$$\begin{split} D_1(n) &= \frac{1}{1!} \sum_{j=1}^{j \le n} p\left(j\right) + \frac{1^2}{2!} \sum_{j,k > 1}^{j \cdot k \le n} p\left(j\right) \cdot p\left(k\right) + \frac{1^3}{3!} \sum_{j,k,m > 1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \le n} p\left(j\right) \cdot p\left(k\right) \cdot p\left(m\right) + \frac{1^4}{4!} \sum_{j,k,m,o > 1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \cdot o \le n} p\left(j\right) \cdot p\left(k\right) \cdot p\left(m\right) \cdot p\left(o\right) + \dots \\ D_2(n) &= \frac{2^1}{1!} \sum_{j > 1}^{j \le n} p\left(j\right) + \frac{2^2}{2!} \sum_{j,k > 1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \le n} p\left(j\right) \cdot p\left(k\right) + \frac{2^3}{3!} \sum_{j,k,m > 1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \le n} p\left(j\right) \cdot p\left(k\right) \cdot p\left(m\right) + \frac{2^4}{4!} \sum_{j,k,m,o > 1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \cdot o \le n} p\left(j\right) \cdot p\left(k\right) \cdot p\left(m\right) \cdot p\left(o\right) + \dots \end{split}$$

$$D_{3}(n) = \frac{3^{1}}{1!} \sum_{j=1}^{j \leq n} p(j) + \frac{3^{2}}{2!} \sum_{j,k=1}^{j \cdot k \leq n} p(j) \cdot p(k) + \frac{3^{3}}{3!} \sum_{j,k,m>1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \leq n} p(j) \cdot p(k) \cdot p(m) + \frac{3^{4}}{4!} \sum_{j,k,m,o=1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \cdot o \leq n} p(j) \cdot p(k) \cdot p(m) \cdot p(o) + \dots$$

$$D_a(n) = \frac{a^1}{1!} \sum_{i>1}^{j \le n} p(j) + \frac{a^2}{2!} \sum_{i,k>1}^{j \cdot k \le n} p(j) \cdot p(k) + \frac{a^3}{3!} \sum_{i,k,m>1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \le n} p(j) \cdot p(k) \cdot p(m) + \frac{a^4}{4!} \sum_{i,k,m,o>1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \cdot o \le n} p(j) \cdot p(k) \cdot p(m) \cdot p(o) + \dots$$

$$D_0(n) = 1 \\ D_1(n) = \sum_{j \ge 1}^{j \le n} p(j) + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j \ge 1}^{j \le k \le n} p(j) \cdot p(k) + \frac{1}{6} \sum_{j \ge k, m \ge 1}^{j \ge k \cdot m \le n} p(j) \cdot p(k) \cdot p(m) + \frac{1}{24} \sum_{j \ge k, m \ge 1}^{j \ge k \cdot m \cdot o \le n} p(j) \cdot p(k) \cdot p(m) \cdot p(o) + \dots$$

$$D_{2}(n) = 2\sum_{j=1}^{j \leq n} p(j) + 2\sum_{j,k=1}^{j \cdot k} p(j) \cdot p(k) + \frac{4}{3}\sum_{j,k,m>1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \leq n} p(j) \cdot p(k) \cdot p(m) + \frac{2}{3}\sum_{j,k,m,o>1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \cdot o \leq n} p(j) \cdot p(k) \cdot p(m) \cdot p(o) + \dots$$

$$D_{3}(n) = 3\sum_{j > 1}^{j \le n} p(j) + \frac{9}{2}\sum_{j, k > 1}^{j \cdot k \le n} p(j) \cdot p(k) + \frac{9}{2}\sum_{j, k, m > 1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \le n} p(j) \cdot p(k) \cdot p(m) + \frac{27}{8}\sum_{j, k, m, o > 1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \cdot o \le n} p(j) \cdot p(k) \cdot p(m) \cdot p(o) + \dots$$

$$D_4(n) = 4\sum_{j > 1}^{j \le n} p\left(j\right) + 8\sum_{j,k > 1}^{j \cdot k \le n} p\left(j\right) \cdot p\left(k\right) + \frac{32}{3}\sum_{j,k,m > 1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \le n} p\left(j\right) \cdot p\left(k\right) \cdot p\left(m\right) + \frac{32}{3}\sum_{j,k,m,o > 1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \cdot o \le n} p\left(j\right) \cdot p\left(k\right) \cdot p\left(m\right) \cdot p\left(o\right) + \dots$$

$$D_0(n) = 1$$

$$D_1(n) = P_1(n) + \frac{1}{2}P_2(n) + \frac{1}{6}P_3(n) + \frac{1}{24}P_4(n) + \dots$$

$$D_2(n) = 2P_1(n) + 2P_2(n) + \frac{4}{3}P_3(n) + \frac{2}{3}P_4(n) + \dots$$

$$D_3(n) = 3 P_1(n) + \frac{9}{2} P_2(n) + \frac{9}{2} P_3(n) + \frac{27}{8} P_4(n) + \dots$$

