Notes on NEWUOA

Zaikun Zhang *

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We define $\overline{\mathcal{X}_k}$ to be a point in \mathcal{X}_k such that

$$f(\overline{\mathcal{X}_k}) = \min\{f(x) : x \in \mathcal{X}_k\}. \tag{0.1) ?eq:xopt?}$$

If multiple points attain the minimum, then we take the earliest one visited by the algorithm.

$$\delta(\mathcal{X}_k) = \max\{\|x - \overline{\mathcal{X}_k}\| : x \in \mathcal{X}_k\}$$
 (0.2) ?eq:xdist?

$$Q_k = \{ Q \in \mathcal{Q} : Q(x) = f(x) \text{ for } x \in \mathcal{X}_k \}, \tag{0.3) ?eq:quak?}$$

and, similarly, $\mathcal{Q}_k^+ = \{Q \in \mathcal{Q} : Q(x) = f(x) \text{ for } x \in \mathcal{X}_k^+\}.$

$$||Q||_{S} = ||\nabla^{2}Q||_{F}$$
 (0.4) eq: snorm?

$$P_{\mathcal{C}}^{s}(\Phi) = \operatorname{argmin}\{\|Q - \Phi\|_{s} : Q \in \mathcal{C}\}$$

^{*}Hong Kong Polytechnic University, zaikun.zhang@polyu.edu.hk

Algorithm 0.1 OPTimization based on Interpolation Models (OPTIM)

?(alg: optim)? $\frac{\text{Algorithm 6.1 Of limitation based on interpolation wieders (OI limitation)}}{\text{Input } \Delta_0 \in (0, +\infty), \ \tau > 0, \ m \in \{1, 2, \dots, (n+1)(n+2)/2\}, \ \text{and} \ \mathcal{X}_0 \subset \mathbb{R}^n \ \text{with} \ |\mathcal{X}_0| = m \ \text{and} \ \kappa(\mathcal{X}_0) \leq \kappa_0. \ \text{Set} \ k = 0.$

- 1. Model construction. Pick $Q_k \in \mathcal{Q}_k$.
- 2. Trust-region step evaluation. Calculate

$$x_k^{\mathrm{a}} \approx \operatorname{argmin}\{Q_k(x) : \|x - \overline{\mathcal{X}_k}\| \le \Delta_k\}.$$
 (0.5) ? eq:xadd?

If $||x_k^{\mathbf{a}} - \overline{\mathcal{X}}_k|| < \alpha \Delta_k$, then set $\Delta_{k+1} = \theta \Delta_k$; otherwise, update Δ_k to Δ_{k+1} according to $r_k = [f(\overline{\mathcal{X}}_k) - f(x_k^{\mathbf{a}})]/[Q_k(\overline{\mathcal{X}}_k) - Q_k(x_k^{\mathbf{a}})]$.

3. Interpolation set update. Let

$$x_k^{\mathrm{d}} \approx \operatorname{argmin}\{\kappa(\mathcal{X}_k \cup x_k^{\mathrm{a}} \setminus x) : x \in \mathcal{X}_k\}. \tag{0.6} \ \text{?eq:xdrop?}$$

If $||x_k^{\mathbf{a}} - \overline{\mathcal{X}_k}|| \ge \alpha \Delta_k$ and either $r_k > \eta_0$ or $\kappa(\mathcal{X}_k \cup x_k^{\mathbf{a}} \setminus x_k^{\mathbf{d}}) \le \kappa_0$, then set $\mathcal{X}_{k+1} = \mathcal{X}_k \cup x_k^{\mathbf{a}} \setminus x_k^{\mathbf{d}}$

4. Geometry improvement. If $||x_k^{\mathbf{a}} - \overline{\mathcal{X}_k}|| < \alpha \Delta_k$, or if $r_k \leq \eta_0$ and $\kappa(\mathcal{X}_k \cup x_k^{\mathbf{a}} \setminus x_k^{\mathbf{d}}) > \kappa_0$, then set $\mathcal{X}_{k+1} = \mathcal{X}_k \cup y_k^{\mathbf{a}} \setminus y_k^{\mathbf{d}}$ with

$$y_k^{\mathrm{d}} = \operatorname{argmax}\{\|y - \overline{\mathcal{X}_k}\| : y \in \mathcal{X}_k\}, \tag{0.7} \ \operatorname{\underline{eq:ydrop?}}$$

$$y_k^{\mathrm{a}} pprox \mathrm{argmin}\{\kappa(\mathcal{X}_k \cup y \setminus y_k^{\mathrm{d}}) : \|y - \overline{\mathcal{X}_k}\| \le \Delta_k\}.$$
 (0.8) ?eq:yadd?

