

智能合约安全入门



智能合约是什么?

- 智能合约是根据事先任意制定的规则来自动转移数字资产的系统。
- 智能合约是运行在区块链的具备图灵完备性的分布式应用程序。

在股权众筹、游戏、保险、供应链、物联网等领域都有应用。



[1]Ethereum W. Ethereum Whitepaper[J]. Ethereum. URL: https://ethereum. org [accessed 2020-07-07], 2014. [2]倪远东, 张超, 殷婷婷. 智能合约安全漏洞研究综述[J]. 信息安全学报, 2020, 5(3): 78-99

理解智能合约

- 狭义的智能合约 = 以太坊上的合约账户,与solidity程序相关
- 生命周期:



合约漏洞分类

整数溢出 资产冻结 未初始化变量 高级语言层面 变量覆盖 拒绝服务 影子变量 未检验返回值 任意地址写入 不一致性攻击 重入 虚拟机层面 代码注入 短地址攻击 时间戳依赖 区块链层面 条件竞争 随机性不足

未检验返回值

```
function withdraw(uint256 _amount) public {
    require(balances[msg.sender] >= _amount);
    msg.sender.send(_amount);
    balances[msg.sender] -= _amount;
    etherLeft -= _amount;
    emit Withdraw(msg.sender, _amount);
}
```

整数溢出

```
0000
            1000
0001
            1001
0010
            1010
0011
            1011
0100
            1100
0101
            1101
0110
            1110
0111
            1111
```

变量覆盖

```
pragma solidity ^0.4.21;
contract DVPgame {
    ERC20 public token;
    uint256[] map;
    using SafeERC20 for ERC20;
    using SafeMath for uint256;
    ...
```

代码注入

```
contract B{
    function info(bytes data){
        this.call(data);
    }
    function secret() public{
        require(this ==msg.sender);
        // secret operations
    }
}
```

短地址攻击

0x90b98a11

0x90b98a11

0x90b98a11

```
重入
```

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
contract EtherStore {
    mapping(address => uint) public balances;
    function deposit() public payable {
        balances[msg.sender] += msg.value;
    function withdraw() public {
       uint bal = balances[msg.sender];
       require(bal > 0);
        (bool sent,) = msg.sender.call{value: bal}(""); // Vulnerability of
       require(sent, "Failed to send Ether");
        balances[msg.sender] = 0;
    // Helper function to check the balance of this contract
    function getBalance() public view returns (uint) {
       return address(this).balance;
```

返回

条件竞争

看到答案之后抢先提交

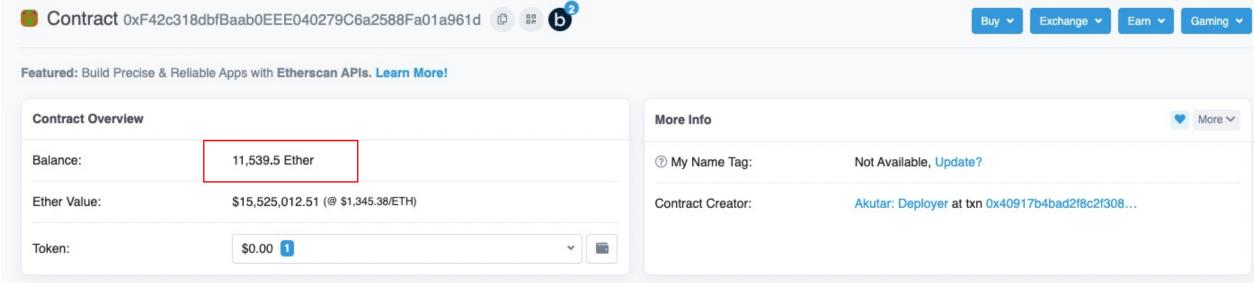
```
contract FindThisHash {
   bytes32 constant public hash = 0xb5b5b97fafd9855eec9b41f74dfb6c38f5951

constructor() public payable {} // load with ether

function solve(string solution) public {
    // If you can find the pre image of the hash, receive 1000 ether
    require(hash == sha3(solution));
   msg.sender.transfer(1000 ether);
}
```

案例: Akutar





link: https://etherscan.io/address/0xf42c318dbfbaab0eee040279c6a2588fa01a961d#code

结构体定义

```
struct bids {
    address bidder;
    uint80 price;
    uint8 bidsPlaced;
    uint8 finalProcess; //0: Not processed, 1: refunded, 2: withdrawn
}
```

```
for (uint256 i=_refundProgress; gasUsed < 5000000 && i < _bidIndex; i++) {
   bids memory bidData = allBids[i];
   if (bidData.finalProcess == 0) {
     uint256 refund = (bidData.price - price) * bidData.bidsPlaced;
     uint256 passes = mintPassOwner[bidData.bidder];
   if (passes > 0) {
```

(bool sent,) = bidData.bidder.call{value: refund}("");

require(sent, "Failed to refund bidder");

refund += mintPassDiscount * (bidData.bidsPlaced < passes ? bidData.bidsPlaced : passes);

require(block.timestamp > expiresAt, "Auction still in progress");

require(_refundProgress < _bidIndex, "Refunds already processed");

function processRefunds() external {

uint256 _bidIndex = bidIndex;

uint256 gasLeft = gasleft(); uint256 price = getPrice();

uint256 gasUsed;

uint256 _refundProgress = refundProgress;

allBids[i].finalProcess = 1;

gasUsed += gasLeft - gasleft();

if (refund > 0) {

gasLeft = gasleft(); _refundProgress++;

refundProgress = _refundProgress;

```
错误维护状态
```

```
function emergencyWithdraw() external {
    require(block.timestamp > expiresAt + 3 days, "Please wait for airdrop period.");

bids memory bidData = allBids[personalBids[msg.sender]];
    require(bidData.bidsPlaced > 0, "No bids placed");

require(bidData.finalProcess == 0, "Refund already processed");

allBids[personalBids[msg.sender]].finalProcess = 2;
    (bool sent, ) = bidData.bidder.call{value: bidData.price * bidData.bidsPlaced}("");
    require(sent, "Failed to refund bidder");
}
```

```
项目方无法提款
```

用户无法紧急退款

```
function claimProjectFunds() external onlyOwner {
    require(block.timestamp > expiresAt, "Auction still in progress");
    require(refundProgress >= totalBids, "Refunds not yet processed");
    require(akuNFTs.airdropProgress() >= totalBids, "Airdrop not complete");

    (bool sent, ) = project.call{value: address(this).balance}("");
    require(sent, "Failed to withdraw");
}
```

其他案例

- The DAO 攻击(重入)
- BEC (整数溢出)
- KotET (拒绝服务)

应对

- 漏洞挖掘
- 智能合约安全防御
 - 安全编程
 - 热升级
 - 攻击检测和阻断

推荐

- Blocksec : https://blocksec.com/
- 漫雾科技: https://www.slowmist.com/zh/
- Seebug : https://paper.seebug.org/
- 相关学术会议列表:https://zhuanlan.zhihu.com/p/27853093
- Smart-Contracts-Security-CheckList: <u>https://github.com/BookMangeTeam/Ethereum-Smart-Contracts-Security-CheckList</u>