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Assignment 4

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 $\begin{subarray}{c} Abstract — This document solves question based on triangle. \end{subarray}$

Download all latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Matish007/Matrix-Theory-EE5609-/tree/master/Assignment 4

1 Problem

Line L is the bisector of $\angle A$ and B is any point on L.BP and BQ are perpendiculars from B to the arms of $\angle A$. Show that:-

a)
$$\triangle APB \cong \triangle AQB$$
 (1.0.1)

$$b) \quad BP = BQ \tag{1.0.2}$$

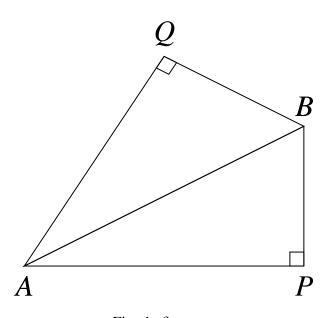


Fig. 1: figure

2 Explanation

Given:-

$$\angle BAP = \angle BAQ = \alpha \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$\angle AQB = \angle APB$$
 (2.0.2)

In $\triangle ABQ$

$$\angle ABQ + \angle AQB + \angle BAQ = 180^{\circ} \tag{2.0.3}$$

In $\triangle ABP$

$$\angle ABP + \angle APB + \angle BAP = 180^{\circ} \tag{2.0.4}$$

Subtracting (2.0.3) and (2.0.4) and using (2.0.1) and (2.0.2) we get,

$$\angle ABQ = \angle ABP \tag{2.0.5}$$

Since,line BP and BQ are perpendicular to AP and AQ respectively..So,their respective dot product will be zero.We get,

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{Q})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{Q}) = 0 (2.0.6)$$

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{P})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P}) = 0 (2.0.7)$$

We know that, $(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{P})^T (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{P}) = ||\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{P}||^2$ Also let

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\|^2 = k^2 \tag{2.0.8}$$

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{P})^{T}(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{P}) = (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} + \mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P})^{T}(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} + \mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P})$$
(2.0.9)

$$||\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{P}||^{2} = (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^{T} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})$$

$$+ (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P})^{T} (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P})$$

$$+ (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P})^{T} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})$$

$$+ (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^{T} (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P})$$

$$= ||\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}||^{2} + ||\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P}||^{2}$$

$$+ 2 ||\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P}|| ||\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}|| \cos \alpha$$

$$(2.0.10)$$

$$(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P})^{T}(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}) = (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^{T}(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P})$$
$$= ||\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P}|| ||\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}|| \cos \alpha$$
(2.0.11)

Substituting (2.0.11), (2.0.8) in (2.0.10) we get,

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{P}\|^2 = k^2 + \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P}\|^2 + 2k \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{P}\| \cos \alpha$$
(2.0.12)

Similarly, we get

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{Q}\|^2 = k^2 + \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{Q}\|^2 + 2k \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{Q}\| \cos \alpha$$
(2.0.13)

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A})}{k \|\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A}\|} = \frac{(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{A})}{k \|\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{A}\|}$$

$$(2.0.14)$$

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A}) = (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{P} + \mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A})$$

$$(2.0.15)$$

$$\implies (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{P})^T (\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A}) + \|\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A}\|^2$$

$$(2.0.16)$$

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{A}) = (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{Q} + \mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{A})$$

$$(2.0.17)$$

Substituting (2.0.6) and (2.0.7) in (2.0.18) and (2.0.16) respectively we get,

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A}) = ||\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A}||^2$$
 (2.0.19)

 $\implies (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{Q})^T (\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{A}) + \|\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{A}\|^2$

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{A}) = ||\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{A}||^2$$
 (2.0.20)

Substituting (2.0.19) and (2.0.20) in (2.0.14) we get,

$$\cos \alpha = \|\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A}\| = \|\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{A}\| \tag{2.0.21}$$

Substituting (2.0.21) in (2.0.12) and (2.0.13) we get,

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{P}\| = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{Q}\|$$
 (2.0.22)

From (2.0.22) we can say that **B** is equidistant from the arms of $\angle A$, where **P** and **Q** are the points on the arms of $\angle A$ Using (2.0.1),(2.0.2),(2.0.22) and by AAS(Angle Angle Side) property of congruency we can say that:-

$$\triangle APB \cong \triangle AQB \tag{2.0.23}$$