Spark ML

April 12, 2020

1 Prática Spark e MLib

```
[1]: from pyspark.ml.feature import StringIndexer, VectorAssembler
      from pyspark.sql.functions import monotonically_increasing_id
 [2]: from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
      sc = SparkSession.builder.master('spark://172.18.0.4:7077').config('spark.
       →executor.memory', '1g').getOrCreate()
 [9]: mc_4 = [[0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0, 0]]
      mc_2 = [[0, 0], [0, 0]]
[60]: def matrix4(resultado):
          if resultado.label != resultado.prediction and resultado.label == 0 and_
       →resultado.prediction == 1:
              print(resultado.label, resultado.prediction)
          mc_4[int(resultado.label)][int(resultado.prediction)] += 1
      def print_matrix(matrix):
        for linha in matrix:
          z = 11
          for num in linha:
            z += str(num) + '\t'
          print(z)
      def false_matrix(matrix, n):
       mc = [[0, 0], [0, 0]]
       1 = 0
        for linha in matrix:
          c = 0
          for num in linha:
            if c == n and l == n:
              mc[0][0] = num
            elif c == n:
              mc[1][0] += num
```

```
elif l == n:
             mc[0][1] += num
            else:
             mc[1][1] += num
            c += 1
         1 += 1
       return mc
      def false negative(matrix):
       return matrix[1][0]/(matrix[0][0] + matrix[1][0])
      def false_positive(matrix):
       return matrix[0][1]/(matrix[0][1] + matrix[1][1])
      def rate(matrix):
       false_positive, false_negative = 0
       n = len(matrix)
       for t in range(n):
         x = false_matrix(matrix, t)
         false_positive += false_posite(x)
         false_negative += false_negative(x)
       return (false_positive/n, false_negative/n)
 [8]: df = sc.read.option('delimiter', ',').option('header', 'true').
       →option('inferschema', 'true')\
          .csv('hdfs://172.18.0.9:9000/treinamento.csv')
[11]: df_teste = sc.read.option('delimiter', ',').option('header', 'true').
       →option('inferschema', 'true')\
          .csv('hdfs://172.18.0.9:9000/teste.csv')
[18]: | ds_teste = StringIndexer(inputCol='Classe', outputCol='label')
          .fit(df).transform(df_teste)
      features = ['hora', 'minuto', 'temp_minima', 'temp_maxima', 'latitude_media', |
      ds_teste = VectorAssembler(inputCols=features, outputCol='features')\
          .transform(ds_teste)
      ds_teste = ds_teste.withColumn('id', monotonically_increasing_id())
      ds_teste = ds_teste.select('id', 'label', 'features')
[15]: ds_treina = StringIndexer(inputCol='Classe', outputCol='label')
          .fit(df).transform(df)
```

```
features = ['hora', 'minuto', 'temp_minima', 'temp_maxima', 'latitude_media', u
       →'longitude_media']
      ds_treina = VectorAssembler(inputCols=features, outputCol='features')\
          .transform(ds treina)
      ds_treina = ds_treina.withColumn('id', monotonically_increasing_id())
[19]: ds_treina = ds_treina.select('id', 'label', 'features')
      ds_treina.printSchema()
      ds_teste.printSchema()
     root
      |-- id: long (nullable = false)
      |-- label: double (nullable = false)
      |-- features: vector (nullable = true)
     root
      |-- id: long (nullable = false)
      |-- label: double (nullable = false)
      |-- features: vector (nullable = true)
[21]: treinamento = ds_treina
      teste = ds_teste
     1.1 Arvore de Desisão
[22]: from pyspark.ml.classification import DecisionTreeClassifier
```

```
arvore = DecisionTreeClassifier(labelCol='label', featuresCol='features')
modeloArvore = arvore.fit(treinamento)
```

```
[23]: modeloArvore.toDebugString
```