$$D_4(n) = 4P_1(n) + 8P_2(n) + \frac{32}{3}P_3(n) + \frac{32}{3}P_4(n) + \dots$$

$$D_{1}'(n) = D_{1}(n) - D_{0}(n) \\ D_{2}'(n) = D_{2}(n) - 2D_{1}(n) + D_{0}(n) \\ D_{2}'(n) = 1 + \frac{\binom{2}{2}2^{1} - \binom{2}{1}1^{1}}{1!} P_{1}(n) + \frac{\binom{2}{2}2^{2} - \binom{2}{1}1^{2}}{2!} P_{2}(n) + \frac{\binom{2}{2}2^{3} - \binom{2}{1}1^{3}}{3!} P_{3}(n) + \frac{\binom{2}{2}2^{4} - \binom{2}{1}1^{4}}{4!} P_{4}(n) + \dots$$

$$D_3'(n) = D_3(n) - 3 D_2(n) + 3 D_1(n) - D_0(n)$$

$$D_{3}'(n) = -1 + \frac{\binom{3}{3}3^{1} - \binom{3}{2}2^{1} + \binom{3}{1}1^{1}}{1!} P_{1}(n) + \frac{\binom{3}{3}3^{2} - \binom{3}{2}2^{2} + \binom{3}{1}2^{2}}{2!} P_{2}(n) + \frac{\binom{3}{3}3^{3} - \binom{3}{2}2^{3} + \binom{3}{1}1^{3}}{3!} P_{3}(n) + \frac{\binom{3}{3}3^{4} - \binom{3}{2}2^{4} + \binom{3}{1}1^{4}}{4!} P_{4}(n) + \dots$$

$$D_{4}'(n) = D_{4}(n) - 4D_{3}(n) + 6D_{2}(n) - 4D_{1}(n) + D_{0}(n)$$

$$d_{a}(n) = \frac{a^{1}}{1!} \sum_{j|n}^{1 < j < n} p(j) + \frac{a^{2}}{2!} \sum_{j:k=n}^{1 < j < k < n} p(j) \cdot p(k) + \frac{a^{3}}{3!} \sum_{j:k:m=n}^{1 < j < k,m < n} p(j) \cdot p(k) \cdot p(m) + \frac{a^{4}}{4!} \sum_{j:k:m > n}^{1 < j < k,m,o < n} p(j) \cdot p(k) \cdot p(m) \cdot p(o) + \dots$$

$$d_{a,k}(n) = \sum_{j|n}^{1 < j < n} p(j) \left(\frac{a^k}{k!} + d_{a,k+1}(\frac{n}{j})\right)$$
$$p_k(n) = \sum_{j|n}^{1 < j < n} \frac{a^k}{k} - p_{k+1}(\frac{n}{j})$$

$$P_k(n) = \sum_{j=2}^n d_a(j) (\frac{1}{k} - P_{k+1}(\frac{n}{j}))$$

$$\Pi(n) = \frac{P_1(n)}{a}$$

$$\Pi\left(n\right) = \sum_{j=1}^{j \leq n} d_{1}(j) - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j,k>1}^{j \cdot k \leq n} d_{1}(j) \cdot d_{1}(k) + \frac{1}{3} \sum_{j,k,m>1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \leq n} d_{1}(j) \cdot d_{1}(k) \cdot d_{1}(m) - \frac{1}{4} \sum_{j,k,m,o>1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \cdot o \leq n} d_{1}(j) \cdot d_{1}(k) \cdot d_{1}(m) \cdot d_{1}(o) + \dots$$

$$\Pi(n) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=1}^{j \le n} d_2(j) - \frac{1}{4} \sum_{j, \, k > 1}^{j \cdot k \le n} d_2(j) \cdot d_2(k) + \frac{1}{6} \sum_{j, \, k, \, m > 1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \le n} d_2(j) \cdot d_2(k) \cdot d_2(m) - \frac{1}{8} \sum_{j, \, k, \, m, \, o > 1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \cdot o \le n} d_2(j) \cdot d_2(k) \cdot d_2(m) \cdot d_2(o) + \dots$$

$$\Pi\left(n\right) = \frac{1}{3} \sum_{j=1}^{j \le n} d_3(j) - \frac{1}{6} \sum_{j,k>1}^{j \cdot k \le n} d_3(j) \cdot d_3(k) + \frac{1}{9} \sum_{j,k,m>1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \le n} d_3(j) \cdot d_3(k) \cdot d_3(m) - \frac{1}{12} \sum_{j,k,m,o>1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \cdot o \le n} d_3(j) \cdot d_3(k) \cdot d_3(m) \cdot d_3(o) + \dots$$

$$d_{1}(n) = d_{1}'(n)$$

$$d_{2}(n) = d_{2}'(n) + 2 d_{1}'(n)$$

$$d_{3}(n) = d_{3}'(n) + 3 d_{2}'(n) + 3 d_{1}'(n)$$

$$d_{4}(n) = d_{4}'(n) + 4 d_{3}'(n) + 6 d_{2}'(n) + 4 d_{1}'(n)$$

$$d_{5}(n) = d_{5}'(n) + 5 d_{4}'(n) + 10 d_{3}'(n) + 10 d_{2}'(n) + 5 d_{1}'(n)$$

