

ACLIM2 CMIP6 ROMSNPZ Indices quick start guide

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Download the ACLIM2 repo & data

Clone the ACLIM2 repo

To run this tutorial first clone the ACLIM2 repository to your local drive:

Option 1: Use R

This set of commands, run within R, downloads the ACLIM2 repository and unpacks it, with the ACLIM2 directory structure being located in the specified `download_path`. This also performs the folder renaming mentioned in Option 2.

```
# Specify the download directory
main_nm      <- "ACLIM2"

# Note: Edit download_path for preference
download_path <- path.expand("~/")
dest_fldr    <- file.path(download_path,main_nm)

url          <- "https://github.com/kholsman/ACLIM2/archive/main.zip"
dest_file    <- file.path(download_path,paste0(main_nm,".zip"))
download.file(url=url, destfile=dest_file)

# unzip the .zip file (manually unzip if this doesn't work)
setwd(download_path)
unzip (dest_file, exdir = download_path,overwrite = T)

#rename the unzipped folder from ACLIM2-main to ACLIM2
file.rename(paste0(main_nm,"-main"), main_nm)
setwd(main_nm)
```

Option 2: Download the zipped repo

Download the full zip archive directly from the **ACLIM2 Repo** using this link: <https://github.com/kholsman/ACLIM2> and unzip its contents while preserving directory structure.

Important! If downloading from zip, please **rename the root folder** from ACLIM2-main (in the zipfile) to ACLIM2 (name used in cloned copies) after unzipping, for consistency in the following examples.

Your final folder structure should look like this:

Name	Date Modified	Size	Kind
ACLIM2.Rproj	Today at 10:02 AM	205 bytes	R Project
> Data	Today at 10:08 AM	--	Folder
> Docs	Oct 26, 2021 at 4:12 PM	--	Folder
> Figs	Oct 26, 2021 at 3:42 PM	--	Folder
GettingStarted_Beri...10K_ROMSNPZ.html	Today at 11:55 AM	10.9 MB	HTML text
GettingStarted_Bering10K_ROMSNPZ.md	Today at 11:55 AM	84 KB	Markdown File
GettingStarted_Bering10K_ROMSNPZ.pdf	Today at 11:55 AM	7.2 MB	PDF Document
GettingStarted_Beri...10K_ROMSNPZ.Rmd	Today at 11:55 AM	87 KB	R Markdown File
GettingStarted_Bering10K_ROMSNPZ.tex	Today at 11:55 AM	171 KB	TeX File
plot_ts.R	Oct 26, 2021 at 11:14 AM	5 KB	R Source File
> R	Today at 2:46 PM	--	Folder
README.md	Today at 11:55 AM	84 KB	Markdown File
trash	Oct 26, 2021 at 2:09 PM	--	Folder
> untitled folder	Apr 5, 2022 at 11:46 AM	--	Folder
> Vignettes	Today at 3:03 PM	--	Folder

Option 3: Use git commandline

If you have git installed and can work with it, this is the preferred method as it preserves all directory structure and can aid in future updating. Use this from a **terminal command line, not in R**, to clone the full ACLIM2 directory and sub-directories:

```
git clone https://github.com/kholsman/ACLIM2.git
```

Get the data

Step 1) * Go to the google drive and download the zipped file with the R data 2022_03_07_Rdata.zip:

- 00_ACLIM_shared > 02_Data > Newest_Data(use this) > 2022_03_07_Rdata.zip
- Move the Zipped folder to your local folder ACLIM2/Data/in and unzip. The final folder structure should look like:



Step 2) * Go to the google drive and download the zipped file with the R ACLIM2 indices ACLIM2_indices.zip:

- 00_ACLIM_shared > 02_Data > Newest_Data(use this) > ACLIM2_indice.zip
- Move the Zipped folder to your local folder ACLIM2/Data/out and unzip. The final folder structure should look like:

Set up the Workspace

Open R() and used 'setwd()' to navigate to the root ACLIM2 folder (.e.g, ~/mydocuments/ACLIM2)

```
# set the workspace to your local ACLIM2 folder
# e.g., "/Users/kholsman/Documents/GitHub/ACLIM2"
# setwd( path.expand("~/Documents/GitHub/ACLIM2") )
```

```
# -----
# SETUP WORKSPACE
tmstp <- format(Sys.time(), "%Y_%m_%d")
main  <- getwd()  "~/GitHub_new/ACLIM2"
```

```
# loads packages, data, setup, etc.
suppressWarnings(source("R/make.R"))
```

```
## -----
```

```
## ALIM2/R/setup.R settings
```

```
## -----
```

```
## data_path          : Data/in/2022_03_07/roms_for_public
## Rdata_path         : Data/in/2022_03_07_Rdata/roms_for_public
## redownload_level3_mox: FALSE
## update.figs        : FALSE
## load_gis           : FALSE
## update.outputs     : TRUE
## update.figs        : FALSE
## dpiIN              : 150
## update.figs        : FALSE
```

```
## -----
```

```
## -----
```

```
##
```

```
## The following datasets are public, please cite as Hermann et al. 2019 (v.H16) and Kearney et al. 2020
```

```
## B10K-H16_CMIP5_CESM_BIO_rcp85
```

```
## B10K-H16_CMIP5_CESM_rcp45
```

```
## B10K-H16_CMIP5_CESM_rcp85
```

```
## B10K-H16_CMIP5_GFDL_BIO_rcp85
```

```
## B10K-H16_CMIP5_GFDL_rcp45
```

```
## B10K-H16_CMIP5_GFDL_rcp85
```

```
## B10K-H16_CMIP5_MIROC_rcp45
```

```
## B10K-H16_CMIP5_MIROC_rcp85
```

```
## B10K-H16_CORECFS
```

```
## B10K-K20_CORECFS
```

```
##
```

```
## The following datasets are still under embargo, please do not share outside of ACLIM:
```

```
## B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_cesm_historical
```

```
## B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_cesm_ssp126
```

```
## B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_cesm_ssp585
```

```
## B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_gfdl_historical
```

```
## B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_gfdl_ssp126
## B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_gfdl_ssp585
## B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_miroc_historical
## B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_miroc_ssp126
## B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_miroc_ssp585
```

Read this before you start

Overview

The **ACLIM2 github repository** contains R code and Rdata files for working with netcdf-format data generated from the **downscaled ROMSNPZ modeling** of the ROMSNPZ Bering Sea Ocean Modeling team; Drs. Hermann, Cheng, Kearney, Pilcher, Ortiz, and Aydin. The code and R resources described in this tutorial are maintained by Kirstin Holsman as part of NOAA's **ACLIM project** for the Bering Sea. *See Hollowed et al. 2020 for more information about the ACLIM project.*

This document provides an overview of accessing, plotting, and creating bias corrected indices for ACLIM2 based on CMIP6 (embargoed for ACLIM2 users until 2023) and CMIP5 (publicly available) simulations. This guide assumes analyses will take place in R() and that users have access to the data folder within the ACLIM2 shared drive. For more information also see the full tutorial ("GettingStarted_Bering10K_ROMSNPZ" available at the bottom of **this repo page**).