[23]: 'DecisionTreeClassificationModel (uid=DecisionTreeClassifier_ab3bb341e97c) of depth 5 with 49 nodes\n If (feature 2 <= 9.13249950000002)\n If (feature 2 $<= -5.4054995)\n$ If (feature 4 <= 39.379245)\n If (feature 2 <= -9.376500499999999)\n If (feature 3 <= 25.890000999999998)\n</pre> Predict: Else (feature $3 > 25.890000999999998) \n$ Predict: 0.0\n Else (feature 2 > -9.376500499999999)\n If (feature 3 <= 24.578501)\n Predict: 2.0\n Else (feature 3 > 24.578501)\n Predict: 0.0\n If (feature 3 <= 27.843502)\n $(feature 4 > 39.379245) \n$ Predict: 2.0\n Else (feature 3 > 27.843502)\n If (feature $4 \le 44.201212$)\n Else (feature 4 > 44.201212)\n Predict: 2.0\n Else (feature 2 > -5.4054995)\n If (feature 2 <= 6.72250099999999)\n If (feature 3 <=

```
36.846988499999995)\n
                                 Predict: 0.0\n
                                                    Else (feature 3 >
                                 Predict: 3.0\n
                                                   Else (feature 2 >
      36.846988499999995)\n
      6.722500999999999)\n
                               If (feature 3 \le 29.6935035)\n
                                                                   If (feature 4 <=
                         Predict: 3.0\n
                                             Else (feature 4 > 23.311282)\n
      23.311282)\n
      Predict: 0.0\n
                         Else (feature 3 > 29.6935035)\n
                                                             If (feature 5 <=
                                            Else (feature 5 > 19.01122)\n
      19.01122)\n
                        Predict: 0.0\n
     Predict: 3.0\n Else (feature 2 > 9.132499500000002)\n If (feature 2 <=
                      If (feature 3 \le 34.3925)\n
                                                      If (feature 5 <= 26.278988)\n
      13.709498)\n
      Predict: 0.0\n
                         Else (feature 5 > 26.278988)\n
                                                             Predict: 3.0\n
                                                                               Else
      (feature 3 > 34.3925)\n
                                  If (feature 2 <= 10.035999499999999)\n</pre>
                                                                               Τf
                                       Predict: 1.0\n
      (feature 5 \le 73.019625)\n
                                                           Else (feature 5 >
      73.019625)\n
                         Predict: 3.0\n
                                            Else (feature 2 > 10.035999499999999)\n
      If (feature 3 <= 36.213995)\n
                                          Predict: 3.0\n
                                                              Else (feature 3 >
      36.213995)\n
                         Predict: 1.0\n
                                          Else (feature 2 > 13.709498)\n
      (feature 3 <= 28.315004000000002)\n
                                              If (feature 3 <= 23.911004)\n
                         Else (feature 3 > 23.911004)\n
      Predict: 0.0\n
                                                             If (feature 2 <=
                                              Else (feature 2 > 22.5084985)\n
      22.5084985)\n
                          Predict: 3.0\n
      Predict: 1.0\n
                        Else (feature 3 > 28.315004000000002) \n
                                                                    If (feature 2 <=
                        If (feature 3 <= 30.609502)\n
      20.288996)\n
                                                            Predict: 3.0\n
                                                                                 Else
      (feature 3 > 30.609502) \n
                                      Predict: 1.0\n
                                                         Else (feature 2 >
      20.288996)\n
                        Predict: 1.0\n'
[24]: teste.printSchema()
     root
      |-- id: long (nullable = false)
      |-- label: double (nullable = false)
      |-- features: vector (nullable = true)
     resultadoArvore = modeloArvore.transform(teste)
[32]: resultadoArvore.printSchema()
     root
      |-- id: long (nullable = false)
      |-- label: double (nullable = false)
      |-- features: vector (nullable = true)
      |-- rawPrediction: vector (nullable = true)
      |-- probability: vector (nullable = true)
      |-- prediction: double (nullable = false)
     resultadoArvore.take(5)
```

[31]:

[33]:

[33]: [Row(id=0, label=0.0, features=DenseVector([11.7872, 29.0051, 1.123, 28.606,

34.5604, 136.2198]), rawPrediction=DenseVector([10540.0, 0.0, 115.0, 36.0]),

```
probability=DenseVector([0.9859, 0.0, 0.0108, 0.0034]), prediction=0.0),
Row(id=1, label=0.0, features=DenseVector([11.4826, 29.8458, 1.038, 29.306,
34.5608, 136.2202]), rawPrediction=DenseVector([10540.0, 0.0, 115.0, 36.0]),
probability=DenseVector([0.9859, 0.0, 0.0108, 0.0034]), prediction=0.0),
Row(id=2, label=0.0, features=DenseVector([11.3121, 29.7517, 1.123, 29.006,
34.5586, 136.2205]), rawPrediction=DenseVector([10540.0, 0.0, 115.0, 36.0]),
probability=DenseVector([0.9859, 0.0, 0.0108, 0.0034]), prediction=0.0),
Row(id=3, label=0.0, features=DenseVector([11.531, 29.5058, 1.404, 29.081,
34.5607, 136.2201]), rawPrediction=DenseVector([10540.0, 0.0, 115.0, 36.0]),
probability=DenseVector([0.9859, 0.0, 0.0108, 0.0034]), prediction=0.0),
Row(id=4, label=0.0, features=DenseVector([11.4008, 29.4223, 1.504, 29.181,
34.5598, 136.2201]), rawPrediction=DenseVector([10540.0, 0.0, 115.0, 36.0]),
probability=DenseVector([0.9859, 0.0, 0.0108, 0.0034]), prediction=0.0)]
```

1.1.1 Accuracy

[34]: 0.943173867752919

```
[35]: mc_4 = [[0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0, 0]]
for row in resultadoArvore.toLocalIterator():
    matrix4(row)
```

1.1.2 Matriz de Confusão

[36]: print_matrix(mc_4)

```
    18714
    0
    986
    230

    0
    17672
    0
    777

    371
    0
    17007
    0

    205
    1086
    0
    7271
```

