GEOMETRÍA

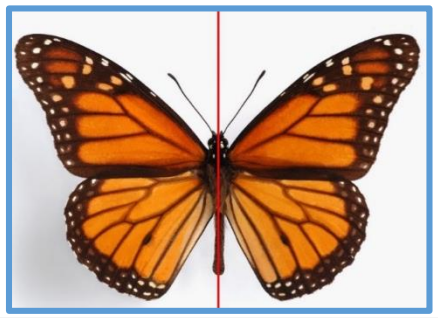
Capítulo 9

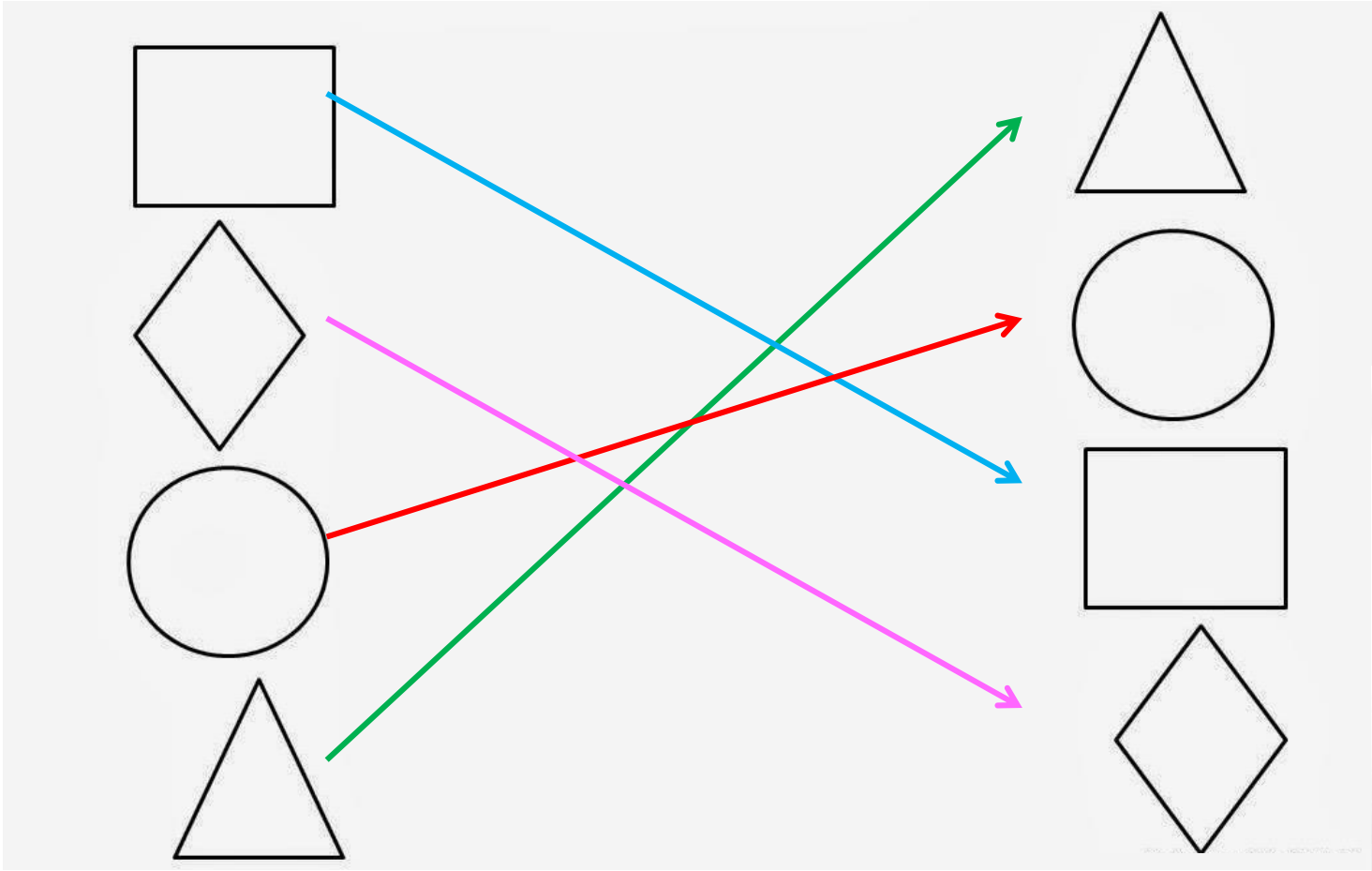
3rd
SECONDARY

APLICACIONES DE LA CONGRUENCIA

SACO OLIVEROS

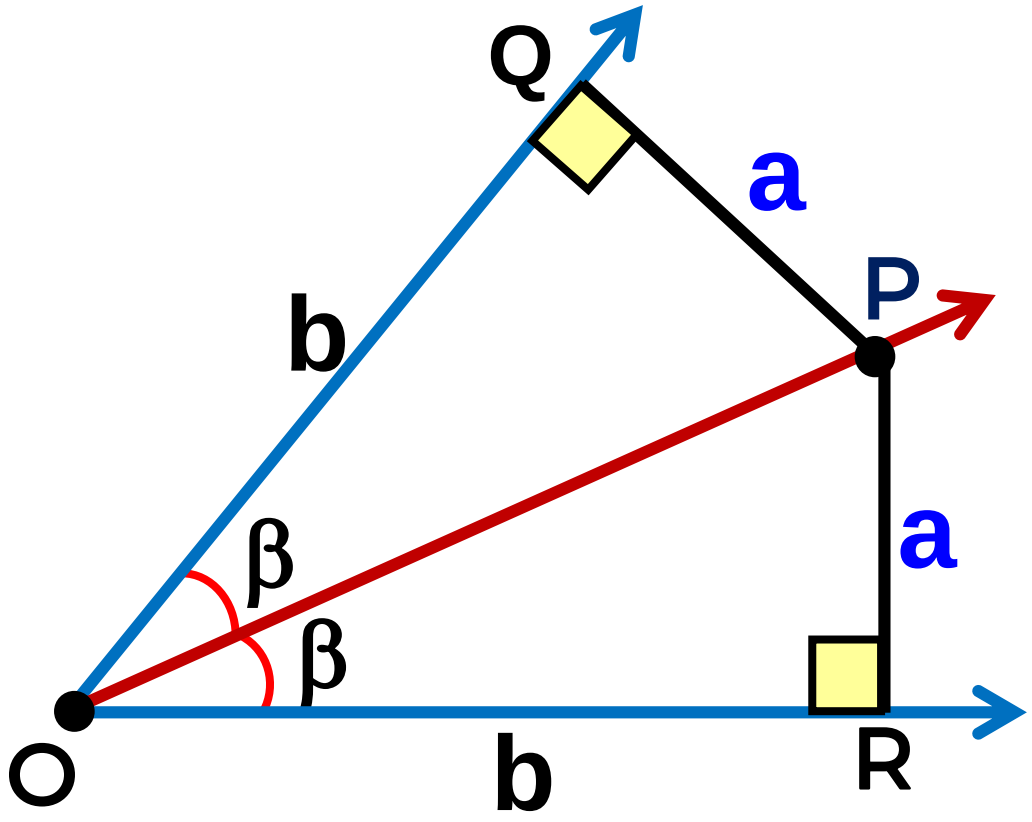
MOTIVATING | STRATEGY





