

The BasIC PDK

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Appendix A

1 Overview

The BasIC PDK User Guide includes the respective Verilog-A module parameters, constants, and associated circuit theory.

2 Physical Constants

Constant	Value	Units
ϵ_o	$8.854e-12$	F/m
ϵ_{si}	$1.036e-11$	F/m
k	$1.38e-23$	J/K
q	$1.60e-19$	C
n_i	10^{10}	cm^{-3}

2.1 NMOS/PMOS Physical Parameters

NMOS	Value	PMOS	Value	Units
V_{THN}	1.0	V_{THP}	-1.05	V
N_{sub}	$9e+14$	N_{psub}	$5e+14$	cm^{-3}
t_{nox}	$9e-3$	t_{pox}	$9e-3$	um
C_{jswn}	$0.35e^{-11}$	C_{jswp}	$0.32e^{-11}$	F/m
C_{jn}	$0.56e^{-3}$	C_{jp}	$0.94e^{-3}$	F/m^2
Φ_{msn}	0.31	Φ_{msp}	-1.36	V
μ_n	350×10^{-4}	μ_p	100×10^{-4}	$m^2/V/s$
C_{ovn}	0.4×10^{-9}	C_{ovp}	0.3×10^{-9}	F/m
E_n	10^{-6}	E_p	10^{-6}	m
I_{s0n}	10^{-9}	I_{s0p}	10^{-9}	A
λ_n	0.1	λ_p	0.2	V^{-1}

N_{sub} : substrate doping.

t_{ox} : Gate-oxide thickness.

C_j : Junction capacitance.
 C_{jsw} : Junction sidewall capacitance.
 Φ_{ms} : Gate work function.
 μ : Carrier mobility.
 C_{ov} : Gate-drain, Gate-source overlap capacitance.
 E : Drain and source length.
 I_{s0} : Subthreshold leakage current.
 λ : Channel length modulation coefficient.

3 Models

3.1 NMOS

3.1.1 External Parameters

Parameter	Type	Supported Values	Description
body_effect	Integer	[0, 1]	Enables body effect.
cl_modulation	Integer	[0, 1]	Enables Channel Length Modulation.
parasitics	Integer	[0, 1]	Enables Parasitic Capacitors.
width	Real	(0, 100 μ]	Channel width in m .
length	Real	(0, 100 μ]	Channel length in m .
mismatch	Integer	[0,1]	Enables component mismatch.
procVar	Integer	[0,1]	Enables process variation.
procVal	Real	[0,0.1)	Process variation factor.

Table 1: NMOS Verilog-A Model Parameters

3.1.2 Equations and Internal Parameters

$$L = length(1 + procVar * procVal * 0.2) + mmatch * mmVal * rand(seed) \quad (1)$$

$$W = width(1 + procVar * procVal * 0.2) + mmatch * mmVal * rand(seed) \quad (2)$$

$$t'_{ox} = t_{ox}(1 + procVar * procVal * 0.2) + mmatch * mmVal * rand(seed) \quad (3)$$

$$C_{ox} = \frac{\epsilon_{ox}}{t'_{ox}} \quad (4)$$

$$I_D = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} I_0 \frac{W}{L} e^{\frac{V_{GS}}{\xi V_T}}, V_{GS} < V_{THN} \\ 0.5\mu_n C_{ox} \frac{W}{L} (V_{GS} - V_{THN})^2 (1 + \lambda V_{DS}), V_{THN} < V_{GS} \leq V_{DS} + V_{THN} \\ \frac{WLC_{ox}}{2} + WC_{ov}, V_{GS} \geq V_{DS} + V_{THN} \end{array} \right\} \quad (5)$$

$$\Gamma = I_{sub}(V_{GS})\delta_{cl}(V_{GS}) \quad (6)$$

$$\delta_{cl}(V_{GS}) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} clme(1 + \lambda V_{DS}), (V_{THN} \leq V_{GS} \leq V_{DS} + V_{THN}) \\ 1, V_{GS} < V_{THN} \text{ or } V_{GS} > V_{DS} + V_{THN} \end{array} \right\} \quad (7)$$

