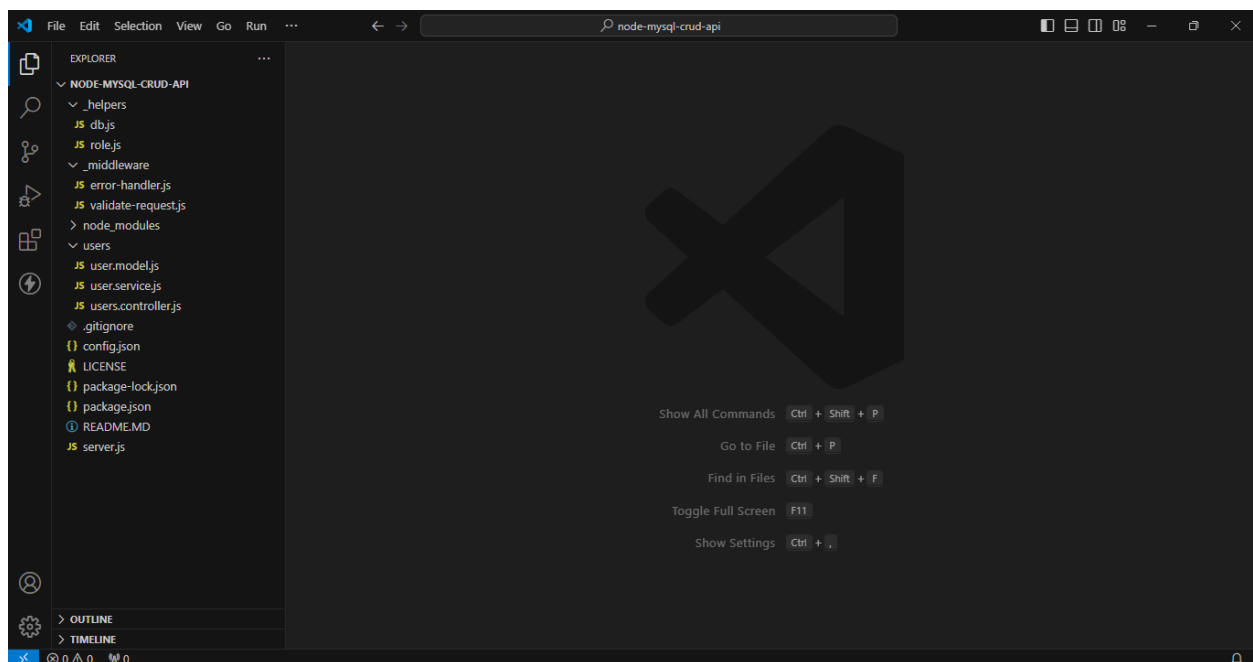


TypeScript, Node.js, Sequelize (ORM) and MySQL - CRUD API.

Step 1: Getting started with NodeJS.

Note: to use the commands within the node package manager you need to have the NodeJS installed on your system. For reference click the link as follows: <https://nodejs.org/>.

Kickstart your project directory by following the same structure below:



Install and initialize the node package manager by typing the following commands on your terminal just within your project folder.

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22621.3235]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\mathe\OneDrive\Desktop\New folder>npm init -y
Wrote to C:\Users\mathe\OneDrive\Desktop\New folder\package.json:

{
  "name": "new-folder",
  "version": "1.0.0",
  "description": "",
  "main": "index.js",
  "scripts": {
    "test": "echo \"Error: no test specified\" && exit 1"
  },
  "keywords": [],
  "author": "",
  "license": "ISC"
}
```

Edit your package.json file to look like this.

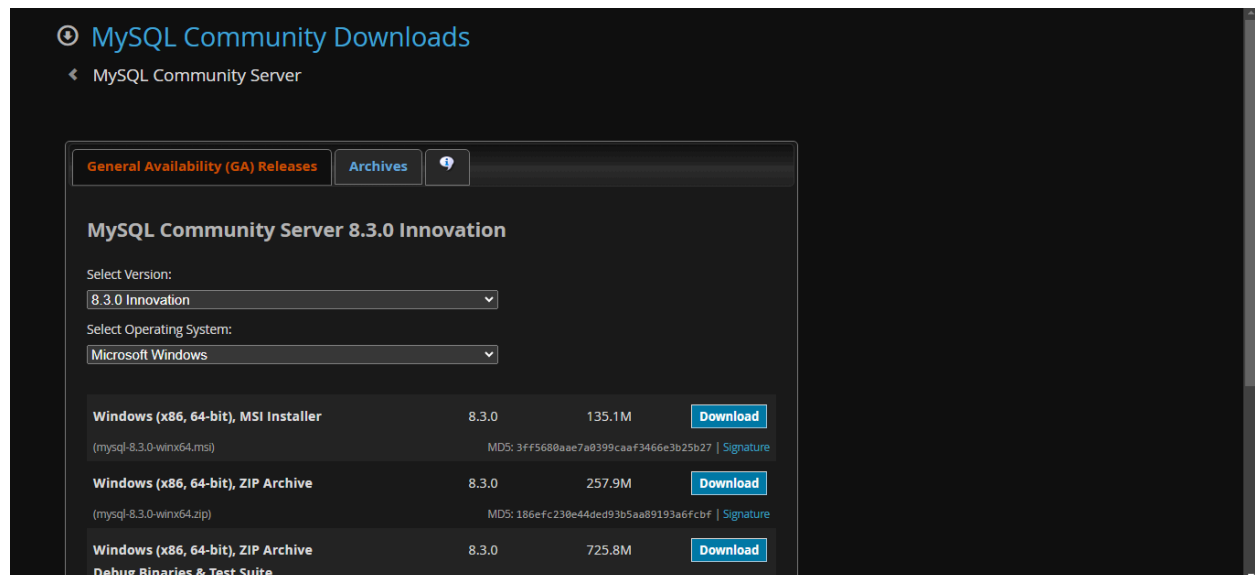
```
{} package.json X
C: > Users > mathe > OneDrive > Desktop > New folder > {} package.json > ...
1 {
2   "name": "node-mysql-crud-api",
3   "version": "1.0.0",
4   "license": "MIT",
5   "scripts": {
6     "start": "node ./server.js",
7     "start:dev": "nodemon ./server.js"
8   }
9 }
10 |
```

And then afterwards run npm install or npm i.