Aplicaciones de la congruencia de triángulos

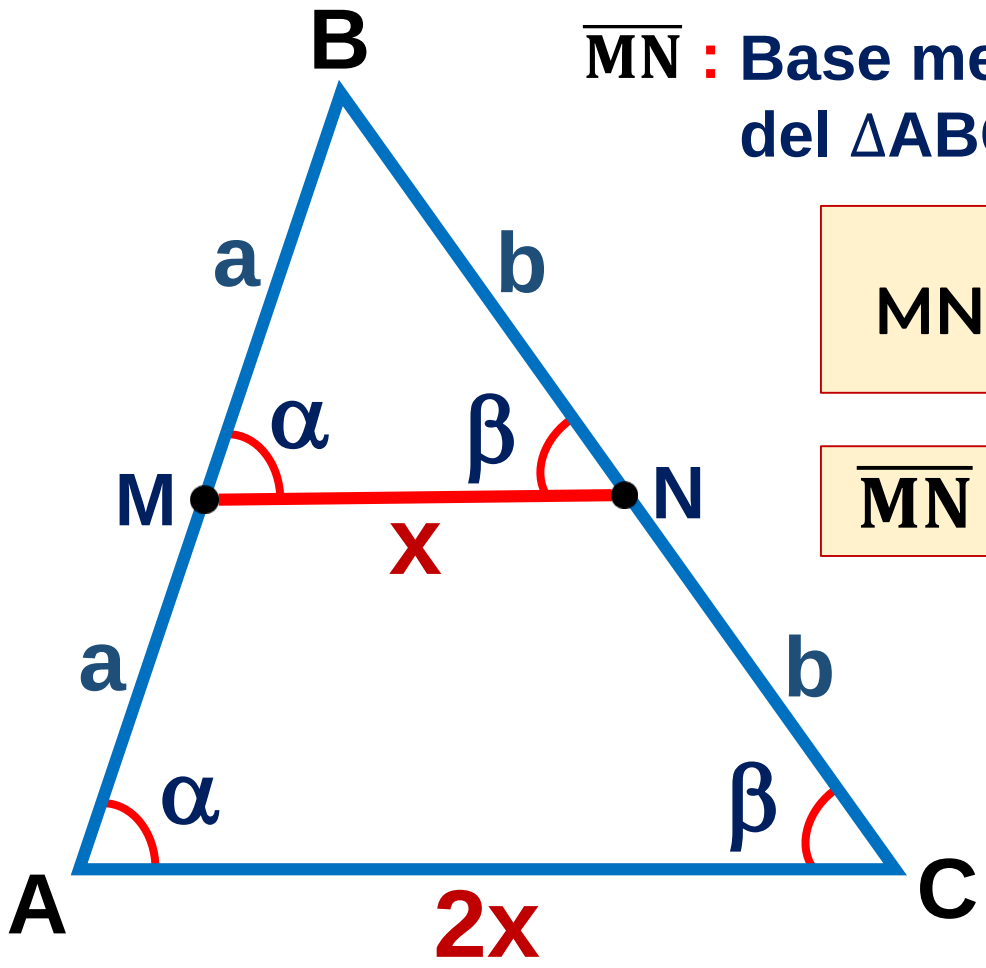
1 TEOREMA DE LA BISECTRIZ



$OQ = OR = b$

$PQ = PR = a$

2 TEOREMA DE LA BASE MEDIA



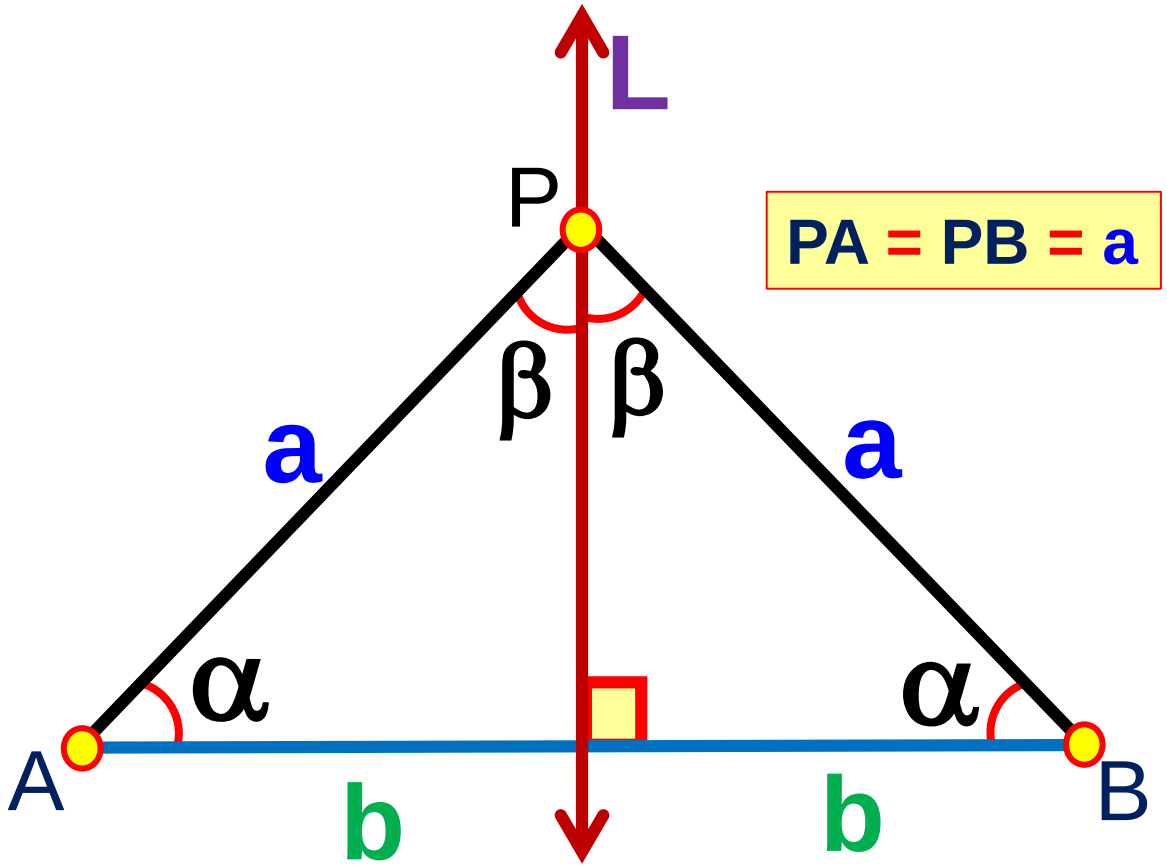
$\overline{MN}$: Base media del ΔABC.