Important! A few key things to know before getting started are detailed below. Please review this information before getting started.

ROMSNPZ versions

Important! ACLIM1 CMIP5 and ACLIM2 CMIP5 and CMIP6 datasets use different base models.

There are two versions of the ROMSNPZ model:

1. ACLIM1 an older 10-depth layer model used for CMIP5 ("H-16")
2. ACLIM2 a new 30-depth layer model used for CMIP6 ("K20" or "K20P19")

The models are not directly comparable, therefore the projections should be bias corrected and recentered to baselines of hindcasts of each model (forced by "observed" climate conditions). i.e. CMIP5 and CMIP6 have corresponding hindcasts:

1. Hindcast for CMIP5 "H19" -> H16_CORECFS
2. Hindcast for CMIP5 "K20P19" -> H16_CORECFS
3. Hindcast for CMIP6 "K20P19" -> K20_CORECFS

In addition for CMIP6 "historical" runs are available for bias correcting. We will use those below.

For a list of the available simulations for ACLIM enter the following in R():

```
# list of the climate scenarios
data.frame(sim_list)
```

```
##               sim_list
## 1          B10K-K20_CORECFS
## 2    B10K-H16_CMIP5_CESM_BIO_rcp85
## 3          B10K-H16_CMIP5_CESM_rcp45
## 4          B10K-H16_CMIP5_CESM_rcp85
## 5    B10K-H16_CMIP5_GFDL_BIO_rcp85
## 6          B10K-H16_CMIP5_GFDL_rcp45
## 7          B10K-H16_CMIP5_GFDL_rcp85
## 8    B10K-H16_CMIP5_MIROC_rcp45
## 9    B10K-H16_CMIP5_MIROC_rcp85
## 10         B10K-H16_CORECFS
## 11    B10K-K20P19_CMIP5_CESM_rcp45
## 12    B10K-K20P19_CMIP5_CESM_rcp85
## 13    B10K-K20P19_CMIP5_GFDL_rcp45
## 14    B10K-K20P19_CMIP5_GFDL_rcp85
## 15    B10K-K20P19_CMIP5_MIROC_rcp45
## 16    B10K-K20P19_CMIP5_MIROC_rcp85
## 17 B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_cesm_historical
## 18    B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_cesm_ssp126
## 19    B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_cesm_ssp585
## 20 B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_gfdl_historical
## 21    B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_gfdl_ssp126
## 22    B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_gfdl_ssp585
## 23 B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_miroc_historical
## 24    B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_miroc_ssp126
## 25    B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_miroc_ssp585
```

ROMSNPZ variables

For a list of the available variables from the ROMSNPZ:

```
# Metadata for variables
(srvy_var_def[-(1:5),])
```

```
##               name               units
## 6              Ben             mg C m^-2
## 7            DetBen             mg C m^-2
## 8              Hsbl             meter
## 9            IceNH4             mmol N m^-3
## 10             IceN03             mmol N m^-3
## 11             IcePhL             mg C m^-3
## 12              aice
## 13              hice             meter
## 14             shflux             watt meter-2
## 15             ssflux             meter second-1
## 16    Cop_integrated             (mg C m^-3)*m
## 17    Cop_surface5m             mg C m^-3
## 18    Eup0_integrated             (mg C m^-3)*m
## 19    Eup0_surface5m             mg C m^-3
```

```

## 20      EupS_integrated          (mg C m-3)*m
## 21      EupS_surface5m          mg C m-3
## 22      Iron_bottom5m          micromol Fe m-3
## 23      Iron_integrated         (micromol Fe m-3)*m
## 24      Iron_surface5m         micromol Fe m-3
## 25      Jel_integrated          (mg C m-3)*m
## 26      Jel_surface5m          mg C m-3
## 27      MZL_integrated          (mg C m-3)*m
## 28      MZL_surface5m          mg C m-3
## 29      NCaO_integrated         (mg C m-3)*m
## 30      NCaO_surface5m         mg C m-3
## 31      NCaS_integrated         (mg C m-3)*m
## 32      NCaS_surface5m         mg C m-3
## 33      NH4_bottom5m           mmol N m-3
## 34      NH4_integrated          (mmol N m-3)*m
## 35      NH4_surface5m          mmol N m-3
## 36      NO3_bottom5m           mmol N m-3
## 37      NO3_integrated          (mmol N m-3)*m
## 38      NO3_surface5m          mmol N m-3
## 39      PhL_integrated          (mg C m-3)*m
## 40      PhL_surface5m          mg C m-3
## 41      PhS_integrated          (mg C m-3)*m
## 42      PhS_surface5m          mg C m-3
## 43      prod_Cop_integrated      mg C m-2 d-1
## 44      prod_Eup0_integrated     mg C m-2 d-1
## 45      prod_EupS_integrated     mg C m-2 d-1
## 46      prod_Eup_integrated      (milligram carbon meter-3 d-1)*m
## 47      prod_Jel_integrated      mg C m-2 d-1
## 48      prod_MZL_integrated      mg C m-2 d-1
## 49      prod_NCaO_integrated     mg C m-2 d-1
## 50      prod_NCaS_integrated     mg C m-2 d-1
## 51      prod_NCa_integrated      (milligram carbon meter-3 d-1)*m
## 52      prod_PhL_integrated      mg C m-2 d-1
## 53      prod_PhS_integrated      mg C m-2 d-1
## 54      salt_surface5m
## 55      temp_bottom5m           Celsius
## 56      temp_integrated          (Celsius)*m
## 57      temp_surface5m          Celsius
## 58      uEast_bottom5m          meter second-1
## 59      uEast_surface5m         meter second-1
## 60      vNorth_bottom5m         meter second-1
## 61      vNorth_surface5m        meter second-1
##                                     longname
## 6      Benthic infauna concentration
## 7      Benthic detritus concentration
## 8      depth of oceanic surface boundary layer
## 9      Ice ammonium concentration
## 10     Ice nitrate concentration
## 11     Ice algae concentration
## 12     fraction of cell covered by ice
## 13     average ice thickness in cell
## 14     surface net heat flux
## 15     surface net salt flux, (E-P)*SALT
## 16     Small copepod concentration, integrated over depth