```
C:\Users\mathe\OneDrive\Desktop\New folder>npm install
up to date, audited 1 package in 797ms
found 0 vulnerabilities
C:\Users\mathe\OneDrive\Desktop\New folder>
```

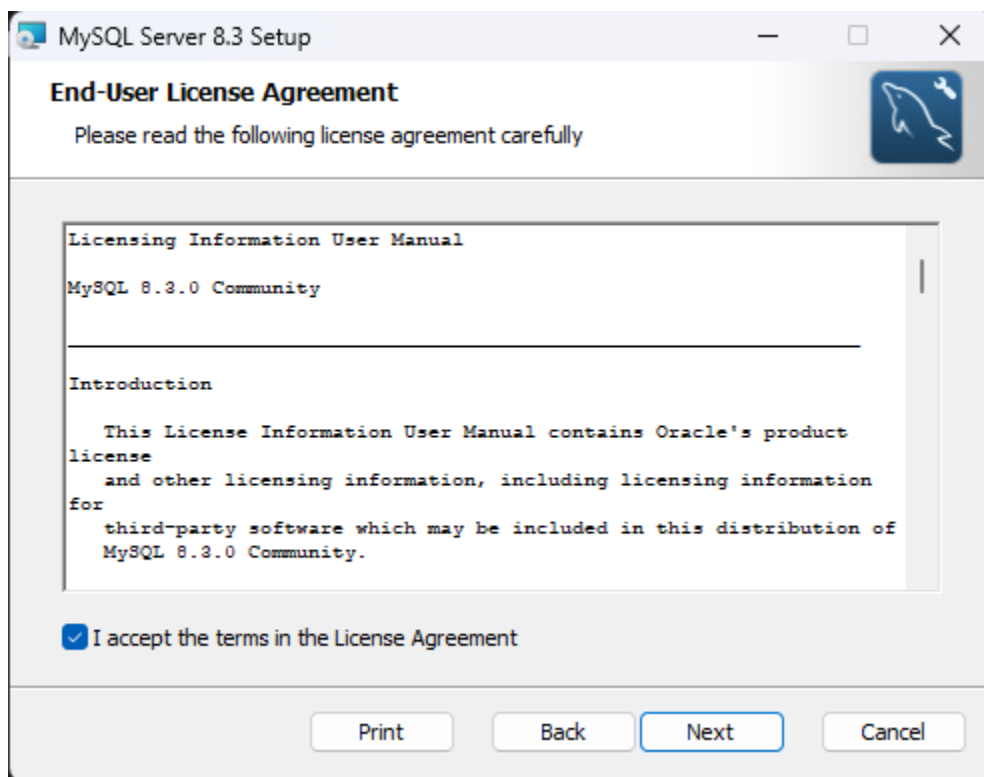
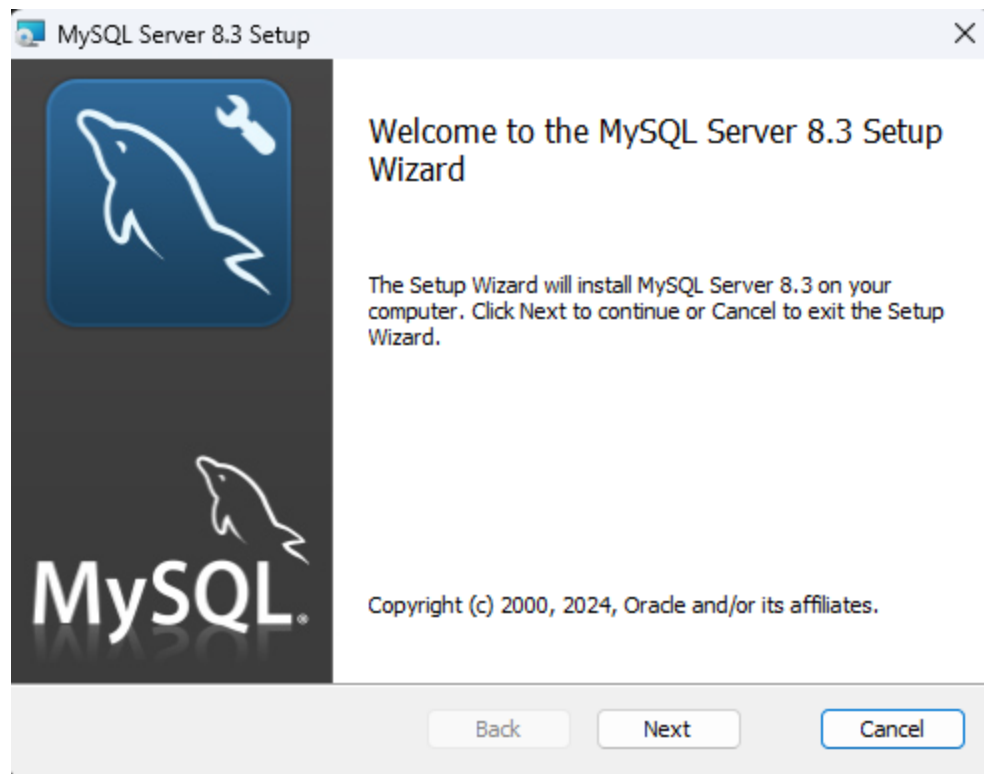
Step 2: Setting up MySQL

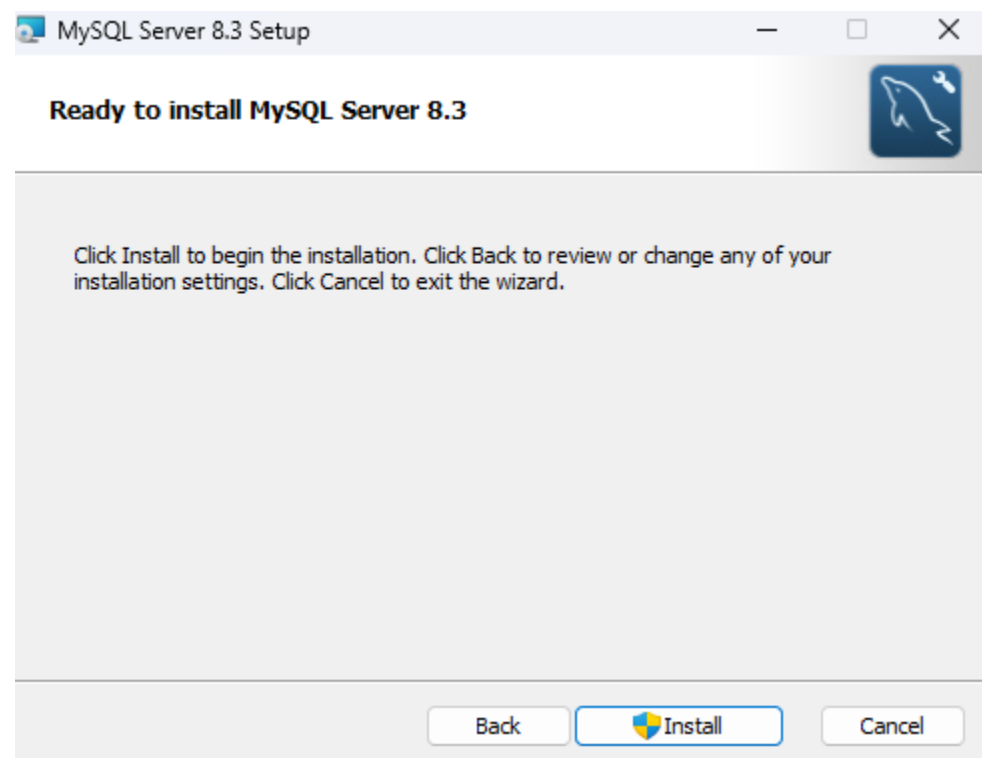
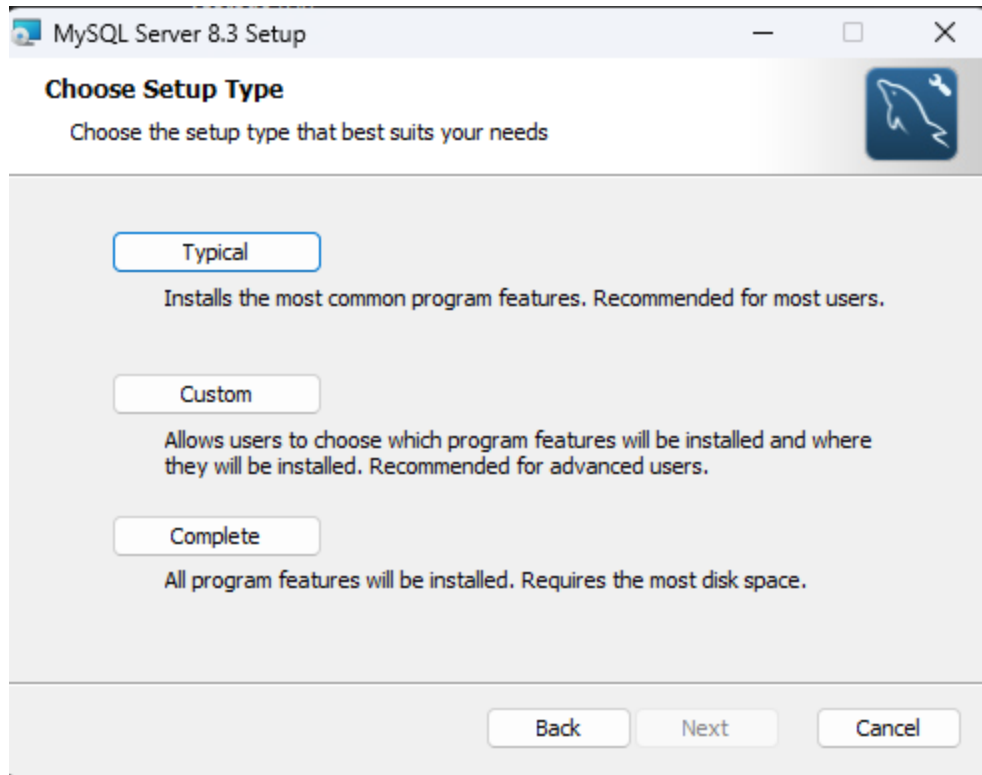
You must have a MySQL server instance for the API to connect to. The Community Server version is available to download for free from <https://dev.mysql.com/downloads/mysql/>.

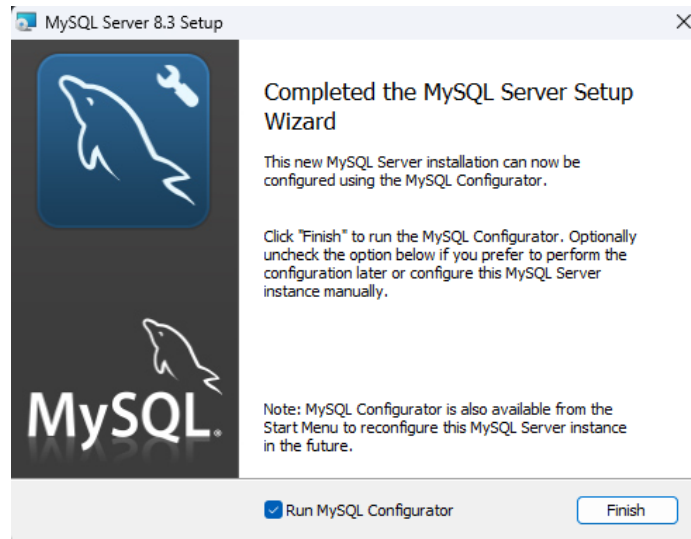


The screenshot shows the MySQL Community Downloads page. The page title is "MySQL Community Downloads" with a sub-header "MySQL Community Server". There are two tabs: "General Availability (GA) Releases" (selected) and "Archives". Below the tabs, the text "MySQL Community Server 8.3.0 Innovation" is displayed. There are two dropdown menus: "Select Version:" with "8.3.0 Innovation" selected, and "Select Operating System:" with "Microsoft Windows" selected. Below these, there is a table of download options for Windows (x86, 64-bit).

Download Option	Version	Size	Action
Windows (x86, 64-bit), MSI Installer (mysql-8.3.0-winx64.msi)	8.3.0	135.1M	Download
Windows (x86, 64-bit), ZIP Archive (mysql-8.3.0-winx64.zip)	8.3.0	257.9M	Download
Windows (x86, 64-bit), ZIP Archive Debug Binaries & Test Suite	8.3.0	725.8M	Download







Further Post-Installation instructions available at <https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/8.0/en/installing.html>.

Step 3: Installing project dependencies.

Your Node.js project requires dependencies to use Sequelize and be able to interact with MySQL. On your terminal, install them like so:

- `npm i sequelize mysql2`

You will also need the help of other dependencies for your project to work:

- `npm i express cors bcryptjs joi rootpath`

Install this package to power up your development workflow:

- `npm i -D nodemon`

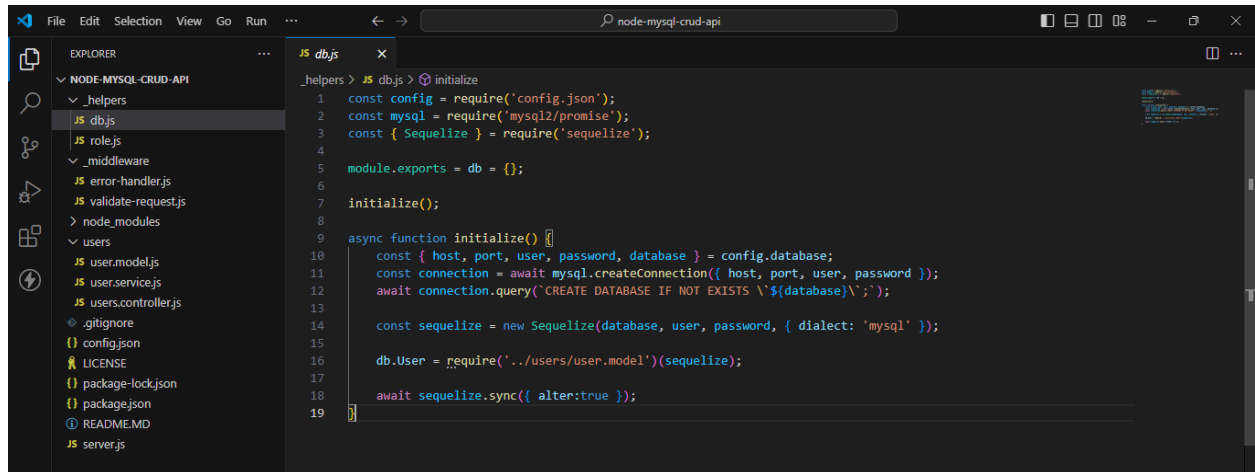
```
package.json X
C: > Users > mathe > OneDrive > Desktop > New folder > package.json > ...
1 {
2   "name": "node-mysql-crud-api",
3   "version": "1.0.0",
4   "license": "MIT",
5   "scripts": {
6     "start": "node ./server.js",
7     "start:dev": "nodemon ./server.js"
8   },
9   "dependencies": {
10    "bcryptjs": "^2.4.3",
11    "cors": "^2.8.5",
12    "express": "^4.18.3",
13    "joi": "^17.12.2",
14    "mysql2": "^3.0.2",
15    "rootpath": "^0.1.2",
16    "sequelize": "^6.37.1"
17  },
18  "devDependencies": {
19    "nodemon": "^3.1.0"
20  }
21 }
22
```

By now, your package.json file should be updated to look like this.

Step 4: Filling up the contents of your JavaScript and JSON files.

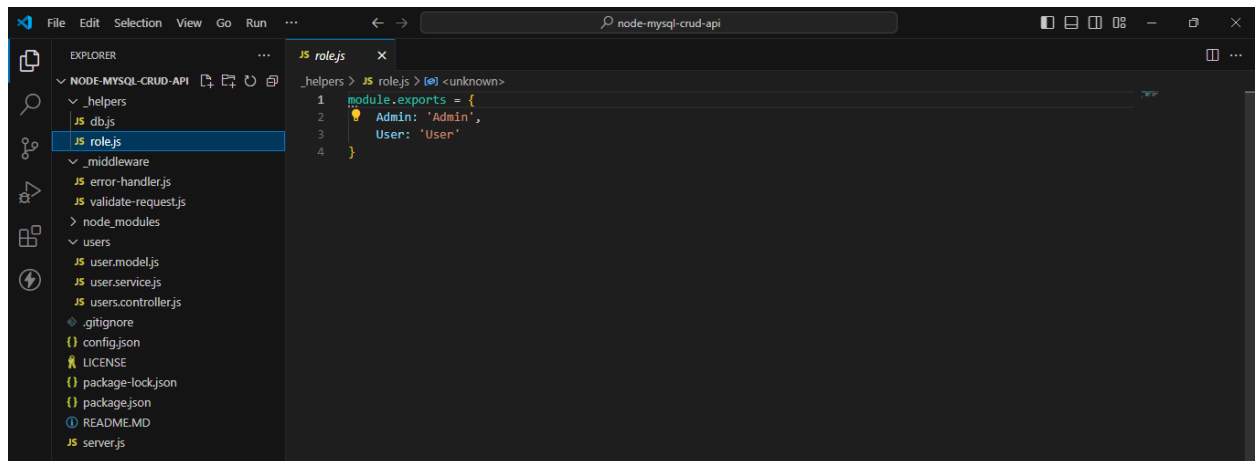
Helpers Folder

Path: `/_helpers/db.js`

A screenshot of the Visual Studio Code editor interface. The Explorer sidebar on the left shows a project structure for 'NODE-MYSQL-CRUD-API' with folders like '_helpers', '_middleware', and 'users'. The file '_helpers/db.js' is selected. The main editor window displays the code for 'db.js', which includes imports for 'config.json', 'mysql2/promise', and 'sequelize', an 'initialize' function, and an 'async function initialize()' that sets up the database connection and models.

