Theory Class

Java Basics

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Agenda

Today's Discussion

- o Operators
- O Using = and +
- o Addition vs Concatenation

Operator

An operator in a programming language is a symbol that tells the compiler or interpreter to perform specific mathematical, relational or logical operation and produce final result.



Arithmetic Operators

List of all the arithmetic operators



Arithmetic Operators (cont.)

- These are shown in order, that is * is always performed first followed by / % + - respectively
- o Expressions are evaluated left to right if there are a sequence of operators of equal precedence, however the precedence rules are dominant.

For example

10 + 8 * 5 / 2 - 8 is 22 not 37

Arithmetic Operators (cont.)

Use of brackets

What is the result of

$$x = 2 + (14 - 7) * 3$$

Is it 27 or 23?



Equality Operator

Is the L.H.S = R.H.S?

=

Note:

We can not use == for Strings, it is only for primitive data types
For Strings we need the equals() method as in

"Pakistan".equals("Country");

Not Equal

Is the left hand side NOT equal to right hand side?



Relational Operators

Is the left hand side GRATER THAN to right hand side?

Is the left hand side LESS THAN to right hand side?

Is the left hand side GRATER THAN OR EQUAL to right hand side?

$$X > = y$$

Logical Operators

```
& & (AND)
| (OR)
| (NOT)
```

They can be used to print the truth value of an expression - is it true or false?

Later we'll use them for the program flow

Addition vs Concatenation

```
System.out.println("2" + "2");
```

System.out.println(2 + 2);

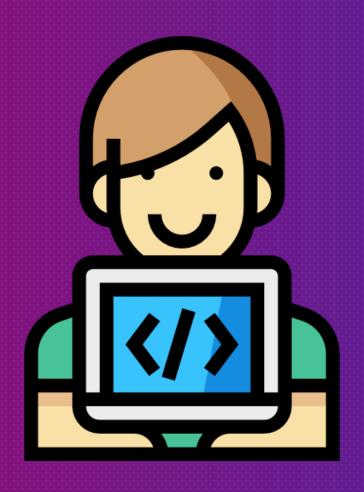
System.out.println("2" + (2+2));

Solve this on IDE

```
class Addition {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     int num1 = 10, num2 = 20, sum = 0;
     System.out.println("num1 = " + num1);
     System.out.println("num2 = " + num2);
     sum = num1 + num2;
     System.out.println("The sum = " + sum);
```



Practice More and More



Tip of the Day

THANK YOU!

Theory Questions?