$$\begin{split} 2 \, \Pi(n) &= \sum_{j>1}^{j \le n} d_2(j) - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j,k>1}^{j \cdot k} d_2(j) \cdot d_2(k) \\ &+ \frac{1}{3} \sum_{j,k,m>1}^{j \cdot k \cdot m \le n} d_2(j) \cdot d_2(k) \cdot d_2(m) - \dots \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &2\,\Pi(n) \!=\! \sum_{j>1}^{j\leq n} \left(d_{_{2}}{'}(j) \!+\! 2\,d_{_{1}}{'}(j)\right) \!-\! \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j,k>1}^{j,k\leq n} \left(d_{_{2}}{'}(j) \!+\! 2\,d_{_{1}}{'}(j)\right) \!\cdot\! \left(d_{_{2}}{'}(k) \!+\! 2\,d_{_{1}}{'}(k)\right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{3} \sum_{j,k,m>1}^{j\cdot k\cdot m\leq n} \left(d_{_{2}}{'}(j) \!+\! 2\,d_{_{1}}{'}(j)\right) \!\cdot\! \left(d_{_{2}}{'}(k) \!+\! 2\,d_{_{1}}{'}(k)\right) \!\cdot\! \left(d_{_{2}}{'}(m) \!+\! 2\,d_{_{1}}{'}(m)\right) \!-\! \ldots \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &2\,\Pi(n) \!=\! \sum_{j>1}^{j\leq n} (d_2{}'(j)\!+\!2) \!-\! \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j,k>1}^{j\cdot k\cdot m} (d_2{}'(j)\!+\!2) \!\cdot\! (d_2{}'(k)\!+\!2) \\ &+\! \frac{1}{3} \sum_{j,k,m>1}^{j\cdot k\cdot m\leq n} (d_2{}'(j)\!+\!2) \!\cdot\! (d_2{}'(k)\!+\!2) \!\cdot\! (d_2{}'(m)\!+\!2) \!-\! \dots \end{split}$$

$$P_{k,a}(n) = \sum_{j=2}^{n} \frac{a^{k}}{k} - P_{k+1,a}(\frac{n}{j})$$

$$\Pi(n) = \frac{P_{1,1}(n)}{1}$$

$$n - 1 = \frac{P_{1,0}(n)}{0}$$

$$F_{k}(n) = \sum_{j=2}^{n} a(j)(b(k) + F_{k+1}(\frac{n}{j}))$$

$$a(j) = 1, b(k) = \frac{(-1)^{k+1}}{k} \to \Pi(n)$$

$$a(j) = \frac{\Lambda(j)}{\log j}, b(k) = \frac{1}{k!} \to n-1$$

$$a(j)=j$$
, $b(k)=\frac{(-1)^{k+1}}{k}$ \rightarrow Sum of Primes

$$\begin{aligned} d_1(n) &= d_1{}'(n) \\ d_2(n) &= d_2{}'(n) + 2 \, d_1{}'(n) \\ d_3(n) &= d_3{}'(n) + 3 \, d_2{}'(n) + 3 \, d_1{}'(n) \\ d_4(n) &= d_4{}'(n) + 4 \, d_3{}'(n) + 6 \, d_2{}'(n) + 4 \, d_1{}'(n) \\ d_5(n) &= d_5{}'(n) + 5 \, d_4{}'(n) + 10 \, d_3{}'(n) + 10 \, d_2{}'(n) + 5 \, d_1{}'(n) \end{aligned}$$

$$d_3{}'(n) = (\frac{3}{3}) \, d_3(n) - (\frac{3}{2}) \, d_2(n) + (\frac{3}{1}) \, d_1(n) - (\frac{3}{0}) \, d_0(n) + (\frac{3}{1}) \, d_{-1}(n) - (\frac{3}{2}) \, d_{-2}(n) + \dots$$

$$d_4{}'(n) = \sum_{j=0} (-1)^j \binom{k}{k-j} \, d_{k-j}(n)$$

$$d_k(n) = \prod {p_j + k - 1 \choose p_j}$$

$$d_k(n) = \prod \frac{(p_j + k - 1)!}{p_j! k - 1!}$$

$$d_1(n) = \prod \frac{p_j!}{p_j!}$$

$$d_1(n) = \prod 1$$

$$d_k(n) = \prod \frac{(p_j + k - 1)!}{p_j! k - 1!}$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{1^{s}} + \frac{1}{2^{s}} + \frac{1}{3^{s}} + \frac{1}{4^{s}} + \frac{1}{5^{s}} + \frac{1}{6^{s}} + \dots$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{d_{1}(1)}{1^{s}} + \frac{d_{1}(2)}{2^{s}} + \frac{d_{1}(3)}{3^{s}} + \frac{d_{1}(4)}{4^{s}} + \frac{d_{1}(5)}{5^{s}} + \frac{d_{1}(6)}{6^{s}} + \dots$$

$$\zeta(s)^{2} = \left(\frac{1}{1^{s}} + \frac{1}{2^{s}} + \frac{1}{3^{s}} + \frac{1}{4^{s}} + \frac{1}{5^{s}} + \frac{1}{6^{s}} + \dots\right) \left(\frac{1}{1^{s}} + \frac{1}{2^{s}} + \frac{1}{3^{s}} + \frac{1}{4^{s}} + \frac{1}{5^{s}} + \frac{1}{6^{s}} + \dots\right)$$

$$\zeta(s)^{2} = \frac{1}{1^{s}} + \frac{1}{2^{s}} + \frac{1}{3^{s}} + \frac{1}{4^{s}} + \frac{1}{5^{s}} + \frac{1}{6^{s}} + \dots$$

