Rust Code Test Coverage Profile

• this project give a short overview rust code coverage and profile

My project platform

```
cat /etc/os-release
PRETTY_NAME="Ubuntu 22.04.4 LTS"
NAME="Ubuntu"
VERSION_ID="22.04"
VERSION="22.04.4 LTS (Jammy Jellyfish)"
VERSION_CODENAME=jammy
ID=ubuntu
ID_LIKE=debian
HOME_URL="https://www.ubuntu.com/"
SUPPORT_URL="https://help.ubuntu.com/"
BUG_REPORT_URL="https://bugs.launchpad.net/ubuntu/"
PRIVACY_POLICY_URL="https://www.ubuntu.com/legal/terms-and-policies/privacy-policy"
UBUNTU_CODENAME=jammy
```

My rust version at creation this project

I'm use microsoft vscode version

```
code --version
1.89.1
```

```
dc96b837cf6bb4af9cd736aa3af08cf8279f7685
x64
```

I'm used this vscode extension special for this project

```
code --list-extensions |grep coverage ryanluker.vscode-coverage-gutters
```

Project setup

[!NOTE] > Project Setup From Here

[!TIP] > How to set json with comment in MS Video Studio Code

[!NOTE] > Update rust to latest stable version

Instal crates to be used in this project

• I'm use cargo edit, show my tutorial for install additional package

```
# update all project crates
cargo update
# install cargo-tarpaulin
cargo add cargo-tarpaulin
# /w features
cargo add --features vendored-openssl cargo-tarpaulin
# install flamegraph
cargo add flamegraph
# show version of dependencies and current version vs. akt. version
cargo update --verbose
```

first testcase

```
#!/usr/bin/env bash
export EXAMPLE_SCRIPT_FILE="01_first_testcase.rs"
export EXAMPLE_SCRIPT_DIR="examples/"
cat << EoF > ./$EXAMPLE_SCRIPT_DIR/$EXAMPLE_SCRIPT_FILE
// FROM HERE
//
https://github.com/MathiasStadler/repo_template/blob/main/includes/dummy_sm
all_rust_codeblock.md
pub fn main() {
```

```
println!("Hello, world!");
}
#[cfg(test)]
mod test {
    use super::*;
    #[test]
    fn test main() {
       assert eq!(main(), ());
}
/*
export FILE NAME=$EXAMPLE SCRIPT FILE
export FILE DIR NAME=$EXAMPLE SCRIPT DIR
echo "build prg => \$(echo \$FILE NAME | cut -d . -f 1)";
cargo build --example "\$(echo \$FILE NAME | cut -d . -f 1)"
echo "run PRG => \$(echo \$FILE NAME | cut -d . -f 1)";
cargo run --example "\$(echo \$FILE NAME | cut -d . -f 1)"
echo "run TEST => \$(echo \$FILE NAME | cut -d . -f 1)"
cargo test --example "\$(echo \$FILE NAME | cut -d . -f 1)"
# cargo test --jobs 4 --example "\$(echo \$FILE NAME | cut -d . -f 1)"
echo "ReturnCode => \$?"
* /
EoF
```

Speed up Rust CI pipelines that use Tarpaulin

use simple test coverage

[!TIP] a toolchain/build target its own target directory —target—dir avoid project new compiling for each new test run after small change inside test

```
--target-dir target/tarpaulin-target/
```

I'm ignore all testcase

add

```
--ignore-tests
```

run all test inside the examples folder

• add command line

```
--example
```

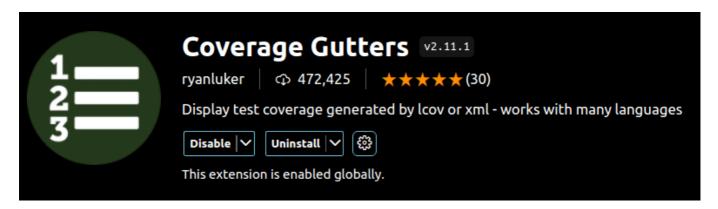
command

```
cargo tarpaulin --ignore-tests --target-dir target/tarpaulin-target/ --skip-clean --out Lcov --example
```

· output

```
100.00% coverage, 2/2 lines covered, +0.00% change in coverage
```

I'm use to show coverage inside code via vscode plugin - Coverage Gutters v2.11.1



second testcase

profile code /w plugin flamegraph

install crates flamegraph

[!NOTE] HERE CONTINUE

install linux-perf

check already installed

```
apt list --installed linux-tools-`uname -r`
apt list --installed linux-tools-common
apt list --installed linux-tools-generic
```

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install linux-tools-common linux-tools-generic linux-tools-`uname
-r`
```

Enabling perf for use by unprivileged users

[!NOTE] To enable perf without running as root, you may lower the perf_event_paranoid value in proc to an appropriate level for your environment. The most permissive value is -1 but may not be acceptable for your security needs etc.

```
cat /proc/sys/kernel/perf_event_paranoid
sudo echo -1 | sudo tee /proc/sys/kernel/perf_event_paranoid
```

run flamegraph

• by default, --release profile is used,

```
# --target-dir target/flamegraph-target/
cargo flamegraph
```

• but you can override this:

```
cargo flamegraph --dev
```

[!NOTE] Samples in kernel modules won't be resolved at all. If some relocation was applied (e.g. kexec) symbols may be misresolved even with a suitable vmlinux or kallsyms file. Couldn't record kernel reference relocation symbol Symbol resolution may be skewed if relocation was used (e.g. kexec). Check /proc/kallsyms permission or run as root. CHANGE IT to use is for normal user NOT root

```
# show value
echo 0 | sudo tee /proc/sys/kernel/kptr_restrict
# set value to 0
echo 0 | sudo tee /proc/sys/kernel/kptr_restrict
```

perf

[!TIP] Tutorial about perf install/using [!NOTE] Cannot load tips.txt file, please install perf! How to get perf fully working with all features?

```
mkdir -p /usr/share/doc/perf-tip && \
wget
https://raw.githubusercontent.com/torvalds/linux/master/tools/perf/Document
ation/tips.txt -O /usr/share/doc/perf-tip/tips.txt
```

garbage

FROM HERE

FORM HERE

convert ./test_pictures.png -resize 33% ./out.png base64 ./out.png