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## Assignment 1

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Abstract—This document finds a unit vector parallel to a given vector

Download all python codes from

https://github.com/Matish007/Matrix-Theory-EE5609-/tree/master/codes

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Matish007/Matrix-Theory-EE5609Substituting (2),(3),(4) in (1) we get

$$\boldsymbol{d} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{5}$$

$$||d|| = \sqrt{3^2 + (-3)^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{22}$$
 (6)

$$e = \frac{d}{\|d\|} \tag{7}$$

'e'is the unit vector parallel to given vector Substituting (5),(6) in (7) we get

$$e = \frac{1}{\sqrt{22}} \begin{pmatrix} 3\\ -3\\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{8}$$

Equation 8 gives us a unit vector e parallel to 2a - b + 3c

### 1 Problem

Find a unit vector parallel to 2a - b + 3c

$$\boldsymbol{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \boldsymbol{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \boldsymbol{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

### 2 EXPLANATION

First calculate 2a-b+3c. Then divide the resultant vector with its magnitude, that will be a unit vector parallel to 2a-b+3c

$$d = 2a - b + 3c \tag{1}$$

$$\mathbf{2a} = \begin{pmatrix} 2\\2\\2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

$$-\boldsymbol{b} = \begin{pmatrix} -2\\1\\-3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

$$3c = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -6 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{4}$$