Surname:		Name:
	Group:	Date:

Answer the questions in the spaces provided. If you run out of room for an answer, continue on the back of the page.

1. Given the equation  $x^n + y^n = z^n$  for (x, y, z) and n positive integers.



- (a) For what values of n is the statement in the previous question true?
- (b) For n = 2 there's a theorem with a special name. What's that name?
- (c) What famous mathematician had an elegant proof for this theorem but there was not enough space in the margin to write it down?.
- 2. Prove that the real part of all non-trivial zeros of the function  $\zeta(z)$  is  $\frac{1}{2}$ .