$$I_{sub}(V_{GS}) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1, V_{GS} > V_{THN} \\ (isth) \exp(\frac{V_{GS}}{\xi V_T}), V_{GS} \leq V_{THN} \end{array} \right\} \quad (8)$$

$$V_{THN} = V_{THN0} + (be \times \gamma)(\sqrt{2\Phi_F + |V_{SB}|} - \sqrt{|2\Phi_F|}) \quad (9)$$

$$\gamma = \frac{\sqrt{2q\epsilon_{si}N_{sub}}}{C_{ox}} \quad (10)$$

$$V_{THN0} = \Phi_{MS} + 2\Phi_F + \frac{\sqrt{4q\epsilon_{si}|\Phi_F|N_{sub}}}{C_{ox}} \quad (11)$$

$$\Phi_F = \frac{kT}{q} \ln\left(\frac{N_{sub}}{n_i}\right) \quad (12)$$

3.1.3 Internal Parasitic Capacitance

The BasICPDK NMOS model captures parasitic gate-source, gate-drain, drain-body, source-body, and gate-body parasitic capacitance through a set of piecewise and linear equations.

$$C_{SB} = C_{DB} = WEC_{J0}\left(1 + \frac{V_R}{\Phi_B}\right)^{-m} + 2(W + E)C_{J0}\left(1 + \frac{V_R}{\Phi_B}\right)^{-m} \quad (13)$$

$$C_{GB} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{WLC_{ox}C_d}{WLC_{ox} + C_d}, V_{GS} < V_{THN} \\ 0, V_{GS} \geq V_{THN} \end{array} \right\} \quad (14)$$

$$C_{GD} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} WC_{ov}, V_{GS} < V_{DS} + V_{THN} \\ \frac{WLC_{ox}}{2} + WC_{ov}, V_{GS} \geq V_{DS} + V_{THN} \end{array} \right\} \quad (15)$$

$$C_{GS} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} WC_{ov}, V_{GS} < V_{THN} \\ \frac{2}{3}WLC_{ox} + WC_{ov}, V_{THP} < V_{GS} \leq V_{DS} + V_{THN} \\ \frac{WLC_{ox}}{2} + WC_{ov}, V_{GS} \geq V_{DS} + V_{THN} \end{array} \right\} \quad (16)$$

3.2 PMOS

3.2.1 External Parameters

Parameter	Type	Supported Values	Description
be	Integer	[0, 1]	Enables body effect.
clme	Integer	[0, 1]	Enables Channel Length Modulation.
width	Real	(0, 100]	Channel width in m .
length	Real	(0, 100]	Channel length in m .
mmatch	Integer	[0,1]	Enables component mismatch.
procVar	Integer	[0,1]	Enables process variation.
procVal	Real	[0,1]	Process variation factor.

Table 2: PMOS Verilog-A Model Parameters

3.2.2 Equations and Internal Parameters

$$L = length(1 + procVar * procVal * 0.2) + mmatch * mmVal * rand(seed) \quad (17)$$

$$W = width(1 + procVar * procVal * 0.2) + mmatch * mmVal * rand(seed) \quad (18)$$

$$t'_{ox} = t_{ox}(1 + procVar * procVal * 0.2) + mmatch * mmVal * rand(seed) \quad (19)$$

$$C_{ox} = \frac{\epsilon_{ox}}{t'_{ox}} \quad (20)$$

$$I_{off} = I_{s0p} e^{\frac{V_{GS}}{V_t}} \quad (21)$$

$$I_{tri} = -\mu_p C_{ox} \frac{W}{L} [(V_{GS} - |V_{THP}|)V_{DS} - \frac{1}{2}V_{DS}^2] \quad (22)$$