$$\zeta(s)^{2} = \frac{d_{2}(1)}{1^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(2)}{2^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(3)}{3^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(4)}{4^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(5)}{5^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(6)}{6^{s}} + \dots$$

$$\zeta(s)^{2} = \frac{d_{2}(1)}{1^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(2)}{2^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(3)}{3^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(4)}{4^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(5)}{5^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(6)}{6^{s}} + \dots$$

$$\zeta(s)^{2} = \frac{d_{2}(1)}{1^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(2)}{2^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(3)}{3^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(4)}{4^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(5)}{5^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(6)}{6^{s}} + \dots$$

$$\zeta(s)^{2} = \frac{d_{2}(1)}{1^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(2)}{2^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(3)}{3^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(4)}{4^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(5)}{5^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(6)}{6^{s}} + \dots$$

$$(\zeta(s)^{2}) = \frac{d_{2}(2)}{2^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(3)}{3^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(4)}{4^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(5)}{5^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(6)}{6^{s}} + \dots$$

$$(\zeta(s) - 1)^{2} = \frac{d_{2}(2)}{2^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(3)}{3^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(4)}{4^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(5)}{5^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(6)}{6^{s}} + \dots$$

$$(\zeta(s) - 1)^{2} = \frac{d_{2}(2)}{2^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(3)}{3^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(4)}{4^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(5)}{5^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(6)}{6^{s}} + \dots$$

$$(\zeta(s) - 1)^{2} = \frac{d_{2}(2)}{2^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(3)}{3^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(4)}{4^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(5)}{5^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(6)}{6^{s}} + \dots$$

$$(\zeta(s) - 1)^{2} = \frac{d_{2}(2)}{2^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(3)}{3^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(4)}{4^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(5)}{5^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(6)}{6^{s}} + \dots$$

$$(\zeta(s) - 1)^{2} = \frac{d_{2}(2)}{2^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(3)}{3^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(4)}{4^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(5)}{5^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(6)}{6^{s}} + \dots$$

$$(\zeta(s) - 1)^{2} = \frac{d_{2}(2)}{2^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(3)}{3^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(4)}{4^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(5)}{5^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(6)}{6^{s}} + \dots$$

$$(\zeta(s) - 1)^{2} = \frac{d_{2}(2)}{2^{s}} + \frac{d_{2}(3)$$

$$\Pi_1(n) = \sum_{j=2}^n 1 - \Pi_2(\frac{n}{j})$$

$$\Pi_2(n) = \sum_{j=2}^n \frac{1}{2} - \Pi_3(\frac{n}{j})$$

$$\Pi_3(n) = \sum_{j=2}^n \frac{1}{3} - \Pi_4(\frac{n}{j})$$

$$\Pi_4(n) = \sum_{j=2}^n \frac{1}{4} - \Pi_5(\frac{n}{j})$$

$$\Pi_5(n) = \sum_{j=2}^n \frac{1}{5} - \Pi_6(\frac{n}{j})$$

$$\sum_{j=2}^{n} \frac{\Lambda(j)}{\log j} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=2}^{n} \sum_{k=2}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{j} \rfloor} \frac{\Lambda(j)}{\log j} \cdot \frac{\Lambda(k)}{\log k} + \frac{1}{6} \sum_{j=2}^{n} \sum_{k=2}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{j} \rfloor} \sum_{m=2}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{j} \rfloor} \frac{\Lambda(j)}{\log j} \cdot \frac{\Lambda(k)}{\log k} \cdot \frac{\Lambda(m)}{\log m} + \dots = n-1$$

$$\sum_{j=2}^{n} \frac{\Lambda(j)}{\log j} \left(1 + \sum_{k=2}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{j} \rfloor} \frac{\Lambda(k)}{\log k} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \sum_{m=2}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{j+k} \rfloor} \frac{\Lambda(m)}{\log m} \left(\frac{1}{6} + \sum_{o=2}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{j+k-m} \rfloor} \frac{\Lambda(o)}{\log o} \left(\frac{1}{24} + \ldots\right)\right)\right) = n - 1$$

$$\begin{split} d_z(n) &= \prod_{p^{\alpha}|n} \frac{z \cdot (z+1) \cdot (z+2) \cdot \ldots (z+\alpha-1)}{\alpha \, !} \\ d_1(n) &= \prod_{p^{\alpha}|n} \frac{1 \cdot (1+1) \cdot (1+2) \cdot \ldots (1+\alpha-1)}{\alpha \, !} = \prod_{p^{\alpha}|n} \frac{\alpha \, !}{\alpha \, !} = \prod_{p^{\alpha}|n} 1 = 1 \\ d_2(n) &= \prod_{p^{\alpha}|n} \frac{2 \cdot (2+1) \cdot (2+2) \cdot \ldots (2+\alpha-1)}{\alpha \, !} = \prod_{p^{\alpha}|n} \frac{(\alpha+1) \, !}{\alpha \, !} = \prod_{p^{\alpha}|n} \alpha + 1 \\ d_2(n) &= \prod_{p^{\alpha}|n} \frac{3 \cdot (3+1) \cdot (3+2) \cdot \ldots (3+\alpha-1)}{\alpha \, !} = \prod_{p^{\alpha}|n} \frac{(\alpha+2) \, !}{2 \, \alpha \, !} = \prod_{p^{\alpha}|n} \frac{(\alpha+1)(\alpha+2)}{2} \\ d_0(n) &= \prod_{p^{\alpha}|n} \frac{0 \cdot (0+1) \cdot (0+2) \cdot \ldots (0+\alpha-1)}{\alpha \, !} = \prod_{p^{\alpha}|n} \frac{0}{\alpha \, !} = 0, unless \, n = 1, then \, 1 \end{split}$$

