

$$[\zeta(0)^z]_n =$$

$$1 + \sum_{a=2}^n \sum_{j=1}^{\lfloor \frac{\log n}{\log a} \rfloor} \binom{z}{j} \left(1 + \sum_{b=a+1}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{a'} \rfloor} \sum_{k=1}^{\lfloor \frac{\log n - j \log a}{\log b} \rfloor} \binom{z-j}{k} \cdot \left(1 + \sum_{c=b+1}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{a' b^k} \rfloor} \sum_{l=1}^{\lfloor \frac{\log n - j \log a - k \log b}{\log c} \rfloor} \binom{z-j-k}{l} \cdot \left(1 + \sum_{d=c+1}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{a' b^k c^l} \rfloor} \sum_{m=1}^{\lfloor \frac{\log n - j \log a - k \log b - l \log c}{\log d} \rfloor} \binom{z-j-k-l}{m} (1+\dots) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\Pi(n) =$$

$$\sum_{a=2}^n \sum_{j=1}^{\lfloor \frac{\log n}{\log a} \rfloor} \frac{(-1)^{j+1}}{j} \cdot \left(1 + \sum_{b=a+1}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{a'} \rfloor} \sum_{k=1}^{\lfloor \frac{\log n - j \log a}{\log b} \rfloor} \binom{-j}{k} \cdot \left(1 + \sum_{c=b+1}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{a' b^k} \rfloor} \sum_{l=1}^{\lfloor \frac{\log n - j \log a - k \log b}{\log c} \rfloor} \binom{-j-k}{l} \cdot \left(1 + \sum_{d=c+1}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{a' b^k c^l} \rfloor} \sum_{m=1}^{\lfloor \frac{\log n - j \log a - k \log b - l \log c}{\log d} \rfloor} \binom{-j-k-l}{m} (1+\dots) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\Pi(n) =$$

$$\sum_{a=2}^n \sum_{j=1}^{\lfloor \log_2 n \rfloor} \frac{(-1)^{j+1}}{j} \cdot \left(1 + \sum_{b=a+1}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{a'} \rfloor} \sum_{k=1}^{\lfloor \log_2 \frac{n}{a'} \rfloor} \binom{-j}{k} \cdot \left(1 + \sum_{c=b+1}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{a' b^k} \rfloor} \sum_{l=1}^{\lfloor \log_2 \frac{n}{a' b^k} \rfloor} \binom{-j-k}{l} \cdot \left(1 + \sum_{d=c+1}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{a' b^k c^l} \rfloor} \sum_{m=1}^{\lfloor \log_2 \frac{n}{a' b^k c^l} \rfloor} \binom{-j-k-l}{m} (1+\dots) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$[(\frac{1}{1-(1)})^z]_n=\sum_{a=0}^n\frac{z^a}{a!}\cdot\sum_{b=0}^{\lfloor\frac{1}{2}\cdot\frac{n}{a}\rfloor}\frac{(z/2)^b}{b!}\cdot\sum_{c=0}^{\lfloor\frac{1}{3}\cdot\frac{n}{a\cdot2b}\rfloor}\frac{(z/3)^c}{c!}\cdot\sum_{d=0}^{\lfloor\frac{1}{4}\cdot\frac{n}{a\cdot2b\cdot3c}\rfloor}\frac{(z/4)^d}{d!}\cdot....$$