```
1 const config = require('config.json');
2 const mysql = require('mysql2/promise');
3 const { Sequelize } = require('sequelize');
4
5 module.exports = db = {};
6
7 initialize();
8
9 async function initialize() {
10   const { host, port, user, password, database } = config.database;
11   const connection = await mysql.createConnection({ host, port, user, password });
12   await connection.query('CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS `${database}`');
13
14   const sequelize = new Sequelize(database, user, password, { dialect: 'mysql' });
15
16   db.User = require('../users/user.model')(sequelize);
17
18   await sequelize.sync({ alter: true });
19 }
```

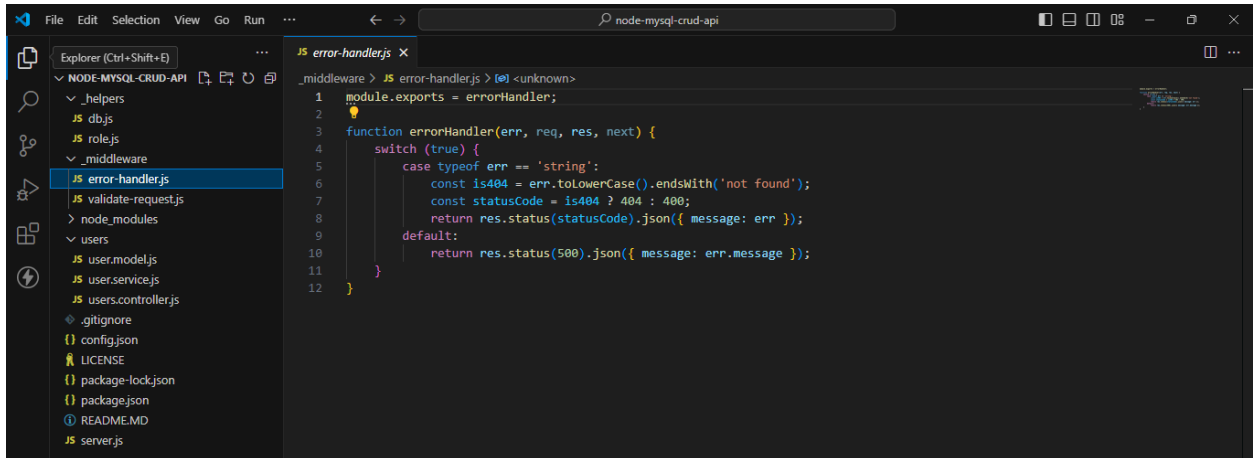
Path: `/_helpers/role.js`

A screenshot of the Visual Studio Code editor interface. The Explorer sidebar on the left shows the same project structure as the previous image. The file '_helpers/role.js' is selected. The main editor window displays the code for 'role.js', which defines a 'module.exports' object with 'Admin' and 'User' roles.

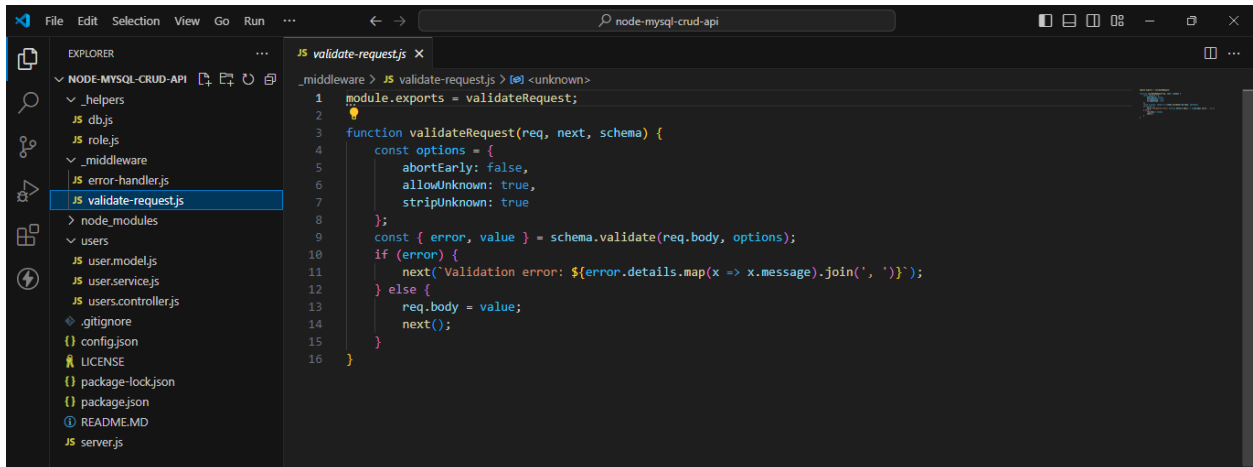
```
1 module.exports = {
2   Admin: 'Admin',
3   User: 'User'
4 }
```

Express.js Middleware Folder

Path: `/_middleware/error-handler.js`

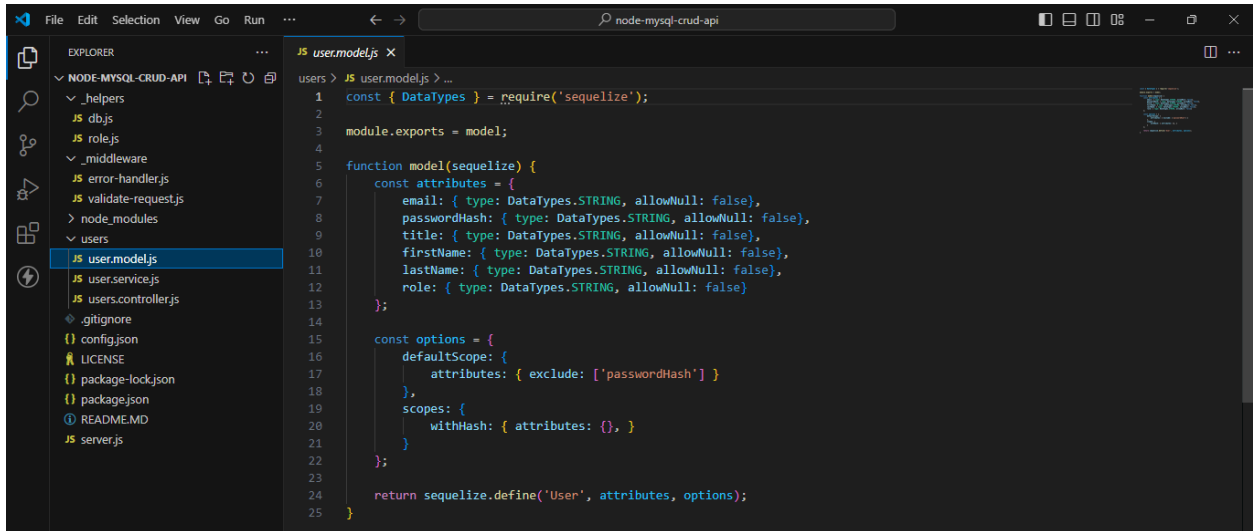


Path: `/_middleware/validate-request.js`



Users Feature Folder

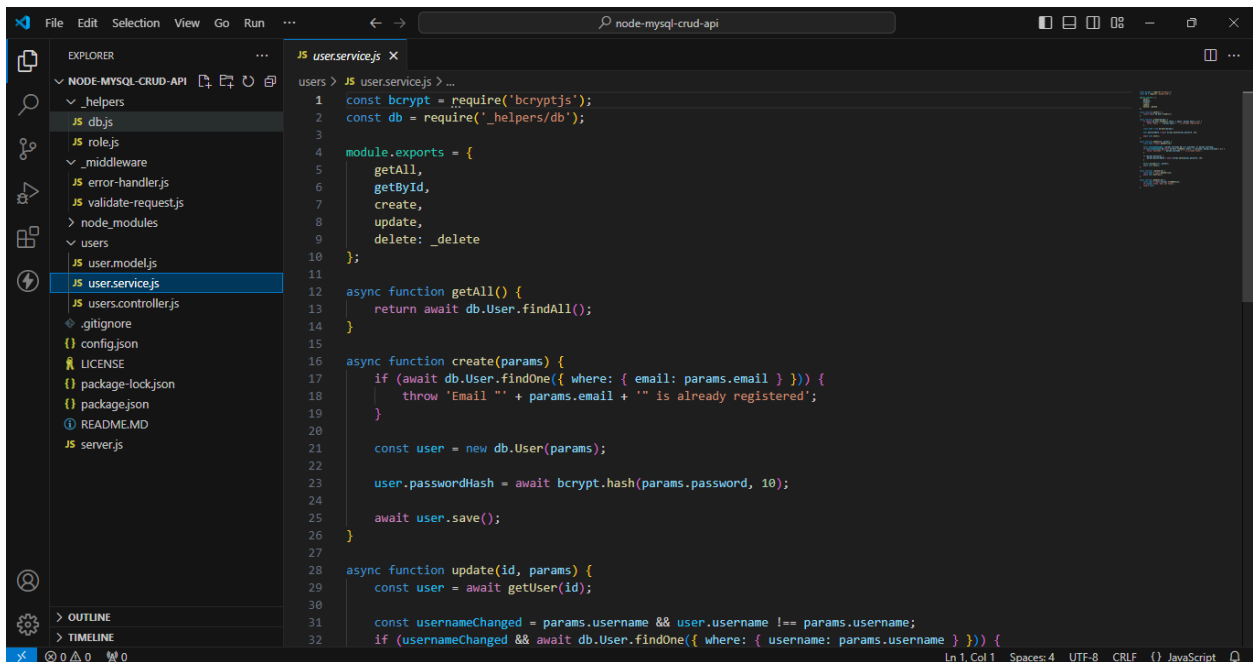
Path: `/users/user.model.js`



The image shows a VS Code editor window with the file explorer on the left and the code editor on the right. The file explorer shows the project structure for 'node-mysql-crud-api', with the 'users' directory expanded and 'user.model.js' selected. The code editor displays the content of 'user.model.js'.

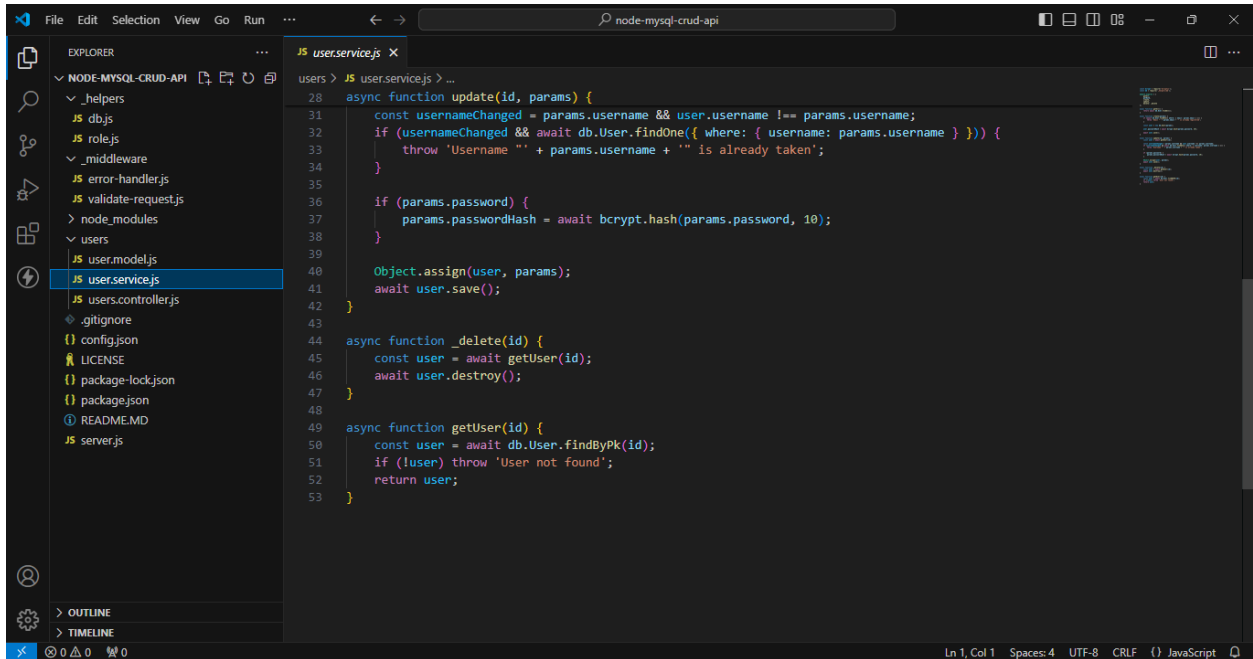
```
1 const { DataTypes } = require('sequelize');
2
3 module.exports = model;
4
5 function model(sequelize) {
6   const attributes = {
7     email: { type: DataTypes.STRING, allowNull: false},
8     passwordHash: { type: DataTypes.STRING, allowNull: false},
9     title: { type: DataTypes.STRING, allowNull: false},
10    firstName: { type: DataTypes.STRING, allowNull: false},
11    lastName: { type: DataTypes.STRING, allowNull: false},
12    role: { type: DataTypes.STRING, allowNull: false}
13  };
14
15  const options = {
16    defaultScope: {
17      attributes: { exclude: ['passwordHash'] }
18    },
19    scopes: {
20      withHash: { attributes: {}, }
21    }
22  };
23
24  return sequelize.define('User', attributes, options);
25 }
```

Path: /users/user.service.js



The image shows a VS Code editor window with the file explorer on the left and the code editor on the right. The file explorer shows the project structure for 'node-mysql-crud-api', with the 'users' directory expanded and 'user.service.js' selected. The code editor displays the content of 'user.service.js'.

