# Mandatory 2

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## Exercise 5

NR3's implementation of <code>DErule</code> from "derule.h" is used as a base for solving the integral in question 5.3

The equations for Extended Midpoint and DErule are set up as follows:

```
double eqn(double x) { return (cos(pow(x, 3)) * exp(-x)) / sqrt(x); }
double eqn_derule(double x, double delta) {
    // If x is small use delta instead to avoid division by zero
    if (abs(x) < 1e-6) {
        return (cos(pow(x, 3)) * exp(-x)) / sqrt(delta);
    } else {
        return (cos(pow(x, 3)) * exp(-x)) / sqrt(x);
    }
}</pre>
```

#### 5.1

The analytical solution using Extended Midpoint is:

$$\begin{split} &\int_a^b \frac{\cos(x^3) \exp(-x)}{\sqrt{x}} dx \\ &\approx \frac{(b-a)}{N-1} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \left( \frac{\cos\left((a+\Delta x \cdot i)^3\right) \exp\left(a+\Delta x \cdot i\right)}{\sqrt{a+\Delta x \cdot i}} \right) + O\left(\frac{1}{N^2}\right) \quad \text{where } \Delta x = \frac{(b-a)}{N} \\ &= (b-a) \cdot \left( \frac{\cos\left(\left(a+\frac{b-a}{2}\right)^3\right) \exp\left(a+\frac{b-a}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b-a}{2}}} \right) + O\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) \quad \text{ for } N=2 \end{split}$$

### 5.2

#### 5.3

DErule found the integral to be:

1.43004

using XXX f-calculation.