The Generalized Hockey-stick Identity

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Generalized Hockey-stick Identity. For all $J, k_1, k_2 \in \mathbb{N}$,

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2=J} {j_1+k_1 \choose j_1} {j_2+k_2 \choose j_2} = {J+k_1+k_2+1 \choose J}.$$

Proof. Let $J, k_1, k_2 \in \mathbb{N}$. Define

$$f(j,k) = \binom{j+k}{k} = \binom{j+k}{j} = \frac{(j+k)!}{j!k!}$$

so that the identity may be rewritten

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2=J} f(j_1,k_1)f(j_2,k_2) = f(J,k_1+k_2+1).$$

Note f(0,k) = f(j,0) = 1 and f(j+1,k+1) = f(j,k+1) + f(j+1,k) for all $j,k \in \mathbb{N}$. Proof by induction over J and k_2 :

1. J=0 is trivial:

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2=0} f(j_1, k_1) f(j_2, k_2) = f(0, k_1 + k_2 + 1)$$
$$f(0, k_1) f(0, k_2) = f(0, k_1 + k_2 + 1)$$
$$1 \times 1 = 1$$

2. $k_2 = 0$ reduces to the normal hockey stick identity:

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2=J} f(j_1, k_1) f(j_2, 0) = f(J, k_1 + 0 + 1)$$

$$\sum_{j_1=0}^{J} f(j_1, k_1) = f(J, k_1 + 1)$$

3. J = J' + 1, $k_2 = k_2' + 1$: Assume

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2=J'} f(j_1,k_1)f(j_2,k_2) = f(J',k_1+k_2+1),$$

$$\sum_{j_1+j_2=J} f(j_1,k_1)f(j_2,k_2') = f(J,k_1+k_2'+1).$$

Then

$$\begin{split} &\sum_{j_1+j_2=J} f(j_1,k_1)f(j_2,k_2) \\ &= \sum_{j_1=0}^J f(j_1,k_1)f(J-j_1,k_2) \\ &= \sum_{j_1=0}^{J'} f(j_1,k_1)f(J-j_1,k_2) + f(J,k_1) \\ &= \sum_{j_1=0}^{J'} f(j_1,k_1)f(J'+1-j_1,k_2'+1) + f(J,k_1) \\ &= \sum_{j_1=0}^{J'} f(j_1,k_1)(f(J'-j_1,k_2'+1) + f(J'+1-j_1,k_2')) + f(J,k_1) \\ &= \sum_{j_1=0}^{J'} f(j_1,k_1)(f(J'-j_1,k_2) + f(J-j_1,k_2')) + f(J,k_1) \\ &= \sum_{j_1=0}^{J'} (f(j_1,k_1)f(J'-j_1,k_2) + f(j_1,k_1)f(J-j_1,k_2')) + f(J,k_1) \\ &= \sum_{j_1=0}^{J'} f(j_1,k_1)f(J'-j_1,k_2) + \sum_{j_1=0}^{J'} f(j_1,k_1)f(J-j_1,k_2') + f(J,k_1) \\ &= \sum_{j_1+j_2=J'} f(j_1,k_1)f(J'-j_1,k_2) + \sum_{j_1=0}^{J} f(j_1,k_1)f(J-j_1,k_2') \\ &= \sum_{j_1+j_2=J'} f(j_1,k_1)f(j_2,k_2) + \sum_{j_1+j_2=J} f(j_1,k_1)f(j_2,k_2') \\ &= f(J',k_1+k_2+1) + f(J,k_1+k_2'+1) \\ &= f(J,k_1+k_2+1). \end{split}$$