



Sort Parallel

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QuickSort (sequencial)

```
Menu
1128781@PMG34INFLL21412: ~/Downloads
Arquivo Editar Ver Pesquisar Terminal Ajuda
1128781@PMG34INFLL21412:~/Downloads$ time ./quickNP.exe < Random.txt > saida.out
real    0m0,309s
user    0m0,289s
sys     0m0,020s
1128781@PMG34INFLL21412:~/Downloads$ time ./quickNP.exe < Random.txt > saida.out
real    0m0,310s
user    0m0,299s
sys     0m0,008s
1128781@PMG34INFLL21412:~/Downloads$ time ./quickNP.exe < Random.txt > saida.out
real    0m0,305s
user    0m0,279s
sys     0m0,024s
1128781@PMG34INFLL21412:~/Downloads$ time ./quickNP.exe < Random.txt > saida.out
real    0m0,309s
user    0m0,305s
sys     0m0,005s
1128781@PMG34INFLL21412:~/Downloads$ time ./quickNP.exe < Random.txt > saida.out
real    0m0,310s
user    0m0,298s
sys     0m0,012s
1128781@PMG34INFLL21412:~/Downloads$
```

Média de tempo sequencial:

Real: 0m0,308

User: 0m0,294

Sys: 0m0,13

Máquina:

PC DELL PUC-MG

QuickSort (paralelo)

```
1128781@PMG34INFL21412:~/Downloads$ time ./quickP.exe < Random.txt > saida.out

real    0m0,260s
user    0m0,324s
sys     0m0,008s
1128781@PMG34INFL21412:~/Downloads$ time ./quickP.exe < Random.txt > saida.out

real    0m0,264s
user    0m0,320s
sys     0m0,016s
1128781@PMG34INFL21412:~/Downloads$ time ./quickP.exe < Random.txt > saida.out

real    0m0,268s
user    0m0,329s
sys     0m0,013s
1128781@PMG34INFL21412:~/Downloads$ time ./quickP.exe < Random.txt > saida.out

real    0m0,266s
user    0m0,319s
sys     0m0,020s
1128781@PMG34INFL21412:~/Downloads$ time ./quickP.exe < Random.txt > saida.out

real    0m0,266s
user    0m0,329s
sys     0m0,008s
```

Média de tempo paralelo:

Real: 0m0,264

User: 0m0,324

Sys: 0m0,13

Melhora de Aprox. 14%

QuickSort



```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 #include <omp.h>
4
5 int arr[1000000];
6 int Nthreads = 4, n = 0;
7
8 int main() {
9
10     int i;
11     omp_set_num_threads(4);
12     omp_set_nested(1);
13
14     for(i = 0; i < 1000000; i++){
15         scanf ("%d", &arr[i]);
16     }
17     quicksort();
18     for(i = 0; i < 1000000; i++){
19         printf ("%d\n", arr[i]);
20     }
21 }
```



```
1 void quickSort(int esq, int dir)
2 {
3     int pi;
4     n++;
5     if (esq < dir)
6     {
7         pi = particao( esq, dir);
8
9         if(n > 20){
10             quickSort(esq, pi - 1);
11             quickSort( pi + 1, dir);
12         }
13     else{
14         #pragma omp parallel sections num_threads(Nthreads)
15         {
16             #pragma omp section
17             quickSort(esq, pi - 1);
18             #pragma omp section
19             quickSort( pi + 1, dir);
20         }
21     }
22 }
23 }
24
25 void quicksort(){
26     quickSort(0, 999999);
27 }
```

QuickSort

```
1 /*
2  Essa função usa o último elemento como pivô,
3  posiciona o elemento pivô na posição correta no
4  array ordenado e coloca todos os menores que o
5  pivô à esquerda (do pivô) e todos os elementos
6  maiores à direita
7 */
8 int particao (int esq, int dir)
9 {
10     int pivo = arr[dir];
11     int i = (esq - 1); //menor elemento
12
13     for (int j = esq; j <= dir- 1; j++)
14     {
15         if (arr[j] <= pivo)
16         {
17             i++;
18             swap(&arr[i], &arr[j]);
19         }
20     }
21     swap(&arr[i + 1], &arr[dir]);
22     return (i + 1);
23 }
```