$$\lim_{k \to 0} \frac{d_k(n)}{k} = \frac{1}{k} \prod_{n = 1 \atop n} \frac{k \cdot (k+1) \cdot (k+2) \cdot \dots (k+\alpha-1)}{\alpha!}$$

$$if \ n = p^{\alpha}$$

$$\lim_{k \to 0} \frac{d_k(n)}{k}$$

$$= \lim_{k \to 0} \frac{1}{k} \cdot \frac{k \cdot (k+1) \cdot (k+2) \cdot \dots (k+\alpha-1)}{\alpha!}$$

$$= \lim_{k \to 0} \frac{k}{k} \cdot \frac{(k+1) \cdot (k+2) \cdot \dots (k+\alpha-1)}{\alpha!}$$

$$= \lim_{k \to 0} \frac{k}{k} \cdot \frac{(0+1) \cdot (0+2) \cdot \dots (0+\alpha-1)}{\alpha!}$$

$$= \lim_{k \to 0} \frac{k}{k} \cdot \frac{(\alpha-1)!}{\alpha!}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\alpha}$$

$$if n = p_1^{\alpha_1} \cdot p_2^{\alpha_2}$$

$$\begin{split} &\lim_{k\to 0}\frac{d_k(n)}{k}\\ &=\lim_{k\to 0}\frac{1}{k}\cdot\frac{k\cdot(k+1)\cdot(k+2)\cdot\ldots(k+\alpha_1-1)}{\alpha_1!}\cdot\frac{k\cdot(k+1)\cdot(k+2)\cdot\ldots(k+\alpha_2-1)}{\alpha_2!}\\ &=\lim_{k\to 0}\frac{k^2}{k}\cdot\frac{(k+1)\cdot(k+2)\cdot\ldots(k+\alpha_1-1)}{\alpha_1!}\cdot\frac{(k+1)\cdot(k+2)\cdot\ldots(k+\alpha_2-1)}{\alpha_2!}\\ &=\lim_{k\to 0}\frac{k^2}{k}\cdot\frac{(\alpha_1-1)!}{\alpha_1!}\cdot\frac{(\alpha_2-1)!}{\alpha_2!}\\ &=\lim_{k\to 0}\frac{k}{\alpha_1\cdot\alpha_2}\\ &=0 \end{split}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & & if \ n = p_1^{\alpha_1} \cdot p_2^{\alpha_2} \cdot \dots p_j^{\alpha_j} \\ & d_0(n) \\ &= \prod_{p^{\alpha}|n} \frac{0 \cdot (0+1) \cdot (0+2) \cdot \dots (0+\alpha-1)}{\alpha!} \\ &= \lim_{k \to 0} \frac{k^{j-1}}{\alpha_1 \cdot \alpha_2 \cdot \dots \alpha_j} \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{k \to 0} \frac{D_k(n) - 1}{k} = \Pi(n)$$

$$\lim_{k \to 0} \frac{n^k - 1}{k} = \log n$$

$$\begin{split} d_{k,a}(n) = & \sum_{j|n} \frac{k \, \Lambda(j)}{a \log j} (1 + d_{k,a+1}(\frac{n}{j})) \\ d_k(n) = & \lim_{z \to 0} d_{k,1}(n) \qquad d_{k,a}(n) = \frac{k}{z \, a} \sum_{j|n} d_z(j) (1 + d_{k,a+1}(\frac{n}{j})) \\ d_{k,a}(n) = & \sum_{p^{\beta_i}n} \frac{k}{a \, \beta} (1 + d_{k,a+1}(\frac{n}{p^{\beta_i}})) \\ d_k(n) = & k \sum_{j|n} \frac{\Lambda(j)}{\log j} + \frac{k^2}{2} \sum_{j|n} \sum_{k|\frac{n}{j}} \frac{\Lambda(j)}{\log j} \cdot \frac{\Lambda(k)}{\log k} + \frac{k^3}{6} \sum_{j|n} \sum_{k|\frac{n}{j}} \sum_{m|\frac{n}{jk}} \frac{\Lambda(j)}{\log j} \cdot \frac{\Lambda(k)}{\log k} \cdot \frac{\Lambda(m)}{\log m} + \frac{k^4}{24} \dots \\ d_a(n) = & a \sum_{j|n} \lim_{z \to 0} \frac{d_z(j)}{z} + \frac{a^2}{2} \sum_{j|n} \sum_{k|\frac{n}{j}} \lim_{z \to 0} \frac{d_z(j) d_z(k)}{z^2} + \frac{a^3}{6} \sum_{j|n} \sum_{k|\frac{n}{j}} \lim_{m|\frac{n}{jk}} \lim_{z \to 0} \frac{d_z(j) d_z(k) d_z(m)}{z^3} + \frac{a^4}{24} \dots \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} d_{a}(n) &= \lim_{z \to 0} a \sum_{j|n} \frac{d_{z}(j)}{z} (1 + \frac{a}{2} \sum_{k|\frac{n}{j}} \frac{d_{z}(k)}{z} (1 + \frac{a}{3} \sum_{m|\frac{n}{jk}} \frac{d_{z}(m)}{z} (1 + \frac{a}{4} ...))) \\ D_{k,a}(n) &= \sum_{j=2}^{|n|} \frac{\Lambda(j)}{\log j} (\frac{k^{a}}{a!} + D_{k,a+1}(\frac{n}{j})) \\ D_{k,a}(n) &= \sum_{j=2}^{|n|} \frac{k \Lambda(j)}{a \log j} (1 + D_{k,a+1}(\frac{n}{j})) \\ D_{k,a}(n) &= \sum_{p^{n} \le n} \frac{k}{a \beta} (1 + D_{k,a+1}(\frac{n}{p^{\beta}})) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} d_k(200) &= d_k(a^3 \cdot b^2) = \binom{3+k-1}{3} \cdot \binom{2+k-1}{2} = \\ &(\frac{(3+k-1)!}{3!(3+k-1-3)!}) \cdot (\frac{(2+k-1)!}{2!(2+k-1-2)!}) = (\frac{(k+2)!}{3!(k-1)!}) \cdot (\frac{(k+1)!}{2!(k-1)!}) (\frac{k(k+1)(k+2)}{6}) \cdot (\frac{k(k+1)!}{2}) \\ &d_k(200) = \frac{k^5 + 4k^4 + 5k^3 + 2k^2}{12} \end{split}$$