$$MN = \frac{AC}{2}$$

$$\overline{MN} \parallel \overline{AC}$$

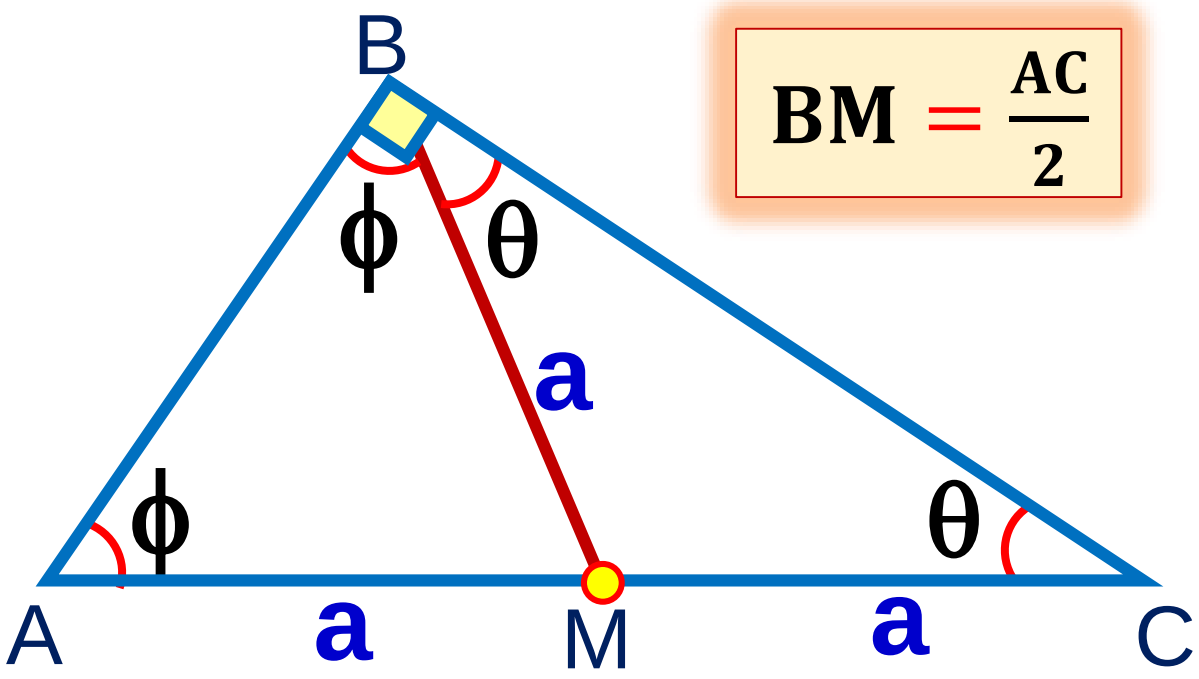
3 TEOREMA DE LA MEDIATRIZ

$\overleftrightarrow{L}$: Mediatriz del $\overline{AB}$

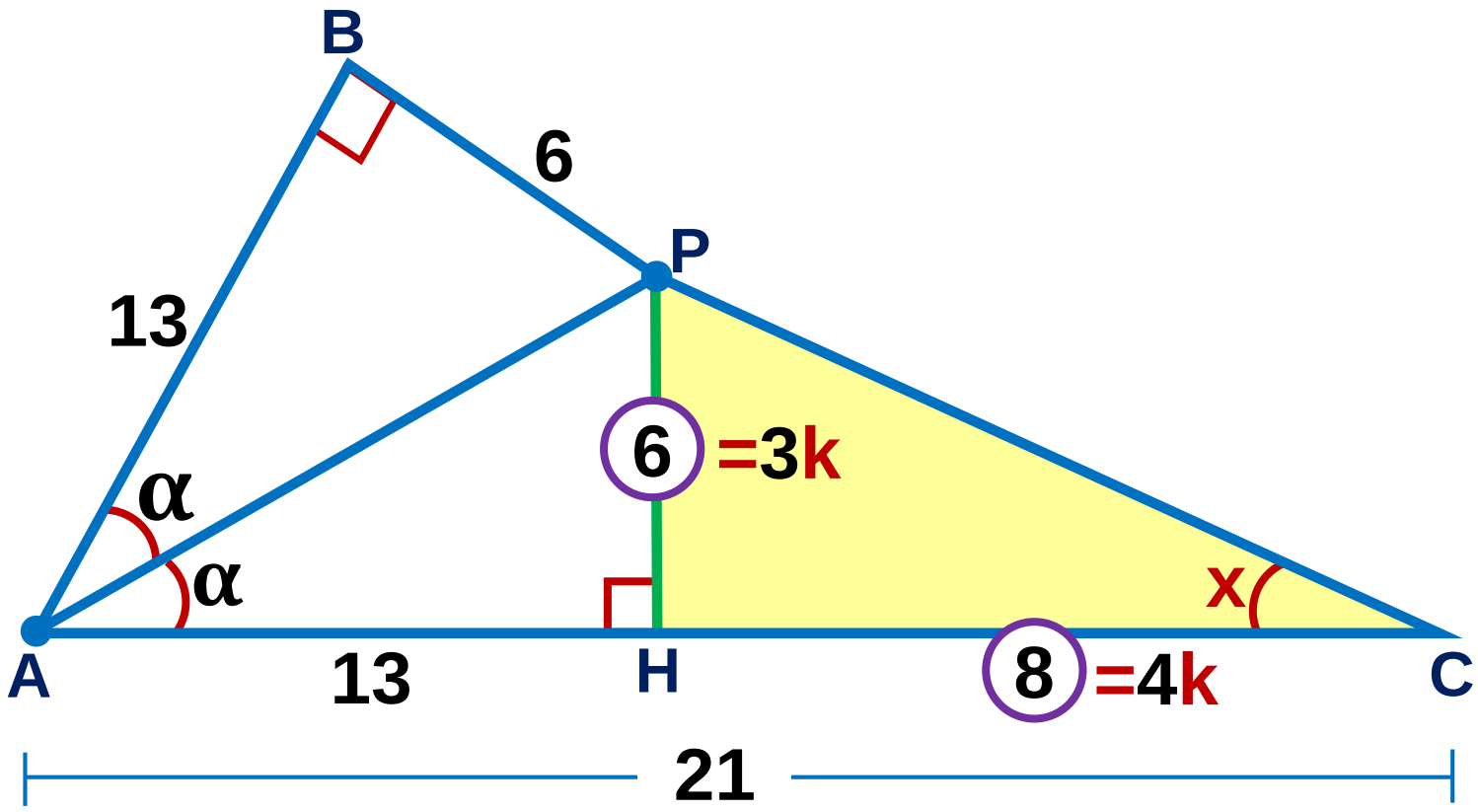


4 TEOREMA DE LA MEDIANA RELATIVA A LA HIPOTENUSA

$\overline{BM}$: Mediana relativa a la hipotenusa.