Merge Sort (sequencial)



Terminal

ter, 30 de out, 22:56

marialuisa@marialuisa: ~/Área de Trabalho/seminarios

Arquivo Editar Ver Pesquisar Terminal Ajuda

```
marialuisa@marialuisa:~/Área de Trabalho/seminarios$ time ./nparalelo.exe<in1milhao.txt>respostanp.out
```

```
real    0m0,354s
user    0m0,337s
sys     0m0,017s
```

```
marialuisa@marialuisa:~/Área de Trabalho/seminarios$ time ./nparalelo.exe<in1milhao.txt>respostanp.out
```

```
real    0m0,353s
user    0m0,333s
sys     0m0,021s
```

```
marialuisa@marialuisa:~/Área de Trabalho/seminarios$ time ./nparalelo.exe<in1milhao.txt>respostanp.out
```

```
real    0m0,383s
user    0m0,366s
sys     0m0,017s
```

```
marialuisa@marialuisa:~/Área de Trabalho/seminarios$ time ./nparalelo.exe<in1milhao.txt>respostanp.out
```

```
real    0m0,381s
user    0m0,349s
sys     0m0,032s
```

```
marialuisa@marialuisa:~/Área de Trabalho/seminarios$ time ./nparalelo.exe<in1milhao.txt>respostanp.out
```

```
real    0m0,373s
user    0m0,357s
sys     0m0,016s
```

```
marialuisa@marialuisa:~/Área de Trabalho/seminarios$
```

Média de tempo
Sequencial:

Real: 0m0,368

User: 0m0,348

Sys: 0m0,21

Máquina:

OS: Ubuntu 18.04

CPU: Intel i5 7200U

Merge Sort (paralelo)

```
Terminal
ter, 30 de out, 22:55
marialuisa@marialuisa: ~/Área de Trabalho/seminarios
Arquivo Editar Ver Pesquisar Terminal Ajuda
marialuisa@marialuisa:~/Área de Trabalho/seminarios$ time ./paralelo.exe<in1milhao.txt >respostap.out
real    0m0,265s
user    0m0,512s
sys     0m0,032s
marialuisa@marialuisa:~/Área de Trabalho/seminarios$ time ./paralelo.exe<in1milhao.txt >respostap.out
real    0m0,265s
user    0m0,528s
sys     0m0,012s
marialuisa@marialuisa:~/Área de Trabalho/seminarios$ time ./paralelo.exe<in1milhao.txt >respostap.out
real    0m0,261s
user    0m0,522s
sys     0m0,012s
marialuisa@marialuisa:~/Área de Trabalho/seminarios$ time ./paralelo.exe<in1milhao.txt >respostap.out
real    0m0,269s
user    0m0,546s
sys     0m0,012s
marialuisa@marialuisa:~/Área de Trabalho/seminarios$ time ./paralelo.exe<in1milhao.txt >respostap.out
real    0m0,275s
user    0m0,507s
sys     0m0,040s
marialuisa@marialuisa:~/Área de Trabalho/seminarios$
```

Média de tempo paralelo

Real: 0m0,267

User: 0m0,523

Sys: 0m0,20

Máquina:

OS: Ubuntu 18.04

CPU: Intel i5 7200U

Melhora de 28%

Merge Sort:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 #include <omp.h>
4
5 void mergesort(int a[], int i, int j, int proc);
6 void merge(int a[], int i1, int j1, int i2, int j2);
7 int a[1000000];
8 int Nthreads = 0, n = 0;
```