$$d_{k}(n) = \prod_{p^{\alpha} \mid n} (\alpha + k - 1)$$

$$d_1'(n)=d_1(n)=1$$

 $d_2'(n)=d_2(n)-2d_1(n)$

$$d_3'(n) = d_3(n) - 3d_2(n) + 3d_1(n)$$

$$d_4'(n) = d_4(n) - 4d_3(n) + 6d_2(n) - 4d_1(n)$$

$$d_5'(n) = d_5(n) - 5 d_4(n) + 10 d_3(n) - 10 d_2(n) + 5 d_1(n)$$

$$n=p^{\alpha}$$
 -> $d_k(n)=(\alpha+k-1)$

$$d_1(n)=1$$

$$d_{2}(n) = (\alpha + 2 - 1) = (\alpha + 1) = \frac{(\alpha + 1)!}{\alpha!(\alpha + 1 - \alpha)!} = \frac{(\alpha + 1)!}{\alpha!} = \alpha + 1$$

$$d_3(n) = (\alpha + 3 - 1) = (\alpha + 2) = \frac{(\alpha + 2)!}{\alpha!(\alpha + 2 - \alpha)!} = \frac{(\alpha + 2)!}{2!\alpha!} = \frac{(\alpha + 1)(\alpha + 2)!}{2!\alpha!}$$

$$d_{2}(n) = (\alpha + 3 - 1) = (\alpha + 2) = \frac{\alpha!(\alpha + 1 - \alpha)!}{\alpha!(\alpha + 2 - \alpha)!} = \frac{\alpha!}{\alpha!} = (\alpha + 1)(\alpha + 2)$$

$$d_{3}(n) = (\alpha + 3 - 1) = (\alpha + 2) = \frac{(\alpha + 2)!}{\alpha!(\alpha + 2 - \alpha)!} = \frac{(\alpha + 2)!}{2 \alpha!} = \frac{(\alpha + 1)(\alpha + 2)}{2}$$

$$d_{4}(n) = (\alpha + 4 - 1) = (\alpha + 3) = \frac{(\alpha + 3)!}{\alpha!(\alpha + 3 - \alpha)!} = \frac{(\alpha + 3)!}{6 \alpha!} = \frac{(\alpha + 1)(\alpha + 2)(\alpha + 3)}{6}$$

$$d_{k}(n) = \frac{(\alpha + 1)(\alpha + 2)...(\alpha + k - 1)}{(k - 1)!}$$

$$d_k(n) = \frac{(\alpha+1)(\alpha+2)...(\alpha+k-1)}{(k-1)!}$$

$$d_2'(n)=d_2(n)-2d_1(n)=\alpha+1-2=\alpha-1$$

$${d_3}'(n) = d_3(n) - 3d_2(n) + 3d_1(n) = \frac{(\alpha+1)(\alpha+2)}{2} - 3(\alpha+1) + 3 = \frac{(\alpha+1)(\alpha+2)}{2} - \frac{6(\alpha+1)}{2} + \frac{6}{2} = \frac{(\alpha+1)(\alpha+2) - 6(\alpha+1) + 6}{2} = \frac{(\alpha+1)(\alpha+2) - 6}{2} = \frac{(\alpha+1)($$

$$=\frac{\alpha^2}{2} - \frac{3\alpha}{2} + 1$$

$$=\frac{\alpha^3}{6} - \alpha^2 + \frac{11\alpha}{6} - 1$$

$$d_1'(n)=1$$

$$d_2'(n) = \alpha - 1$$

$$d_3'(n) = \frac{\alpha^2}{2} - \frac{3\alpha}{2} + 1$$

$$d_3'(n) = \frac{\left(\alpha - 1\right)\left(\alpha - 2\right)}{2}$$

$$d_4'(n) = \frac{\alpha^3}{6} - \alpha^2 + \frac{11\alpha}{6} - 1$$

$$d_4'(n) = \frac{(\alpha-1)(\alpha-2)(\alpha-3)}{6}$$

$$d_{5}'(n) = \frac{\alpha^4}{24} - \frac{5\alpha^3}{12} + \frac{35\alpha^2}{24} - \frac{25\alpha}{12} + 1$$