```

```

## 17          Small copepod concentration, surface 5m mean
## 18 Offshore euphausiid concentration, integrated over depth
## 19          Offshore euphausiid concentration, surface 5m mean
## 20 On-shelf euphausiid concentration, integrated over depth
## 21          On-shelf euphausiid concentration, surface 5m mean
## 22                  iron concentration, bottom 5m mean
## 23                  iron concentration, integrated over depth
## 24                  iron concentration, surface 5m mean
## 25          Jellyfish concentration, integrated over depth
## 26          Jellyfish concentration, surface 5m mean
## 27          Microzooplankton concentration, integrated over depth
## 28          Microzooplankton concentration, surface 5m mean
## 29 Offshore large copepod concentration, integrated over depth
## 30          Offshore large copepod concentration, surface 5m mean
## 31 On-shelf large copepod concentration, integrated over depth
## 32          On-shelf large copepod concentration, surface 5m mean
## 33                  Ammonium concentration, bottom 5m mean
## 34                  Ammonium concentration, integrated over depth
## 35                  Ammonium concentration, surface 5m mean
## 36                  Nitrate concentration, bottom 5m mean
## 37                  Nitrate concentration, integrated over depth
## 38                  Nitrate concentration, surface 5m mean
## 39 Large phytoplankton concentration, integrated over depth
## 40          Large phytoplankton concentration, surface 5m mean
## 41 Small phytoplankton concentration, integrated over depth
## 42          Small phytoplankton concentration, surface 5m mean
## 43                  Cop net production rate, summed over depth
## 44                  Eup0 net production rate, summed over depth
## 45                  EupS net production rate, summed over depth
## 46          secondary production Euphausiids, integrated over depth
## 47                  Jel net production rate, summed over depth
## 48                  MZL net production rate, summed over depth
## 49                  NCa0 net production rate, summed over depth
## 50                  NCaS net production rate, summed over depth
## 51          secondary production Neocalanus, integrated over depth
## 52                  PhL net production rate, summed over depth
## 53                  PhS net production rate, summed over depth
## 54                  salinity, surface 5m mean
## 55                  potential temperature, bottom 5m mean
## 56                  potential temperature, integrated over depth
## 57                  potential temperature, surface 5m mean
## 58          u-momentum component, geo-rotated, bottom 5m mean
## 59          u-momentum component, geo-rotated, surface 5m mean
## 60          v-momentum component, geo-rotated, bottom 5m mean
## 61          v-momentum component, geo-rotated, surface 5m mean

```

Data outputs

Important! There are 2 types of post-processed data available for use in ACLIM.

The ROMSNPZ team has developed a process to provide standardized post-processed outputs from the large (and non-intuitive) ROMSNPZ grid. These have been characterized as:

1. Level 1 (original ROMSNPZ U,V, grid, not rotated or corrected)

2. Level 2 (lat long bi-weekly high res versions, shouldn't be needed and are difficult to work with)
3. **Level 3 indices (depth corrected and area weighted means for each model variable; i.e., what we will mostly use)**
 - a. "ACLIMsurveyrep_": groundfish survey replicated (replicated in space and time)
 - b. "ACLIMregion_": weekly strata based averages

To get more information about each of these level 3 datasets enter this in R:

```
# Metadata for Weekly ("ACLIMregion_...") indices
(all_info1)
```

##	name				Type	B10KVersion
## 1	B10K-H16_CMIP5_CESM_BIO_rcp85	Weekly	regional	indices	H16	
## 2	B10K-H16_CMIP5_CESM_rcp45	Weekly	regional	indices	H16	
## 3	B10K-H16_CMIP5_CESM_rcp85	Weekly	regional	indices	H16	
## 4	B10K-H16_CMIP5_GFDL_BIO_rcp85	Weekly	regional	indices	H16	
## 5	B10K-H16_CMIP5_GFDL_rcp45	Weekly	regional	indices	H16	
## 6	B10K-H16_CMIP5_GFDL_rcp85	Weekly	regional	indices	H16	
## 7	B10K-H16_CMIP5_MIROC_rcp45	Weekly	regional	indices	H16	
## 8	B10K-H16_CMIP5_MIROC_rcp85	Weekly	regional	indices	H16	
## 9	B10K-H16_CORECFS	Weekly	regional	indices	H16	
## 10	B10K-K20_CORECFS	Weekly	regional	indices	K20	
## 11	B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_cesm_historical	Weekly	regional	indices	K20P19	
## 12	B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_cesm_ssp126	Weekly	regional	indices	K20P19	
## 13	B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_cesm_ssp585	Weekly	regional	indices	K20P19	
## 14	B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_gfdl_historical	Weekly	regional	indices	K20P19	
## 15	B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_gfdl_ssp126	Weekly	regional	indices	K20P19	
## 16	B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_gfdl_ssp585	Weekly	regional	indices	K20P19	
## 17	B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_miroc_historical	Weekly	regional	indices	K20P19	
## 18	B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_miroc_ssp126	Weekly	regional	indices	K20P19	
## 19	B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_miroc_ssp585	Weekly	regional	indices	K20P19	