```
1 const bcrypt = require('bcryptjs');
2 const db = require('../helpers/db');
3
4 module.exports = {
5   getAll,
6   getById,
7   create,
8   update,
9   delete: _delete
10 };
11
12 async function getAll() {
13   return await db.User.findAll();
14 }
15
16 async function create(params) {
17   if (await db.User.findOne({ where: { email: params.email } })) {
18     throw 'Email ' + params.email + ' is already registered';
19   }
20
21   const user = new db.User(params);
22
23   user.passwordHash = await bcrypt.hash(params.password, 10);
24
25   await user.save();
26 }
27
28 async function update(id, params) {
29   const user = await getUser(id);
30
31   const usernameChanged = params.username && user.username !== params.username;
32   if (usernameChanged && await db.User.findOne({ where: { username: params.username } })) {
```

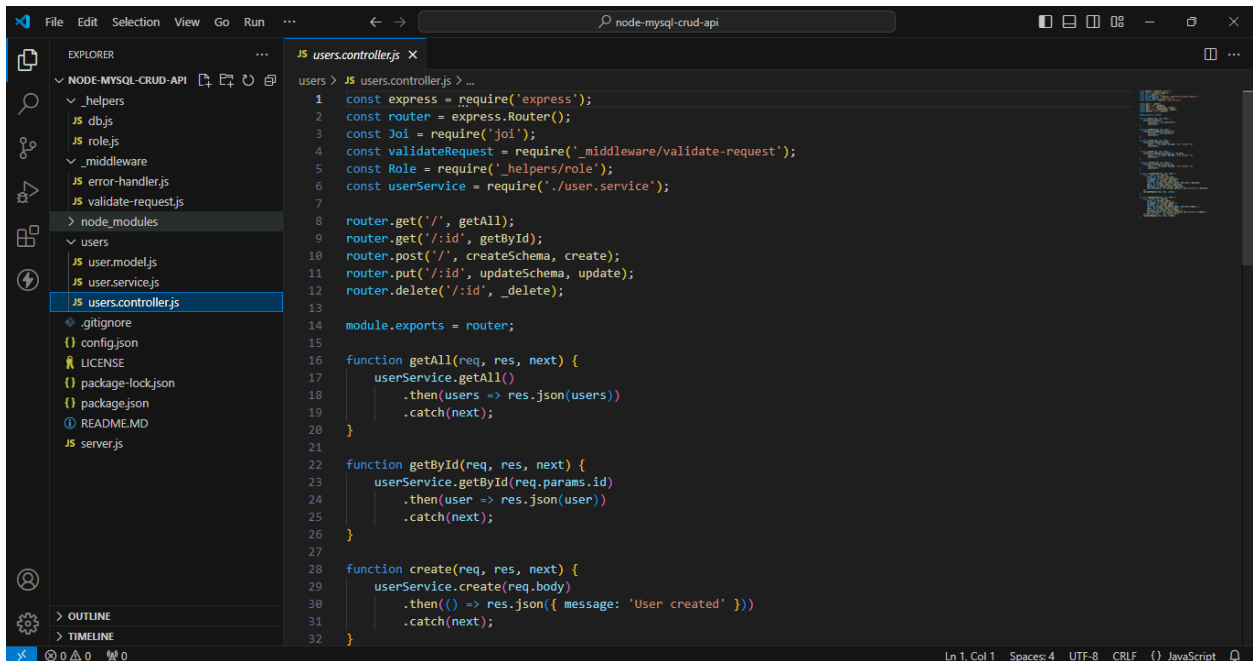



The image shows a VS Code editor window with the file explorer on the left and the code editor in the center. The file explorer shows the project structure for 'node-mysql-crud-api', with the 'users' directory expanded and 'userservice.js' selected. The code editor displays the following JavaScript code:

