ATOM JADRO (RADIOAKTIVITA) MAT. OT. E. 2 (1) objev <u>fadra</u>: <u>RUTHERFORD</u> (1911-1920), planetarné model at. + -11- protonce v pidre. Po nem pruek Rf v PSP. Objev neutione v jadre: THOMSON (1932) 'Be + 2d - 12c + 1m + Objery dalsieh easter, klere se dele do skrefen afool (nettere snat): bosony, hadrony, kvarky, fermiony, piony. URANOLE PAPRSKY - Objec: BECQUEREL (1896) objev 24 (folonium) a 88 Ra (radium) -> " faprsek = =) <u>Nadioaklinta</u>. It i 1903 uselene' Nobel. ceny - Marie, Pierre, Becquerel.

( ona't shueny sivotopis voiciny ) ( anat shueny sirotopis watery) Terminy: 12070PY, slejne Z, lisi se fochem neutioner.

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24 (deersterium) 34 (hickiam)

pr. 14 (prohium) 14 (deersterium) 1 Mi. 12e, 13e, 14e-radioakterné =) Radiouklekon metoda.

Mi. 235, 234, 238, ast.

Mi. 235, 234, 238, ast.

40 hr 12. 12. 92

12. 12. 92

12. 140, 40, 40, Ca, 19

12. 130 (ba 4 m)

12. 130 (ba 4 m)

12. 130 (ba 4 m) DRUHY ZARENI

2d = 4He, 10 N Mehla, tacht fapirem.

2d = 2He, 10 N Mehla, tacht fapirem.

B= 2 (elebtion) 9/10 N Mehla, saight kovoymi

foliemi

B+ = 2 (fosihon)

foliemi

Je (gama) - elektiomaeg. saheni-poud fohonu, nychlosle mehla.

saight oloverymi destami, betonem, skoubne.

 $T = \frac{\ln 2}{\lambda}, \text{ exponential a. Knskanta, urcijili dobu,}$   $T = \frac{\ln 2}{\lambda}, \text{ exponential a. Knskanta, urcijili dobu,}$   $T = \frac{\ln 2}{\lambda}, \text{ exponential a. Knskanta, urcijili dobu,}$   $T = \frac{\ln 2}{\lambda}, \text{ exponential a. Knskanta, urcijili dobu,}$   $T = \frac{\ln 2}{\lambda}, \text{ exponential a. Instanta pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{\ln 2}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{\ln 2}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approximate pader daneko prvku.}$   $T = \frac{210}{\lambda}, \text{ historial approx$ 

THORIOLA  $232 \text{ Th} ... \Rightarrow 204 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M}$ 3, AKTINOVRANOLA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 1 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 1 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 1 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 1 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 1 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 1 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 1 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 1 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 1 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 1 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 1 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila: H) NEPTUNIONA  $0... \Rightarrow 207 \text{ P} = 4 \text{ M} + 3$ 2 Imila

UNE LA RADIOAKTIVITA

delea IRENE CURIE + mangel (medicina, kongervace foliovin),

Venik umëlyek radioizotoffu sterilizace materialie --- )

27 al + 42 --- 30 P + M

13 2 15 0 Foucet eisel na prave =

procedure eisel na prave =

procedure eisel na deve

province stranë rovnice .

proton if newton in elektron il faithon il deuterium  $^{2}D = ^{2}H$  britism  $^{3}T = ^{3}H$   $^{4}\Delta = ^{4}He$   $B = ^{2}L$   $B^{+} = ^{2}L$ 

```
Vysari-li prveks:
  \frac{4}{2} = A - 4, \qquad 2 - 2
   226 4 122
Ra ->d + km
   B+ = A,
pr. napis prodeckly premen a) rorfadem d:
b) Norfadem B: 15 - 2 + 16

e) -11- B+: 11C - 2 + 5
    JADERNE REAKEE - meise let spenen Zakon Zachovani energie,
          v jine, klere se list max. o 2 jednotky v Z a o 4 v A
         209 Bi + \frac{4}{2} - \frac{211}{85} AZ + \frac{2}{3} M
          ^{41}K + ^{2}D (^{2}H) \rightarrow ^{1}h (^{1}H) + ^{42}K
          10 B + 1 - 3 + 1 + 2 (4He)
```

2) STE PEM JADER-N., hu mir se stefe lezka

2) STE PEM JADER-N., hu mir se stefe lezka

pidua na obyble dve sledně lezka jádua + neutron (y) +.

HeV (megaelektronvolt)

+ velké mnosský energie v HeV (megaelektronvolt)

hv. 235

pr. Ba + Kr + 3 m

pr. 235

pr. Sh + 2 m

235

pr. Sh + 2 m

pr. Sh + 2 m

pr. Sh + 2 m

pr. Sh + 38

pr. Sh + 2 m

pr. Sh + 38

pr. Sh + 2 m

pr. Sh + 38

pr. Sh + 2 m

pr. Sh + 38

pr. Sh + 2 m

pr. Sh + 38

pr. Sh + 2 m

pr. Sh + 38

pr. Sh + 2 m

pr. Sh + 38

pr. Sh + 2 m

pr. Sh + 38

pr. Sh + 2 m

pr. Sh + 38

pr. Sh + 38

pr. Sh + 2 m

pr. Sh + 38

pr.

Ketedova reskce - polinetro va jaie 1939. jaderné "falivo" obyple i votok 92 nebo 94 stepna r. fodstata atom. bomby. Hal ENRICO FERHI 2.12. 1942 uskutecnie 1. ilsevou reference reakce v jadernem reaktore (histe chicago) rositel N. Ceny 1938 sa suprave 1. transmanu 2=93. > Np PROJEKT MANHATTAN - same. " Olec" at bonday ROBERT OPPENHEIHER. Posiste jader. odfader alow reaktor jadeine elektrarny: JET (2002) JE DUKOVANY (1985) moderafor v JE: regulije rycklost letekel neutronu: grafit, farafen, D20, Aloucening born (JET).... D20 = teska voda (2D = deuterium) na vordie od H20 (4H) - fine fyzik. i chem. vlastnoste (140=18, 1020=20; 91 ve velorjek oceanech je 2,6.10 t D | tw, tt, v D20 organismy t) 3) JADERNA SYNTEZA = FUZE = TERMONUKCEARM REAKCE sbladane jader na jádra lessi. famovolne probíka va flunci -)
wolne se obrovské mnosolvé energie. Splovane jader bez el obaler
př. 2D +D -> 3He + m 3Li + D-24He + m atd. Realsfor App na jelu Francie. Lahem neumeme feite rédet. DOSTATEK SURDUN (20,37), NENI ODPAD-JEN Meleone He, NENI RADIOAKT. (Jen 37),
BEZPEČNOST. IDEAL. 20 ROJ ENERGIE.