##	CMIP	GCM	BIO	Carbon_scenario	Start	End
## 1	CMIP5	CESM	TRUE	rcp85	2006-01-22 12:00:00	2099-12-27 12:00:00
## 2	CMIP5	CESM	FALSE	rcp45	2006-01-22 12:00:00	2081-02-16 12:00:00
## 3	CMIP5	CESM	FALSE	rcp85	2006-01-22 12:00:00	2099-12-27 12:00:00
## 4	CMIP5	GFDL	TRUE	rcp85	2006-01-22 12:00:00	2099-12-27 12:00:00
## 5	CMIP5	GFDL	FALSE	rcp45	2006-01-22 12:00:00	2099-12-27 12:00:00
## 6	CMIP5	GFDL	FALSE	rcp85	2006-01-22 12:00:00	2099-12-27 12:00:00
## 7	CMIP5	MIROC	FALSE	rcp45	2006-01-22 12:00:00	2099-12-27 12:00:00
## 8	CMIP5	MIROC	FALSE	rcp85	2006-01-22 12:00:00	2099-12-27 12:00:00
## 9	CORECFS	<NA>	FALSE	CORECFS	1970-01-18 12:00:00	2018-08-12 12:00:00
## 10	CORECFS	<NA>	FALSE	CORECFS	1970-01-18 12:00:00	2020-08-09 12:00:00
## 11	CMIP6	cesm	TRUE	historical	1980-01-20 12:00:00	2014-12-28 12:00:00
## 12	CMIP6	cesm	TRUE	ssp126	2014-12-28 12:00:00	2099-12-27 12:00:00
## 13	CMIP6	cesm	TRUE	ssp585	2014-12-28 12:00:00	2099-12-27 12:00:00
## 14	CMIP6	gfdl	TRUE	historical	1980-01-20 12:00:00	2014-12-28 12:00:00
## 15	CMIP6	gfdl	TRUE	ssp126	2014-12-28 12:00:00	2099-12-27 12:00:00
## 16	CMIP6	gfdl	TRUE	ssp585	2014-12-28 12:00:00	2099-12-27 12:00:00
## 17	CMIP6	miroc	TRUE	historical	1980-01-20 12:00:00	2014-12-28 12:00:00
## 18	CMIP6	miroc	TRUE	ssp126	2014-12-28 12:00:00	2099-12-20 12:00:00
## 19	CMIP6	miroc	TRUE	ssp585	2014-12-28 12:00:00	2099-12-27 12:00:00

```
##      nvars
## 1      59
## 2      59
## 3      59
## 4      59
## 5      59
## 6      59
## 7      59
## 8      59
## 9      59
## 10     59
## 11     59
## 12     59
## 13     59
## 14     59
## 15     59
## 16     59
## 17     59
## 18     59
## 19     59
```

```
# Metadata for Weekly ("ACLImsurveyrep...") indices
(all_info2)
```

##		name	Type	B10KVersion	CMIP	
## 1	B10K-H16_CMIP5_CESM_BIO_rcp85	Survey replicated	H16	CMIP5		
## 2	B10K-H16_CMIP5_CESM_rcp45	Survey replicated	H16	CMIP5		
## 3	B10K-H16_CMIP5_CESM_rcp85	Survey replicated	H16	CMIP5		
## 4	B10K-H16_CMIP5_GFDL_BIO_rcp85	Survey replicated	H16	CMIP5		
## 5	B10K-H16_CMIP5_GFDL_rcp45	Survey replicated	H16	CMIP5		
## 6	B10K-H16_CMIP5_GFDL_rcp85	Survey replicated	H16	CMIP5		
## 7	B10K-H16_CMIP5_MIROC_rcp45	Survey replicated	H16	CMIP5		
## 8	B10K-H16_CMIP5_MIROC_rcp85	Survey replicated	H16	CMIP5		
## 9	B10K-H16_CORECFS	Survey replicated	H16	CORECFS		
## 10	B10K-K20_CORECFS	Survey replicated	K20	CORECFS		
## 11	B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_cesm_historical	Survey replicated	K20P19	CMIP6		
## 12	B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_cesm_ssp126	Survey replicated	K20P19	CMIP6		
## 13	B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_cesm_ssp585	Survey replicated	K20P19	CMIP6		
## 14	B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_gfdl_historical	Survey replicated	K20P19	CMIP6		
## 15	B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_gfdl_ssp126	Survey replicated	K20P19	CMIP6		
## 16	B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_gfdl_ssp585	Survey replicated	K20P19	CMIP6		
## 17	B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_miroc_historical	Survey replicated	K20P19	CMIP6		
## 18	B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_miroc_ssp126	Survey replicated	K20P19	CMIP6		
## 19	B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_miroc_ssp585	Survey replicated	K20P19	CMIP6		
##	GCM	BIO	Carbon_scenario	Start	End	nvars
## 1	CESM	TRUE	rcp85	1970	2100	60
## 2	CESM	FALSE	rcp45	1970	2100	60
## 3	CESM	FALSE	rcp85	1970	2100	60
## 4	GFDL	TRUE	rcp85	1970	2100	60
## 5	GFDL	FALSE	rcp45	1970	2100	60
## 6	GFDL	FALSE	rcp85	1970	2100	60
## 7	MIROC	FALSE	rcp45	1970	2100	60
## 8	MIROC	FALSE	rcp85	1970	2100	60
## 9	<NA>	FALSE	CORECFS	1970	2100	60

```
## 10 <NA> FALSE          CORECFS 1970 2100    60
## 11 cesm  TRUE          historical 1970 2100    60
## 12 cesm  TRUE          ssp126    1970 2100    60
## 13 cesm  TRUE          ssp585    1970 2100    60
## 14 gfdl  TRUE          historical 1970 2100    60
## 15 gfdl  TRUE          ssp126    1970 2100    60
## 16 gfdl  TRUE          ssp585    1970 2100    60
## 17 miroc TRUE          historical 1970 2100    60
## 18 miroc TRUE          ssp126    1970 2100    60
## 19 miroc TRUE          ssp585    1970 2100    60
```

ACLIM2 Indices & bias correction

The next step creates indices based on the level 3 data for each hind cast, historical run, and CMIP6 projection. The script below then bias corrects each index using the historical run and recenters the projection on the corresponding hindcast (such that projections are Δ from historical mean values for the reference period `deltayrs` `<- 1970:2000`).

