Notes on NEWUOA

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Algorithm 0.1

 $?\langle \texttt{alg:newuoa} \rangle ?$

Input $\Delta_0 \in (0, +\infty)$, $m \in \{n+2, n+3, \dots, (n+1)(n+2)/2\}$, and $\mathcal{X}_0 \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ with $x_0 \in \mathcal{X}_0$ and $|\mathcal{X}_0| = m$. Set $Q_{-1} = 0$ and k = 0.

- 1. Pick $Q_k \in \{Q \in \mathcal{Q} : Q(x) = f(x) \text{ for all } x \in \mathcal{X}_k\}$. Define $x_k = \operatorname{argmin}\{f(x) : x \in \mathcal{X}_k\}$.
- 2. If $\tau_k = 1$, then

$$x_k^+ \approx \operatorname{argmin}\{Q_k(x) : \|x - x_k\| \le \Delta_k\}, \tag{0.1) ?eq:?}$$

$$x_k^- \approx \operatorname{argmin}\{\kappa(\mathcal{X}_k, x_k^+, x) : x \in \mathcal{X}_k\},$$
 (0.2) ?eq:?

$$\rho_k = [f(x_k) - f(x_k^+)]/[Q_k(x_k) - Q_k(x_k^+)]. \tag{0.3} ? \underline{\text{eq:}}?$$

Set

$$\tau_{k+1} = [\|x_k^+ - x_k\| > \alpha \Delta_k] \wedge [\rho_k > 0 \vee \kappa(\mathcal{X}_k \cup \{x_k^+\} \setminus \{x_k^-\}) < \kappa_0]$$
 (0.4) ?eq:?

<++> If $||x_k^+ - x_k|| \le \alpha \Delta_k$, then set $\tau_{k+1} = 0$, $\mathcal{X}_{k+1} = \mathcal{X}_k$; otherwise, set

$$\mathcal{X}_{k+1} = \begin{cases}
\mathcal{X}_k \cup \{x_k^+\} \setminus \{x_k^-\} & \text{if } \rho_k > 0 \text{ or } \kappa(\mathcal{X}_k, x_k^+, x_k^-) < \kappa_0, \\
\mathcal{X}_k, & \text{else.}
\end{cases} (0.5) ?\underline{\underline{\mathsf{eq}}} ?$$

3. If $\tau_k = 0$, then

$$x_k^- = \operatorname{argmax}\{\|x - x_k\| : x \in \mathcal{X}_k\},$$
 (0.6) $\underbrace{\operatorname{eq}:}_{}$?

$$x_k^+ \approx \operatorname{argmin}\{\kappa(\mathcal{X}_k, x, x_k^-) : ||x - x_k|| \le \Delta_k\}$$
 (0.7) ? eq:?

and set

$$\mathcal{X}_{k+1} = \mathcal{X}_k \cup \{x_k^+\} \setminus \{x_k^-\}, \Delta_{k+1} = \Delta_k, \tau_{k+1} = 1. \tag{0.8} ? \underline{\text{eq:}}?$$

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How to terminate? Is $\|\nabla Q_k(x_k)\| \leq \eta \Delta_k$ attainable? What about $\|\nabla Q_k(x_k)\| \leq \epsilon$? What about $\|x_k^+ - x_k\| \leq \eta \Delta_k$?