$$I_{sat} = -\mu_p C_{ox} \frac{W}{L} [(V_{GS} - |V_{THP}|)^2 (1 + clme\lambda V_{DS})] \quad (23)$$

$$I_{ds} = \begin{cases} I_{off}, |V_{GS}| < |V_{THP}| \\ I_{tri}, |V_{DS}| \leq |V_{GS}| - |V_{THP}| \\ I_{sat}, |V_{DS}| > |V_{GS}| - |V_{THP}| \end{cases} \quad (24)$$

$$V_{THP} = V_{THP0} + (be \times \gamma)(\sqrt{2\Phi_F + |V_{SB}|} - \sqrt{2\Phi_F}) \quad (25)$$

$$\gamma = \frac{\sqrt{2q\epsilon_{si}N_{sub}}}{C_{ox}} \quad (26)$$

$$V_{THP0} = \Phi_{msp} + 2\Phi_F + \frac{\sqrt{4q\epsilon_{si}|\Phi_F|N_{sub}}}{C_{ox}} \quad (27)$$

$$\Phi_F = \frac{kT}{q} \ln\left(\frac{N_{sub}}{n_i}\right) \quad (28)$$

3.2.3 Internal Parasitic Capacitance

The BasICPDK PMOS model captures parasitic gate-source, gate-drain, drain-body, source-body, and gate-body parasitic capacitance through a set of piecewise and linear equations.

$$C_{SB} = C_{DB} = WEC_{jp} + 2(W + E)C_{jswp} \quad (29)$$

$$C_{GB} = \begin{cases} \frac{WLC_{ox}C_d}{WLC_{ox} + C_d}, & V_{GS} < V_{THP} \\ 0, & V_{GS} \geq V_{THP} \end{cases} \quad (30)$$

$$C_{GD} = \begin{cases} WC_{ov}, & V_{GS} < V_{DS} + V_{THP} \\ \frac{WLC_{ox}}{2} + WC_{ov}, & V_{GS} \geq V_{DS} + V_{THP} \end{cases} \quad (31)$$

$$C_{GS} = \begin{cases} WC_{ov}, & V_{GS} < V_{THP0} \\ \frac{2}{3}WLC_{ox} + WC_{ov}, & V_{THP} < V_{GS} \leq V_{DS} + V_{THP} \\ \frac{WLC_{ox}}{2} + WC_{ov}, & V_{GS} \geq V_{DS} + V_{THP} \end{cases} \quad (32)$$

3.3 Resistor

3.3.1 External Parameters

Parameter	Type	Supported Values	Description
α	Real	$[0, 1)$	First order temperature coefficient.
β	Real	$[0, 1)$	Second order temperature coefficient.
κ	Real	$[0, 1)$	Third order temperature coefficient.
ρ_o	Real	$(0, \infty)$	Material resistivity, $\frac{\Omega m}{K}$ at T_o .
T_o	Real	$(0, \infty)$	Measurement Temperature (K) of ρ_o
width	Real	$(0, 10^{-4}]$	Width in m .
length	Real	$(0, 10^{-4}]$	Length in m .
thick	Real	$(0, 10^{-4}]$	Thickness of material in m .
mmatch	Integer	$[0,1]$	Enables component mismatch.
procVar	Integer	$[0,1]$	Enables process variation.
procVal	Real	$[0,1]$	Process variation factor.

Table 3: Resistor Verilog-A Model Parameters

3.3.2 Equation and Internal Parameters

$$R = \frac{\rho_o}{t} (1 + \alpha(T - T_o) + \beta(T - T_o)^2 + \kappa(T - T_o)^3) \frac{L}{W} \quad (33)$$