```
28 async function update(id, params) {
29   const usernameChanged = params.username && user.username !== params.username;
30   if (usernameChanged && await db.User.findOne({ where: { username: params.username } })) {
31     throw 'Username "' + params.username + '" is already taken';
32   }
33   if (params.password) {
34     params.passwordHash = await bcrypt.hash(params.password, 10);
35   }
36   Object.assign(user, params);
37   await user.save();
38 }
39
40 async function _delete(id) {
41   const user = await getUser(id);
42   await user.destroy();
43 }
44
45 async function getUser(id) {
46   const user = await db.User.findById(id);
47   if (!user) throw 'User not found';
48   return user;
49 }
50
51 }
```

The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Ln 1, Col 1', 'Spaces: 4', 'UTF-8', 'CRLF', and 'JavaScript'.

Path: /users/users.controller.js



The image shows a VS Code editor window with the file explorer on the left and the code editor in the center. The file explorer shows the project structure for 'node-mysql-crud-api', with the 'users' directory expanded and 'users.controller.js' selected. The code editor displays the following JavaScript code:

```
1 const express = require('express');
2 const router = express.Router();
3 const Joi = require('joi');
4 const validateRequest = require('middleware/validate-request');
5 const Role = require('helpers/role');
6 const userService = require('./user.service');
7
8 router.get('/', getAll);
9 router.get('/:id', getById);
10 router.post('/', createSchema, create);
11 router.put('/:id', updateSchema, update);
12 router.delete('/:id', _delete);
13
14 module.exports = router;
15
16 function getAll(req, res, next) {
17   userService.getAll()
18     .then(users => res.json(users))
19     .catch(next);
20 }
21
22 function getById(req, res, next) {
23   userService.getById(req.params.id)
24     .then(user => res.json(user))
25     .catch(next);
26 }
27
28 function create(req, res, next) {
29   userService.create(req.body)
30     .then(() => res.json({ message: 'User created' })))
31     .catch(next);
32 }
```

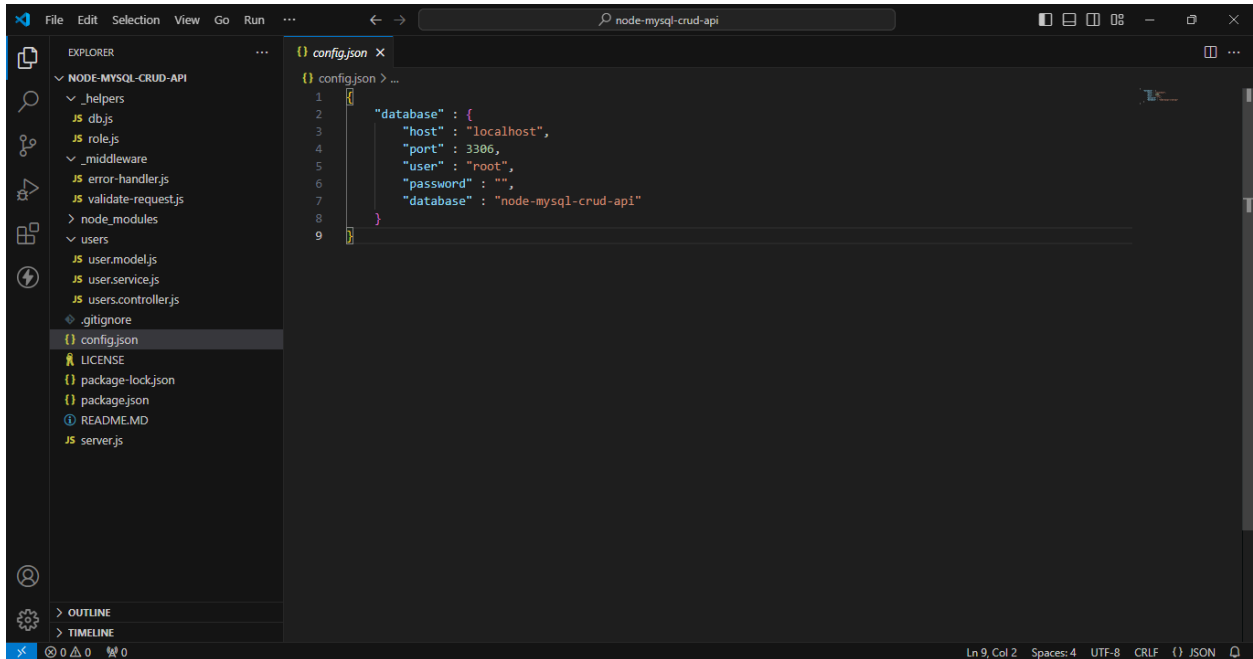
The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Ln 1, Col 1', 'Spaces: 4', 'UTF-8', 'CRLF', and 'JavaScript'.

```
34 function update(req, res, next) {
35   userService.update(req.params.id, req.body)
36     .then(() => res.json({ message: 'User updated' })))
37     .catch(next);
38 }
39
40 function _delete(req, res, next) {
41   userService.delete(req.params.id)
42     .then(() => res.json({ message: 'User deleted' })))
43     .catch(next);
44 }
45
46 function createSchema(req, res, next) {
47   const schema = Joi.object({
48     title: Joi.string().required(),
49     firstName: Joi.string().required(),
50     lastName: Joi.string().required(),
51     role: Joi.string().valid(Role.Admin, Role.User).required(),
52     email: Joi.string().email().required(),
53     password: Joi.string().min(6).required(),
54     confirmPassword: Joi.string().valid(Joi.ref('password')).required()
55   });
56   validateRequest(req, next, schema);
57 }
58
59 function updateSchema(req, res, next) {
60   const schema = Joi.object({
61     title: Joi.string().empty(''),
62     firstName: Joi.string().empty(''),
63     lastName: Joi.string().empty(''),
64     role: Joi.string().valid(Role.Admin, Role.User).empty(''),
65     email: Joi.string().email().empty(''),
66     password: Joi.string().min(6).empty(''),
67     confirmPassword: Joi.string().valid(Joi.ref('password')).empty('')
68   }).with('password', 'confirmPassword');
69   validateRequest(req, next, schema);
70 }
```

