ENGLISH

Chapter 2
Session A

2nd SECONDARY

Stories





HELICOMOTIVATION



Simple present

1 Read the examples and the Spelling rules on p21 to complete the rules.

SACO OLIVEROS

He uses an app called Animaker.

David doesn't do programming.

Why do politicians meet him?

Do they post videos on social media?

Yes, they do.

- 1 After he/she/it, the verb ends in <u>S</u>/<u>ES</u>/<u>IES</u>
- 2 To make the negative, use **DON'T** /**DOESN'T** + base form.
- 3 To make the question, use \underline{DO} / \underline{DOES} + base form.
- 4 Answer Yes/No questions with yes + subject +

2 Rewrite the sentences in the affirmative, negative or question form. My grandmother likes watching talent shows. (-) My grandmother doesn't like watching talent shows. Her brother doesn't use a game console. (?) Does her brother use a game console? We don't play construction games. (+) We play construction games. Their teacher shows videos in class. (?) Does their teacher show videos in class? **ENGLISH PAGE 16** SACO OLIVEROS

Adverbs and expressions of frequency

3 Look at the examples. Which one gives a specific idea of frequency and which two describe frequency in general?

He **often** uses films to talk about problems. I upload a video on TikTok **once a week**. Teens are **always** in front of a screen.

He often uses films to talk about problems.

general 🗸

I upload a video on TikTok once a week.

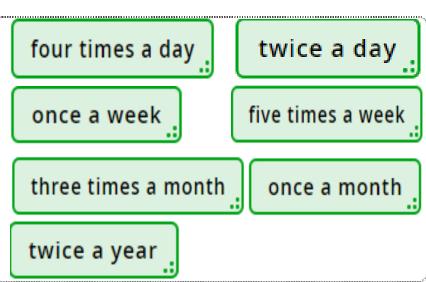
specific 🗸

Teens are **always** in front of a screen.

general 🦠

4 Divide the expressions in the box into two groups: 'specific frequency' and 'general frequency'.

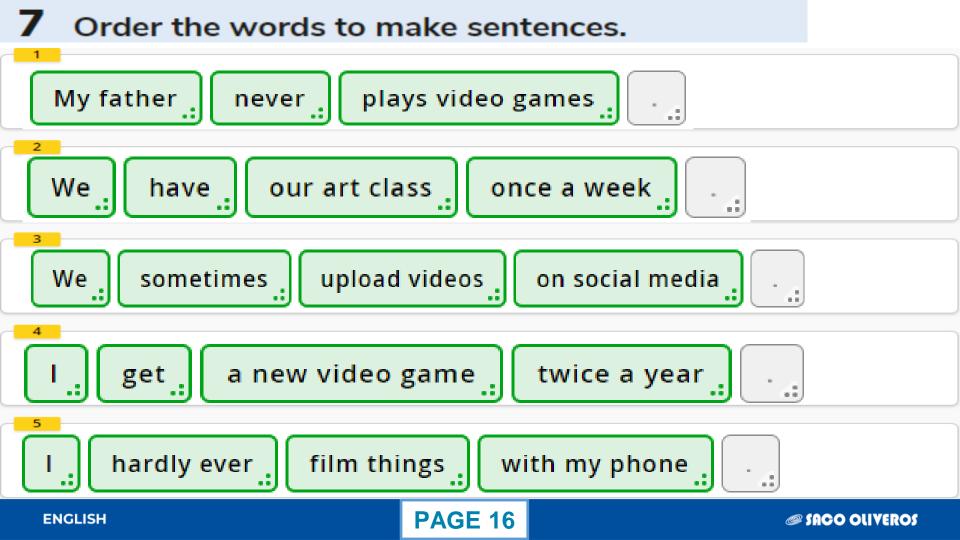
Specific frequency



General frequency



- Look at the examples in exercise 3 and circle the correct option to complete the rules.
- 1 With the verb *be*, general adverbs come **before/**after the verb.
- With other verbs, general adverbs come before/ after the verb.
- 3 With specific frequency, the expression comes at the **beginning/end** of the sentence.



