$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{-x^2}{b}$$

$$y/x = /x$$

$$\beta_{2}(x) = c_{2}(x-a) \qquad x_{0} = -r \quad x_{1} = r$$

$$X_0 = -\Gamma \quad X_1 = \Gamma \quad \Gamma \in (0,1)$$

$$G_2(f) = A_0 f(r) \rightarrow A_1 f(r)$$

$$G_{2}(f) = f(-\frac{1}{K}) + f(\frac{1}{K})$$

$$f(\frac{1}{K}) - f(\frac{1}{K}) - f(\frac{1}{K})$$

$$f(\frac{1}{K}) + f(\frac{1}{K}) - f(\frac{1}{K})$$

$$f(\frac{1}{K}) + f(\frac{1}{K}) + f(\frac{1}{K})$$

$$f(\frac{1}{K}) + f(\frac{$$

Podemos
$$\int \frac{x^2}{|x|} |x| dx \approx G_2 \left(\frac{x^2}{|x|}\right)$$

$$\int \frac{x^2}{|x$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{S}(1)}{\mathcal{S}(1)} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2$$

9: [C,d] -> R

$$f(x) = g(h(x)) = g(y)$$

6) Y= h/x)

$$\int g(x) \widetilde{w}(y) dy = \int g(h(x)) \widetilde{w}(h(x)) h(x) dx$$

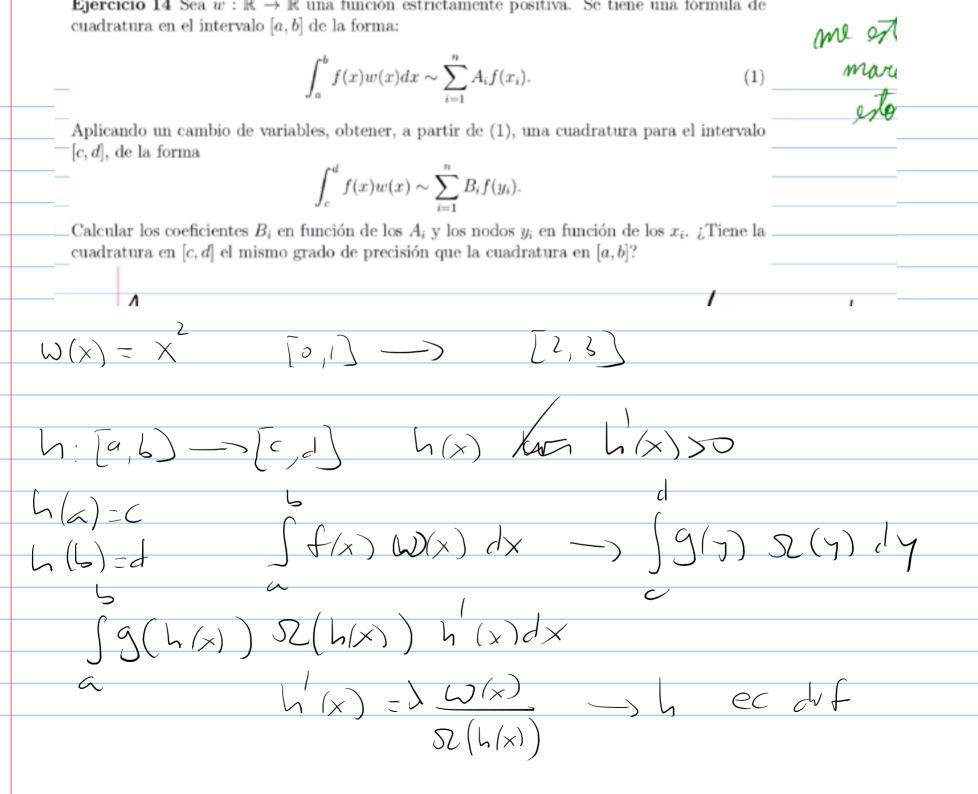
Ejercicio 14 Sea $w : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ una función estrictamente positiva. Se tiene una formula de cuadratura en el intervalo [a, b] de la forma:

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x)w(x)dx \sim \sum_{i=1}^{n} A_{i}f(x_{i}). \tag{1}$$

Aplicando un cambio de variables, obtener, a partir de (1), una cuadratura para el intervalo [c, d], de la forma

$$\int_{c}^{d} f(x)w(x) \sim \sum_{i=1}^{n} B_{i}f(y_{i}).$$

—Calcular los coeficientes B_i en función de los A_i y los nodos y_i en función de los x_i . ¿Tiene la



$$P_{o}$$
, P_{o} , P_{o} , P_{o}

$$Q_{o}, Q_{1}, Q_{2}$$

$$Q_1 \perp Q_2 \Rightarrow Q_1 \perp P_2 \Rightarrow Q_1 / P_1$$
, $Q_1 = C_1 P_1$

$$d(x) = x - f(x)$$

$$f(x)$$

$$\frac{d(x) + x - f(x)}{f(x)} \qquad \frac{d(x) - x = x - f(x) - x = x + f(x) - x}{f(x)}$$

$$X_{\phi}$$
 - X_{ϕ} + X_{ϕ}

$$C_{1} = \min_{x \in \mathbb{Z}} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right\} \qquad C_{2} = \max_{x \in \mathbb{Z}} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right\} \qquad \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right] \qquad \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\phi(x) = x - \frac{f(x)}{f'(x)} \qquad \phi(x) = 1 - \frac{f(x) - f(x)}{f(x)} \frac{f'(x)}{f(x)}$$

$$\phi'(x) = x - x + \frac{f(x)f'(x)}{f(x)}$$

$$|\phi'(x)| \le \left(\frac{f(x)}{f'(x)}\right) \frac{C_2}{C_1} < 1$$

$$M_{N} ||A \times - b|| => A^{T} A \times - A^{T} b$$

$$||A \times -b|| = (A \times -b) \cdot (A \times -b)$$

$$||A \times A \times -A \times b| = (A \times b) \cdot (A \times -b)$$

$$(x, x_n) A A \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_n \end{pmatrix}$$

$$7 | 1Ax - 11|^2 = 2 | A^TAX - 2A^Tb = 0$$

 $| AX - 11|^2 = 2 | A^TAX - 2A^Tb = 0$
 $| AX - 11|^2 = 2 | A^TAX - 2A^Tb = 0$

$$I_{m}(A) = N_{u}(A^{7})$$

$$b - A \times \in I_{m}(A) = N_{u}(A^{7})$$

$$A^{7}(b - A \times) = 0$$

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