



Course: BTech

Semester: 5

Prerequisite: Calculus, Data Structures, and Algorithms

Course Objective: Formal Language & Automata Theory helps in natural language processing to solve a problem on a model of computation, using an algorithm. It enables to learn in which machine can be made to think.

Teaching and Examination Scheme										
Teaching Scheme					Examination Scheme					Total
Lecture Hrs/Week	Tutorial Hrs/Week	Lab Hrs/Week	Hrs/Week	Credit	Internal Marks			External Marks		
					T	CE	P	T	P	
3	0	0	0	3	20	20	-	60	-	100

SEE - Semester End Examination, T - Theory, P - Practical

Course Content		W - Weightage (%) , T - Teaching hours	
Sr.	Topics	W	T
1	Introduction: Alphabet, languages and grammars, productions and derivation, Chomsky hierarchy of languages	5	2
2	Regular languages and finite automata: Regular expressions and languages, deterministic finite automata -(DFA) and equivalence with regular expressions, Moore machines and mealy machines, Conversion from Mealy to Moore and vice versa, nondeterministic finite automata (NFA) and equivalence with DFA, regular grammars and equivalence with finite automata, properties of regular languages, pumping lemma for regular languages, minimization of finite automata.	30	12
3	Grammars: Context-free grammars (CFG) and languages (CFL), Chomsky normal forms, nondeterministic pushdown automata (PDA) and equivalence with CFG, parse trees, ambiguity in CFG, pumping lemma for context-free languages, deterministic pushdown automata, closure properties of CFLs. , Context-sensitive languages: Context-sensitive grammars (CSG) and languages.	35	15
4	Turing machines: The basic model for Turing machines (TM), Turing-recognizable (recursively enumerable) and Turing- decidable (recursive) languages and their closure properties, variants of Turing machines, nondeterministic TMs and equivalence with deterministic TMs, unrestricted grammars and equivalence with Turing machines, TMs as enumerators.	25	10
5	Undecidability: Church Turing thesis, universal Turing machine, the universal and diagonalization languages	5	6

Reference Books	
1.	Introduction to Automata theory, languages and Computation (TextBook) By John E. Hopcroft, Rajiv Motwani and Jeffery D. Ullman Pearson
2.	Elements of the Theory of Computation By Harry R. Lewis and Christos H. Papadimitriou Pearson Education Asia
3.	Introduction to the Theory of Computation By Michael Sipser PWS Publishing
4.	Introduction to Languages and the Theory of Computation By John C. Martin McGraw Hill
5.	Automata and Computability By Dexter C. Kozen Undergraduate Texts in Computer Science, Springer



Course Outcome

After Learning the Course the students shall be able to:

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1. Recognize the basic concepts and applications of theory of Computation.
2. Solve Computational Problems using Regular Languages and Finite Automata.
3. Solve Computational Problems using Context free Grammar and Push Down Automata.
4. Design Turing Machine for simple computational Problems.
5. Analyze various concepts of undecidability and Computable Function.