NESB & SEBS averaged indices

The average water column values for each variable from the ROMSNPZ model strata x weekly Level2 outputs ('ACLIMregion') was calculated and used to calculate the strata-area weighted mean value for the NEBS and SEBS weekly, monthly, seasonally, and annually. Similarly, for survey replicated ('ACLIMsurveyrep') Level2 outputs the average water column value for each variable at each station was calculated used to calculate the strata-area weighted mean value for the NEBS and SEBS annually. These indices were calculate for hindcast, historical, and projection scenarios, and used to bias correct the projections. More information on the methods for each can be found in the tabs below and the code immediately following this section will re-generate the bias corrected indices. All of the bias corrected outputs can be found in the "Data/out/CMIP6" folder.

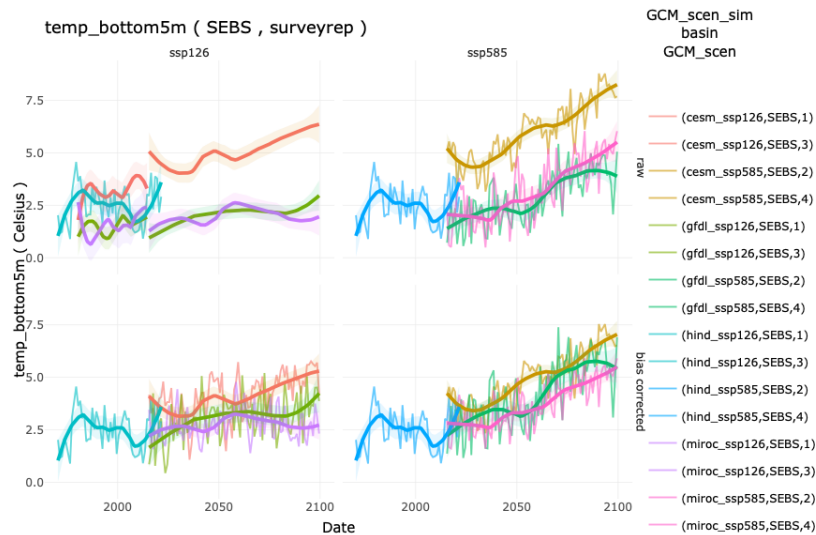


Figure 1: Raw (top row) and bias corrected (bottom row) bottom temperature indices based on survey replicated Level3 outputs for the SEBS

Important! Note that for projections the 'mn_val' represents raw mean values, while 'val_bias-corrected'

is the bias corrected mn_val (should be used instead of the raw values). In all cases, for variables that are log-normally distributed (cannot be < 0), the $\ln(\text{mn_val})$ were used to bias correct and were then back transformed to non-log space after correction:

For normally distributed variables (Y):

$$Y_{t,k}^{fut'} = \bar{Y}_{k,\bar{T}}^{hind} + \left(\frac{\sigma_{k,\bar{T}}^{hind}}{\sigma_{k,\bar{T}}^{hist}} * (Y_{t,k}^{fut} - \bar{Y}_{k,\bar{T}}^{hist}) \right)$$

where $\bar{Y}_{y,k}^{fut'}$ is the bias corrected variable k value for time-step t (e.g., year, month, or season), $\bar{Y}_{k,\bar{T}}^{hind}$ is the mean value of the variable k during the reference period $\bar{T} = [1980, 2013]$ from the hindcast model, $\sigma_{k,\bar{T}}^{hind}$ is the standard deviation of the hindcast during the reference period \bar{T} , $\sigma_{k,\bar{T}}^{hist}$ is the standard deviation of the historical run during the reference period, $Y_{t,k}^{fut}$ is the value of the variable from the projection at time-step t and $\bar{Y}_{k,\bar{T}}^{hist}$ is the average value from the historical run during reference period \bar{T} .

For log-normally distributed variables(Y):

$$Y_{y,k}^{fut'} = e^{\ln \bar{Y}_{k,\bar{T}}^{hind} + \left(\frac{\hat{\sigma}_{k,\bar{T}}^{hind}}{\hat{\sigma}_{k,\bar{T}}^{hist}} * (\ln Y_{t,k}^{fut} - \ln \bar{Y}_{k,\bar{T}}^{hist}) \right)}$$

, where $\hat{\sigma}_{k,\bar{T}}^{hist}$ and $\hat{\sigma}_{k,\bar{T}}^{hind}$ are the standard deviation of the $\ln \bar{Y}_{k,\bar{T}}^{hist}$ and $\ln \bar{Y}_{k,\bar{T}}^{hind}$ during the reference period \bar{T} (respectively).

Weekly indices

Uses the strata x weekly data ('ACLiMregion') to generate strata-specific averages in order to generate the strata area-weighted averages for each week w each year y .

$$\bar{Y}_{w,y,k} = \frac{\sum_l^{n_s} \left(\frac{1}{n_i} \sum_t^{n_t} Y_{k,w,y,s,t} \right) * A_s}{\sum_s^{n_s} A_s}$$

, where $Y_{k,w,y,s,t}$ is the value of the variable k in strata s at time t in year y , A_s is the area of strata s , n_i is the number of stations in strata s , and n_s is the number of strata s in each basin (NEBS or SEBS).

$\bar{Y}_{w,y,k}$ was calculated for the hindcast, historical run, and projection time-series. For projections $\bar{Y}_{w,y,k}$ was bias corrected using the corresponding historical and hindcast values such that:

$$\bar{Y}_{w,y,k}^{fut'} = \bar{Y}_{w,k}^{hind} + \left(\frac{\sigma_{w,k}^{hind}}{\sigma_{w,k}^{hist}} * (\bar{Y}_{w,y,k}^{fut} - \bar{Y}_{w,k}^{hist}) \right)$$

, where $\bar{Y}_{w,k}^{hist}$ and $\bar{Y}_{w,k}^{hind}$ are the average historical weekly values across years in the period (1980 to 2012 ; adjustable in R/setup.R).

Monthly indices

Uses the strata x weekly data ('ACLiMregion') to generate strata-specific averages in order to generate the strata area-weighted averages for each month m each year y .

$$\bar{Y}_{m,y,k} = \frac{1}{n_w} \sum_w^{n_w} \bar{Y}_{w,y,k}$$

, where $\bar{Y}_{w,y,k}$ are the weekly average indices for variable k in year y from the previous step, n_w is the number of weeks in each month m .

