## 1

## Assignment 1

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Substituting (2),(3),(4) in (1) we get

$$\bar{d} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{5}$$

$$\|\bar{d}\| = \sqrt{3^2 + (-3)^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{22}$$
 (6)

$$\hat{d} = \frac{\bar{d}}{\|\bar{d}\|} \tag{7}$$

Abstract—This document finds a unit vector parallel to a given vector

Download all python codes from

https://github.com/Matish007/Matrix-Theory-EE5609-/tree/master/codes

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Matish007/Matrix-Theory-EE5609Substituting (5),(6) in (7) we get

$$\hat{d} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{22}} \begin{pmatrix} 3\\ -3\\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{8}$$

Equation 8 gives us a unit vector  $\hat{d}$  parallel to  $2\bar{a} - \bar{b} + 3\bar{c}$ 

## 1 Problem

Find a unit vector parallel to  $2\bar{a}$ - $\bar{b}$ + $3\bar{c}$ 

$$\bar{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \ \bar{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \ \bar{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

## 2 Explanation

First calculate  $2\bar{a}$ - $\bar{b}$ +3 $\bar{c}$ . Then divide the resultant vector with its magnitude, that will be a unit vector parallel to  $2\bar{a}$ - $\bar{b}$ +3 $\bar{c}$ 

$$\bar{d} = 2\bar{a} - \bar{b} + 3\bar{c} \tag{1}$$

$$2\bar{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 2\\2\\2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

$$-\bar{b} = \begin{pmatrix} -2\\1\\-3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

$$3\bar{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -6 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{4}$$