```
1 int main(){
2     int i;
3     int proc = omp_get_num_procs();
4     omp_set_num_threads(proc);
5     omp_set_nested(1);
6
7     for(i = 0; i < 1000000; i++){
8         scanf("%d", &a[i]);
9     }
10
11     mergesort(a, 0, 999999, proc);
12
13     for(i = 0; i < 1000000; i++){
14         printf("%d\n", a[i]);
15     }
16 }
```


Merge Sort:

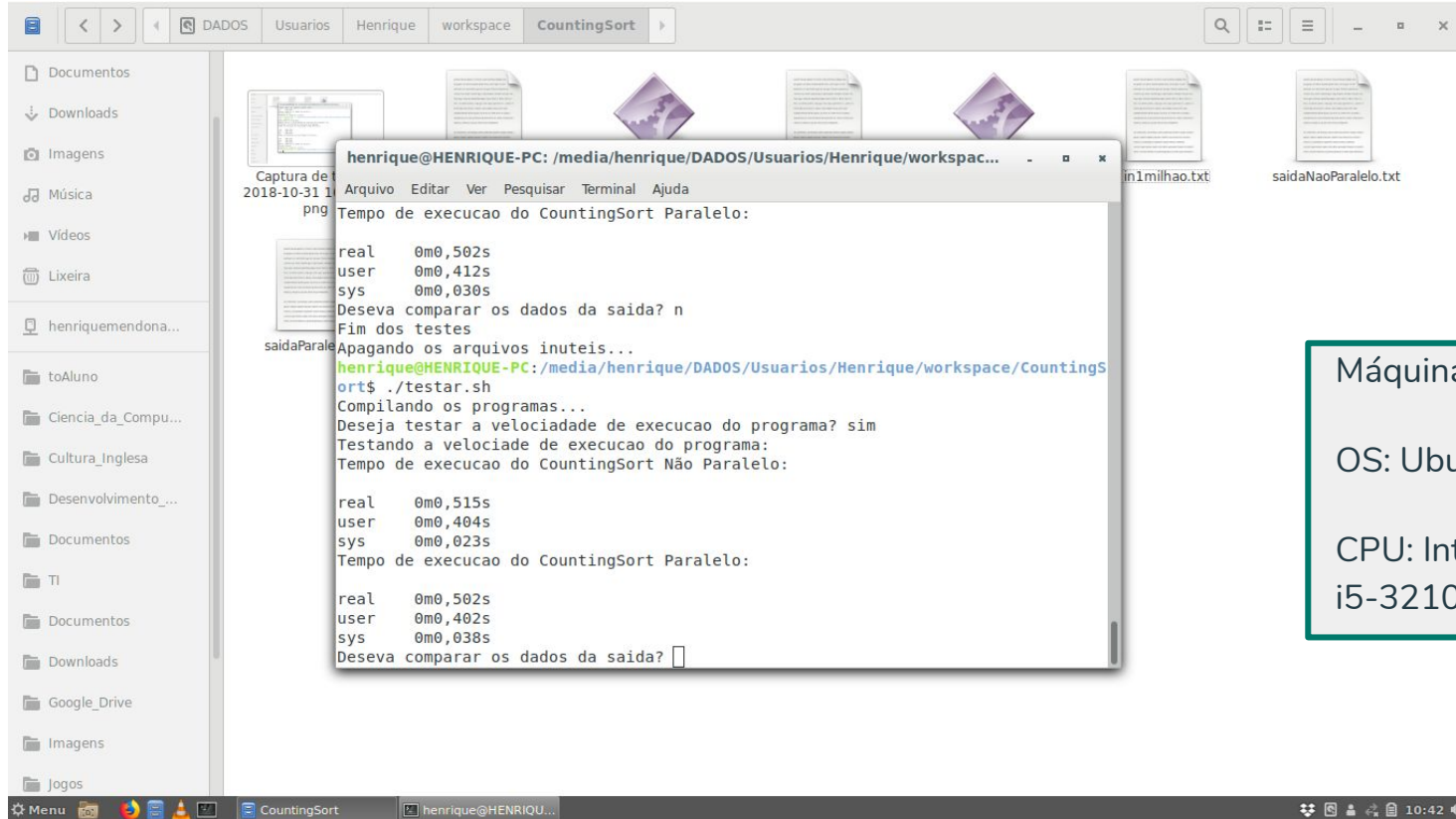