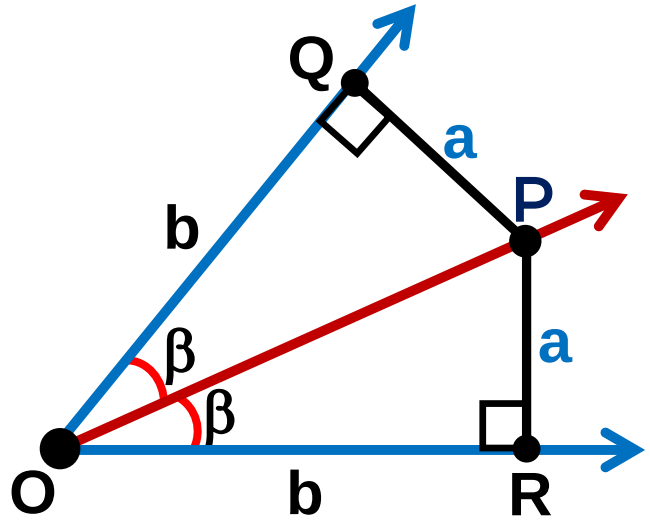
1. En la figura, halle el valor de x.



RESOLUCIÓN:

- **Piden: x**

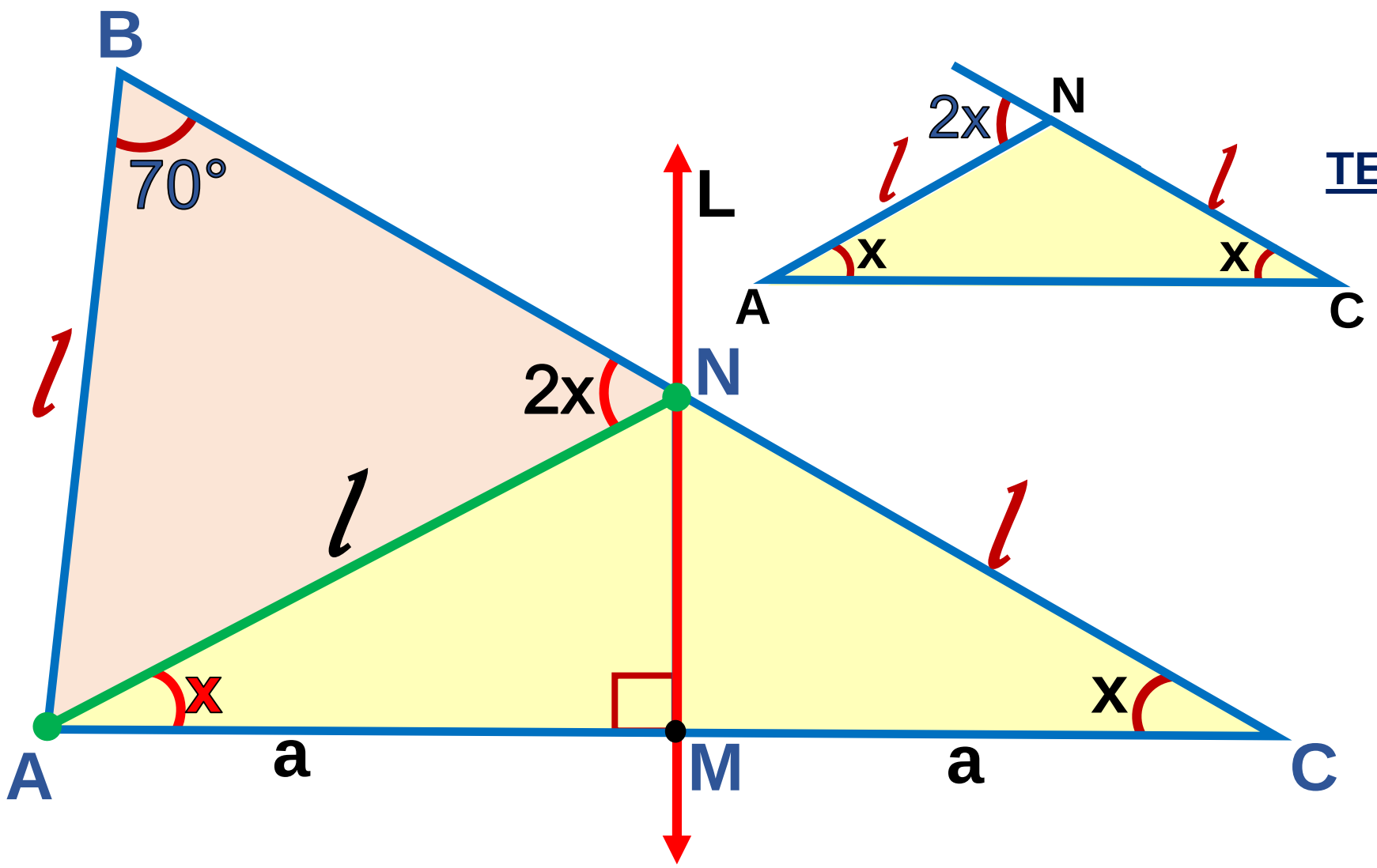
TEOREMA DE LA BISECTRIZ



- **⊿PHC: notable 37° y 53°**

x = 37°

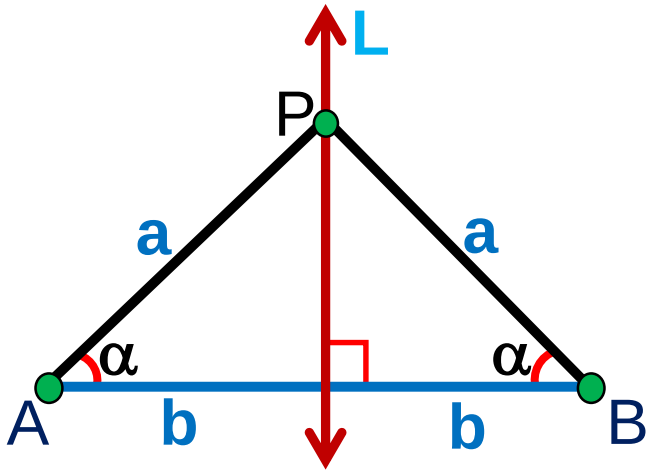
2. En la figura, halle el valor de x.



