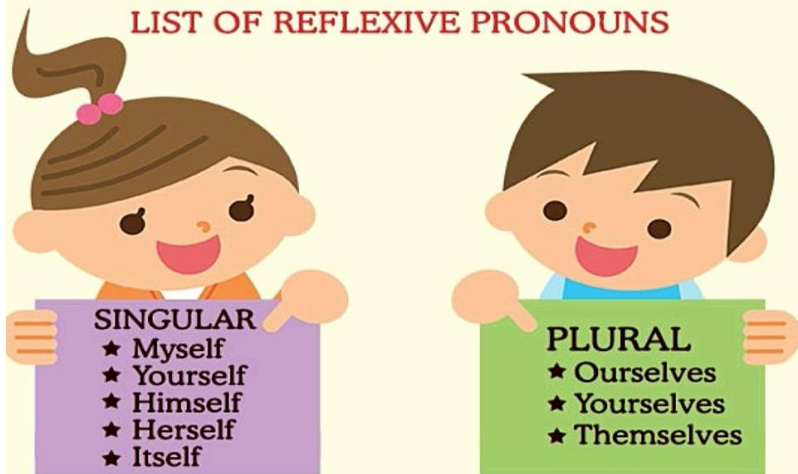
The city of Ankara, which is the capital of Turkey, is in Asia .

Reflexive pronouns and *each other*

- 1** Complete the sentences with these reflexive pronouns. Are any of the forms the same?

herself himself itself themselves yourselves

LIST OF REFLEXIVE PRONOUNS



Reflexive pronouns

Reflexive pronouns are used when the same person is the subject and object of an action.

I promised **myself** that I'd see friends more often.

Do you see **yourself** as a good friend?

My brother never buys **1 himself** new things.

My sister treats **2 herself** all the time!

Does your phone often turn **3 itself** off?

We surround **ourselves** with friends.

Enjoy **4 yourselves** and see you all next week!

Can people call **5 themselves** friends if they've never met?

2 Match the sentence halves.

- | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|----------|---|-------------------------|
| 1 | She taught | c | a | yourself! |
| 2 | We watched | e | b | themselves new clothes. |
| 3 | You have to respect | a | c | herself Russian. |
| 4 | They bought | b | d | himself. |
| 5 | He often talks to | d | e | ourselves on video. |

3 Complete the questions with the verbs in parentheses and the correct reflexive pronouns.

- 1 Have you ever taught yourself (teach) a new skill?
- 2 What do you see yourself (see) doing in five years' time?
- 3 Where do you and your friends go to enjoy yourselves (enjoy) ?
- 4 Have you ever hurt yourself (hurt) in an accident?

4 Match examples 1–2 with pictures A–B.

each other

1 They bought **themselves** gifts. **B**

2 They bought **each other** gifts. **A**

We use **each other** when each person does the same action for the other person.



5 Complete the sentences with a reflexive pronoun or *each other*.

- 1 My two cats don't like each other. They fight a lot!
- 2 I love hanging out with my friends. We make each other laugh.
- 3 Some friends of mine are in a band. They call themselves 'The Rockettes'.
- 4 My first friend and I have kept in touch with each other since we were two.
- 5 I have a problem with my tablet. It keeps turning itself on.

7 Circle the correct option.



GRAMMAR ROUND-UP

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Post Pals

There's nothing better than making someone smile, **1 is there/there is**? That's the idea behind a small charity called Post Pals, **2 where/which** supports children **3 who/which** are in hospital by sending cards, letters and small gifts. Post Pals, **4 whose/who** patron is the DJ and TV presenter Fearne Cotton, was set up by 17-year-old Vikki George at a time **5 which/when** she was spending almost 24 hours a day in bed due to a serious illness. Vikki promised **6 herself/themselves** that she would do something to help other sick children. Now, years later, Post Pals **7 has already/already has** supported hundreds of sick children and their siblings. So if you **8 've been thinking/thought** of doing something positive, try it!

HOMEWORK
from 1 to 5

Thank
YOU