$\bar{Y}_{m,y,k}$ was calculated for the hindcast, historical run, and projection time-series. For projections $\bar{Y}_{m,y,k}$ was bias corrected using the corresponding historical and hindcast values such that:

$$\bar{Y}_{m,y,k}^{fut'} = \bar{Y}_{m,k}^{hind} + \left(\frac{\sigma_{m,k}^{hind}}{\sigma_{m,k}^{hist}} * (\bar{Y}_{m,y,k}^{fut} - \bar{Y}_{m,k}^{hist}) \right)$$

, where $\bar{Y}_{m,k}^{hist}$ and $\bar{Y}_{m,k}^{hind}$ are the average historical monthly values across years in the period (1980 to 2012 ; adjustable in `R/setup.R`).

Seasonal indices

Uses the strata x weekly data ('ACCLIMregion') to generate strata-specific averages in order to generate the strata area-weighted averages for each season l each year y .

$$\bar{Y}_{l,y,k} = \frac{1}{n_w} \sum_w^{n_w} \bar{Y}_{w,y,k}$$

, where $\bar{Y}_{w,y,k}$ are the weekly average indices for variable k in year y from the previous step, n_w is the number of weeks in each season l .

$\bar{Y}_{l,y,k}$ was calculated for the hindcast, historical run, and projection time-series. For projections $\bar{Y}_{l,y,k}$ was bias corrected using the corresponding historical and hindcast values such that:

$$\bar{Y}_{l,y,k}^{fut'} = \bar{Y}_{l,k}^{hind} + \left(\frac{\sigma_{l,k}^{hind}}{\sigma_{l,k}^{hist}} * (\bar{Y}_{l,y,k}^{fut} - \bar{Y}_{l,k}^{hist}) \right)$$

, where $\bar{Y}_{l,k}^{hist}$ and $\bar{Y}_{l,k}^{hind}$ are the average historical seasonal values across years in the reference period (1980 to 2012 ; adjustable in `R/setup.R`).

Annual indices

Uses the strata x weekly data ('ACCLIMregion') to generate strata-specific averages in order to generate the strata area-weighted averages for each season l each year y .

$$\bar{Y}_{y,k} = \frac{1}{n_w} \sum_w^{n_w} \bar{Y}_{w,y,k}$$

, where $\bar{Y}_{w,y,k}$ are the weekly average indices for variable k in year y from the previous step, n_w is the number of weeks in each year y .

$\bar{Y}_{y,k}$ was calculated for the hindcast, historical run, and projection time-series. For projections $\bar{Y}_{y,k}$ was bias corrected using the corresponding historical and hindcast values such that:

$$\bar{Y}_{y,k}^{fut'} = \bar{Y}_k^{hind} + \left(\frac{\sigma_k^{hind}}{\sigma_k^{hist}} * (\bar{Y}_{y,k}^{fut} - \bar{Y}_k^{hist}) \right)$$

, where \bar{Y}_k^{hind} and \bar{Y}_k^{hist} are the average historical values across years in the reference period (1980 to 2012 ; adjustable in `R/setup.R`).

Annual survey rep. indices

Uses the station specific survey replicated (in time and space) data ('ACLIMsurveyrep') to generate strata-specific averages in order to generate the strata area-weighted averages for each year y .

$$\bar{Y}_{y,k} = \frac{\sum_l^{n_s} (\frac{1}{n_i} \sum_i^{n_i} Y_{k,y,s,i}) * A_s}{\sum_s^{n_s} A_s}$$

, where $Y_{k,y,s,i}$ is the value of the variable k at station i in strata s in year y , A_s is the area of strata s , n_i is the number of stations in strata s , and n_s is the number of strata s in each basin (NEBS or SEBS).

$\bar{Y}_{y,k}$ was calculated for the hindcast, historical run, and projection time-series. For projections $\bar{Y}_{y,k}$ was bias corrected using the corresponding historical and hindcast values such that:

$$\bar{Y}_{y,k}^{fut'} = \bar{Y}_k^{hind} + \left(\frac{\sigma_k^{hind}}{\sigma_k^{hist}} * (\bar{Y}_{y,k}^{fut} - \bar{Y}_k^{hist}) \right)$$

, where \bar{Y}_k^{hind} and \bar{Y}_k^{hist} are the average historical values across years in the reference period (1980 to 2012 ; adjustable in R/setup.R).

Appendix A includes the code used to generate the ACLIM2 indices and bias correct them. That code can be run to re-make the indices if you like but takes approx 30 mins a CMIP to run.

Explore ACLIM2 Indices

The following code will open an interactive shiny() app for exploring the indices. You can also view this online at (kkh2022.shinyapps.io/ACLIM2_indices)[https://kkh2022.shinyapps.io/ACLIM2_indices/].

```
shiny::runApp("/Users/kholsman/Documents/GitHub/ACLIM2/R/shiny_aclim/ACLIM2_indices/app.R")

# alternatively you can extract the data you want using the get_var()function

df <- get_var(typeIN = "annual",
              plotvar = "temp_bottom5m", plothist = F)

df$plot
head(df$dat)
```

monthly indices (Andy)

```
# get the variable you want:
df <- get_var( typeIN = "monthly",
              plotvar = "temp_bottom5m",
              bcIN = "bias corrected",
              plothist = F, # ignore the hist runs
              removeyr1 = T) # "Remove first year of projection ( burn in)"

df$plot
head(df$dat)

# concat the hind and fut runs by removing years from projection
```