RESOLUCIÓN:

- Piden: x
- $\overleftrightarrow{L}$: Mediatriz del $\overline{AC}$

TEOREMA DE LA MEDIATRIZ



$\overleftrightarrow{L}$: Mediatriz del $\overline{AB}$

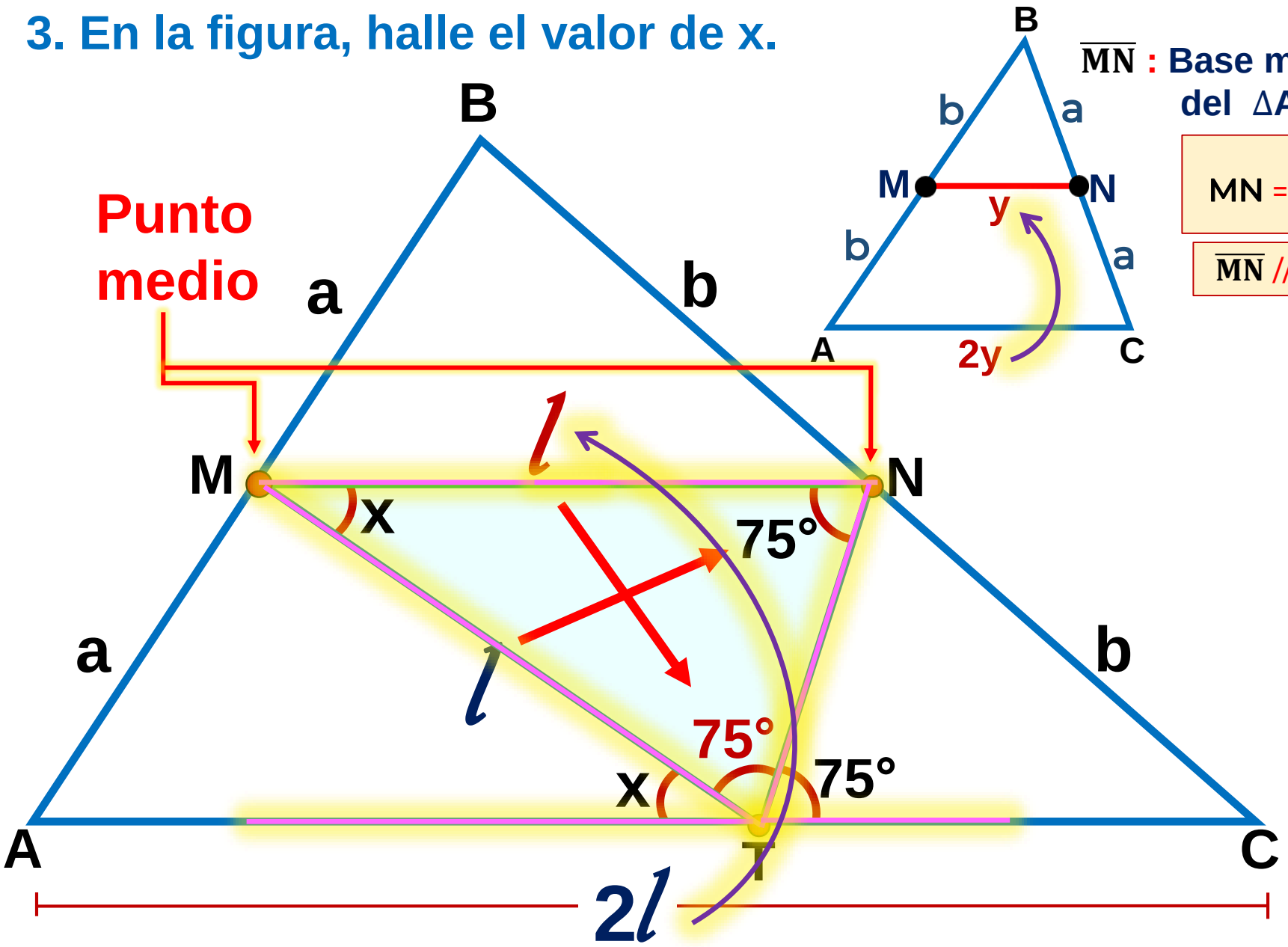
- ΔBAN: isósceles

$2x = 70°$

$x = 35°$

TEOREMA DE LA BASE MEDIA

3. En la figura, halle el valor de x.



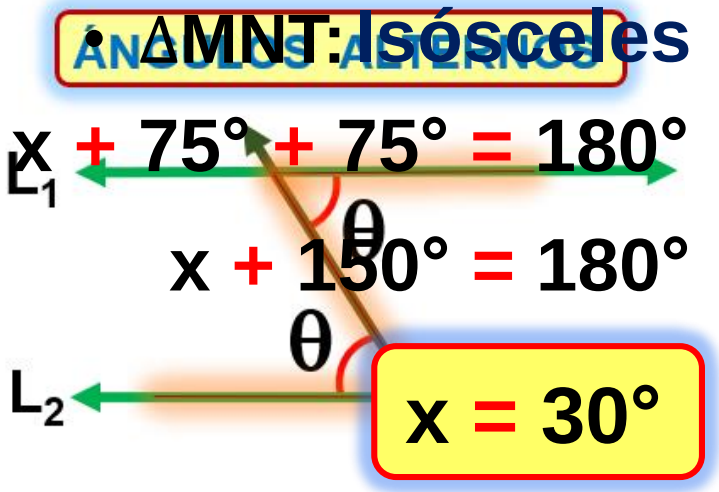
$\overline{MN}$: Base media del ΔABC.

