

## LINGUAGENS FORMAIS E COMPILADORES – PROJETO COMPILADOR – FASE 01

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Bloco de declaração:

Fornecidas:	Adequadas/Adicionadas:
program -> block	program -> block
block -> {decls stmts}	block -> { decls stmts }
decls -> decls decl   null	decls -> decls decl   <b>null</b>
decl -> type <b>id</b> ;	decl -> type id   type id = const
type -> type [num]   basic	type -> type [num]   basic   <b>void</b>
stmts -> stmts stmt   null	stmts -> stmts stmt   <b>null</b>
	const -> num   factor
	basic -> <b>int</b>   <b>float</b>   <b>boolean</b>

Lexema Basic:

Fornecidas:	Adequadas/Adicionadas:
stmt -> loc = bool;	stmt -> loc = bool
if (bool) stmt	id ( args ) { stmt }
if (bool) stmt else stmt	id
while (bool) stmt	<b>if</b> ( bool ) { stmt }
do stmt while (bool)	<b>if</b> ( bool ) { stmt } <b>elseif</b> ( bool ) { stmt } <b>else</b> { stmt }
break	<b>if</b> ( bool ) { stmt } <b>else</b> { stmt }
block	<b>if</b> ( bool ) { stmt } <b>elseif</b> ( bool ) { stmt }
loc -> loc [bool]   id	<b>while</b> ( bool ) { stmt }
	<b>for</b> (loc = num ; bool ; loc = loc +/- num) { stmt }
	<b>switch</b> ( id ) { cases }
	<b>return</b> id
	<b>break</b>
	call
	loc -> loc [bool]   id
	id -> letter   id letter   id num
	call -> id ( args )
	args -> arglist   null
	arglist -> arglist , bool   bool
	arglist , num   num
	arglist , id   id
	cases -> cases caseopt   cases defaultopt   <b>null</b>
	caseopt -> <b>case</b> bool: stmts
	defaultopt -> <b>default</b> : stmts

Regras de Produção:

Fornecidas:	Adequadas/Adicionadas:
bool -> bool    join   join	bool -> bool OR join   join
join -> join && equality   equality	join -> join AND equality   equality
equality -> equality == rel   equality != rel   rel	equality -> equality == rel   equality != rel   rel
rel -> expr < expr   expr <= expr   expr >= expr   expr > expr   expr	rel -> expr < expr   expr <= expr   expr > expr   expr >= expr   expr
expr -> expr + term   expr - term   term	expr -> expr + term   expr - term   term
term -> term * unary   term / unary   unary	term -> term * unary   term / unary   term % unary   unary
unary -> ! unary   - unary   factor	unary -> ! unary   - unary   ++loc   loc++   --loc   loc--   factor
factor -> (bool)   loc   num   real   true   false	factor -> bool   loc   num   real   <b>TRUE</b>   <b>FALSE</b>

Tratamento de números e letras:

Fornecidas:	Adequadas/Adicionadas:
	num -> real
	real -> DIGITS DOT DIGITSF
	DIGITSF -> DIGITS
	DIGITSF DIGITS
	e FEXP
	FEXP -> PLUS DIGITSF
	MINUS DIGITSF
	PLUS -> +
	MINUS -> -
	e -> e   <b>null</b>
	letter -> <b>[a-zA-Z]</b>
	DIGITS -> <b>-?[0-9]+</b>
	DOT -> .

Comunicação direta com hardware:

Fornecidas:	Adequadas/Adicionadas:
	io_input_digital(args)
	io_output_digital(args)
	io_input_analog(args)
	io_output_analog(args)

Exemplos com código:

**1:**

```
{  
    float a123 = 7.2800  
    boolean blink = FALSE  
    int port = 3  
  
    for (int i = 0; i < a123; i = i + 1) {  
        blink = !blink  
        io_output_digital(port, blink)  
    }  
}
```

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**2:**

```
{  
    float oper(a, b) {  
        float resultado = 0  
        if (a > b) {  
            resultado = a + b  
        } else {  
            resultado = a / b  
        }  
        return resultado  
    }  
  
    int a = 10  
    int b = 5  
  
    float result = oper(b,a)  
}
```

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**3:**

```
{  
    float num = 0  
    boolean foot = TRUE  
  
    while (1 == 1) {  
        switch (foot) {  
            case TRUE:  
                num = 10.0  
            case FALSE:  
                num = 0.0  
            default:  
                num = 5.0  
        }  
  
        num = 0  
        while (num == 0) {  
            foot = FALSE  
            break  
        }  
    }  
}
```