



Mahindra University Hyderabad
École Centrale School of Engineering
Minor-II

Program: B. Tech. Branch: CSE/AI/ECM/CM Year: III Semester: I
Subject: Database Management Systems (CS/AI 3103)

Date: 24/10/2024
Time Duration: 1.5 Hours

Start Time: 10.00 AM
Max. Marks: 50 Marks

Instructions:

- 1) All parts of a question should be answered consecutively.
- 2) Mobile phones and computers of any kind should not be brought inside the exam hall.
- 3) Use of any unfair means will result in severe disciplinary action.
- 4) Do not write using Pencil.

Q1. Answer the following. Wrong answer carries Negative mark of 1. [5*2=10M]

1.1. A relation in which every non-key attribute is fully functionally dependent on the primary key and which has no transitive dependencies is in __ NF

- a. BCNF b. 3NF c. 2NF d. 4NF**

1.2. Given any instance of the relation R(ABCD)

A	B	C	D
a1	b1	c1	d1
a1	b2	c2	d2
a2	b2	c2	d3
a3	b3	c4	d3

- a. $AB \rightarrow D$ and $D \rightarrow A$ ~~b. $AB \rightarrow C$ and $B \rightarrow D$~~**
c. $AB \rightarrow C$ and $B \rightarrow C$ ~~d. $AB \rightarrow D$ and $A \rightarrow D$~~

1.3. Let R(A,B,C,D) be a relation schema and $F=\{A \rightarrow BC, AB \rightarrow D, B \rightarrow c\}$ be the set of functional dependencies defined over R. Which of the following represents the closure of the attribute set {B}

- a. {A,C,D} b. {B,C} c. {A,B,C} d. {B}**

1.4. Consider the relation X(P,Q,R,S,T,U) with the following set of functional dependencies $F=\{PR \rightarrow ST, PSU \rightarrow QP\}$. Which of the following is the trivial functional dependency in F^+ , if F^+ is the closure of F?

- a. $PR \rightarrow ST$ b. $PR \rightarrow RT$ c. $PS \rightarrow S$ d. $PSU \rightarrow Q$**

1.5. Relation R has eight attributes ABCDEFGH. Fields of R contain only atomic values. $F=\{CH \rightarrow G, A \rightarrow BC, B \rightarrow CFH, E \rightarrow A, F \rightarrow EG\}$ is a set of functional dependencies (FDs) so that F^+ is exactly the set of FDs that hold for R. How many candidate keys does the relation R have?

- a. 3 b. 4 c. 5 d. 6**

Q2. Relational Algebra

[5*2=10M]

Consider the Sailors-Boats-Reserves DB described in the text.

s (sid, sname, rating, age)

b (bid, bname, color)

r (sid, bid, date)

Write each of the following queries in RA

- 2.1. Find the colors of boats reserved by Albert.
- 2.2. Find all sailor id's of sailors who have a rating of at least 8 or reserved boat 103.
- 2.3. Find the names of sailors who have not reserved a red boat.
- 2.4. Find the sailor id's of sailors with age over 20 who have not reserved a red boat.
- 2.5. Find the sailor id's of sailors with the highest rating.

Q3. Functional Dependencies & Normal Forms

[25M]

3.1. Compute the canonical cover F_C for the $R = \{A, B, C, D\}$ and $FDs = \{A \rightarrow BC, B \rightarrow C, AB \rightarrow C, AC \rightarrow D\}$ [10M]

3.2. Suppose you are given a relation R with four attributes $ABCD$. For each of the following set of FDs assuming those are the only dependencies that hold. For R , the following [15M]

- a. Identify the candidate keys for each function dependency set
- b. Identify in which normal form that R is in (1NF, 2NF, 3NF) for each functional dependency set. Decompose every given FD 's into 2NF.
 - i. $FD1 = \{C \rightarrow D, C \rightarrow A, B \rightarrow C\}$
 - ii. $FD2 = \{B \rightarrow C, D \rightarrow A\}$
 - iii. $FD3 = \{ABC \rightarrow D, D \rightarrow A\}$
 - iv. $FD4 = \{A \rightarrow B, BC \rightarrow D, A \rightarrow C\}$
 - v. $FD5 = \{AB \rightarrow C, AB \rightarrow D, C \rightarrow A, D \rightarrow B\}$

Q4. Define the concept of aggregation. Give two examples of where this concept is useful. [5M]

****ALL THE BEST****