$$MN = \frac{AC}{2}$$

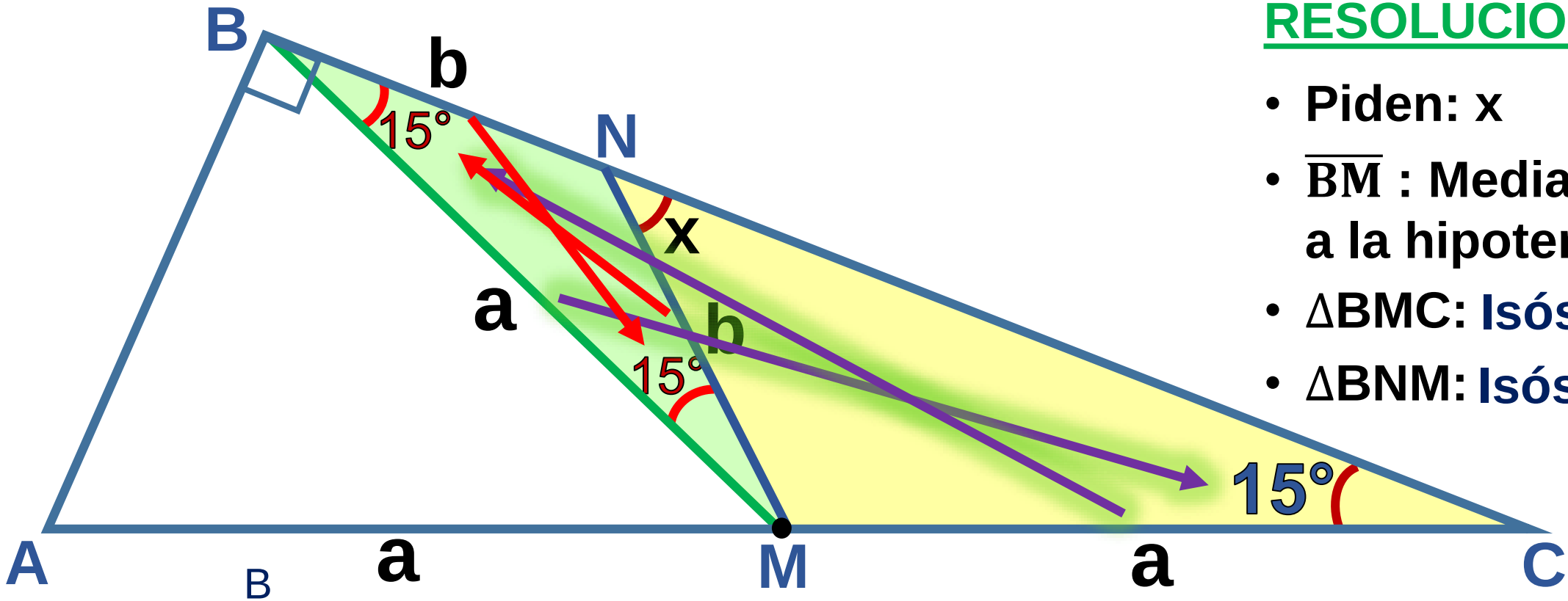
$\overline{MN} \parallel \overline{AC}$

RESOLUCIÓN:

- Piden: x
- Trazamos $\overline{MN}$ (Base media)
- $\overline{MN} \parallel \overline{AC}$
- ΔMNT: Isósceles

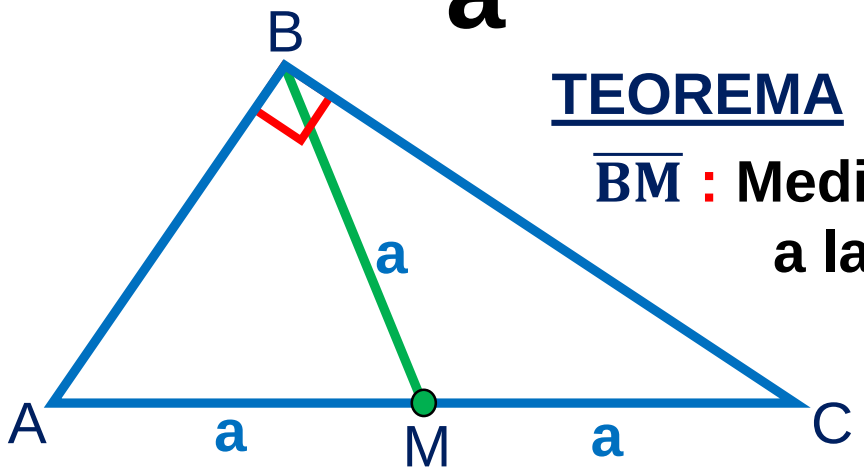


4. En la figura, halle el valor de x.



RESOLUCIÓN:

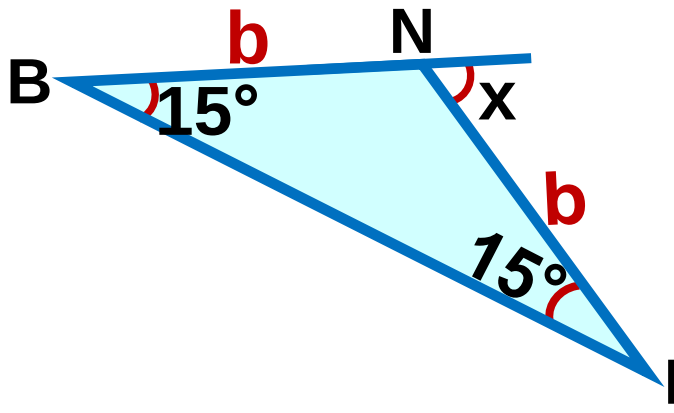
- Piden: x
- $\overline{BM}$: Mediana relativa a la hipotenusa.
- ΔBMC: Isósceles
- ΔBNM: Isósceles



TEOREMA

$\overline{BM}$: Mediana relativa a la hipotenusa.