```
1 void merge(int a[], int i1, int j1, int i2, int j2){
2     int temp[1000000];
3     int i, j, k;
4     i = i1;
5     j = i2;
6     k = 0;
7
8     while(i <= j1 && j <= j2){
9         if(a[i] < a[j]){
10             temp[k++] = a[i++];
11         }
12         else{
13             temp[k++] = a[j++];
14         }
15     }
16     while(i <= j1){
17         temp[k++] = a[i++];
18     }
19     while(j <= j2){
20         temp[k++] = a[j++];
21     }
22
23     for(i = i1, j = 0; i <= j2; i++, j++){
24         a[i] = temp[j];
25     }
26 }
```



```
1 void mergesort(int a[], int i, int j, int proc){
2     int mid;
3     n++;
4
5     if(i < j){
6         mid = (i + j)/2;
7
8         if(n > 20){
9             mergesort(a, i, mid, proc);
10            mergesort(a, mid + 1, j, proc);
11        }
12        else{
13            #pragma omp parallel sections num_threads(proc)
14            {
15                #pragma omp section
16                {
17                    mergesort(a, i, mid, proc);
18                }
19                #pragma omp section
20                {
21                    mergesort(a, mid+1, j, proc);
22                }
23            }
24        }
25        merge(a, i, mid, mid+1, j);
26    }
27 }
```

Counting Sort:



The screenshot shows a Linux desktop environment. A file manager window is open, displaying a directory structure with files like 'Captura de 2018-10-31 1.png', 'saidaParalelo.txt', 'in1milhao.txt', and 'saidaNaoParalelo.txt'. Overlaid on this is a terminal window titled 'henrique@HENRIQUE-PC: /media/henrique/DADOS/Usuarios/Henrique/workspac...'. The terminal output shows the execution of a program named 'CountingSort Paralelo'. It displays timing information for real, user, and system times, and asks for confirmation to compare data and delete files. The user responds 'n' to delete files and 'sim' to test the program. The program then displays timing information for 'CountingSort Paralelo' and asks for confirmation to compare data again.

```
henrique@HENRIQUE-PC: /media/henrique/DADOS/Usuarios/Henrique/workspac...
Arquivo Editar Ver Pesquisar Terminal Ajuda
Tempo de execucao do CountingSort Paralelo:

real    0m0,502s
user    0m0,412s
sys     0m0,030s
Deseja comparar os dados da saida? n
Fim dos testes
Apagando os arquivos inuteis...
henrique@HENRIQUE-PC: /media/henrique/DADOS/Usuarios/Henrique/workspac...
ort$ ./testar.sh
Compilando os programas...
Deseja testar a velocidade de execucao do programa? sim
Testando a velocidade de execucao do programa:
Tempo de execucao do CountingSort Não Paralelo:

real    0m0,515s
user    0m0,404s
sys     0m0,023s
Tempo de execucao do CountingSort Paralelo:

real    0m0,502s
user    0m0,402s
sys     0m0,038s
Deseja comparar os dados da saida? 
```

Máquina:

OS: Ubuntu 18.04

CPU: Intel
i5-3210M

Counting Sort:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <math.h>
3 #include <time.h>
4 #include <stdlib.h>
5
6 #define n 1000000
7 #define bool short
8 #define true 1
9 #define false 0
10
11 //Variaveis globais
12 int array[n+1];
13 int i;
14 int j;
```

```
1 int leArraySystemIn()
2 {
3     for(int indice=0; indice<n; indice++)
4     {
5         scanf("%d%c", &array[indice]);
6     } //fim for
7     return 0;
8 } //fim de leArraySystemIn
9
10 //Retorna o maior elemento do arranjo.
11 int getMaior()
12 {
13     int maior = array[0];
14     #pragma omp parallel for shared(maior)
15     for(i=0; i<n; i++)
16     {
17         if(maior<array[i])
18         {
19             maior=array[i];
20         }
21     }
22     return maior;
23 } //fim getMaior
```

