

MATH1231/1241 Calculus Revision

Additional Solutions to Part 1

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We cannot guarantee that our answers are correct - please notify us of any errors or typos at unswmathsoc@gmail.com, or on our [Facebook page](#). There are sometimes multiple methods of solving the same question. Remember that in the real class test, you will be expected to explain your steps and working out.

Question 1 $\int x^n e^{x^2} dx$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^n e^{x^2} dx \\ &= \int x^{n-1} x e^{x^2} dx \end{aligned}$$

By considering integration by parts, we have:

$$u = x^{n-1}$$

$$du = (n-1)x^{n-2} dx$$

$$dv = x e^{x^2} dx$$

$$v = \frac{1}{2} e^{x^2}$$

Hence we get

$$\begin{aligned} I_n &= uv - \int v du \\ &= \frac{1}{2} e^{x^2} x^{n-1} - \frac{n-1}{2} x^{n-2} e^{x^2} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} e^{x^2} x^{n-1} - \frac{n-1}{2} I_{n-2} \end{aligned}$$

Therefore our reduction formula is:

$$I_n = \frac{1}{2} e^{x^2} x^{n-1} - \frac{n-1}{2} I_{n-2}$$

Question 2 $\int \sqrt{1-x^2} dx$

Using the substitution $x = \sin \theta$

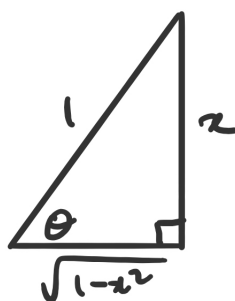
$$dx = \cos \theta d\theta$$

Hence,

$$\begin{aligned} \int \sqrt{1-x^2} dx &= \int \sqrt{1-\sin^2 \theta} \cos \theta d\theta \\ &= \int \cos^2 \theta d\theta \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int 1 + \cos 2\theta d\theta \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left(\theta + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\theta \right) + C \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (\theta + \sin \theta \cos \theta) + C \end{aligned}$$

Now, bring back into terms of x , we consider trig ratios,

$$\sin \theta = x \implies \theta = \sin^{-1} x$$



From the diagram we compute,

$$\cos \theta = \sqrt{1-x^2}$$

Therefore we have,

$$\int \sqrt{1-x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2}(\sin^{-1} x + x\sqrt{1-x^2}) + C$$

Question 3 $\int \sin^2 x \cos^2 x dx$

Using the identities we learned, we can rewrite the integral in linear terms,

$$\begin{aligned} \int \sin^2 x \cos^2 x dx &= \int \left(\frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1 + \cos 2x}{2} \right) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \int (1 - \cos 2x)(1 + \cos 2x) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \int 1 - \cos^2 2x dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \int \sin^2 2x dx \\ &= \frac{1}{8} \int 1 - \cos 4x dx \\ &= \frac{1}{8} \left(x - \frac{\sin 4x}{4} \right) + C \end{aligned}$$