Standard Operating Procedure (SOP): Secure Disposal of Sensitive Data from Storage Media

# 1. Purpose:

The purpose of this SOP is to establish a standardized process for securely disposing of sensitive data stored on various storage media to prevent unauthorized access and ensure compliance with data privacy regulations.

## 2. Scope:

This SOP applies to all personnel involved in managing and disposing of storage media containing sensitive data within the organization.

### 3. Responsibilities:

- Data Owners: Responsible for identifying and classifying sensitive data that requires secure disposal.
- IT Department: Responsible for overseeing the secure disposal process and providing the necessary tools and resources.
- IT Support Team: Assists in identifying storage media containing sensitive data and coordinating their disposal.
- Data Protection Officer (if applicable): Ensures compliance with data protection regulations and provides guidance on secure data disposal.

### 4. Prerequisites:

- Understanding of the organization's data classification policies and procedures.
- Knowledge of secure data disposal methods and tools.

#### 5. Procedures:

# 5.1. Identify Sensitive Data and Storage Media:

- Collaborate with data owners and department heads to identify storage media that contain sensitive data to be disposed of securely.
  - Classify the sensitivity level of the data based on the organization's data classification policy.

#### 5.2. Determine Disposal Method:

- Determine the appropriate disposal method based on the type of storage media and the sensitivity of the data. Options may include physical destruction, degaussing, or secure data wiping.

# 5.3. Physical Destruction:

- For storage media such as hard drives, USB drives, or optical discs:
- Use an industrial shredder or disintegration equipment to physically destroy the media.
- Ensure the destruction process renders the media unreadable and irrecoverable.

# 5.4. Degaussing:

- For magnetic storage media such as hard drives or magnetic tapes:
- Use a degausser to demagnetize the media, rendering the data unreadable.
- Follow the manufacturer's guidelines for proper degaussing procedures.

### 5.5. Secure Data Wiping:

- For reusable storage media such as hard drives or solid-state drives:

- Use data wiping software that conforms to recognized standards (e.g., NIST SP 800-88) to overwrite the entire storage media with random data or zeros.
  - Perform multiple passes to ensure data eradication.

### 5.6. Documentation:

- Maintain records of all storage media disposed of, including the type of media, disposal method used, date of disposal, and responsible personnel.
  - Document any exceptions or incidents encountered during the disposal process.

# 6. References:

- Organization's data classification policy.
- Data protection regulations (e.g., GDPR, HIPAA).

#### 7. Definitions:

- Sensitive Data: Information that, if accessed or disclosed, could result in harm to individuals, the organization, or violate legal or regulatory requirements.

### 8. Revision History:

- Version 1.0: [17MAY2023] [David Siebert]
  - Initial draft of the SOP.
- Version 1.1: [Date] [Contributor Name]
  - Incorporated feedback from stakeholders.
  - Added secure data wiping procedure.
- Version 1.2: [Date] [Contributor Name]
  - Reviewed and refined the SOP for clarity and completeness.