



Conditional Statements - Practice Questions.

Part A: Multiple Choice (1 point each)

1. Which keyword begins a conditional in Python?

- A. if
- B. else
- C. check
- D. condition

2. What will this code print?

```
x = 5
if x > 3:
    print('Yes')
else:
    print('No')
```

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. Error
- D. 5

3. Which of these is NOT valid inside an if condition?

- A. `x == 10`
- B. `x > 5`
- C. `print('Hi')`
- D. `y != 3`

4. In a chain of if...elif...else, how many branches can run?

- A. Zero or One
- B. Two
- C. All
- D. Infinite

5. What does 'else' mean?

- A. Always True
- B. Everything not matched
- C. End program

D. Repeat again

Part B: True or False (1 point each)

6. An if block must be indented. (True/False)
7. elif can appear first before if. (True/False)
8. Only one branch runs in an if...elif...else chain. (True/False)
9. An else is always required in Python conditionals. (True/False)
10. Comparison operator '==' checks equality, not assignment. (True/False)

Part C: Short Answer & Fix the Bug (2 points each)

11. Explain the difference between '=' and '==' in Python.

12. Identify and fix the error:

```
if age => 18:  
    print('Adult')
```

13. What is the output?

```
x = 7  
if x % 2 == 0:  
    print('Even')  
else:  
    print('Odd')
```

14. Why is indentation important in conditionals?

15. Rewrite this snippet correctly:

```
if True  
print('Always runs')
```

Part D: Code Challenges (3 points each)

16. Write a program that checks if a number is positive, negative, or zero.
17. Ask the user for a grade. Print 'Pass' if ≥ 50 , else 'Fail'.
18. Write code that checks whether a number is divisible by both 2 and 3.
19. Create a program that asks for age and prints 'Teenager' if 13–19, else 'Not Teenager'.
20. Write a program to compare two numbers and print the larger one.

Part E: Code Tracing & Puzzles (3 points each)

21. What will this print?

```
x = 10
y = 5
if x > y:
    print('A')
else:
    print('B')
```

22. Predict the output:

```
n = 4
if n % 2 == 0:
    print('Even')
if n > 0:
    print('Positive')
```

23. Fill in the blanks:

```
score = 40
if score >= 50:
    print('_____')
else:
    print('_____')
```

24. Explain what happens:

```
x = 3
if x > 5:
    print('Big')
elif x == 3:
    print('Equal')
else:
    print('Small')
```

25. The output is: Success. Complete the blanks:

```
val = 7
if val < 5:
    print('Fail')
_____ val >= 7:
    print('Success')
```