$$L = length(1 + procVar * procVal) + mmatch * rand(seed) \quad (34)$$

$$W = width(1 + procVar * procVal) + mmatch * rand(seed) \quad (35)$$

$$t = thick(1 + procVar * procVal) + mmatch * rand(seed) \quad (36)$$

3.4 Capacitor

3.4.1 External Parameters

Parameter	Type	Supported Values	Description
α	Real	$[0, 1)$	First order temperature coefficient.
β	Real	$[0, 1)$	Second order temperature coefficient.
κ	Real	$[0, 1)$	Third order temperature coefficient.
ϵ_r	Real	$(0, \infty)$	Material permittivity at T_0 .
T_o	Real	$(0, \infty)$	Measurement Temperature (K) of ϵ_r
width	Real	$(0, 100]$	Width in m .
length	Real	$(0, 100]$	Length in m .
distance	Real	$(0, 100]$	Distance between planes in m
mismatch	Integer	$[0,1]$	Enables component mismatch.
procVar	Integer	$[0,1]$	Enables process variation.
procVal	Real	$[0,1)$	Process variation factor.

Table 4: Capacitor Verilog-A Model Parameters

3.4.2 Equation and Internal Parameters

$$C = \frac{\epsilon W L}{d} (1 + \alpha(T - T_o) + \beta(T - T_o)^2 + \kappa(T - T_o)^3) \quad (37)$$

$$L = length(1 + procVar * procVal) + mismatch * rand(seed) \quad (38)$$

$$W = width(1 + procVar * procVal) + mismatch * rand(seed) \quad (39)$$

$$t = thick(1 + procVar * procVal) + mismatch * rand(seed) \quad (40)$$

$$d = distance(1 + procVar * procVal) + mismatch * rand(seed) \quad (41)$$

3.5 Inductor

3.5.1 External Parameters

Parameter	Type	Supported Values	Description
α	Real	$[0, 1)$	First order temperature coefficient.
β	Real	$[0, 1)$	Second order temperature coefficient.
κ	Real	$[0, 1)$	Third order temperature coefficient.
μ_r	Real	$(0, \infty)$	Relative permeability of material at T_0 .
T_o	Real	$(0, \infty)$	Temperature (K) at which μ_r was measured.
length	Real	$(0, 100]$	Length of the material wire in m .
radius	Real	$(0, 100]$	radius of the material wire core m .
mmatch	Integer	$[0,1]$	Enables component mismatch.
procVar	Integer	$[0,1]$	Enables process variation.
procVal	Real	$[0,1)$	Process variation factor.

Table 5: Inductor Verilog-A Model Parameters

3.5.2 Equation and Internal Parameters

$$L = L_0(1 + \alpha(T - T_o) + \beta(T - T_o)^2 + \kappa(T - T_o)^3) \quad (42)$$

$$L_o = \frac{\mu_o \mu_r}{len} \pi r^2 \quad (43)$$

$$len = length(1 + procVar * procVal + mmatch * rand(seed)) \quad (44)$$

$$r = radius(1 + procVar * procVal + mmatch * rand(seed)) \quad (45)$$

3.6 NPN Transistor

3.6.1 External Parameters

Parameter	Type	Supported Values	Description
η	Real	(1,2)	Fitting factor.
I_{se}	Real	(10^{-15} , 10^{-12})	Saturation current in Amperes.
β	Real	(0, 1000)	Beta in active mode.
V_{BE}	Real	(0, 1000)	Base Emitter Voltage.
β_{sat}	Real	(0, 1000)	Beta in saturation mode.
β_{rev}	Real	(0, 1000)	Beta in reverse mode.
mismatch	Integer	[0,1]	Enables component mismatch.
procVar	Integer	[0,1]	Enables process variation factor.
procVal	Real	[0,1]	Process variation factor.