$$d_{5}'(n) = \frac{(\alpha - 1)(\alpha - 2)(\alpha - 3)(\alpha - 4)}{24}$$

$$d_6'(n) = \frac{\alpha^5}{120} - \frac{\alpha^4}{8} + \frac{17\alpha^3}{24} - \frac{15\alpha^2}{8} + \frac{137\alpha}{60} - 1$$

$$\begin{split} d_{6}'(n) &= \frac{(\alpha - 1)(\alpha - 2)(\alpha - 3)(\alpha - 4)(\alpha - 5)}{120} \\ d_{k}'(n) &= \frac{(\alpha - 1)!}{(k - 1)!(\alpha - k)!} \\ d_{k}'(n) &= \frac{\Gamma(\alpha)}{\Gamma(k)\Gamma(\alpha - k + 1)!} \end{split}$$

VS

$$d_k(n) = \frac{(\alpha - 1 + k)!}{(k - 1)! \alpha!}$$

$$\begin{split} n &= p^{\alpha} \cdot q^{\beta} \ \, -> \ \, d_k(n) = (\alpha + k - 1) \cdot (\beta + k - 1) \\ d_1'(n) &= d_1(n) = 1 \\ d_2'(n) &= d_2(n) - 2 \, d_1(n) \\ d_3'(n) &= d_3(n) - 3 \, d_2(n) + 3 \, d_1(n) \\ d_4'(n) &= d_4(n) - 4 \, d_3(n) + 6 \, d_2(n) - 4 \, d_1(n) \\ d_5'(n) &= d_5(n) - 5 \, d_4(n) + 10 \, d_3(n) - 10 \, d_2(n) + 5 \, d_1(n) \\ n &= p^{\alpha} \ \, -> \ \, d_k(n) = (\alpha + k - 1) \\ d_1(n) &= 1 \\ d_2(n) &= (\alpha + 2 - 1) (\beta + 2 - 1) = (\alpha + 1) \cdot (\beta + 1) \\ d_3(n) &= \frac{(\alpha + 1)(\alpha + 2)}{\beta} \cdot \frac{(\beta + 1)(\beta + 2)}{\beta} = \frac{(\alpha + 1)!}{\alpha!(\alpha + 1 - \alpha)!} \frac{(\beta + 1)!}{\beta!(\beta + 1 - \beta)!} = \frac{(\alpha + 1)!}{\alpha!} \frac{(\beta + 1)!}{\beta!} = (\alpha + 1)(\beta + 1) \\ d_3(n) &= \frac{(\alpha + 1)(\alpha + 2) \cdot (\beta + 1)(\beta + 2)}{2} \\ d_4(n) &= \frac{(\alpha + 1)(\alpha + 2) \cdot (\alpha + 3)}{6} \cdot \frac{(\beta + 1)(\beta + 2) \cdot ...(\beta + k - 1)}{(k - 1)!} \\ d_1'(n) &= d_1(n) = 1 \\ d_2'(n) &= (\alpha + 1)(\beta + 1) - 2 \\ d_3'(n) &= \frac{(\alpha + 1)(\alpha + 2) \cdot (\beta + 1)(\beta + 2)}{2} \cdot \frac{(\beta + 1)(\beta + 2) \cdot ...(\beta + k - 1)}{(k - 1)!} \\ d_1'(n) &= (\frac{4}{4}) \frac{(\alpha + 1)(\alpha + 2) \cdot (\alpha + 3)(\beta + 1)(\beta + 2)(\beta + 3)}{(3!)^2} - (\frac{4}{3}) \frac{(\alpha + 1)(\alpha + 2)(\beta + 1)(\beta + 2)}{(2!)^2} + (\frac{4}{2}) (\alpha + 1)(\beta + 1) - (\frac{4}{1}) \\ d_k'(n) &= (\frac{k}{k}) \frac{(\alpha l_{k - 1}(\beta l_{k - 1})}{((k - 1)!)^2} - (\frac{k}{k - 1}) \frac{(\alpha l_{k - 2}(\beta l_{k - 2})}{((k - 2)!)^2} + (\frac{k}{k - 2}) \frac{(\alpha l_{k - 3}(\beta l_{k - 3})}{((k - 3)!)^2} - (\frac{k}{k - 3}) \frac{(\alpha l_{k - 4}(\beta l_{k - 4})}{((k - 4)!)^2} + \dots \end{split}$$