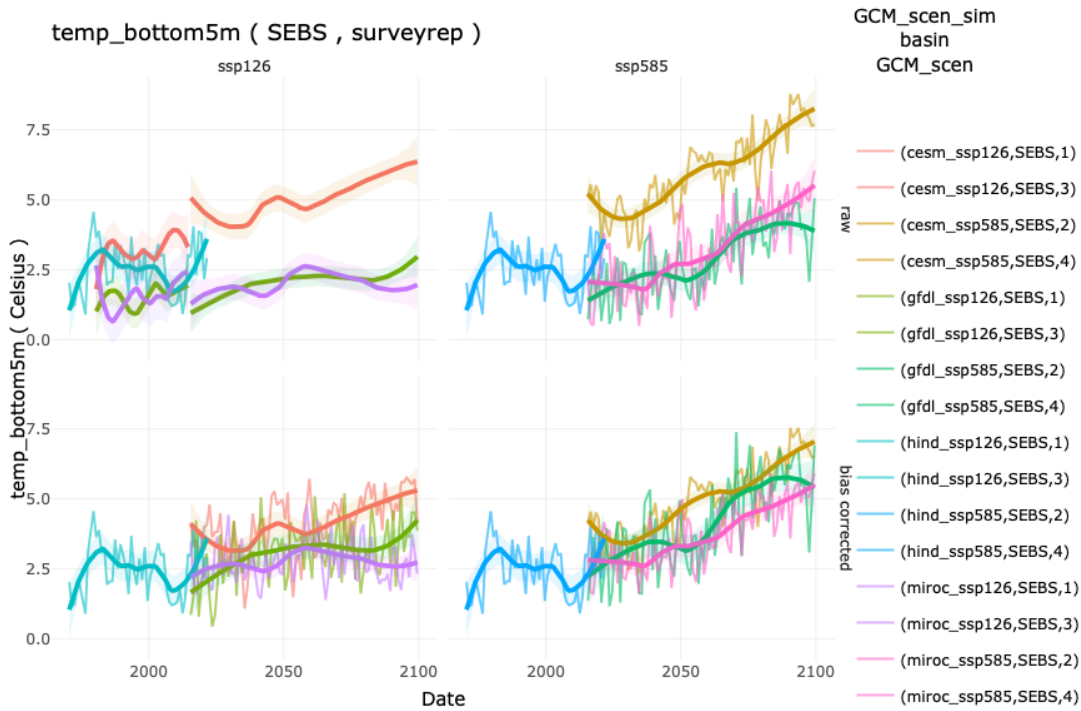


Figure 2: “Raw (top row) and bias corrected (bottom row) bottom temperature indices based on survey replicated Level3 outputs for the SEBS”

```
maxDin <- max(as.vector(df$dat%>%dplyr::filter(sim_type=="hind")%>%dplyr::select(mnDate))[[1]])

newdat <- stitchTS(dat = df$dat,
                  maxD = maxDin)

# newdat has the full set

pp <- ggplot(newdat)+
  geom_line(aes(x=mnDate,y=mn_val,color= GCM_scen, linetype = basin),
            alpha = 0.6,show.legend = FALSE)+
  geom_smooth(aes(x=mnDate,y=mn_val,color= GCM_scen,
                  fill=GCM_scen,linetype = basin),alpha=0.1,
              method="loess",formula='y ~ x',span = .5,show.legend=T)+
  theme_minimal() +
  labs(x="Date",
       y=paste(newdat$var[1], "(" ,newdat$units[1], ")"),
       subtitle = "",
       legend = "",
       title = paste(newdat$var[1], "(" ,newdat$basin[1], ", ",newdat$type[1], ")"))+
  scale_color_discrete()+
  facet_grid(scen~.)

# plot it
pp
```

```
# plot it interactively
plotly::ggplotly(pp)
```

NRS indices (André)

```
suppressMessages(source("R/make.R"))

# get the variable you want:
df <- get_var( typeIN      = "annual",
               plotvar     = "temp_bottom5m",
               bcIN        = "bias corrected",
               plothist     = F, # ignore the hist runs
               removeyr1   = T) #"Remove first year of projection ( burn in)")

df$plot
head(df$dat)

# concat the hind and fut runs by removing years from projection
maxDin <- max(as.vector(df$dat%>%dplyr::filter(sim_type=="hind")%>%dplyr::select(mnDate))[[1]])

newdat <- stitchTS(dat = df$dat,
                   maxD = maxDin)

# newdat has the full set

pp <- ggplot(newdat)+
  geom_line(aes(x=mnDate,y=mn_val,color= GCM_scen, linetype = basin),
            alpha = 0.6,show.legend = FALSE)+
  geom_smooth(aes(x=mnDate,y=mn_val,color= GCM_scen,
                 fill=GCM_scen,linetype = basin),alpha=0.1,
             method="loess",formula='y ~ x',span = .5,show.legend=T)+
  theme_minimal() +
  labs(x="Date",
       y=paste(newdat$var[1], "(" ,newdat$units[1], ")"),
       subtitle = "",
       legend = "",
       title = paste(newdat$var[1], "(" ,newdat$basin[1], ", ",newdat$type[1], ")")+
  scale_color_discrete()+
  facet_grid(scen~.)

# plot it
pp

# plot it interactively
plotly::ggplotly(pp)
```


Salmon index (Ellen)

NFS index (Jeremy)

