

# MA4413 Weeks 12 and 13 Tutorials

## Question 1a

Consider a source  $X$  that produces five symbols with probabilities  $1/2, 1/4, 1/8, 1/16$  and  $1/16$ . Determine the source entropy  $H(x)$ .

## Question 1b

A input source is a random variable  $X$  with a four letter alphabet  $\{A, B, C, D\}$ . There are four different probability distributions presented below. Compute the entropy for each case.

	$X_i$	A	B	C	D
Case 1	$p(X_i)$	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Case 2	$p(X_i)$	0.25	0.5	0.125	0.125
Case 3	$p(X_i)$	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.1
Case 4	$p(X_i)$	0.97	0.01	0.01	0.01

## Question 1c

Consider a source  $X$  that produces 8 symbols with equal probabilities for each symbol. Determine the source entropy  $H(x)$ .

## Question 2

The input source to a noisy communication channel is a random variable  $X$  over three symbols  $\{a, b, c\}$ . The output from this channel is a random variable  $Y$  over the same three symbols. The joint distribution of these two random variables is as follows:

	x=a	x=b	x=c
y=a	0.25	0	0.125
y=b	0	0.125	0
y=c	0.125	0.25	0.125

- Write down the marginal distributions for  $X$  and  $Y$ .
- Compute the marginal entropies  $H(X)$  and  $H(Y)$
- Compute the joint entropy  $H(X, Y)$  of the two random variables.

### Question 3a

A four letter alphabet is encoded into binary form according to

Case 1	A: 10	C: 110	G: 111	T: 0
Case 2	A: 00	C: 01	G: 10	T: 11

Using the code presented in case 1, decode the following sequence:

11110001011010

Encode this message using the code from case 2. Compare the length of messages in both cases.

### Question 3b

Given that the alphabet has the following distribution

$x_i$	A	C	G	T
$p(x_i)$	0.25	0.125	0.125	0.5

Compute the average symbol length for both cases.

### Question 4

A DMS X has five symbols  $\{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5\}$  with  $P(x_1) = 0.4$ ,  $P(x_2) = 0.19$ ,  $P(x_3) = 0.16$ ,  $P(x_4) = 0.15$ , and  $P(x_5) = 0.1$ .

- (a) Construct the Shannon-Fano code for X, and calculate the efficiency of the code.
- (b) Repeat for the Huffman code and compare the results.

### Question 5

A discrete memoryless source has a five symbol alphabet  $\{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5\}$  with the following probabilities 0.2, 0.15, 0.05, 0.10 and 0.5.

- (i) Construct a Shannon-Fano code for X, and calculate the code efficiency.
- (ii) Construct a Huffman code for X, and calculate the code efficiency.

### Question 6

The input source to a noisy communication channel is a random variable X over three symbols a, b, c. The output from this channel is a random variable Y over the same three symbols. The joint distribution of these two random variables is as follows:

	x=a	x=b	x=c
y=a	0.25	0	0.125
y=b	0	0.125	0
y=c	0.125	0.25	0.125

- Write down the marginal distributions for  $X$  and  $Y$ .
- Compute the marginal entropies  $H(X)$  and  $H(Y)$
- Compute the joint entropy  $H(X, Y)$  of the two random variables.
- Compute the mutual information  $I(X; Y)$ .
- Compute the conditional entropies  $H(X|Y)$  and  $H(Y|X)$ .
- From Formulae:

$$I(X, Y) = H(X)H(X|Y)$$

### Question 7

The frequency of 0 as an input to a binary channel is 0.6. If 0 is the input, then 0 is the output with probability 0.8. If 1 is the input, then 1 is the output with probability 0.9.

Write out the channel transition matrix

- Calculate the output probabilities  $[P(Y)]$
- Compute the joint probabilities  $[P(X, Y)]$
- Calculate the probability that the input is 0 given that the output is 0.
- Calculate the probability that the input is 1 given that the output is 1,
- Calculate the probability that the input is 1 given that the output is 0.
- Calculate the probability that the input is 0 given that the output is 1.

### Question 8

Consider a DMS  $X$  with symbols  $\{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4\}$ . The table below lists four possible binary codes.

$x_i$	Code $A$	Code $B$	Code $C$	Code $D$
$x_1$	00	0	0	0
$x_2$	01	10	11	100
$x_3$	10	11	100	110
$x_4$	11	110	110	111

Figure 1:

- Show that all codes except B satisfy the Kraft inequality (formula below) m
- Show that codes A and D are uniquely decodable but code B and C are not uniquely demdable.

$$K = \sum_{i=1}^m 2^{-n_i} \leq 1$$

Figure 2:

### Question 9

A DMS X has live symbols  $\{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5\}$  with  $P(x_1) = 0.2$ ,  $P(x_2) = 0.15$ ,  $P(x_3) = 0.05$ ,  $P(x_4) = 0.10$ , and  $P(x_5) = 0.5$ .

- (a) Construct a Shannon-Fano code for X, and calculate the efficiency of the code.
- (b) Repeat for the Huffman code and compare the results.