

2
 α

$$x_{n+1} = -16 + 6x_n + 12 \frac{1}{x_n}, \quad \alpha = 2$$

DOES $g(x)$ MAP $[a, b]$ W/IN $[a, b]$?
ASSUME $[1, 3]$ IS 'NEAR α '

$$x_{n+1} = -16 + 6(3) + 12 \frac{1}{(3)}$$

$$= -16 + 18 + 4$$

$$= 6 > 3$$

→ $g(x)$ DOES NOT MAP ALL $x \in [1, 3]$
ON $[1, 3]$, SO $\{x_n\}$ DOES NOT
CONVERGE TO $\alpha = 2$

BUT WHAT IF $p_1 = 2.01$

$$x_{n+1} = -16 + 6(2.01) + 12 \frac{1}{(2.01)}$$

$$= 2.0 \dots$$

$$; p_1 = 2.1$$

$$x_{n+1} = -16 + 6(2.1) + 12 \frac{1}{(2.1)}$$

$$= 2.3$$

EVEN IF $[a, b]$ IS $[1.99, 2.01]$
 $g(x)$ DOESN'T MAP $[a, b]$ ON
 $[a, b]$ SO $\{x_n\}$ DIVERGES