Algorithm 0.2 NEWUOA

?\(\alg:\text{newuoa}\)?\(\frac{\text{Input }\Delta_0 \in (0, +\infty), \tau > 0, m \in \{n+2, n+3, \ldots, (n+1)(n+2)/2\}, \text{ and } \mathcal{\mathcal{Z}}_0 \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n \text{ with } |\mathcal{\mathcal{Z}}_0| = m \) and $\kappa(\mathcal{X}_0) \le \kappa_0$. Define $Q_0 = \mathrm{P}^{\mathrm{S}}_{Q_0}(0)$. Set k = 0.

1. Trust-region step evaluation. Set

$$x_k^{\mathrm{a}} pprox \mathrm{argmin}\{Q_k(x): \|x - \overline{\mathcal{X}_k}\| \leq \Delta_k\}.$$
 (0.9) ?eq:xaddn?

$$\mathsf{S} = \mathbb{1}(\|x_k^\mathrm{a} - \overline{\mathcal{X}_k}\| < \rho_k/2),\tag{0.10} ? \underline{\mathsf{eq:shortd}}?$$

$$R = 1(S = 1 \text{ and the errors in recent models are small}).$$
 (0.11) ?eq:redrho?

If R = 1, then let $\mathcal{X}_{k+1} = \mathcal{X}_k$, $Q_{k+1} = Q_k$, and go to step 4. If R = 0 and S = 1, then set $\Delta_{k+1} = \max\{\Delta_k/10, \rho_k\}$. If S = 0, then evaluate $r_k = [f(\overline{\mathcal{X}_k}) - f(x_k^a)]/[Q_k(\overline{\mathcal{X}_k}) - Q_k(x_k^a)]$ and update Δ_k to Δ_{k+1} according to r_k .

2. Interpolation set update. Let

$$x_k^{\mathrm{d}} \approx \operatorname{argmin}\{\kappa(\mathcal{X}_k \cup x_k^{\mathrm{a}} \setminus x) : x \in \mathcal{X}_k\}. \tag{0.12} \ \text{?eq:xdropn?}$$

If S = 0 and either $r_k > 0$ or $\kappa(\mathcal{X}_k \cup x_k^{\mathrm{a}} \setminus x_k^{\mathrm{d}}) \leq \kappa_0$, then set

$$\mathcal{X}_k^+ = \mathcal{X}_k \cup x_k^{\mathrm{a}} \setminus x_k^{\mathrm{d}}, \quad Q_k^+ = \mathrm{P}_{\mathcal{Q}_k^+}^{\mathrm{s}}(Q_k); \tag{0.13} ? \underline{\mathsf{eq}} : \underline{\mathsf{updateq1}}?$$

otherwise, $\mathcal{X}_k^+ = \mathcal{X}_k$ and $Q_k^+ = Q_k$.

3. Geometry improvement. Let $\Delta_k^+ = \max\{\min\{\delta(\mathcal{X}_k^+)/10, \Delta_{k+1}/2\}, \rho_k\}$, and

$$y_k^{\mathrm{d}} = \operatorname{argmax}\{\|y - \overline{\mathcal{X}_k^+}\| : y \in \mathcal{X}_k^+\}, \tag{0.14} \ ?\underline{\mathsf{eq}} : \mathtt{ydropn}?$$

$$y_k^{\rm a} \approx \operatorname{argmin}\{\kappa(\mathcal{X}_k^+ \cup y \setminus y_k^{\rm d}) : \|y - \overline{\mathcal{X}_k^+}\| \le \Delta_k^+\}. \tag{0.15} \ \text{?eq:yaddn?}$$

If $\delta(\mathcal{X}_k^+) \geq 2\Delta_{k+1}$ and either S = 1 or $r_k < 1/10$, then set

$$\mathcal{X}_{k+1} = \mathcal{X}_k^+ \cup y_k^{\mathrm{a}} \setminus y_k^{\mathrm{d}}, \quad Q_{k+1} = \mathrm{P}_{\mathcal{Q}_{k+1}}^{\mathrm{S}}(Q_k^+); \tag{0.16} \ \texttt{?eq:updateq2?}$$

otherwise, $\mathcal{X}_{k+1} = \mathcal{X}_k^+$ and $Q_{k+1} = Q_k^+$. If $\delta(\mathcal{X}_k^+) < 2\Delta_{k+1}$, $\max\{\Delta_{k+1}, \|x_k^{\mathrm{a}} - \overline{\mathcal{X}}_k\|\} \le \rho_k$, and either S = 1 or $r_k \le 0$, then set R to 1.

4. **Resolution enhancement**. If R = 1, then reduce ρ_k by about a factor of 10 to obtain ρ_{k+1} , and set $\Delta_{k+1} = \max\{\rho_{k+1}/2, \rho_k\}$. If R = 0, then set $\rho_{k+1} = \rho_k$.