APPENDIX A: Create & bias correct ACLIM2 indices

The following code shows how the ACLIM2 indices and bias correction was done. You do not need to re-run this (it is included so you can if you want to). To explore the indices skip to the next section.

```
# -----  
# SETUP WORKSPACE  
# setwd("Documents/GitHub/ACLIM2")  
tmstp <- format(Sys.time(), "%Y_%m_%d")  
main <- getwd() # "~/GitHub_new/ACLIM2"  
  
# loads packages, data, setup, etc.  
suppressMessages(source("R/make.R"))  
  
tmstamp1 <- format(Sys.time(), "%Y_%m_%d")  
# tmstamp1 <- "20220428"  
  
update_hind <- TRUE # set to true to update hind and hindS; needed annually  
update_proj <- TRUE # set to true to update fut; not needed  
update_hist <- TRUE # set to true to update fut; not needed  
  
# the reference years for bias correcting in R/setup.R  
ref_years  
  
# the year to z-score scale / delta in R/setup.R  
deltays  
  
# remove these variables:  
v11 <- srvy_vars[!srvy_vars%in%c("station_id", "latitude",  
                                "longitude", "stratum", "doy",  
                                "Iron_bottom5m", "Iron_integrated",  
                                "Iron_surface5m", "prod_Eup_integrated",  
                                "prod_NCa_integrated")]  
v12 <- weekly_vars[!weekly_vars%in%c("station_id", "latitude",  
                                      "longitude", "stratum", "doy",  
                                      "Iron_bottom5m", "Iron_integrated",  
                                      "Iron_surface5m", "prod_Eup_integrated",  
                                      "prod_NCa_integrated")]  
  
v1 <- unique(c(v11, v12))  
# add in largeZoop (gets generated in make_indices_region_new.R)  
v1 <- c(v1, "largeZoop_integrated")  
  
# Identify which variables would be normally  
# distributed (i.e., can have negative values)  
normv1 <- c("shflux", "ssflux", "temp_bottom5m",  
            "temp_integrated", "temp_surface5m",  
            "uEast_bottom5m", "uEast_surface5m",  
            "vNorth_bottom5m", "vNorth_surface5m")
```

```

normlist <- data.frame(var = vl, lognorm = TRUE)
normlist$lognorm[normlist$var%in%normvl] <- FALSE

# generate indices and bias corrected projections
# This takes approx 30 mins each

gcmcmipL <- c("B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_miroc",
             "B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_gfdl",
             "B10K-K20P19_CMIP6_cesm")
CMIP6_Indices <- suppressMessages(
  makeACLIM2_Indices(
    BC_target = "mn_val",
    hind_sim  = "B10K-K20_CORECFS",
    histLIST  = paste0(gcmcmipL,"_historical"),
    gcmcmipLIST = gcmcmipL,
    sim_listIN = sim_list[-grep("historical",sim_list)]))

if("CMIP6_Indices"%in%ls()){
  save_indices(flIN = CMIP6_Indices,
              subfl = "allEBS_means",
              post_txt = "_mn",
              CMIP_fdlr = "K20P19_CMIP6")
  fl <- "Data/out/CMIP6_Indices_List.Rdata"

  if(file.exists(fl)) file.remove(fl)
  save(CMIP6_Indices, file = fl)
  rm(CMIP6_Indices)
  gc()
}
# CMIP5 K20P19
gcmcmipL2 <- c("B10K-K20P19_CMIP5_MIROC", "B10K-K20P19_CMIP5_GFDL", "B10K-K20P19_CMIP5_CESM")
CMIP5_K20_Indices <- suppressMessages(
  makeACLIM2_Indices(
    BC_target = "mn_val",
    hind_sim  = "B10K-K20_CORECFS",
    histLIST  = paste0(gcmcmipL,"_historical"),
    gcmcmipLIST = gcmcmipL2,
    sim_listIN = sim_list[-grep("historical",sim_list)]))

if("CMIP5_K20_Indices"%in%ls()){
  save_indices(flIN = CMIP5_K20_Indices,
              subfl = "allEBS_means",
              post_txt = "_mn",
              CMIP_fdlr = "K20P19_CMIP5")

  fl <- "Data/out/CMIP5_K20_Indices_List.Rdata"
  if(file.exists(fl)) file.remove(fl)
  save(CMIP5_K20_Indices, file = fl)
  rm(CMIP5_K20_Indices)
  gc()
}
# CMIP5 H16

```

```

gcmcmipL2 <- c("B10K-H16_CMIP5_MIROC","B10K-H16_CMIP5_GFDL","B10K-H16_CMIP5_CESM")
CMIP5_H16_Indices <- suppressMessages(
  makeACLIM2_Indices(
    BC_target = "mn_val",
    hind_sim = "B10K-H16_CORECFS",
    histLIST = rep("B10K-H16_CORECFS",3),
    gcmcmipLIST = gcmcmipL2,
    sim_listIN = sim_list[-grep("historical",sim_list)]))
if("CMIP5_H16_Indices"%in%ls()){
  save_indices(f1IN = CMIP5_H16_Indices,
    subfl = "allEBS_means",
    post_txt = "_mn",
    CMIP_fdlr = "H16_CMIP5")

  f1 <- "Data/out/CMIP5_H16_Indices_List.Rdata"
  if(file.exists(f1)) file.remove(f1)
  save(CMIP5_H16_Indices, file = f1)
  rm(CMIP5_H16_Indices)
  gc()
}
if(1==10){
  save(CMIP6_Indices, file = "Data/out/CMIP6_Indices_List.Rdata")
  save(CMIP5_K20_Indices, file = "Data/out/CMIP5_K20_Indices_List.Rdata")
  save(CMIP5_H16_Indices, file = "Data/out/CMIP5_H16_Indices_List.Rdata")
}

```

APPENDIX B:Output to .dat file (ADMB/ TMB users)

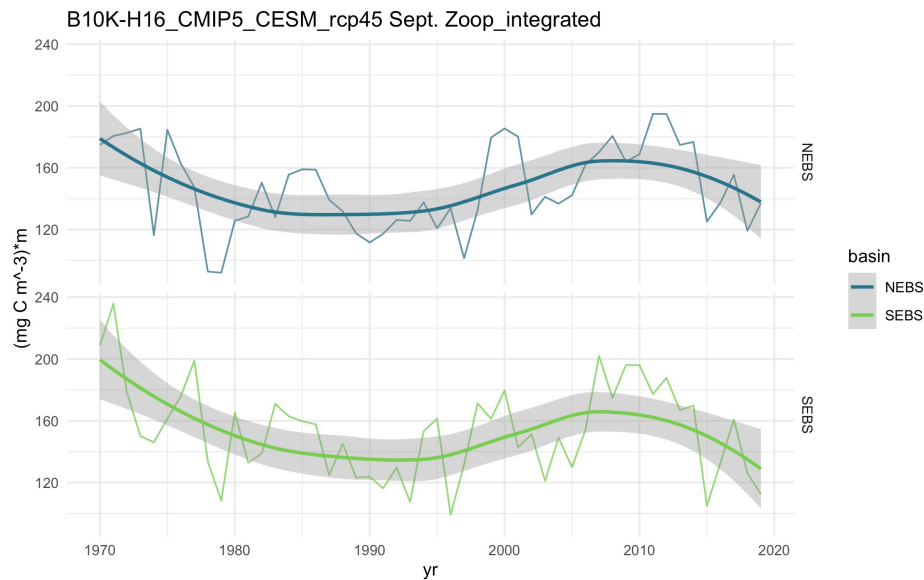


Figure 3: September large zooplankton integrated concentration

misc

$$B0_{input}^k = \bar{B0}_{(2004:2014)}^k \left(\frac{B0_{2015}^a}{\bar{B0}_{(2004:2014)}^a} \right)$$

Where $B0_{input}$ is the unfished biomass used for setting inputs of (e.g., $B0_{target} = 0.4B0_{input}$) and is determined by re-scaling the spawning stock biomass from the status quo assessment in 2015 ($B0_{a2015}$) to the average model spawning stock biomass for your model between 2004-2014 (i.e., $B0_k$) using the average unfished biomass from the stock assessment model during the same period ($B0_a$).