

Example usage of `allan.sty`

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Warning

This package is still in development. Please report any bugs to the author via issues on the [GitHub repository](#).

Abstract

This document provides an example of how to use the ‘allan.sty’ package. It includes various environments such as theorems, proofs, claims, historical notes, and more. Additionally, it demonstrates the use of custom colors defined in the package. .

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Part I

Introduction

Section 1 Section

§ 1.1 Subsection 1

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Theorem 1.1 (Chevalley (\Leftarrow), Shephard-Todd (\Rightarrow))

Suppose V is a vct. space over \mathbb{R} , then S^G is a polynomial ring iff. $\rho(G) \leq GL(V)$ is a finite reflection group. Also on \Leftarrow direction, the polynomial ring is generated by exactly $n = \dim V$ indeterminates.

Proof of theorem. We first introduce the notion of **Raynolds’ operator** R on V as the following: Suppose $\text{char}(k) \nmid |G|$, for $G \curvearrowright S$, define $S \rightarrow R$,

$$f \mapsto f^\# \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \frac{1}{|G|} \sum_{g \in G} gf \in R$$

1. $\cdot^\#$ is linear.

2. If $g \in R$, then $g^\# = g$.
3. If $p \in S$, $q \in R$, then $(pq)^\# = p^\#q$.
4. $\deg p = \deg p^\#, \forall p \in S$.

By **Hilbert Basis thm**, S is Noetherian. Let

$$R^+ \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \bigoplus_{d>0} R \cap S_d = \{f \in R \mid \text{constant term of } f = 0\} = \ker(R \rightarrow k, f \mapsto \text{constant term})$$

, and $I \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} SR^+ = (R^+) \leq S$, then I is finitely generated. Pick generators $f_1, \dots, f_r \in R^+$ of I (achievable, c.f. proof of Hilbert Basis thm).

Claim 1.1 — R is generated f_1, \dots, f_r and 1 as an algebra.

Proof of claim. WLOG $f \in R$ homogeneous (otherwise decompose into homogeneous parts). Induction on $\deg(f)$.

- If $\deg(f) = 0$, trivial.
- If $\deg(f) > 0$, then $f \in R^+ \subseteq I$. Therefore $\exists s_1, \dots, s_r \in S$ s.t. $f = s_1 f_1 + \dots + s_r f_r$. Hence

$$f = f^\# = s_1^\# f_1 + \dots + s_r^\# f_r$$

After decomposition, we may assume $s_i^\#$ is homogeneous. Then $\deg(s_i^\#) = \deg(f) - \deg(f_i) < \deg(f)$. By induction hypothesis, $s_i^\#$ is a polynomial in f_1, \dots, f_r . Hence f is a polynomial in f_1, \dots, f_r .

□

Historical note

Historically, studying the invariants of a group action is a fundamental topic, which in turn motivated Hilbert to research into polynomial rings and their finite generation properties. This idea was further developed by Noether who introduced the concept of Noetherian rings.

To proceed, we also require some facts from field theory:

Theorem 1.2

Any two transcendence bases of K have the same cardinality, which is the transcendence degree of K/k .

Let f_1, \dots, f_r be a **minimal** set of generators of I . From claim 1.1, it suffices to show f_1, \dots, f_r are algebraically independent. Once this is done, $R \cong k[y_1, \dots, y_r] \Rightarrow \text{Frac}(R) \cong k(y_1, \dots, y_r)$. So $r = n = \text{transcendence degree of } \text{Frac}(R)$.

Lemma 1.1

Let $W \leq GL(V)$ be a finite reflection group. S, R defined as before. $f_1, \dots, f_r \in R$ s.t. $f_1 \notin \sum_{i=2}^r Rf_i$. Suppose $g_1, \dots, g_r \in S$ are homogeneous s.t. $g_1f_1 + \dots + g_rf_r = 0$, then $g_1 \in I = SR^+$.

Proof of lemma. First, $f_1 \notin \sum_{i=2}^r Sf_i$, since if $f_1 = \sum_{i=2}^r s_if_i$, then $f_1 = f_1^\# = \sum_{i=2}^r s_i^\#f_i \in \sum_{i=2}^r Rf_i$, contradiction. \square

Now the proof becomes easier if one notices the following fact:

Fact 1.1 — The fact is left as an exercise to the reader.

Therefore the proof is complete. \square

§ 1.2 Subsection 2: Colors

1. allanred
2. allangreen
3. allanblue
4. allandarkblue
5. allanorange
6. allanpurple
7. allancyan
8. allanyellow

§ 1.3 Other environments

Convention 1.1 (Convention). This is a convention.

Convention 1.2. This is another convention.

Hypothesis 1.1 (Hypothesis). This is a hypothesis.

$$E = mc^2 \tag{1}$$

Conventions [1.1](#) and [1.2](#) and eq. [\(1\)](#) smart referencing.

Lemma 1.1

This is a lemma.

Lemma 1.1 and lemma 1.1.

Example 1.1 (Example). This is an example.