### **OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB**

# **Experiment No: 15**

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### **Aim**

Create an interface having prototypes of functions area() and perimeter(). Create two classes Circle and Rectangle which implements the above interface. Create a menu driven program to find area and perimeter of objects.

## **Procedure**

```
import java.util.*;
import java.lang.*;
interface Shape {
   float pi = 3.14F;
   float area();
   float perimeter();
}
class Circle implements Shape {
   Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
   int r;
public float area() {
     System.out.print("Enter the radius : ");
     r = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
     return (pi * r * r);
}
```

```
public float perimeter() {
      System.out.print("Enter the perimeter : ");
      r = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
      return (2 * pi * r);
   }
 }
 class Rectangle implements Shape {
   Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
   int l, b;
 public float area() {
      System.out.print("Enter the Length : ");
      1 = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
      System.out.print("Enter the breadth : ");
      b = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
      return (1 * b);
}
  public float perimeter() {
      System.out.print("Enter the Length : ");
      1 = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
      System.out.print("Enter the breadth : ");
      b = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
      return (2 * (1 + b));
```

```
class Prgrm {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
     Circle c = new Circle();
     Rectangle r = new Rectangle();
     int ch;
     while (true) {
       System.out.println("1:Area of Circle");
       System.out.println("2:Perimeter of Circle");
       System.out.println("3:Area of Rectangle");
       System.out.println("4:Perimter of Rectangle");
       System.out.println("5:EXIT");
       System.out.println("enter choice ");
       ch = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
       switch (ch) {
          case 1:
            float ar = c.area();
            System.out.println("Area :" + ar);
            break;
          case 2:
            float pr = c.perimeter();
```

```
System.out.println(pr);
       break;
    case 3:
       float a = r.area();
       System.out.println("Area:" + a);
       break;
    case 4:
       float pr1 = r.perimeter();
       System.out.println(pr1);
       break;
    case 5:
       System.out.println("Exiting the Program");
       System.exit(0);
    default:
       System.out.println("invalid!");
  }
}
```

}

}

#### **Output Screenshot**

```
C:\Users\Student\Desktop\MM\java>javac Prgrm.java
C:\Users\Student\Desktop\MM\java>java Prgrm
1:Area of Circle
2:Perimeter of Circle
3:Area of Rectangle
4:Perimter of Rectangle
5:EXIT
enter choice
Enter the perimeter : 5
31.400002
1:Area of Circle
2:Perimeter of Circle
3:Area of Rectangle
4:Perimter of Rectangle
5:EXIT
enter choice
Enter the radius : 4
Area :50.24
1:Area of Circle
2:Perimeter of Circle
3:Area of Rectangle
4:Perimter of Rectangle
5:EXIT
enter choice
Enter the Length : 4
Enter the breadth : 5
Area :20.0
```