Table 6: NPN Verilog-A Model Parameters

3.6.2 Equation and Internal Parameters

$$I_E = I_S(e^{\frac{V_{BE}q}{\eta kT}} - 1) \quad (46)$$

$$I_E = I_C + I_B \quad (47)$$

$$I_{B-active} = \beta I_C \quad (48)$$

$$I_{B-saturation} = \beta_{sat} I_C \quad (49)$$

$$I_{B-reverse} = \beta_{rev} I_C \quad (50)$$

$$I_{SE} = (10^{-15})(1 + procVar * procVal) + mmatch * rand(seed) \quad (51)$$

3.7 PNP Transistor

3.7.1 External Parameters

Parameter	Type	Supported Values	Description
η	Real	(1,2)	Fitting factor.
I_{se}	Real	(10^{-15} , 10^{-12})	Saturation current in Amperes.
β	Real	(0, 1000)	Beta in active mode.
V_{BE}	Real	(0, 1000)	Base Emitter Voltage.
β_{sat}	Real	(0, 1000)	Beta in saturation mode.
β_{rev}	Real	(0, 1000)	Beta in reverse mode.
mismatch	Integer	[0,1]	Enables component mismatch.
procVar	Integer	[0,1]	Enables process variation factor.
procVal	Real	[0,1]	Process variation factor.

Table 7: PNP Verilog-A Model Parameters

3.7.2 Equation and Internal Parameters

$$I_E = I_S(e^{\frac{V_{BE}q}{\eta kT}} - 1) \quad (52)$$

$$I_E = I_C + I_B \quad (53)$$

$$I_{B-active} = \beta I_C \quad (54)$$

$$I_{B-saturation} = \beta_{sat} I_C \quad (55)$$

$$I_{B-reverse} = \beta_{rev} I_C \quad (56)$$

$$I_{SE} = (10^{-15})(1 + procVar * procVal) + mismatch * rand(seed) \quad (57)$$

3.8 Single Pole Amplifier

3.8.1 External Parameters

Parameter	Type	Supported Values	Description
f	Real	$(0, \infty)$	Pole frequency in Hertz.
A	Real	$(1, \infty)$	DC gain.
mismatch	Integer	$[0,1]$	Enables component mismatch.
procVar	Integer	$[0,1]$	Enables process variation factor.
procVal	Real	$[0,1]$	Process variation factor.

Table 8: Single Pole Amplifier Verilog-A Model Parameters

3.8.2 Equation and Internal Parameters

$$V_{out} = \frac{A}{1 + \omega j} V_{in}, \quad \omega = 2\pi f \quad (58)$$

3.9 Two-Pole Amplifier

3.9.1 External Parameters

Parameter	Type	Supported Values	Description
f_1	Real	$(0, \infty)$	First pole frequency in Hertz.
f_2	Real	$(0, \infty)$	Second pole frequency in Hertz.
A	Real	$(1, \infty)$	DC gain.
mismatch	Integer	$[0,1]$	Enables component mismatch.
procVar	Integer	$[0,1]$	Enables process variation factor.
procVal	Real	$[0,1]$	Process variation factor.

Table 9: Two-Pole Amplifier Verilog-A Model Parameters

3.9.2 Equation and Internal Parameters

$$V_{out} = \frac{A}{(1 + \omega_{p1}j)(1 + \omega_{p2}j)} V_{in}, \quad \omega_{p1,p2} = 2\pi f_{1,2} \quad (59)$$

3.10 Three-Pole Amplifier

3.10.1 External Parameters

Parameter	Type	Supported Values	Description
$f1$	Real	$(0, \infty)$	First pole frequency in Hertz.
$f2$	Real	$(0, \infty)$	Second pole frequency in Hertz.
$f3$	Real	$(0, \infty)$	Third pole frequency in Hertz.
A	Real	$(1, \infty)$	DC gain.
mismatch	Integer	[0,1]	Enables component mismatch.
procVar	Integer	[0,1]	Enables process variation factor.
procVal	Real	[0,1]	Process variation factor.

Table 10: Three-Pole Amplifier Verilog-A Model Parameters

3.10.2 Equation and Internal Parameters

$$V_{out} = \frac{A}{(1 + \omega_{p1}j)(1 + \omega_{p2}j)(1 + \omega_{p3}j)} V_{in}, \quad \omega_{p1,p2,p3} = 2\pi f_{1,2,3} \quad (60)$$