```
59 function updateSchema(req, res, next) {
60   const schema = Joi.object({
61     title: Joi.string().empty(''),
62     firstName: Joi.string().empty(''),
63     lastName: Joi.string().empty(''),
64     role: Joi.string().valid(Role.Admin, Role.User).empty(''),
65     email: Joi.string().email().empty(''),
66     password: Joi.string().min(6).empty(''),
67     confirmPassword: Joi.string().valid(Joi.ref('password')).empty('')
68   }).with('password', 'confirmPassword');
69   validateRequest(req, next, schema);
70 }
```

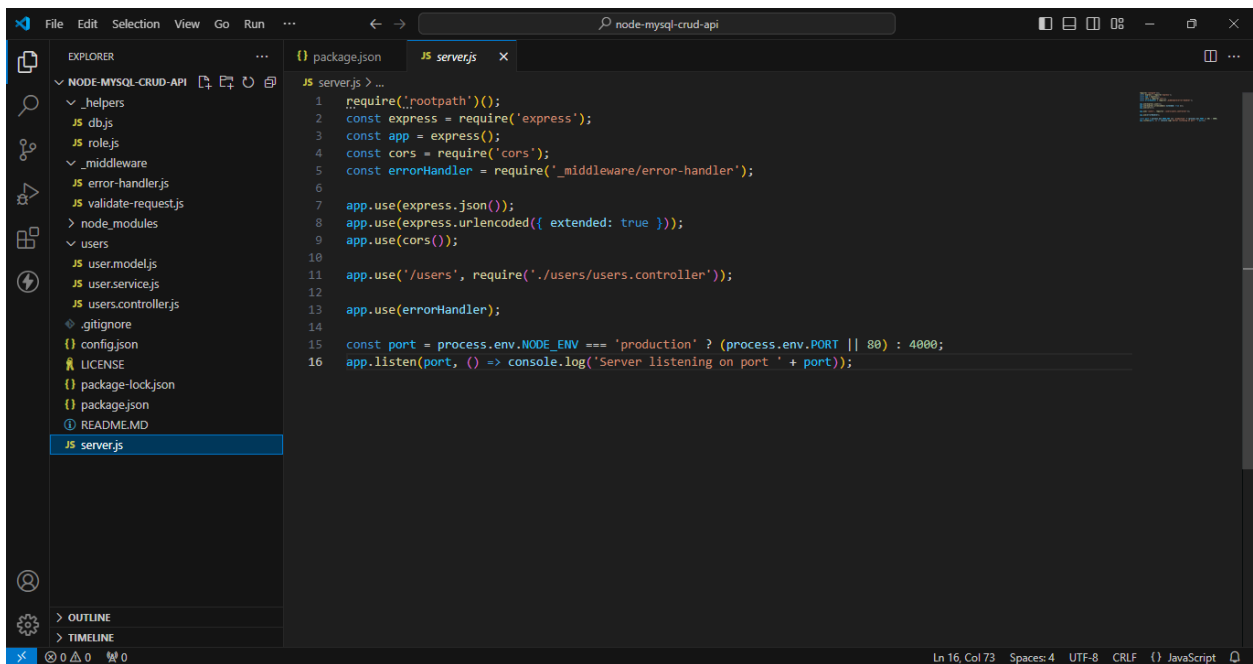
Api Config

Path: /config.json



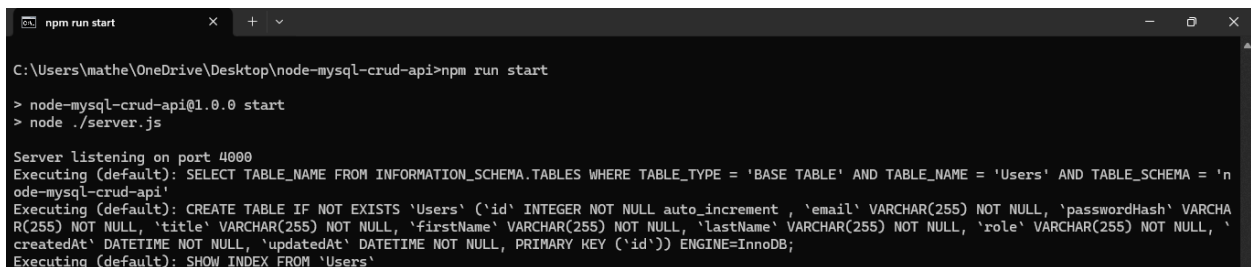
Server Startup File

Path: /server.js



Step 4: Testing the Node + MySQL CRUD API

- Make sure that all required npm packages are installed.
- Update the database credentials in /config.json to connect to your MySQL server instance, and ensure MySQL server is running.
- Start the API by running `npm start` (or `npm run start:dev` to start with nodemon) from the command line in the project root folder, you should see the message Server listening on port 4000.

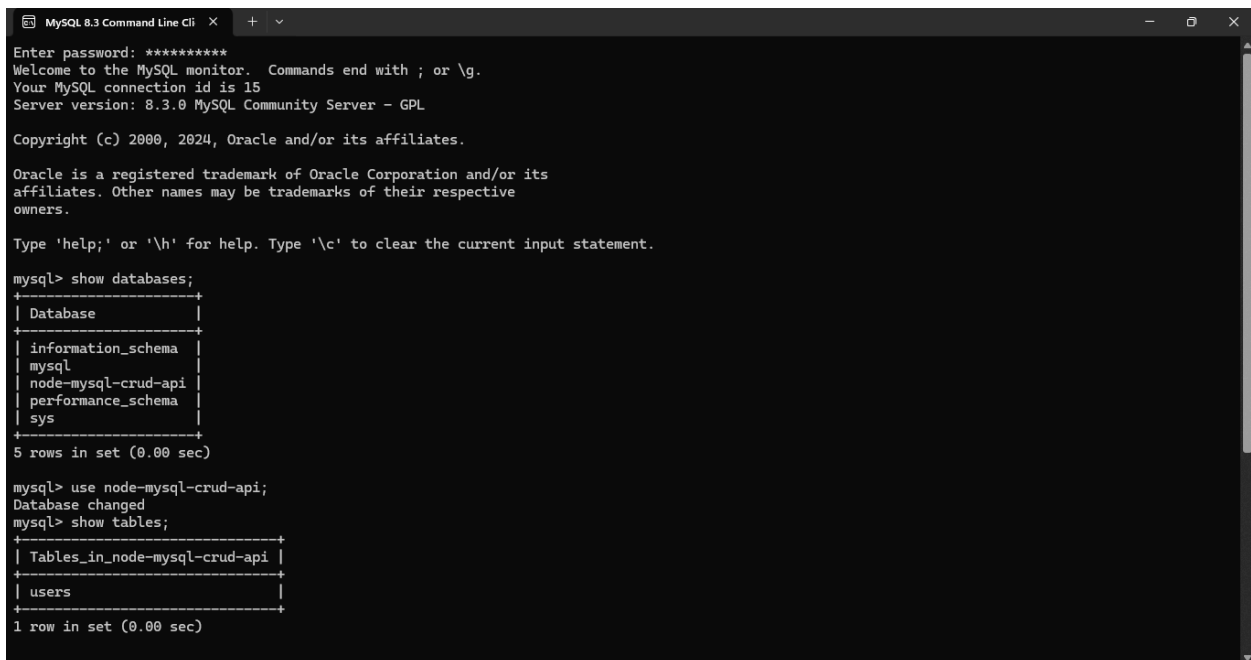


```
npm run start
C:\Users\mathe\OneDrive\Desktop\node-mysql-crud-api>npm run start
> node-mysql-crud-api@1.0.0 start
> node ./server.js

Server listening on port 4000
Executing (default): SELECT TABLE_NAME FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES WHERE TABLE_TYPE = 'BASE TABLE' AND TABLE_NAME = 'Users' AND TABLE_SCHEMA = 'node-mysql-crud-api'
Executing (default): CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `Users` (`id` INTEGER NOT NULL auto_increment , `email` VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL, `passwordHash` VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL, `title` VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL, `firstName` VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL, `lastName` VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL, `role` VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL, `createdAt` DATETIME NOT NULL, `updatedAt` DATETIME NOT NULL, PRIMARY KEY (`id`)) ENGINE=InnoDB;
Executing (default): SHOW INDEX FROM `Users`
```

MySQL Command Line Interface (Showing the database and table automatically created)

To show available databases, type in “show databases;”
And “show tables;” to look for the tables created.



```
MySQL 8.3 Command Line Cli
Enter password: *****
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 15
Server version: 8.3.0 MySQL Community Server - GPL

Copyright (c) 2000, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates.

Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> show databases;
+-----+
| Database |
+-----+
| information_schema |
| mysql |
| node-mysql-crud-api |
| performance_schema |
| sys |
+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> use node-mysql-crud-api;
Database changed
mysql> show tables;
+-----+
| Tables_in_node-mysql-crud-api |
+-----+
| users |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

“desc users;” is use to describe table definition

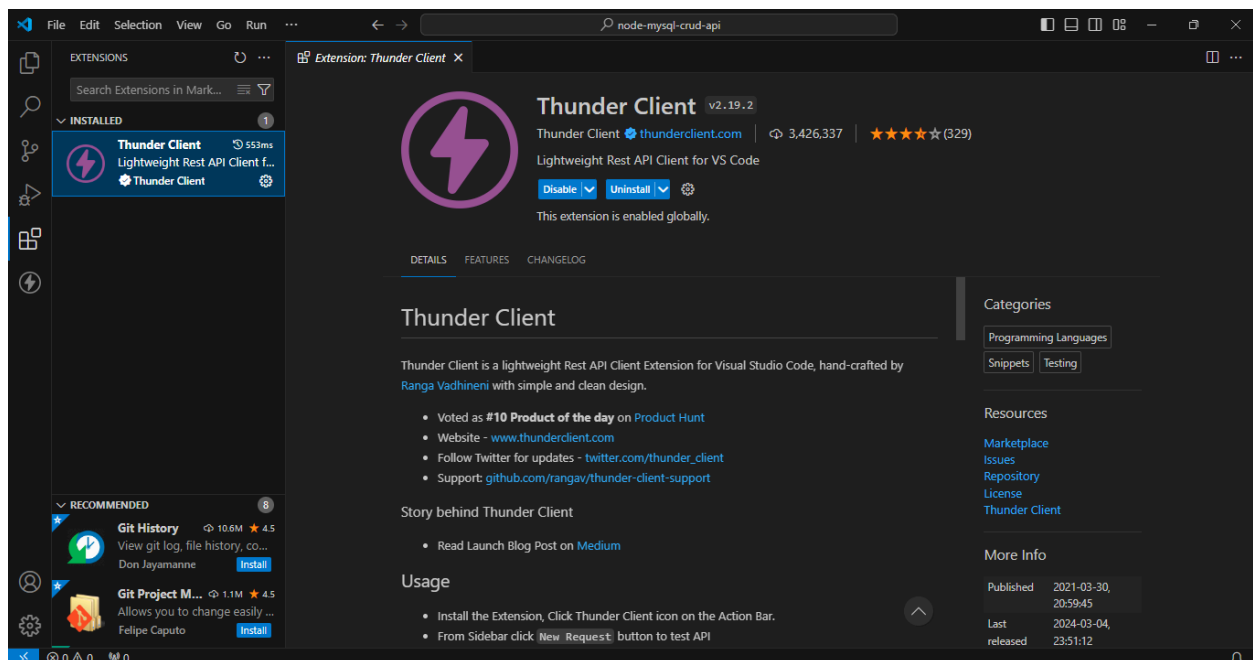
```
mysql> desc users;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
email	varchar(255)	NO		NULL	
passwordHash	varchar(255)	NO		NULL	
title	varchar(255)	NO		NULL	
firstName	varchar(255)	NO		NULL	
lastName	varchar(255)	NO		NULL	
role	varchar(255)	NO		NULL	
createdAt	datetime	NO		NULL	
updatedAt	datetime	NO		NULL	

