# **DOCUMENTATION**

#### **How To Implement Server Side Validation**

(Drag and Drop CAPTCHA)

#### Introduction

This document outlines how to integrate CAPTCHA validation on the server side to enhance security against automated bots. The provided CAPTCHA system uses client-side JavaScript; however, for robust security, a server-side verification step is recommended.

# **Prerequisites**

- A web server running Node.js, Python (Flask/Django), PHP, or another backend framework.
- A method to receive CAPTCHA responses from the client.
- A way to verify user-submitted responses against the expected correct answer.

### Steps to Implement Server-Side CAPTCHA Validation

1. Modify the Frontend to Send CAPTCHA Data

In the completeCaptcha() function, modify the request to send the CAPTCHA result to the server:

```
function completeCaptcha() {
    clearTimeout(captchaTimeout);
    const modal = document.getElementById("captchaModal");
    modal.style.display = "none";

    const captchaType = document.getElementById("captcha-content").getAttribute("data-type");
    const selectedAnswer =
    document.getElementById("draggable").id;

    fetch("/verify-captcha", {
        method: "POST",
        headers: {
```

```
"Content-Type": "application/json"
        } ,
        body: JSON.stringify({
            captchaType: captchaType,
            answer: selectedAnswer
        })
    })
    .then(response => response.json())
    .then(data => {
        if (data.success) {
            window.location.href =
'https://mathewsin.github.io/CaptchaTester/';
        } else {
            Swal.fire({
                title: "Incorrect!",
                text: "Try dragging the correct image!",
                icon: "error",
                confirmButtonText: "OK"
            }).then(() => {
                reloadCaptcha();
            });
        }
    })
    .catch(error => console.error("Error verifying CAPTCHA:",
error));
```

### 2. Create a Server-Side Verification Endpoint

Implement a server-side endpoint to validate the CAPTCHA response.

Here are some examples for 2 types of programming language:

## - Python

```
from flask import Flask, request, jsonify

app = Flask(__name__)
    correct_answers = {
        "fruit": "carrot",
        "house": "rabbitHouse",
        "animal": "turtle"
        }

@app.route('/verify-captcha', methods=['POST'])
    def verify_captcha():
```

```
data = request.json
  captcha_type = data.get("captchaType")
  answer = data.get("answer")

if correct_answers.get(captcha_type) == answer:
    return jsonify({"success": True})
  return jsonify({"success": False})

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True)
```

#### - PHP

```
<?php
header ("Content-Type: application/json");
$data = json decode(file get contents("php://input"), true);
$correctAnswers = [
    "fruit" => "carrot",
    "house" => "rabbitHouse",
    "animal" => "turtle"
];
$captchaType = $data["captchaType"];
$answer = $data["answer"];
if ($correctAnswers[$captchaType] === $answer) {
    echo json encode(["success" => true]);
} else {
    echo json encode(["success" => false]);
}
?>
```

#### **Conclusion**

By implementing this server-side verification, you ensure that CAPTCHA validation is not bypassed through frontend manipulation. This additional layer of security helps protect your authentication system against bots and automated attacks.