Insert the adverbs and expressions of frequency in the correct position in the text.

How often do you use screens?

I I use screens for five hours a day (sometimes).

2 We use computers in school and I play video games with my friends after school



(three times a week; usually).

3 I go to the movies and I read books (about four times a year; hardly ever). 4 My school celebrates Screen-Free Week (once a year).
5 We all sign a Screen-Free promise card and they organize special activities like sports and

they organize special activities like sports and competitions (usually). It's really fun, but I'm happy it's only one week a year!

How often do you use screens?

¹I use sometimes use screens for five hours a day (sometimes). ²We use computers inr school in school three times a week and I play usually play video games with my friends after school (three times a week; usually). ³I go to the movies about four times a year and I read hardly ever read books (about four times a year; hardly ever). ⁴My school celebrates Screen-Free Week Screen-Free Week once a year (once a year). ⁵We all sign a Screen-Free promise card and they organize usually organize special activities like sports and competitions (usually). It's really fun, but I'm happy it's only one week a year!

1

What can you always find in the middle of March?

The letter r

2

Which English word do people always pronounce badly?



3

What goes up once a year and never comes down?

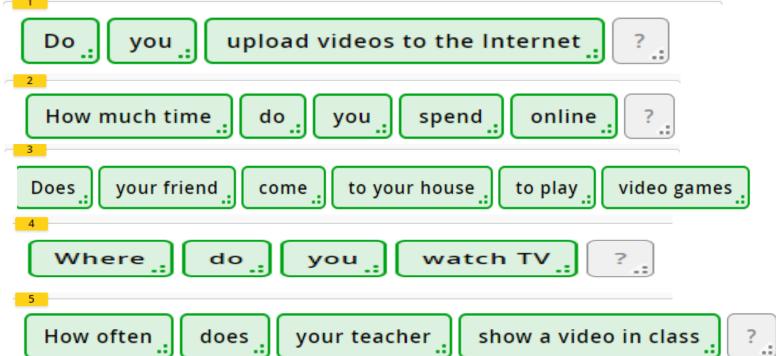




Reinforcement) Complete the sentences with the simple present form of the verbs in parentheses.

- 1 | don't spend (not spend) nine hours a day in front of a screen!
- 2 My dad enjoys (enjoy) watching cooking shows. doesn't watch
- 3 My brother _____ (not watch) TV. He watches (watch) movies on his computer.
- 4 One of my friends <u>follow</u> (follow) a lot of YouTubers.
- 5 We <u>play</u> (play) video games on the weekend, but we don't play (not play) on school days.
- 6 My sister <u>goes</u> (go) to the movie theater, but <u>prefer</u> (prefer) to watch a series on Netflix.

Reinforcement Order the words to make



4 Challenge Complete the article with the simple present form of the verbs in the box.

add build go make not show not use take watch

Morgan Spence, from Glasgow in Scotland, is a young movie-maker. He **1_goes_** to school during the day and **2_makes_** movies in his free time. The interesting thing about his movies is that he **3** doesn't usereal actors. He creates movies using LEGO.

Morgan 4 <u>builds</u> scenes from famous movies

4 Challenge Complete the article with the simple present form of the verbs in the box.

add build go make not show not use take watch

in LEGO. Then he **5** <u>takes</u> photos of the scenes and puts them together using a technique called Stop Motion. He **6** <u>adds</u> the original music and dialogue from the movies later.

They 7 don't show his movies at the movie theater, but you can see them online. Millions of his followers 8 _watch_ them!

5	Chal	lenge
_		

Write questions about the course.



COURSES

ADMISSIONS

NEWS & EVENTS

Movie-making course for 13- to 17-year-olds

April 4th-15th

Learn to use a camera. Write and make your own movie. Show it in the Academy's movie theater.

1

When / the course / start?

When does the course start

2

When / it / finish?

When does it finish

How old / you / need / to be?

How old do you need to be

you / learn / to make a film ?

Do you learn to make a film

the academy / show / the movies in a real movie theater?

Does the academy show the movies in a real movie theater |?