```
9 rows in set (0.01 sec)

mysql>
```

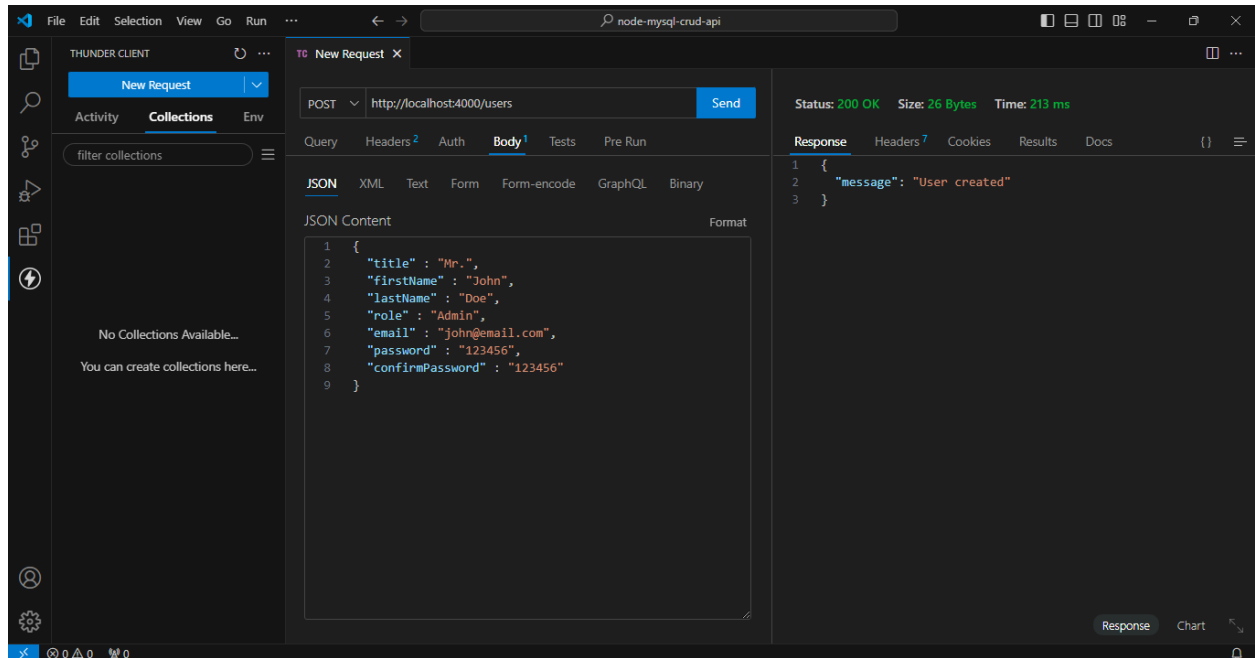
- You can test the API directly with a tool such as Postman or VSCode extension ThunderClient. This time around we use Thunder Client.



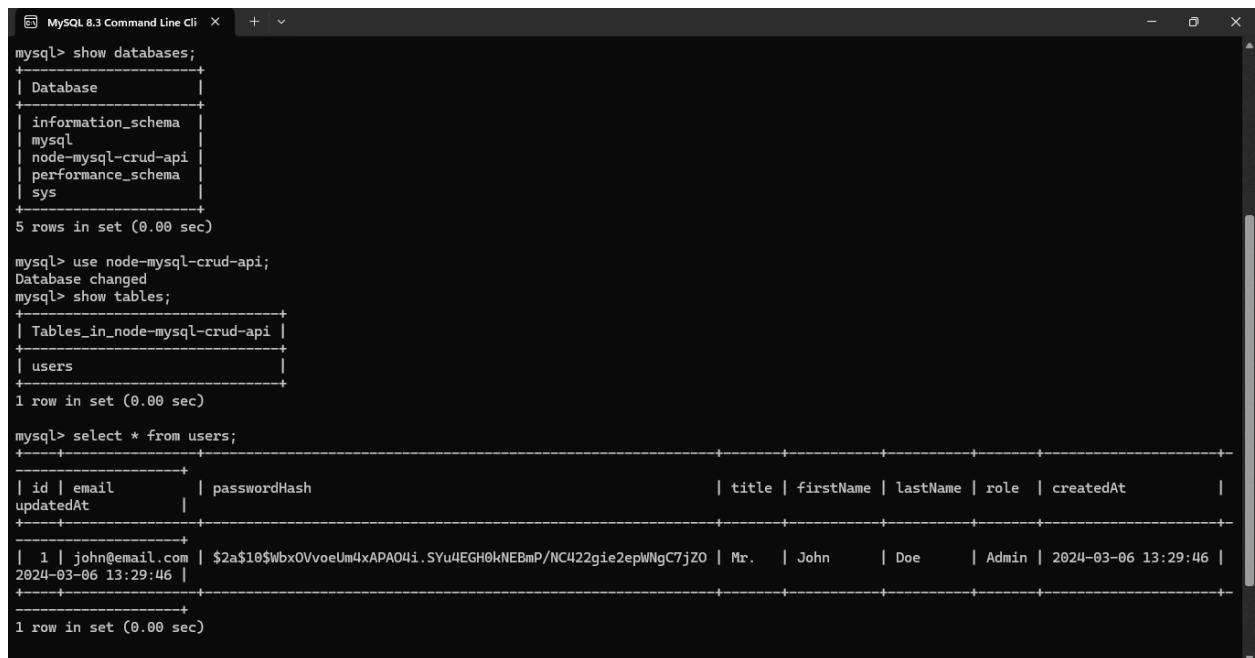
Making Requests in Thunder Client

- Click on the new request button
- You can configure the request url and what type of request you want to send on the page next to the activity/collections/env tab.
- If you are done with the configurations then click the send button.

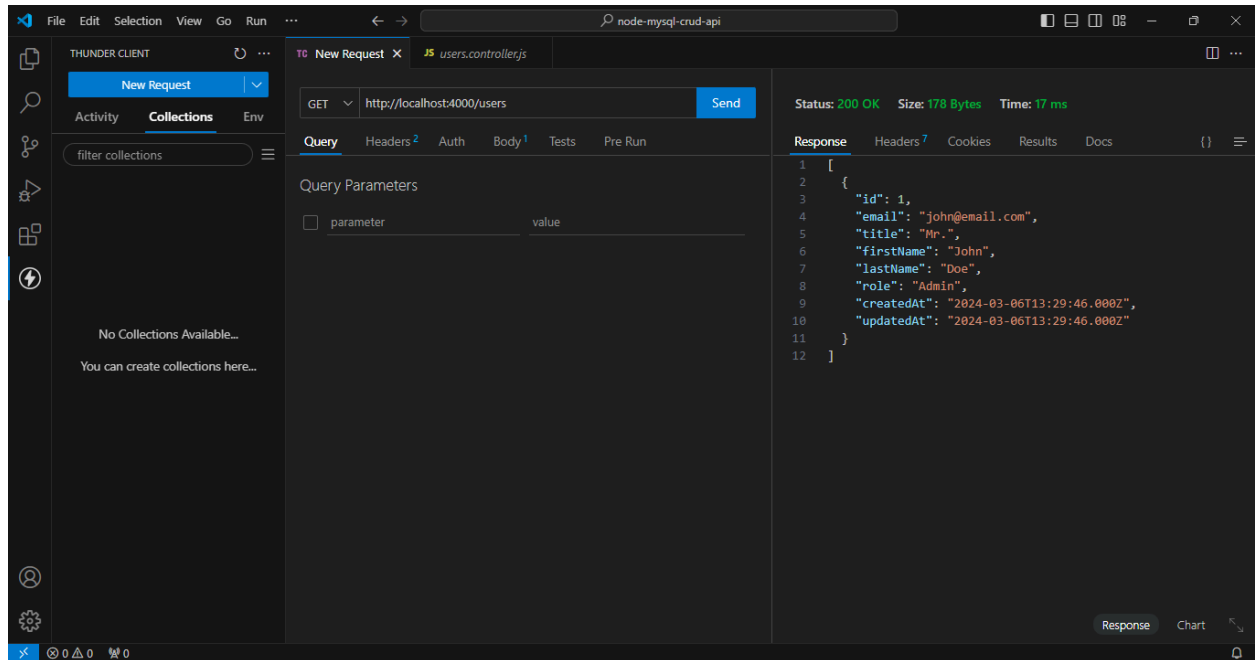
Creating a new user



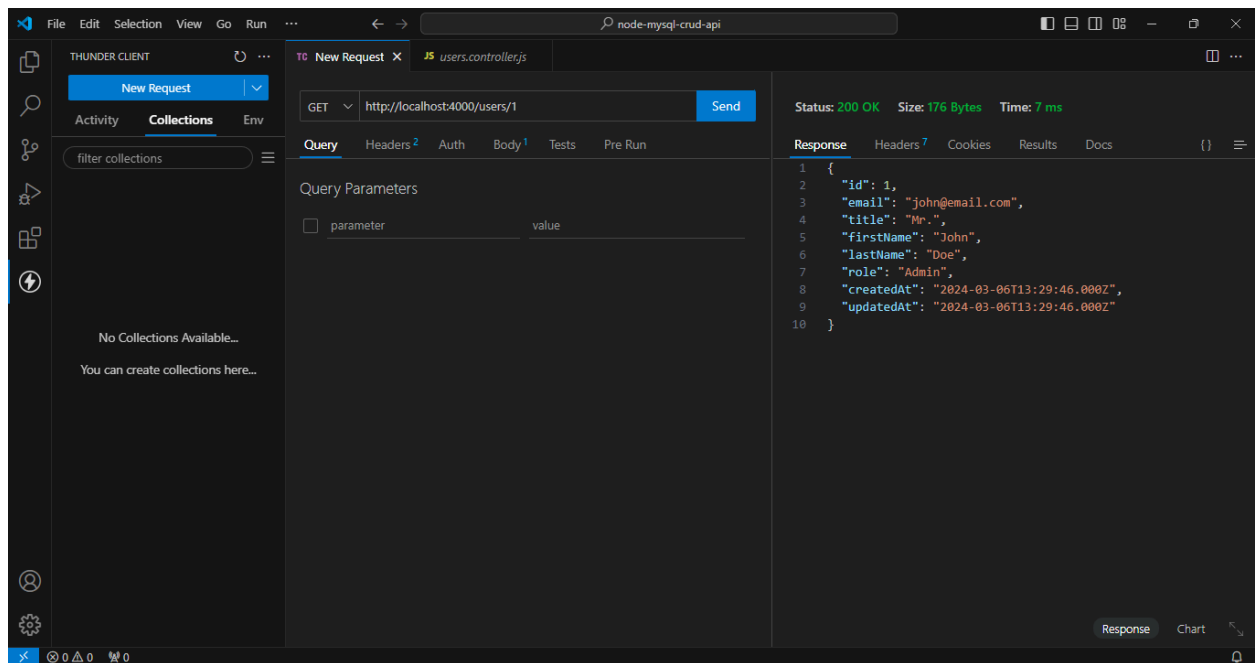
Changes reflected on the database after creating a user.



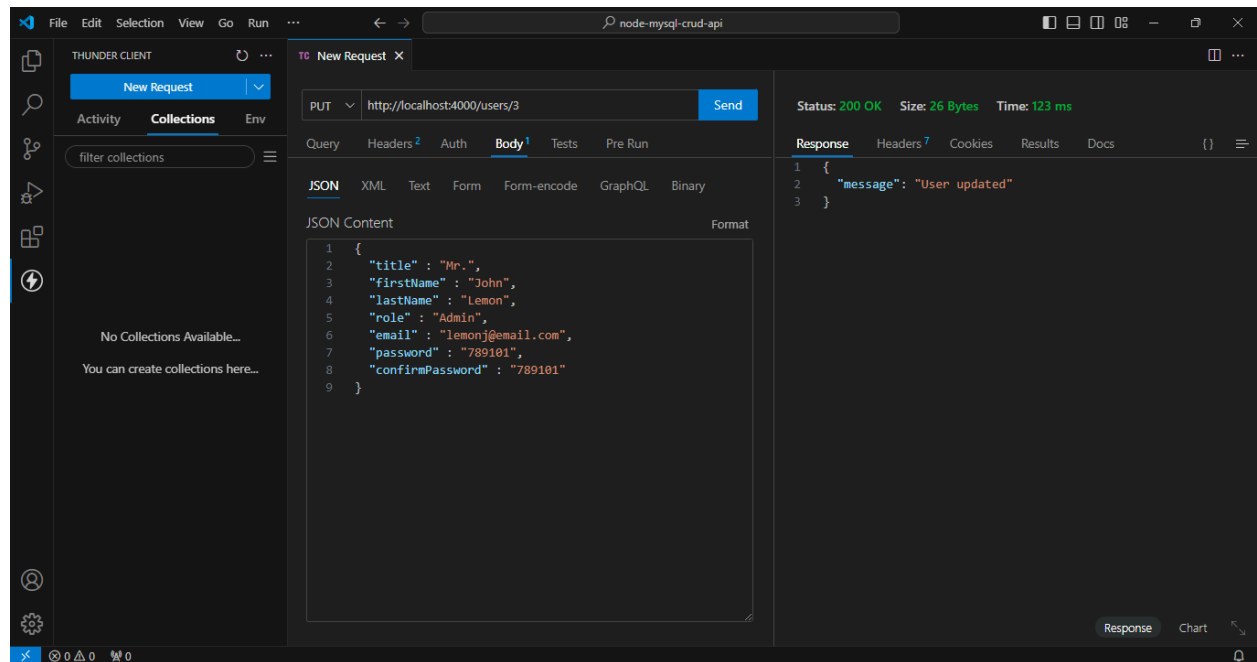
Get all users



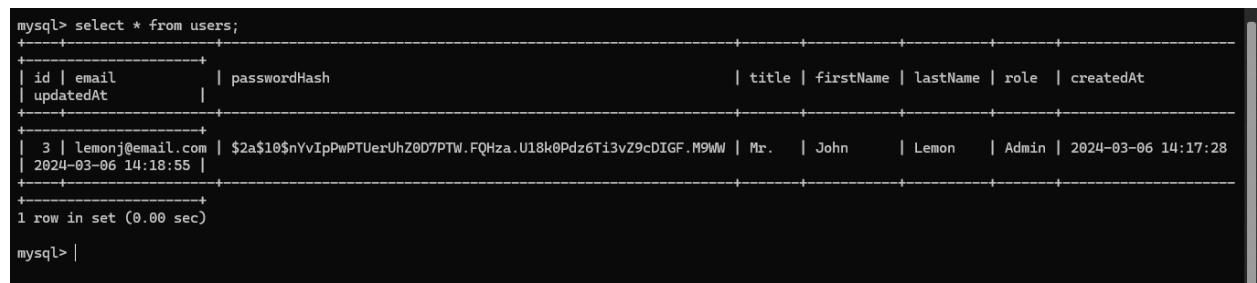
Get a user by ID



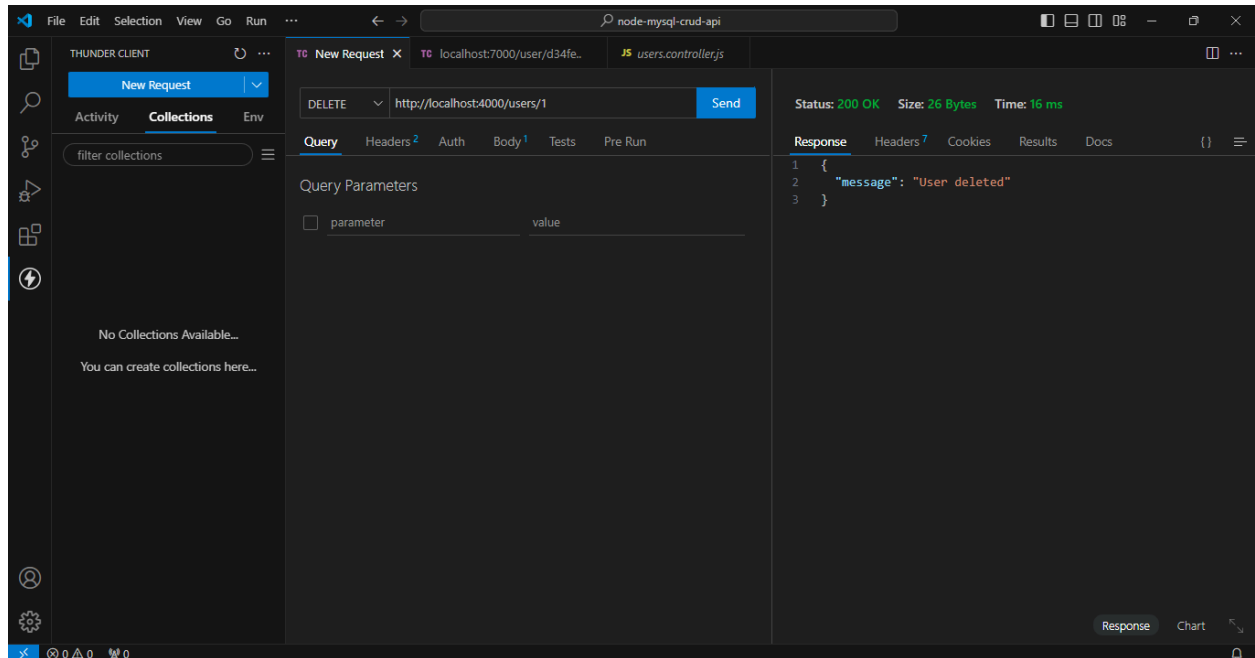
Update a user by ID



Changes reflected on the database after updating a user.



Delete a user by ID



Changes reflected on the database after deleting a user.

