## 6 Math101 facit til 6. gang

6.1 Svarene er:

$$f_1'(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}, \quad f_2'(x) = \frac{1}{(2x + 1)^2}, \quad f_3'(x) = \sin(x) + x\cos(x).$$

6.2 Svarene er:

$$f_1'(x) = (x+1)e^x,$$
  $f_2'(x) = 4x\cos(x) - 2x^2\sin(x),$   
 $f_3'(x) = (\frac{1}{x} + \ln(x))e^x,$   $f_4'(x) = \cos^2(x) - \sin^2(x).$ 

6.3 Svarene er:

$$f_1'(x) = \frac{-1}{(x-1)^2}, \quad f_2'(x) = \frac{3x^2 + 4x - 5}{(3x+2)^2}, \quad f_3'(x) = \frac{-1}{(x-2)^2}.$$

6.4 Svarene er:

$$f_1'(x) = 4(3x - 1)^{\frac{1}{3}}, \quad f_2'(x) = \frac{2x + 3}{x^2 + 3x}, \quad f_3'(x) = -e^{2-x}, \quad f_4'(x) = 3x^2 \cos(x^3).$$

- 6.5 Svaret er  $f'(x) = xe^x$ .
- 6.6 Svaret er  $f'(x) = \ln(x)$ .
- 6.7 Svarene er:

$$f_1'(x) = 3x^2 e^{x^3},$$
  $f_2'(x) = -2\cos(x)\sin(x),$   
 $f_3'(x) = 3\sin^2(x)\cos(x)$   $f_4'(x) = 4x(1 + \tan^2(x^2)).$ 

6.8 Vi har at

$$\frac{d}{dx}\frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)} = \frac{\cos^2(x) + \sin^2(x)}{\cos^2(x)} = 1 + \tan^2(x).$$

- 6.9 Svaret er  $f'(x) = \frac{(x+1)e^x \cos(x) xe^x \sin(x)}{\cos^2(x)}$ .
- 6.10 Svarene er:

$$f'(x) = -2\cos(\sqrt{x^2 + 1})\sin(\sqrt{x^2 + 1})\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}.$$

6.11 Svarene er:

$$f_1'(x) = \frac{2\cos(x)\sin^2(x) - \cos^3(x)}{\sin^2(x)}, \qquad f_2'(x) = \frac{(2x^2 - 1)e^{x^2}}{x^2},$$
$$f_3'(x) = \frac{(1 - x)\cos(x) - x\sin(x)}{e^x}$$

6.12 Svarene er:

$$f(x) = \frac{(-(x+1)\ln(x) + 1)e^x}{\ln^2(x)},$$
  

$$g(x) = e^x((1+x)\ln(x) + 1),$$
  

$$h(x) = xe^x((2+x)\sin(x) + x\cos(x)))$$