$$[e^z]_n=\sum_{a=0}^n\frac{z^{(a)}}{a!}\cdot\sum_{b=0}^{\lfloor\frac{1}{2}\cdot\frac{n}{a}\rfloor}\frac{(-z/2)^{(b)}}{b!}\cdot\sum_{c=0}^{\lfloor\frac{1}{3}\cdot\frac{n}{a\cdot2b}\rfloor}\frac{(-z/3)^{(c)}}{c!}\cdot\sum_{d=0}^{\lfloor\frac{1}{5}\cdot\frac{n}{a\cdot2b\cdot3c}\rfloor}\frac{(-z/5)^{(d)}}{d!}\cdot....$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^n\frac{z^{(k)}}{k!}=\sum_{a=0}^n\frac{z^a}{a!}\cdot\sum_{b=0}^{\lfloor\frac{1}{2}\cdot\frac{n}{a}\rfloor}\frac{(z/2)^b}{b!}\cdot\sum_{c=0}^{\lfloor\frac{1}{3}\cdot\frac{n}{a\cdot2b}\rfloor}\frac{(z/3)^c}{c!}\cdot\sum_{d=0}^{\lfloor\frac{1}{4}\cdot\frac{n}{a\cdot2b\cdot3c}\rfloor}\frac{(z/4)^d}{d!}\cdot....$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^n\frac{z^k}{k!}=\sum_{a=0}^n\frac{z^{(a)}}{a!}\cdot\sum_{b=0}^{\lfloor\frac{1}{2}\cdot\frac{n}{a}\rfloor}\frac{(-z/2)^{(b)}}{b!}\cdot\sum_{c=0}^{\lfloor\frac{1}{3}\cdot\frac{n}{a\cdot2b}\rfloor}\frac{(-z/3)^{(c)}}{c!}\cdot\sum_{d=0}^{\lfloor\frac{1}{5}\cdot\frac{n}{a\cdot2b\cdot3c}\rfloor}\frac{(-z/5)^{(d)}}{d!}\cdot....$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^n\frac{\mathfrak{u}(j)}{j}H_{\lfloor\frac{n}{j}\rfloor}=f(n)=1$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^n\frac{\mathfrak{u}(j)}{j}\sum_{k=1}^{\lfloor\frac{n}{j}\rfloor}\frac{1}{k}=f(n)=1$$

$$\int\limits_1^n\frac{-1}{j}(\Gamma(0,\frac{n}{j})+\log\frac{n}{j}+\gamma) dj=?$$

Suppose we look at the smoothing function version of $D_z(n)$.

At $1/2$.

$$D_z(n) = 1 + \binom{z}{1} \sum_{a \leq n, a = \frac{3}{2}} 1 + \binom{z}{2} \sum_{a \cdot b \leq n, a, b = \frac{3}{2}} 1 + \binom{z}{3} \sum_{a \cdot b \cdot c \leq n, a, b, c = \frac{3}{2}} 1 + \dots$$

$$3/2 = 1.5$$

$$9/4 = 2.25$$

$$27/8 = 3.375$$

$$81/16 = 5.0625$$

$$243/32 = 7.59375$$

$$729/64 = 11.3906$$

$$2187/128 = 17.0859$$

$$6561/256 = 25.6289$$

$$[\mathfrak{y}(s)^z]_n=\sum_{j=1}^n\prod_{p^k|j}\begin{cases}p^{-sk}.\left(-z\right).{}_2F_1(1-k;1-z;2;-1)&\text{if }p=2\\p^{-sk}.\frac{z^{\left(k\right)}}{k!}&\text{if }p\neq2\end{cases}$$

$${}_2F_1(a;b;c;z)=\sum_{n=0}^{\infty}\frac{a^{\left(n\right)}\cdot b^{\left(n\right)}}{c^{\left(n\right)}}\cdot\frac{z^n}{n!}$$

$${}_2F_1(1-k;1-z;2;-1)=\sum_{n=0}^{\infty}\frac{(1-k)^{\left(n\right)}.\left(1-z\right)^{\left(n\right)}}{2^{\left(n\right)}}\cdot\frac{\left(-1\right)^n}{n!}$$

$$[((1-x^{1-s})\zeta(s))^z]_n=\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{(-z)^{\left(k\right)}}{k!}\cdot x^{k(1-s)}[\zeta(s)^z]_{n\cdot x^{-k}}$$

$$[\mathfrak{y}(0)^z]_n=\sum_{k=0}^{\infty}\frac{(-z)^{\left(k\right)}}{k!}\cdot 2^k[\zeta(0)^z]_{n\cdot 2^{-k}}$$