```
mysql> select * from users;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | email          | passwordHash | title | firstName | lastName | role | createdAt |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | john@email.com | $2a$10$wBxOVv0eUm4xAPA04i.SYu4EGH0kNEBmP/NC422gie2epWNgC7jZ0 | Mr. | John | Doe | Admin | 2024-03-06 13:29:46 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from users;
Empty set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

Terminal Logs after performing CRUD operations.

```
Executing (default): SELECT 'id', 'email', 'title', 'firstName', 'lastName', 'role', 'createdAt', 'updatedAt' FROM 'Users' AS 'User' WHERE 'User'.e
mail = 'john@email.com' LIMIT 1;
Executing (default): INSERT INTO 'Users' ('id','email','passwordHash','title','firstName','lastName','role','createdAt','updatedAt') VALUES (DEFAULT
,?, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?);
Executing (default): SELECT 'id', 'email', 'title', 'firstName', 'lastName', 'role', 'createdAt', 'updatedAt' FROM 'Users' AS 'User';
Executing (default): SELECT 'id', 'email', 'title', 'firstName', 'lastName', 'role', 'createdAt', 'updatedAt' FROM 'Users' AS 'User';
Executing (default): SELECT 'id', 'email', 'title', 'firstName', 'lastName', 'role', 'createdAt', 'updatedAt' FROM 'Users' AS 'User';
Executing (default): SELECT 'id', 'email', 'title', 'firstName', 'lastName', 'role', 'createdAt', 'updatedAt' FROM 'Users' AS 'User' WHERE 'User'.i
d = '3';
Executing (default): SELECT 'id', 'email', 'title', 'firstName', 'lastName', 'role', 'createdAt', 'updatedAt' FROM 'Users' AS 'User' WHERE 'User'.i
d = '3';
Executing (default): UPDATE 'Users' SET 'lastName'=?, 'email'=?, 'passwordHash'=?, 'updatedAt'= ? WHERE 'id' = ?
Executing (default): SELECT 'id', 'email', 'title', 'firstName', 'lastName', 'role', 'createdAt', 'updatedAt' FROM 'Users' AS 'User' WHERE 'User'.i
d = '3';
Executing (default): DELETE FROM 'Users' WHERE 'id' = 3
```