Counting Sort:

```
1 int main()
2 {
3     //Lendo o arranjo
4     printf("\nIniciando o programa\n"); //teste
5     leArraySystemIn();
6     printf("\nArray lido com sucesso\n"); //Teste
7     countingSort();
8     printf("\nArray ordenado com sucesso\n"); //Teste
9     imprimeArranjo();
10    printf("\nArray impresso com sucesso\n"); //Teste
11    printf("\nFim do programa\n");
12    return 0;
13 } //fim main
```

```
1 // Algoritmo de ordenacao
2 int countingSort()
3 {
4
5     //Array para contar o numero de ocorrencias de cada elemento
6     int tamCount = getMaior() + 1;
7     int* count = (int*) malloc(tamCount * sizeof(int));
8     int ordenado[n];
9
10    //Inicializar cada posicao do array de contagem
11    #pragma omp parallel for shared(count, tamCount)
12    for(i=0; i<tamCount; i++)
13    {
14        count[i]=0;
15    } //fim for
16
17    //Agora, o count[i] contem o numero de elemento iguais a i
18    // #pragma omp parallel for shared(array, count)
19    for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
20    {
21        int tmp=count[array[i]];
22        count[array[i]]=tmp+1;
23    } //fim for
24
25    //Agora, o count[i] contem o numero de elemento menores ou iguais a i
26    for(i=1; i<tamCount; i++)
27    {
28        count[i]+=count[i-1];
29    } //fim for
30
31    //Ordenando
32    for(i=n-1; i>=0; i--)
33    {
34        ordenado[count[array[i]]-1]=array[i];
35        count[array[i]]--;
36    } //fim for
37
38    //Copiando para o array original
39    #pragma omp parallel for shared(array, ordenado)
40    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
41    {
42        array[i]=ordenado[i]
43    } //fim for
44
45    return 0;
46 } //fim countingSort
```

Selection Sort($O(n^2)$)

Média de tempo sequencial:

Real: 25m21,390s

User: 25m20,890s

Sys: 0m0,200s

Média de tempo paralelo

Real: 11m9,790s

User: 39m26,302s

Sys: 0m5,423s

Máquina:

OS: Funtoo/Gentoo

CPU: Intel i7 4500U


Obs: Não use o selection sort para uma quantidade grande de elementos.... como 1.000.000

Selection Sort:



```
1 #include <omp.h>
2 #include <stdio.h>
3 #include <stdlib.h>
4
5 // Structure for enabling reduction on the index of elements
6 struct Compare { int val; int index; };
7 // Custom reduction for finding the index of the max element.
8 #pragma omp declare reduction(maximum : struct Compare : omp_out = omp_in.val > omp_out.val ? omp_in : omp_out)
9
10 int main()
11 { //Programa principal
12     int array[1000000];
13     for(int i = 0; i < 1000000; i++){
14         scanf("%d", &array[i]);
15     }
16
17     imprimeArray(array, 1000000);
18     selectionSort(array, 1000000);
19     imprimeArray(array, 1000000);
20
21     return 0;
22 } //Programa principal
```

Selection Sort:



```
1 void selectionSort(int* array, int numElementos)
2 { //Inicio selectionSort
3     int i, j;
4
5     for(i = 0; i < numElementos - 1; i++)
6     { //Inicio for i
7         // Declare the structure required for reduction
8         struct Compare max;
9
10        // Initialize the variables
11        max.val = array[i];
12        max.index = i;
13
14        // Parallel for loop with custom reduction, at the end of the loop,
15        // max will have the max element and its index.
16        #pragma omp parallel for reduction(maximum:max)
17        for(j = i + 1; j < numElementos; j++)
18        { //Inicio for j
19            if(array[j] > max.val){
20                max.index = j;
21                max.val = array[j];
22            }
23        } //Fim for j
24        swap(&array[max.index], &array[i]);
25    } //Fim for i
26 } //Fim selectionSort
```