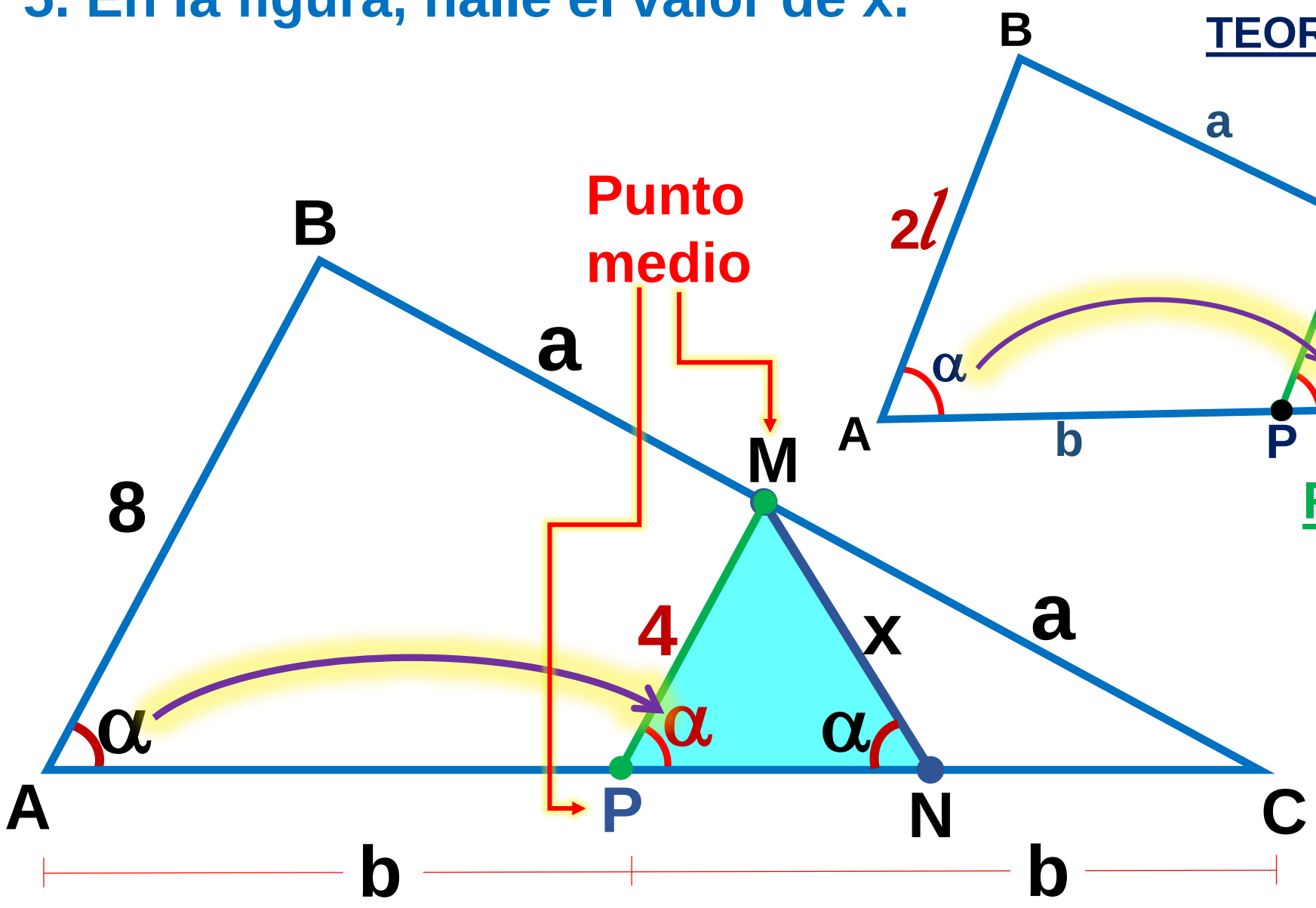
$$BM = \frac{AC}{2}$$



$x = 15° + 15°$

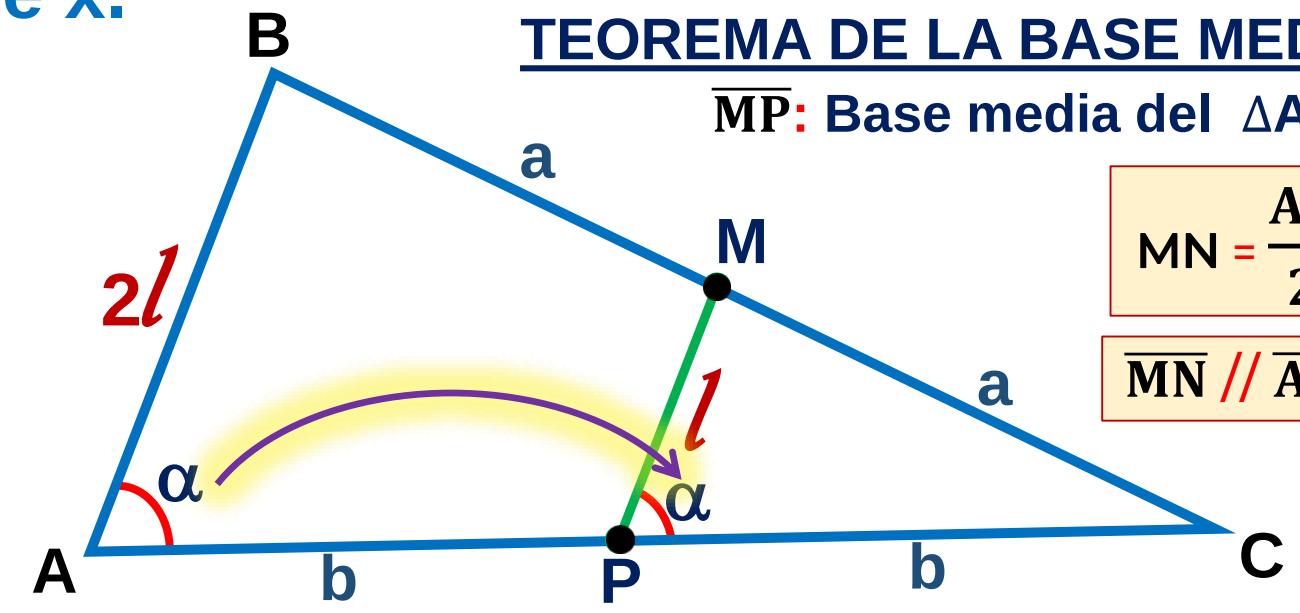
$x = 30°$

5. En la figura, halle el valor de x.



TEOREMA DE LA BASE MEDIA

$\overline{MP}$: Base media del ΔABC



$$MN = \frac{AC}{2}$$

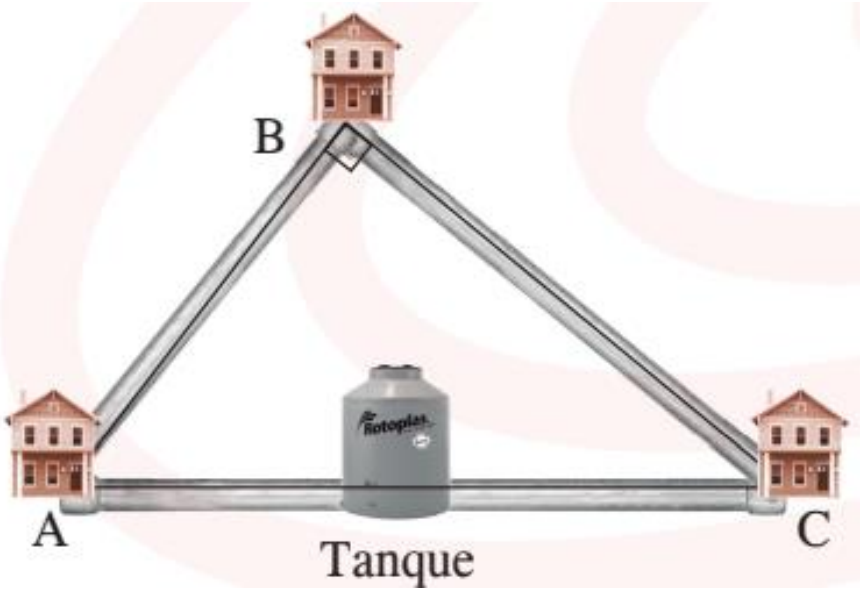
$\overline{MN} \parallel \overline{AC}$

RESOLUCIÓN:

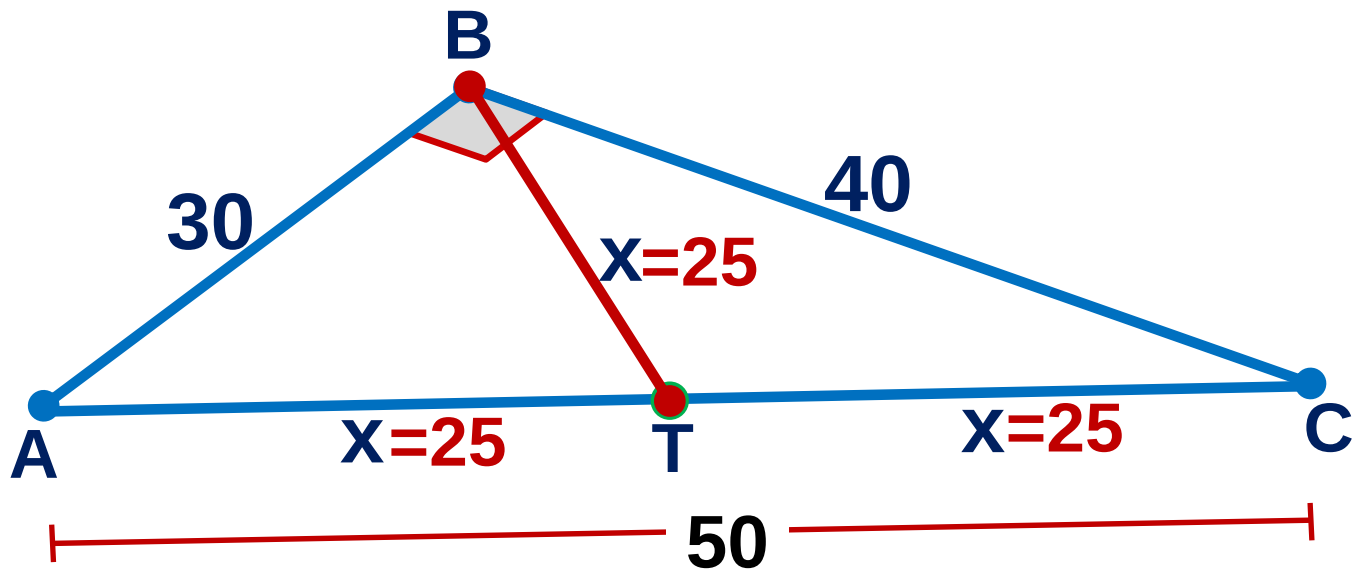
- Piden: x
- Trazamos $\overline{MP} \parallel \overline{AB}$
- $\overline{MP}$ (Base media)
- ΔMPN: Isósceles