 $d_{3}'(p^{\alpha} \cdot q^{\beta}) = \sum_{1 \le a \le \alpha, 1 \le b \le \alpha, 1 \le a + b \le k - 1} d_{2}'(p^{a} \cdot q^{b})$

$$n = p^{\alpha} \cdot q^{\beta} r^{\gamma} \quad -> \quad d_{k}(n) = (\alpha + k - 1) \cdot (\beta + k - 1) \cdot (\gamma + k - 1)$$

$$d_k(n) = \sum_{i=1}^k (-1)^{k-j} \frac{k!}{j!(k-j)!} \frac{(\alpha+1)(\alpha+2)...(\alpha+j-1)}{(j-1)!} \cdot \frac{(\beta+1)(\beta+2)...(\beta+j-1)}{(j-1)!}$$

$$\log(1+x) = x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{x^5}{5} - \dots$$

$$-\log(1-x) = x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{x^5}{5} + \dots$$

$$\log(x) = (1 - \frac{1}{x}) + \frac{\left(1 - \frac{1}{x}\right)^{2}}{2} + \frac{\left(1 - \frac{1}{x}\right)^{3}}{3} + \frac{\left(1 - \frac{1}{x}\right)^{4}}{4} + \frac{\left(1 - \frac{1}{x}\right)^{5}}{5} + \dots$$

$$\log(x) = (1-x) + \frac{(1-x)^2}{2} + \frac{(1-x)^3}{3} + \frac{(1-x)^4}{4} + \frac{(1-x)^5}{5} + \dots (-1 < x < 1)$$

$$\log(x) = (x-1) - \frac{(x-1)^2}{2} + \frac{(x-1)^3}{3} - \frac{(x-1)^4}{4} + \frac{(x-1)^5}{5} - \dots (-1 < x < 1)$$

$$\log x = -\log \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{\Lambda(n)}{\log n} = d_1'(n) - \frac{d_2'(n)}{2} + \frac{d_3'(n)}{3} - \frac{d_4'(n)}{4} + \frac{d_5'(n)}{5} - \dots$$

$$\log x = \lim_{n \to 0} \frac{x^n - 1}{n}$$

$$\frac{\Lambda(n)}{\log n} = \lim_{k \to 0} \frac{d_k(n)}{k}$$

$$\log n$$
 k $\log a \cdot b = \log a + \log b$

$$\log a \cdot b = \log a + \log b$$

$$\log a \cdot b = \log a + \log b$$

$$e^{\log a \cdot b} = ab$$

$$e^{\log a \cdot b} = ab$$

$$e^{\log a + \log b} = a b$$

$$e^{x} = \frac{1}{0!} + \frac{x}{1!} + \frac{x^{2}}{2!} + \frac{x^{3}}{3!} + \frac{x^{4}}{4!} + \dots$$

$$\log(1+x) = \frac{x}{1} - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{x^5}{5} - \dots$$

$$\frac{\Lambda(n)}{\log n} n^a$$

$$\frac{\rho(n)n^a}{\log n} n^a \quad \text{with * -1 for even powers}$$

$$\frac{\Lambda(n)}{\log n}(n^a-1)$$

$$d_{5}'(n) = \sum_{j|n} d_{4}'(j) d_{1}'(\frac{n}{j})$$
$$d_{5}'(n) = \sum_{j|n} d_{3}'(j) d_{2}'(\frac{n}{j})$$

$$d_5'(n) = \sum_{j|n} d_5'(j) d_0'(\frac{n}{j})$$

$$d_{5}'(n) = \sum_{j|n} d_{k}'(j) d_{5-k}'(\frac{n}{j})$$

$$d_{5}'(n) = \sum_{j|n, j \le n^{\frac{1}{5}} k|\frac{n}{j}, j \le k \le \frac{n^{\frac{1}{4}}}{j} m|\frac{n}{jk}, k \le m \le \frac{n^{\frac{1}{3}}}{jk}} \dots$$

$$d_5'(n) = d_5(n) - {5 \choose 4} d_4(n) + {5 \choose 3} d_3(n) - {5 \choose 2} d_2(n) + {5 \choose 1} d_1(n) - {5 \choose 0} d_0(n)$$

$$(d_k(n) = \frac{(\alpha+1)(\alpha+2)...(\alpha+k-1)}{(k-1)!}$$

$$d_{5}(n) = \sum_{j|n} p(j) + \frac{5}{2} \sum_{j|n} \sum_{k|\frac{n}{j}} p(j) p(k) + \frac{25}{6} \sum_{j|n} \sum_{k|\frac{n}{j}|m|\frac{n}{jk}} p(j) p(k) p(m) + \frac{125}{24}.$$

$$d_{5}(n) = \sum_{j|n} d_{4}(\frac{n}{j})$$

$$d_{1}(n) = 1$$

$$d_{2}(n) = \sum_{j|n} 1$$

$$d_1(n) = 1^{n}$$

$$d_2(n) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} 1$$

$$d_3(n) = \sum_{j|n}^{j|n} \sum_{k|\frac{n}{j}} 1$$

$$d_4(n) = \sum_{j|n} \sum_{k|n} \sum_{m|n} 1$$

$$d_{5}(n) = \sum_{j|n} \sum_{i=n}^{k \vdash_{j}} \sum_{i=n}^{m \mid \overline{jk}} \sum_{i=n}^{m}$$

$$d_{4}(n) = \sum_{j|n} \sum_{k|\frac{n}{j}} \sum_{m|\frac{n}{jk}} \sum_{m|\frac{n}{jk}} 1$$

$$d_{5}(n) = \sum_{j|n} \sum_{k|\frac{n}{j}} \sum_{m|\frac{n}{jk}} \sum_{s|\frac{n}{jkm}} 1$$

$$d_{5}'(n) = 5 + \sum_{j|n} -10 + \sum_{k|\frac{n}{j}} +10 + \sum_{m|\frac{n}{jk}} -5 + \sum_{s|\frac{n}{jkm}} 1$$