1.1.3 Falso Positivo

```
[37]: false_positive(false_matrix(mc_4, 0))
[37]: 0.027004819116569323
     1.1.4 Falso Negativo
[38]: false_negative(false_matrix(mc_4, 0))
[38]: 0.029860031104199068
     1.2 Random Forest 20
[39]: from pyspark.ml.classification import RandomForestClassifier
     floresta20 = RandomForestClassifier(labelCol='label', featuresCol='features', __
      →numTrees=20)
     modeloFloresta = floresta20.fit(treinamento)
[41]: resultadoFloresta20 = modeloFloresta.transform(teste)
[42]: resultadoFloresta20.printSchema()
     root
      |-- id: long (nullable = false)
      |-- label: double (nullable = false)
      |-- features: vector (nullable = true)
      |-- rawPrediction: vector (nullable = true)
      |-- probability: vector (nullable = true)
      |-- prediction: double (nullable = false)
     1.2.1 Acurácia
[43]: | evaluator = MulticlassClassificationEvaluator(labelCol='label', ___
```

[43]: 0.9445886907445701

acc

acc = evaluator.evaluate(resultadoFloresta20)

```
[62]: mc_4 = [[0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0, 0]] for row in resultadoFloresta20.toLocalIterator(): matrix4(row)
```

1.2.2 Matriz de Confusão

```
[63]: print_matrix(mc_4)
```

```
    18941
    0
    550
    439

    0
    17869
    0
    580

    402
    0
    16976
    0

    117
    1476
    0
    6969
```

1.2.3 Falso Positivo

```
[64]: false_positive(false_matrix(mc_4, 0))
```

[64]: 0.022046857932633362

1.2.4 Falso Negativo

```
[65]: false_negative(false_matrix(mc_4, 0))
```

[65]: 0.026670092497430627

1.3 Random Forest 100

```
[66]: from pyspark.ml.classification import RandomForestClassifier

floresta100 = RandomForestClassifier(labelCol='label', featuresCol='features', □
→numTrees=100)

modeloFloresta100 = floresta100.fit(treinamento)
```

```
[67]: resultadoFloresta100 = modeloFloresta100.transform(teste)
```

1.3.1 Acuracy

```
[68]: evaluator = MulticlassClassificationEvaluator(labelCol='label', □

→predictionCol='prediction', metricName='accuracy')

acc = evaluator.evaluate(resultadoFloresta100)

acc
```

0 18095 0 354 256 0 17122 0 128 1476 0 6958

1.3.3 Falso Positivo

```
[71]: false_positive(false_matrix(mc_4, 0))
```

[71]: 0.02245868135773947

1.3.4 Falso Negativo

```
[72]: false_negative(false_matrix(mc_4, 0))
```

[72]: 0.019893280837175568

1.4 Ensemble dos 3

```
[141]: resultadoTest.count()
```

[141]: 64319

```
[148]: resultadoTest.take(2)
[148]: [Row(label=0.0, prediction_a=0.0, prediction_20=0.0, prediction_100=0.0),
        Row(label=0.0, prediction_a=0.0, prediction_20=0.0, prediction_100=0.0)]
[143]: resultadoTest = resultadoTest.select('label', 'prediction_a', 'prediction_20', u
        →'prediction 100')\
           .lambda
  []:
[135]: import pyspark.sql.functions as F
       from pyspark.sql.types import *
       def prediction(value1, value2, value3):
           if value1 == value2 or value1 == value3:
               return value1
           elif value2 == value3:
               return value2
           return value3
       #convert to a UDF Function by passing in the function and return type of \Box
        \hookrightarrow function
       udfPrediction = F.UserDefinedFunction(prediction, DoubleType())
[154]: resultadoTest = resultadoTest.withColumn("prediction",
                                                 F.expr('case when prediction_a =__
        →prediction_20 or prediction_a = prediction_100 then prediction_a when_
        →prediction_100 = prediction_20 then prediction_20 else prediction_100 end'))
[155]: resultadoTest.take(2)
[155]: [Row(label=0.0, prediction a=0.0, prediction 20=0.0, prediction 100=0.0,
      prediction=0.0),
        Row(label=0.0, prediction a=0.0, prediction 20=0.0, prediction 100=0.0,
      prediction=0.0)]
[156]: mc_4 = [[0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 0, 0]]
       for row in resultadoTest.toLocalIterator():
           matrix4(row)
```

1.4.1 Accuracy

[157]: 0.9485533046222734

1.4.2 Matriz Confusão

1.4.3 Falso Positivo

```
[159]: false_positive(false_matrix(mc_4, 0))
```

[159]: 0.022733339265059167

1.4.4 Falso Negativo

```
[160]: false_negative(false_matrix(mc_4, 0))
```

[160]: 0.023498424830862986

2 Resultados

Classificador	ACC	FP	FN
Árvore de Decisão	94,32%	2,7%	2,99%
Random Forest (20)	$94{,}56\%$	$2,\!2\%$	$2,\!67\%$
Random Forest (100)	$94{,}99\%$	$2{,}25\%$	1,99%
Ensemble dos 3	$94,\!86\%$	$2{,}27\%$	$2{,}35\%$