x = 4

6. Se instala un tanque con agua para abastecer las casas A, B y C tal que equidiste de dichas casas. Si la casa A está a 30 m de la casa B y B a 40 m de la casa C, halle la distancia entre el tanque y la casa B.



RESOLUCIÓN:



- Piden: BT
- $\overline{BT}$ mediana relativa a la hipotenusa.
- $\triangle$ABC: Teorema de Pitágoras

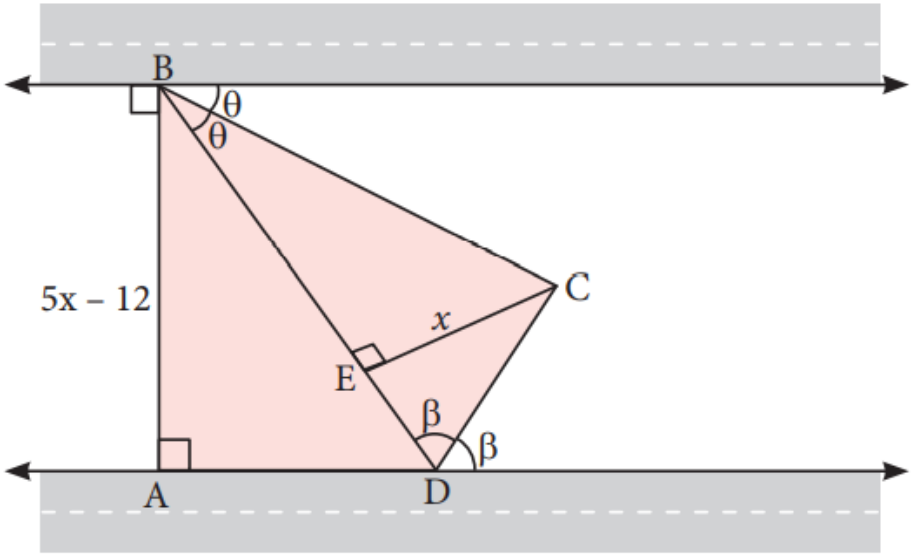
$AC^2 = 30^2 + 40^2$

$AC^2 = 2500$

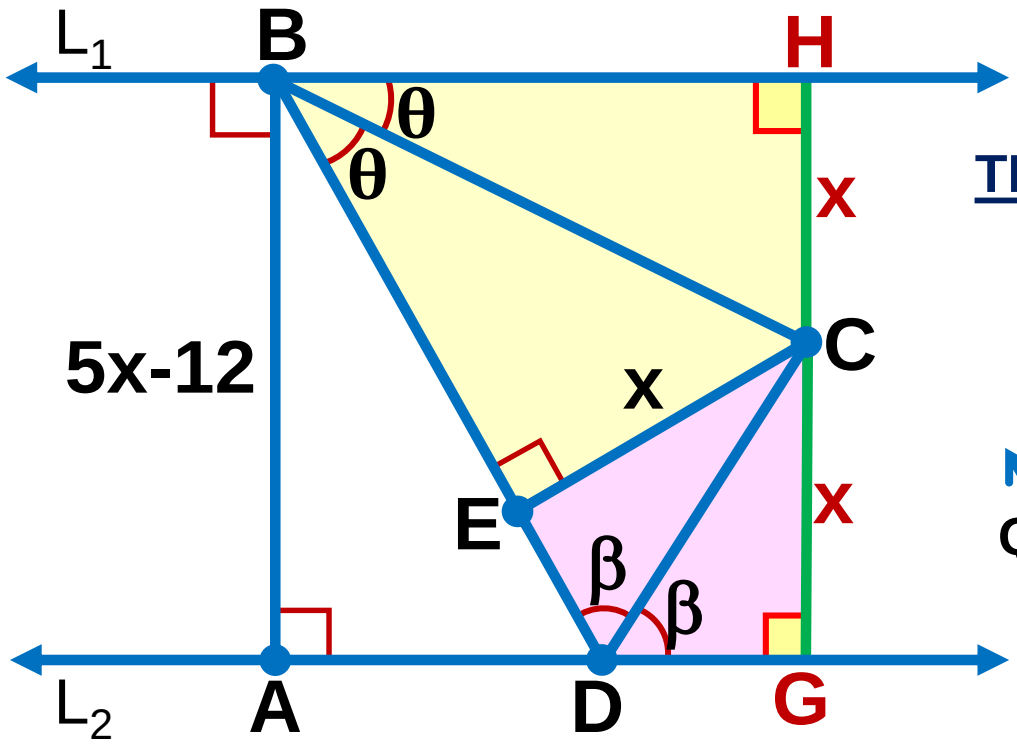
$AC = 50$

BT = 25 m

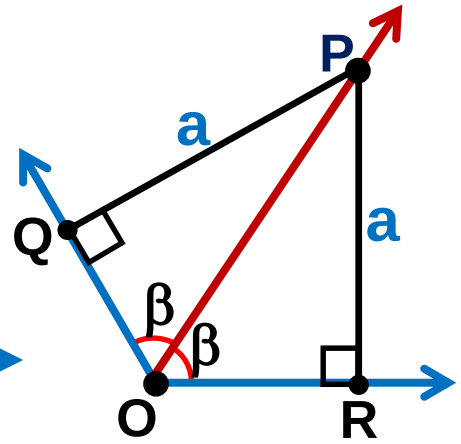
7. Entre 2 carreteras paralelas hay un terreno que está dividido en 3 partes para poder cosechar variedades de vegetales, con dicha información determine la distancia entre C y el cerco $\overline{BD}$.



RESOLUCIÓN:



TEOREMA DE LA BISECTRIZ



- Piden: CE = x
- CE = CH = x
- CE = CG = x
- Del gráfico:

$$AB = GH$$
$$5x - 12 = 2x$$
$$3x = 12$$
$$x = 4$$

CE = 4 m